"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and colder, diminishing northwest winds Tuesday; Wednesday, fair, cold.
☞For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,834. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

## ROOSEVELT UNSAFE, TAFT TELLS OHIOANS

### Calls Him a Dangerous Egoist, a Demagogue, and Flatterer of the People.

### CROWDS IN SPITE OF RAIN

### The President Makes a Dozen Speeches Mostly in What Is Considered "Roosevelt Territory."

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, May 13.—President Taft's first day of his final campaign through Ohio, which came to an end with a speech here to-night, was marked by the most pronounced verbal assaults upon Col. Theodore Roosevelt to which Mr. Taft so far has given public utterance. He assailed his predecessor in the White House because of his "egotism and vanity," and declared that he is a "demagogue and flatterer."

The President made his entrance into Steubenville in a cascade of red fire that sputtered around his automobile. His reception here was the most demonstrative of a long day. He spoke from a balcony on the Market Street side of the local theatre to a crowd that filled the street in front of him for several blocks. Many of those who watched could not hear, but the applause and cheers came frequently. The speech was much like those earlier in the day, the President attacking Col. Roosevelt and appealing for a square deal from Ohio.

The President started out upon his last campaign to urge the people of Ohio to support him in the primaries of May 21 at Marietta in a cold, hard rain which kept up for several hours, but which finally fled before the sun. Late to-day, when he spoke at Dennison, Uhrichsville, St. Clairsville, Bellaire, and Bridgeport, the weather was fair and the crowds came out in Summer attire.

At many points the President touched the steel manufacturing district of Ohio, which his political advisers openly said was opposed to his renomination. The crowds, however, were large enough and frequently demonstrative enough to make his Ohio friends feel optimistic.

Although in substance all of the dozen speeches which the President made today were much like those he delivered in Massachusetts and Maryland, they differed widely at times in the words used to score Mr. Roosevelt and gave his hearers opportunity for applause and laughter which seldom failed to come.

One of the attacks on Mr. Roosevelt which raised a laugh was delivered at Dennison late to-day and ran like this:

"I think it would be dangerous to put a man with Mr. Roosevelt's present constitutional views and with the intoxication he would necesarily feel by reason of getting something that all the great Presidents have never gotten—in the White House again.

"He says the reason the American people are going to elect him is because he is necessary for the job. That is the description he gives. Well, I hope the American people will not think that he is necessary for the job. I want to call your attention to what the job is which he proposes. It is the millenium that he is going to bring about when he gets into office. All bosses are going to disappear, politicians are going to be fewer, and he is going to have a finger in every community in every State, in every county, and everything is going to heaven.

**Might Want a Life Term.**

"It it be true the millenium is coming and that is the job he is to do, it is going to take longer than four years. I beg of you to ask him when he comes here whether he would take a fourth term. Ask him whether he is going to take a fifth term, and why he should not continue in office during his life."

Mr. Taft called upon the Roosevelt backers to find one indictment if he had done wrong, asked for more facts and less "lurid headlines and lung power" and dubbed the campaign the former President is making against him "accusatory and libelous."

"Let Mr. Roosevelt point out what thing I have done or failed to do under the influence of anybody, and then I will say that he has made a point," said the President. "But while he continues merely in general denunciation to say that the bosses are all for me and all against him, I say he is conducting a campaign that is not worthy the man who has had the veneration, the respect, and the honor put upon him by the American people."

It was at Cambridge that Mr. Taft held up Col. Roosevelt as a dangerous egoist, flatterer, and demagogue.

Speaking there of the job Mr. Roosevelt said the people wanted him to do, President Taft asked:

"Suppose Mr. Roosevelt were wafted to the skies in a chariot like the prophet of old, and were to disappear from sight, how do you suppose this country would get along anyhow?

"My friends," he continued, "it is a dangerous thing to put in the White House a man for the third term with his views of the Constitution, and with his views of himself. In every announcement he makes you would think he was the whole show, and that there wasn't anybody else in the country. It's I, I, I, all the time with him, and therefore I say that if you feed that vanity and that egotism by giving him something that Washington did not get, and Jefferson did not get, and Jackson did not get, and Grant could not get, you are going to put him in office with a sense of power and with a view of constitutional restriction that will be dangerous to this country.

"I hold that that man is a demagogue and a flatterer who comes out and tells the people they know it all. I hate a flatterer. I like a man to tell the truth straight out, and I hate to see a man try to honeyfugle the people by telling them something he doesn't believe.

"Do you think," he asked, "that Abraham Lincoln, to whom Mr. Roosevelt so often refers and to whom he likes to compare himself, and to whom he bears less resemblance than any one I know in the history of this country, would have acted as he has, and misrepresented me as he has?"

**Turned Deficit Into a Surplus.**

Although the weather was cold and raw, with occasional showers when Mr. Taft spoke at Caldwell, the crowd filled the railroad station and frequentiy applauded his references to his Administration and his thrusts at Col. Roosevelt. The President launched out first with a review of the legislation enacted during his term in the White House. His contrast of a deficit in the Government coffers of $50,000,000 with a surplus of $40,000,000 drew the first cheer, and when he said:

"If I believed that mere audacity of

Continued on Page 2.

## MORE ENGLISH PENSIONS.

### Lloyd-George Promises Another $1,000,000 a Year to School Teachers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 13.—The elementary school teachers of England to-day sent a deputation to Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George to complain of the inadequacy of the Government's scheme of superannuation for the members of their body.

The Chancellor admitted that the teachers had made out a case for fairer and juster treatment. Up to the present time, he said, they had been very shabbily treated in the matter of superannuation. It was vital that something should be done to improve the prospects of the teachers, and the Government had therefore decided to increase substantially the State contributions toward pensions for those who were now teachers.

The Government, said Mr. Lloyd-George, would raise the disablement allowance for men from £1 ($5) to £1 10s, ($7.50,) and for women from 13s 4d to £1. As an alternative the men might, if they desired, retire at 60 and the women at 55.

These concessions are equivalent to a grant of $1,000,000 annually.

## TELEPHONING BY WIRELESS.

### Italian System Gets Good Results at 160 Miles.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 13.—A dispatch to The Times from Rome says that for about a year the Italian naval and military authorities have been carrying on experiments in wireless telephony. A month ago a message was sent from the wireless station on Monte Mario to the Island of Ponza, a distance of about 65 miles. Further experiments produced an improved method of transmission, and last week communication was established between Monte Mario and the wireless station at Becco di Vela on Magdalena Island, a distance of about 160 miles.

A long extract from a newspaper was read at Rome and heard and repeated at Magdalena. The voices were distinct, so much so that a listener detected immediately the substitution of a different speaker half way through the message. Further developments may be expected soon.

## GIVES UP AUTO FOR HORSE.

### Wealthy Greenwich Man Is Tired of Speed and Jolts and Eating Dust.

*Special to The New York Times.*

GREENWICH, Conn., May 13.—William J. Smith, a wealthy native, is setting an example to millionaires from New York by giving up the automobile as a means of travel and going back to the horse.

Twelve years ago Mr. Smith owned several good roadsters, but gave them up for automobiles, of which he owns several. He has made his money by buying small farms and converting them into large estates for wealthy men. He owns a bungalow and farm eight miles from the village, as well as 300 acres of the North Castle Mountains. His reappearance with a horse has caused a stir.

"It's this way," he said to-day. "I sold this roadster twelve years ago. Now I've bought it back. The automobile is all right in its way; that is, if you are in a hurry to get somewhere or go a great distance. I find that I often see some one on the road whom I want to stop and talk to, but I get past him before I think, and then put it off and never think of it again. It has been a case of here you come, there you go.

"Now I am going to drive sixteen miles a day and stop when and where I please, give up jolts and jars and bumps, stop destroying roads and partaking of meals of dust, and go along in comfort. I can drive eight or ten miles an hour, and that's fast enough for every day."

Following Mr. Smith's example, other wealthy residents may go back to horses. The Greenwich station is surrounded by a hundred automobiles every afternoon, when the commuters' train arrives, making the greatest automobile show on the New Haven Railroad. Once upon a time it resembled a horse show.

## HARD TO FIND $7,500 MAN.

### Boston's Mayor Seeks Doctor to Head Board of Health.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, May 13.—No reply has been received to the advertisement inserted in The City Record by which Mayor Fitzgerald hopes to find a competent successor to Dr. Samuel H. Durgin, long Chairman of the Board of Health. Mayor Fitzgerald is on record as declaring that he will search the country for the best man for the place, and having found him, if salary figures are too low, will do all in his power to have the stipend raised to $7,500.

The City Record has no classification "Male Help Wanted," and its circulation is exceedingly limited, but the newspaper correspondents nave come to the rescue and spread the offer broadcast. So the Mayor confidently expects replies from medical men in less favored parts of the country. Dr. Durgin's salary is $4,500. He retires next month.

## IN TROUBLE OVER CHECKS.

### New York Firm Given as Reference by Suspected Swindler.

DENVER, May 13.—Frank T. Hughes, alias Stephen Wilson, accused of trying to pass a fraudulent check for $86, when searched to-day was found to have two checks for a total of $300,000. One check, drawn on the First National Bank of Cripple Creek, was for $125,000, while the other for $175,000 was drawn on a Victor bank.

Hughes a few days ago gave up a mining lease and exhibited telegrams purporting to be from W. L. Daugherty & Co. of New York, establishing credit to the amount of $1,200,000. He is said to have gone to several banks in Cripple Creek, where he tried to raise money on the strength of the telegrams.

### Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS City of Savannah, Savannah, May 11. SS Brazos, Galveston, May 8.

**The Aspinwall, Lenox in the Berkshires.** Almon C. Judd (Also The Elton, Waterbury, Ct.) N. Y. Booking Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. 4748 Mad. Sq. —Adv.

## SENATORS BY DIRECT VOTE PASSES HOUSE

### Proposed Amendment Will Go to the State Legislatures for Approval.

### SENATE AMENDMENT WINS

### Federal Supervision of Elections Provided For—Agitation for Change Has Lasted 86 Years.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13. — The long fight which began in 1826 for an amendment to the Constitution, providing for the popular election of United States Senators, is nearer success to-night than ever before in the country's history, as a result of the action of the House of Representatives to-day in accepting the direct erections joint resolution as passed by the Senate with the Bristow constitutional amendment.

This amendment was intended to maintain the status quo of the Federal Government as to supervisors over these elections, and was the snag upon which the direct elections resolution has been hung high and dry in conference since last June. Twice since then the Bristow amendment has been rejected by the House on the theory that it would interfere with the control of Senatorial elections by the States. Southern members, mindful of the malodorous Force bill and reconstruction days, have been bitter and determined in their opposition to the Bristow amendment.

But to-day the House, by vote of 237 to 39, receded from its disagreement to the Senate amendment and concurred in the action of the Senate. This was the final legislative step in proposing this new constitutional amendment to the States, and the joint resolution will go at once to President Taft for his signature. Then it will be submitted to the States.

There are forty-eight States, and ratification of the amendment by the Legislatures of thirty-six of them is necessary to make it a valid part of the Constitution. One Legislature, that of Louisiana, meets this month, and thirty-four other Legislatures meet in 1913. It is evident that unless some other State among those whose Legislatures do not meet until 1913 calls a special session the direct election amendment cannot become a part of the Constitution before 1914.

The proposed constitutional amendment as passed through both houses is as follows:

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years, and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the Executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, that the Legislature of any State may empower the Executive thereof to make temporary appointments until people fill the vacancies by election as the Legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

The surrender of the House to the Senate on the Bristow proposal for the maintenance of the status quo of Federal supervision over Congressional elections followed a conference last week between Speaker Clark, Chairman Henry of the Rules Committee, Chairman Rucker of the committee in charge of the bill, and William Jennings Bryan, in which it was agreed that while the joint resolution as amended by the Senate is not all that the Democrats desired it would be better to accept what they could get than sacrifice the whole movement.

This agreement was not satisfactory to many of the Southern Democrats, particularly Bartlett of Georgia and Sisson of Mississippi, and when Judge Rucker arose to-day with his motion to concur in the Senate amendment Representative Bartlett jumped in with a preferential motion to concur with an amendment and precipitated a three hours' oratorical battle, in which he and Judge Rucker were the principal contestants. In an impassioned appeal to the Southern members, Representative Bartlett criticised Speaker Clark and Judge Rucker for joining with Col. Bryan in urging "a reversal of the position of the House," condemned them for making this "surrender," and characterized Judge Rucker as a modern Don Quixote running amuck of the "Senatorial windmill."

The Bartlett amendment sought to provide, among other things, that Federal Marshals or troops should not be sent to the polling places and in other ways was intended to vest the States with plenary power over these elections. Judge Bartlett's motion to concur in the action of the Senate with this change was defeated by a vote of 89 to 189. Only two Republicans, Kahn and Knowland of California, voted for the Bartlett idea. This was because of the slumbering Japanese question of the Pacific Coast Eighty-seven Democrats, mostly from the South, voted for the Bartlett amendment. There were 101 Republicans and 88 Democrats, including Speaker Clark and Floor Leader Underwood, in opposition to the Bartlett plan.

But for the solid support given by the Republican side the Democratic leaders would not have been able to concur in the action of the Senate. The Democrats were almost evenly divided over its acceptance. On the final vote of 237 to 39 all the negative votes were those of Democrats.

The first Congressional resolution, calling for direct election of Senators was offered in 1826. Up to 1911 attempts to amend the Constitution to provide a uniform system of popular Senatorial elections failed through the steady refusal of the Senate to pass a resolution submitting such an amendment to the States. The House had passed resolutions proposing such an amendment on July 1, 1894, May 11, 1898, April 13, 1900, and Feb. 13, 1902. In each case the Senate refused to concur. In the Sixty-first Congress, Senators Borah and Bristow forced the question to the front. On Jan. 11, 1911, Senator Borah was directed by the Senate Judiciary Committee to report his resolution.

It provided the direct instead of the indirect method of election and transferred to the States entire control of the times, places, and manner of electing Senators. In the Senate on Feb. 24, 1911, the Borah amendment was modified on motion of Senator Sutherland of Utah so as to restore to the Federal Government the power vested in it to supervise the process by which Senators and Representatives are elected. The vote in favor of Senator Sutherland's modification was 50 to 37. On Feb. 28, 1911, three days before the close of the Congress, the Senate rejected the amended Borah resolution by a vote of 54 to 33, a two-thirds majority being required.

The extra session called by President Taft for consideration of Canadian reciprocity met on April 4, 1911. The following day Judge Rucker introduced the Democratic resolution, which, as modified by the Senate, was finally adopted to-day.

Dine at **Kalil's**, 14-18 Park Place. Music Noon and evenings.—Adv.

### VOTES FOR WOMEN— MEN'S OPINIONS.

Their letters for and against come pouring in, together with the women's, in response to this newspaper's editorial expressions. They will fill a page in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

## RICHESON IS SANE, DECLARE ALIENISTS

### Reports of Brain Specialists Indicate That Confessed Murderer Will Die in Chair.

### GOVERNOR NOT TO INTERFERE

### Former Preacher Undergoes Another Severe Test by Doctors — Asks to Read Newspaper Comments on Case.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, May 13.—Clarence V. T. Richeson, the slayer of Avis Linnell, seems doomed to die in the electric chair.

Reports made to Gov. Foss by the alienists engaged for the Commonwealth are so unfavorable to Richeson that it is now believed the Governor will not ask the Executive Council to stay the death sentence, set for the week of May 19.

Dr. Lloyd Vernon Briggs, one of the alienists appointed by the Governor to examine Richeson, declared in his documental finding to the Governor to-day that Richeson was mentally accountable at the time he gave the poison to Miss Linnell for her to take under the impression that it was medicin.e

"Richeson is abnormal in many ways, but he was accountable at the time of the crime, and is still accountable," is the statement contained in the finding of Dr. Briggs.

Aside from this, the Governor is said to have received verbal statements from the three brain authorities who have been observing Richeson for several days. They say that while the condemned man is "partially irresponsible," he is not so mentally defective that he can be held absolutely blameless of the Hyannis choir singer's death.

Dr. Henry R. Stedman, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Taunton Insane Hospital; Dr. Henry Frost, Superintendent of the Boston Insane Hospital, and Dr. George Tuttle, Superintendent of the Waverly Insane Hospital, are to make a return on paper some time tomorrow. It is reported that the Governor already has been told what the result of their examinations will be.

Under the conditions, it is expected that the Governor will declare his position tomorrow. From all sections of the country he has received a mass of mail, which criticised him for the interest shown in Richeson. The Governor, it is expected will now answer his critics by saying that he merely wished to satisfy himself as to the man's sanity, in view of the allegations of insanity made by Richeson's counsel, relatives and friends, and that now being satisfied as to the prisoner's responsibility, he will not interfere with his execution.

Richeson will probably be removed to the death house in the Charlestown prison Wednesday. Arrangements for his transfer were made by Sheriff Quinn of the Charles Street jail, and Warden Bridges of the Charlestown prison to-day.

"There is nothing they can print about me now that is any worse than what I have already heard and read," calmly argued Richeson with Sheriff Quinn in his cell at the Charles Street jail to-day, while he besought the Sheriff to allow him to read what the papers were saying of his case.

Since the former Baptist minister of Cambridge received his sentence of death early in January for the murder of his sweetheart, Avis Linnell, all newspapers given to him have had the news pertaining to the case cut out.

The prisoner's plea had its force with the Sheriff to-day, however, and anxious to gratify as much as possible every whim of the prisoner in his highly nervous state during the final hours before his execution, Sheriff Quinn will, for the remainder of Richeson's stay in jail, allow him the papers intact.

Although the prisoner was subjected to an all-day examination yesterday, the three State alienists, Dr. Stedman, Dr. Tuttle, and Dr. Frost, visited the jail again to-day, and for five and a half hours conducted an inquiry into the prisoner's mental and physical condition. They would not say what had taken place during the examination, but Dr. Stedman admitted that they might return to-morrow.

Richeson had not reached the limit of his endurance, a fact which was apparent when he walked briskly back to his cell after the examination.

"Richeson went into the examination calmly and without any sort of bravado, bluffing, or shamming," said Sheriff Quinn to-night, "and when he came out he did not appear any different. I don't think he has eaten quite as much during the last two days, which may or may not be due to the unusual strain which he has been under."

The examination to-day makes a total of more than sixty full hours of tests and questions to which the prisoner has been subjected by alienists for both the defense and the State in the last two weeks. In view of the fact that the strain is telling upon the alienists, there is anxiety upon the part of the jail officials as to how long Richeson can hold up under the pressure. Those closest to him believe that he will collapse when the result of the tests is announced to him.

He is being guarded more vigilantly than ever. The guard which sits inside his cell through the night is changed every forty minutes, and in addition Harry H. Butts, the negro companion of Richeson, is likewise alert through a greater part of the day and night.

The door of Richeson's cell is unlocked so that help may be called speedily at any time by the guard within. The officer sits with his back to the door, and a light burns through the entire night over the single cot within the cell.

## BANKER WEDS SECRETLY.

### B. T. Snell of Gary Introduces New York Bride of a Week.

*Special to The New York Times.*

LAPORTE, Ind., May 13.—B. T. Snell, President of the First National Bank of Gary, Ind., introduced to his friends today, as his bride of a week, Miss Hazel Matchett of New York, to whom he was married on Wednesday, May 8, the secret being kept until now.

Mr. Snell left Gary, telling his friends he had been called East on a business trip. The wedding took place at the home of Mrs. J. A. Matchett in New York City. The bridegroom is wealthy.

**GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.** 50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

## V. L. MASON KILLED WITH AIRMAN FISHER

### Former Private Secretary to Secretaries Alger and Root Was Passenger in Monoplane.

### MACHINE FELL 150 FEET

### Both Men Instantly Killed—Mason Had Large Mining Interests—Friend of President Taft.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 13.—Victor Louis Mason, formerly private secretary to American Secretaries of War Alger and Root, and later associated with extensive mining interests, was killed this evening at Brooklands while making an aeroplane ascent as a passenger with the English airman, Edward Fisher, who was also killed.

Just before 6 o'clock, when the weather was clear, Fisher and Mason went up in a Howard Flanders monoplane, orders for three of which were recently given by the War Office.

Mr. Mason was a friend of Commander Samson, the naval airman who made very successful flights before the King off Weymouth last week, and had accompanied that officer to Brooklands for the afternoon. Mr. Mason expressed a wish to try a monoplane flight, and it was owing to Commander Samson's influence that he was taken by Fisher as a passenger.

The monoplane had made six circles of the flying ground, and was descending, when, at a height of about 150 feet, the machine, according to witnesses, seemed to side-slip, and then made a dive head foremost to the ground.

Both the airman and the passenger were thrown out, and after the fall the petrol tank burst into flames, scorching Mr. Mason's clothing.

Tom Sopwith, who was flying in a Blériot monoplane, saw the accident, and he and others from the aeroplane sheds and the motor track were in time to save the bodies from injury by the flames.

Dukinfield Jones, Director of the company which manufactures the Flanders machines, witnessed the fall. He said:

"I turned around just in time to see the machine fall. It fell like a stone, and struck the ground with tremendous force at a spot near the motor track. We raced to the spot in motor cars, but Sopwith, who was flying, was there first. We found that both poor fellows had been instantly killed, their spines being dislocated. I know the machine was all right, for I had been up as a passenger with Fisher and had made twelve circles of the ground just before he set out on his last flight. A pupil had also flown in the machine in the course of the afternoon. Fisher had been enjoying the flying so much that he was only too eager to take up Mason."

Commander Samson did not witness the accident, being in one of the aeroplane sheds at the time. He afterward said that Mr. Mason had once been up in a biplane and was very anxious to try a monoplane. He added that it was a terrible thing to have brought a friend to Brooklands to his death.

Commander Samson left Weybridge soon after the accident, refusing to make any further statement. Mr. Mason was a friend of both Commander Samson and Lieut. Porte, another naval airman, who was also present at Brooklands to-day. Mr. Mason had been standing with the two officers some time before starting his flight with Mr. Fisher, and when he was seated in the aeroplane ready to go up he waved his hand to them. Lieut. Porte was greatly affected by the accident.

Fisher was only 24 years old. His father, who is over 80, was at Brooklands recently, watching his son flying.

Fisher had an accident with a Vickers monoplane last October, and was unconscious for several days. A passenger with him was also hurt. In April he broke an arm in a fall while cycling, and ten days ago was flying a Flanders machine with his left arm strapped to his side. He learned to fly twelve months ago.

The accident brings the number of airmen killed in England up to twelve, and makes the death roll this year thirty-four. The inquest on the bodies of Mason and Fisher, which have been taken to a mortuary, will probably be held on Wednesday.

LONDON, May 13.—Victor L. Mason had been staying at the Carlton Hotel for some weeks. He sauntered into the lobby to-day after luncheon and said to the manager:

"I have nothing special to do this afternoon. Where would you advise me to go?"

The manager said: "Why not go to Brooklands and see the flying?"

A couple of hours afterward a telephone message was received that Mr. Mason had been killed.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Victor Louis Mason was born in Washington on Dec. 9, 1870. While working as Secretary to the Board of Ordnance and Fortifications he obtained the degree of Bachelor of Science from Columbian (now George Washington) University in 1897. In the same year he became private secretary to Gen. Alger, then Secretary of War. Secretary Root, who succeeded Gen. Alger, retained him for a year, when he left the War Department to enter Gen. Alger's employ in Detroit, taking charge of the General's lumber interests. He was an

Continued on Page 2.

FOR NERVOUS DISORDERS, insomnia, mental exhaustion and lassitude take Horsford's Acid Phosphate, an excellent tonic for nerves and stomach.—Adv.

## $100,000 GIFT FROM ISMAY.

### Thank Offering for His Escape—To Start Fund for Disabled Seamen.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LIVERPOOL, May 13.—The Liverpool Journal of Commerce states that J. Bruce Ismay has decided, as a memorial of the heroism displayed by all sections of the crew of the Titanic, and as something of a thanksgiving offering for the safety of himself and of the other surviving passengers, to found an endowment fund with a gift of probably £20,000, ($100,000,) to provide pensions for disabled White Star Line seamen of all classes, whether engaged above or below deck, or for the widows of such men.

It is understood that details of the scheme will shortly be made known by the Lord Mayor of Liverpool.

## SNOW IN MARYLAND.

### Falls on Mountain Near Cumberland —Flurries in Pennsylvania.

CUMBERLAND, Md., May 13.—There was a heavy fall of snow on Big Savage Mountain to-day.

BROOKVILLE, Penn., May 13.—Snow flurries occurred here, and several surrounding places to-day.

DENVER, Col., May 13.—Nearly nine inches of snow had fallen in Denver up to 4 o'clock to-day, establishing a new record for this date. The snow fall covered a considerable portion of Colorado and Wyoming. Snow began falling here late on Sunday, having been preceded by an almost continuous rain since Saturday night. It melted quickly.

## SAW ICEBERG FAR SOUTH.

### George Washington Reports One 150 Miles from Titanic's Grave.

Capt. Polack of the North German Lloyd liner George Washington, which arrived yesterday from Bremen, reported that on Friday morning at six bells (7 A. M.) he sighted a large iceberg about 15 miles away on the starboard bow, in latitude 39:02 north, and longitude 47:06 West. It apeared to be about 1,000 feet long and 150 feet above the surface of the water. The Captain said the berg was further south than the City of New York and 150 miles south of the position where the Titanic went down on April 15. The George Washington brought over 380 passengers in her first cabin and the majority of tehm went on deck the Captain said, to look at the berg with their glasses.

## $5,000 FOR KNOX SPEECHES.

### Gov. Johnson Charges That Fair Association Paid Secretary's Expenses.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Closing the Presidential primary campaign to-night, Gov. Johnson, speaking for Col. Roosevelt, made an attack to-day upon the Panama-Pacific International Exposition management.

"I've just learned," said the Governor, "that the Exposition paid $5,000 for the expenses of the private car of Secretary Knox on his recent visit.

"There would be no objection to paying the expense of a distinguished guest, but who will justify that payment in order that Mr. Knox may do Taft politics in California?"

## BURIED IN A CAVE-IN.

### Laborer Loses His Life in a Bath Beach Excavation.

The sides of a sewer excavation in Nineteenth Avenue, between Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth Streets, Bath Beach, caved in at about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and buried one man, known only as Dominick, a laborer who lived somewhere in East New York. The police reserves from the Bath Beach Station and men from Truck 143 worked for three hours before they uncovered his body. He had been crushed and smothered. The other laborers escaped by running along the platforms beyond the reach of the cave-in.

## HIS CAR KILLED A BOY.

### Owner Got Away, but Surrendered Twelve Days Later.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 13.—Charles Yetter of Reading, Penn., whose automobile on May 1 ran down and killed Joseph Fidel, a four-year-old boy, surrendered himself in court here to-day and was held in $3,000 bail by Judge Daly on a charge of manslaughter.

Former Senator Theodore Strong, representing Yetter, said that at the time of the accident one or two women in Yetter's car fainted and that in the stress of the moment the other occupants of the car made the blunder of running away. He said that Yetter had suffered keenly since the accident. Mr. Strong added that Yetter would have surrendered before to-day had it not been for a misunderstanding between Yetter's counsel in Reading and himself, Strong.

Yetter, who is in the cigar business in Reading, furnished bonds and was released.

## RUNAWAY GIRLS ATTACKED.

### Band of Youths Confront Them with Revolvers—One Boy Arrested.

Ethel Dupont, 13 years old, of 1,560 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, who disappeared from her home on April 30, and Lillian O'Brien, also 13 years old, who disappeared from the home of her uncle, 1,515 Third Avenue, on Sunday, were found last night in Lexington Avenue, near Eighty-seventh Street, by Central Office Detectives England and Ryan, attached to the East Eighty-eighth Street Station. The girls, who have known each other for several years, told or having been attacked by six young men, armed with revolvers and blackjacks, in Central Park shortly after noon yesterday. On the complaint of Lillian O'Brien, a young man who said he was Charles Meiers, 17 years old, of 174 East Eighty-fifth Street, was arrested last night by the detectives and locked up in the East Eighty-eighth Street Station on a charge of criminal assault. The girls were taken to the Children's Society.

Ethel Dupont said that on the day she disappeared, she met Lillian O'Brien and later engaged a furnished room in Second Avenue. The latter, she said, left her home on Sunday, and lived with her. They decided to walk in Central Park, yesterday. A short distance from the south end of the reservoir, both girls said, they were confronted by six young men, each carrying a revolver or blackjack.

Lillian O'Brien told the police that when she struggled with the youths, one of them struck her in the face. In the East Eighty-eighth Street Station, Ethel Dupont exhibited a discolored left eye, which, she said, resulted from the attack. Meiers will be arraigned in the Harlem Police Court this morning.

## MAIDS ALL TO GO OUT WITH HOTEL WAITERS

### General Strike in Two Days if the Proprietors Refuse to Treat with Union.

### ULTIMATUM ISSUED TO THEM

### Attempt to Call Out Belmont Men Ends in Arrest of Leader—Chambermaids Contribute to Strike Fund.

A well-dressed young man walked into the Hotel Belmont shortly after 7 o'clock last night, purchased a cigar at the stand, and then strolled to the entrance of the Palm Room. There he suddenly drew a whistle from his pocket, and placing it to his lips emitted three shrill blasts.

Startled diners glanced up from the tables, some few recognizing in the blasts the signal which had caused the waiters to desert the dining room in the middle of a meal last Tuesday night. Others were excited by the noise, and glanced nervously about wondering at the unexpected interruption. Most of the waiters gazed in as much astonishment as those of the guests who had not been present last Tuesday.

The young man stood, apparently uncertain what to do next. Before he had moved Detective Burke of the hotel staff had him by the arm. A coat room boy had notified the detective of the man's presence. The intruder offered no resistance and was led out of the Palm Room. Once out of sight of the diners he was formally arrested and hustled off to the Night Court, where he gave his name as Joseph Albiez of 149 East Fifty-fourth Street, and admitted that he had blown the whistle as a signal for the waiters to quit work. He was held in $500 bail for examination to-day.

Albiez's attempt was the only one made in this city to put into effect the general strike of the waiters, cooks, pantrymen, and omnibus boys in all the hotels and big restaurants of the city which it had been predicted would be made last night to enforce a demand for shorter hours, higher wages, a day off each week with pay, better sanitary working conditions, pay for overtime, better food, the elimination of fines, and payment on a weekly

**General Strike Still Threatened.**

In Princeton, N. J., the sixteen waiters employed in the Princeton Inn started a sympathetic strike, and at noon walked out of the inn and left town. Only the 'bus boy remained. Five waiters were brought to Princeton on an afternoon train and put to work. Dinner was served as usual from 6 to 9 o'clock, but the service, in the nature of things, was not up to the standard.

But if the general strike here did not occur last night it has not been abandoned, only postponed, according to Edward Blochlinger, Financial Secretary of the International Hotel Workers' Union, with headquarters at 77 West Forty-fourth Street. Mr. Blochlinger issued a statement last night, saying:

"We will keep on now until we get what we want. It may be a hot fight, but we shall not give in."

After an all-night session the Executive Committee of the International Hotel Workers' Union drew up a series of demands which will be submitted to officers of the Hotel Men's Association this morning, to which an immediate promise of consideration will be asked. Should the hotel men refuse to treat with the committee a strike will be called this afternoon. If, however, the employers show a disposition to consider the demands they will have forty-eight hours in which to make their response.

When the strike comes the leaders declare that there will be no lack of members to carry out the union's orders. The membership in this city is now more than 10,000, it was said, something like three times the number in the organization a week ago, and the organizers say that new members are flocking in continuously. One organizer declared that he alone had taken in sixty men yesterday, and others reported similar progress.

Nor are the waiters, cooks, pantrymen, and others connected with the preparation and serving of food in the hotels the only employes affected by the general dis ontent. Among those at the union headquarters last night was Mrs. Leander Brown, organizer of the Chambermaids' Union. There are 400 members of this union now, and Mrs. Brown declared that more were joining daily.

**Chambermaids to Go Out, Too.**

That the bond of sympathy between the chambermaids and the members of the union which now threatens a strike is strong was revealed when Mrs. Brown opened a handbag full of $1 and $5 bills.

"This money was contributed solely by chambermaids in this city," she explained. "We are going to see the boys through with this thing. They are not treated like human beings, and unless they buy their own food they have to eat food unfit to be placed before them."

Mrs. Brown said the chambermaids had grievances of their own. She complained that many women working as chambermaids in large New York hotels have been forced to quit their jobs by the hotel managements to whom they had complained because of some grievance against guests.

"In every instance," said Mrs. Brown, "the woman knows that all she can do is to quit work when she feels that she has been unfairly treated by some one. She knows that she will be discharged as soon as she opens her mouth."

When pressed for specific charges Mrs. Brown stated that she could not see any good yet in giving out the charges, but that she was prepared to prove what she said at any time. She said that she was there to organize the women who will go out on strike with the waiters as soon as the waiters' strike is called.

**Types of Cards Distributed.**

Though conditions which they desire to better are said by the waiters to exist in almost all the hotels and big restaurants, much of the particular dissatisfaction expressed has centred around Victor Pearl, head waiter at the Hotel Belmont. Several thousand yellow cards were distributed about town yesterday, many of them stuck in prominent places where they could not escape attention. Some of them read:

A pearl is a precious, shining gem, to be found in oysters, &c., but the kind of a Pearl you find in the Hotel Belmont is very dull and of no use whatsoever, and deserves to be thrown out.

Pasters stuck up in the neighborhood of prominent hotels read as follows:

HOTEL WORKERS, UNITE!
Don't be a Slave of the Industry.
The International Hotel Workers' Union is out to fight for your rights and protect you in every legal way.
Don't stand for any insults and assaults. Do not pay any fines on breakage, do not pay for or wear those filthy uniforms. Do not contribute toward any collection to buy diamond rings for your head waiter. Do not buy your jacket, vest, and pants from a certain place, as per order from your superior. If he needs a new dress suit, let him buy it with his own money and not with yours. If you are overcharged by Employment Agents, or any time you are in trouble, call up the
UNION HEADQUARTERS, 77 W. 44TH ST.
Telephone, 4995 Bryant.

Pearl was described yesterday by a brother head waiter as a martinet. He was formerly John W. Gates's butler for

twelve years, and after Mr. Gates died he was head waiter at the Plaza for one year, having been put there by the Gates management. Pearl's own idea of discipline is that a waiter should be a soldier and live up to the strictest rules. The waiters have come back at him and say he does not even consider them as human beings. They have a specific list of Pearl's derelictions in the matter of unjust fines which is officially filed at headquarters in their complaint, which soon will be made public.

**Hotel Men Not Alarmed.**

There was a large gathering of waiters at the headquarters last night, who freely discussed what they consider just causes of complaint against the various hotels and restaurants of the city. Objection was expressed to the checking system employed at Louis Martin's, the waiters declaring that it was involved and caused them to lose money if they forgot the exact amount of the check.

Objection was made also against the waiters having to pay for the services of omnibus boy or helper. This amounts to $1.50 a day, or $45 a month, according to the statement issued last night. As the waiters get a flat rate of $25 a month, they consider the 'bus boy charge unfair. The Hotel Knickerbocker is officially listed at union headquarters as an offender in the matter of charging the waiters for 'bus help hire. A letter was shown to the newspaper men, dated May 10, and addressed to Fred Sterry, Managing Director of the Hotel Plaza, in which the system of fining waiters is denounced. The letter is signed by Mr. Blochlinger, who said that so far he had received no reply from Mr. Sterry.

While the waiters and hotel workers were taking the matter very seriously yesterday, the hotel and restaurant men were going on with their affairs and apparently paying no attention to the row. Oscar of the Waldorf Saturday night granted a demand made upon him by some extra waiters. When he granted the demand, according to a statement he made to a TIMES reporter last night, he was cheered and the men gave him a round of applause by clapping their hands. He had called them into the big serving pantry and had a talk with them. When they asked for a raise he gave it to them.

Louis Martin says he knows of no trouble, and added that if there was any trouble it was all over now.

A prominent hotel owner said to a TIMES reporter last night: "When this thing comes up we will take it up, meet it, and beat it. So far I know nothing about it. I know there is trouble, but it has not reached us. The idea of our men striking has not occurred to me. They are old men, well satisfied, and I am sure that they will never strike."

Edward L. Tierney, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Hotel Men's Association, with headquarters in the Cambridge Building at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, made the following official statement for the hotel men last night:

"Up to this minute we have received no communication whatever officially from the waiters' or any other union of the hotel employes. Therefore we have nothing to consider. When the question is presented to us then it is time to cross that bridge."

## FAVOR BAN ON AMUSEMENTS.

### Methodist Committee Rejects Report Against Paragraph 260.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 13.—The Committee on State of the Church at the Methodist Conference voted by 100 to 51 to-day to reject the report of the majority of the sub-committee, which favored the elimination of a portion of Paragraph 260, leaving the amusement question to the conscience of the individual members.

Dr. James R. Day, Chancellor of Syracuse University, Syracuse, N. Y., Chairman of the sub-committee which favored the striking out of that section of the paragraph, served notice on the committee that a minority report would be made to the conference.

Debate in the committee on the question was strenuous. Pleas were made by delegates from foreign lands to retain the paragraph, Dr. De El Uong, a Chinese delegate, making an effective speech through an interpreter. A. J. Wallace, Lieutenant Governor of California and Chairman of the committee, was in favor of striking out the catalogue of prohibitive amusements.

Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church who charge for special sermons and lectures when they receive each year a salary of $5,000 and traveling expenses, may be sharply criticised by the General Conference before the session closes. Several memorials on the subject have been presented to the Committee on Episcopacy. It is asserted by those behind the memorials that the salary of the Bishops is sufficient, and that in many cases the price for the lectures or sermons are so exorbitant that the poorer churches are unable to pay.

It is rumored that the Episcopacy Committee will recommend the retirement of two Bishops at the present session.

Copenhagen, Denmark, may receive an episcopal residence, according to talk among the delegates. The Episcopacy Committee is said to have voted in favor of establishing a residence at Rome, Italy, and probably one at Hamburg, Germany. The committee is also said to have favored the retention of the episcopal residence at St. Paul, instead of removing it to Minneapolis, which is said to have been favored by a sub-committee.

With a demonstration which surpassed any on the floor of the present conference, the church to-day indorsed the new Republic of China and ordered that its flag be displayed by the side of that of the United States over the speaker's rostrum. The addresses on the subject by three Chinese delegates were received with applause.

The conference referred to a committee discussion which advocated the Church's opposition to Sunday newspapers.

A short but sharp fight followed the presentation of a resolution asking the committee on the state of the Church to bring in an early report concerning teachings in the Sunday school literature. This question, it is said, has to do with the "higher criticism."

## DR. DRAGO IS ILL.

### May Not Be Able to Deliver Series of Lectures in This Country.

BUENOS AIRES, May 13.—Dr. Luis Drago, the ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs and author of the much discussed Drago Doctrine, opposing the employment of armed force by nations to collect private debts, is suffering from bronchitis and asthma, and probably will not be able to deliver a series of lectures on international law in the United States, as he had purposed to do. He will leave here on Wednesday for Europe, where he will take a cure in the hope of restoring his health.

Dr. Drago had intended first to visit Europe and to reach New York some time in October.

## WILSON BOOMERS BUSY HERE

### Confer With Democratic League Head —To Besiege Delegates.

A number of Democrats from New York and Kings County who want Gov. Wilson nominated for President at the Baltimore Convention held a conference at the Hotel Belmont last night with Thomas Mott Osborne, President of the Democratic League, which is generally opposed to Charles F. Murphy and Tammany Hall, to devise ways and means of developing Wilson sentiment in the State.

Lawrence B. Dunham, Secretary of this committee, and Mr. Osborne had a conference earlier in the day, and it was decided to bring the local members together and talk over the situation. At last night's meeting it was decided to form a committee to work in harmony with the up-State members of the New York State Wilson Conference and to develop Wilson sentiment among the New York and Kings County delegates to the Baltimore Convention.

### Taft Gets Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyoming, May 13.—The Republican State Convention to-day elected the following delegates to the National Convention:

Senator S. E. Warren, Senator Clarence D. Clarke, Congressman H. Mondell, Patrick Sullivan, W. H. Huntley, and W. L. Wall. Delegate Huntley is the leader of the Roosevelt delegation from Sheridan County.

The delegates were instructed for President Taft.

George E. Poxton was elected National Committeeman. Wyoming sends six delegates to each National Convention.

# BRYAN A TARGET FOR HARMON'S SARCASM

### He's a Poor Picker of Winners, the Governor Tells His Auditors in Wooster, O.

### OPENS HOME-STATE FIGHT

### Quotes from His Own Political Record and Recites His Deeds as a Democratic Official.

WOOSTER, Ohio, May 13.—Gov. Judson Harmon to-night began his campaign for the Presidential nomination in his own State, speaking here in reply to the attacks made on him by William Jennings Bryan, who recently made a tour of Ohio. The Governor declared that he had been selected unanimously by the last State Convention as Ohio's candidate for President and that it was not self-seeking which had put him before the country and subjected him to "the falsification and abuse which are disgracing American politics this year." He said that the watchword adopted for his last Gubernatorial campaign was "Harmon has made good."

"But there were some who thought I had made too good," continued Mr. Harmon, "and that to stave off political bankruptcy from a bipartisan combination I had to be beaten. The Commoner's mailing list was obtained, and three separate circulars filled with falsehood and denunciation were sent out to readers of The Commoner. These circulars bore Mr. Bryan's picture and urged his friends to vote against me because my re-election would make me the candidate for President.

"I was re-elected by more than 100,000 majority, though Col. Roosevelt and most of the Cabinet came into the State to oppose me.

"It may be thought wiser to select some other candidate than myself at Baltimore. I would not, if I could, interfere with the free choice of the National Democratic Convention. But if the unanimous action of the Dayton Convention is to be reversed at the primary it will be heralded as a repudiation of my administration.

**Mr. Bryan's Change of Heart.**

"Now my opponents have brought in Mr. Bryan and carried him around the State. He was reliably informed of the character and motives of the guiding spirit in this rule-or-ruin movement, but he seems not to care. As to Mr. Bryan, what has caused the change in his attitude toward me?

"At the National Convention of 1904 he offered to place me in nomination if I would have the Ohio delegates reconsider their decision not to have my name presented.

"In 1908 I constantly urged his election, declaring I would willingly be defeated for Governor if it would help him. And during our joint campaign he repeatedly praised my efforts in his behalf and told many persons he meant to offer me a place in his Cabinet if he was elected.

"What have I done which leads him now to say I am not fit to be even a Justice of the Peace? He has quoted not a single fact from my official record or elsewhere to justify his conduct, except that I repudiated the platform on the initiative and referendum. This is not true. I advocated before the joint caucus and signed when passed the bill authorizing resort to it in municipalities, which was all our Constitution would permit.

After mentioning many reform laws passed during his administration, including acts for protection of employes, direct election of Federal Senators, and income tax, Mr. Harmon continued:

"If Mr. Bryan knows of the many reforms accomplished in Ohio, he is grossly unfair to me and my comrades in the administration. If he does not know of them, then it is sheer wantonness for him to come into the State of my birth and home and try to discredit me with the people without specification or proof, though even an accused criminal is entitled to both.

**Harmon Quotes His Record.**

"He would have the people believe that I would serve special interests instead of the public if I were elected President. If he really thinks so himself, he ought to have cut my acquaintance long ago, as I would surely do with anybody I thought capable of such an infamous betrayal of a public trust.

"But I served for years as a Judge and a so as Attorney General. I have been for more than three years your Governor. In all of these positions there have been ample opportunities to favor special interests or shirk my duty. If Mr. Bryan will point out a single instance where I ever did either, I will get out of the way of his desires, whatever they are.

"Does he mean I have been acting a part in all these positions just to win the confidence of the people so as more fully to betray them if I should ever become President? Silly as that sounds, it is the real meaning of what he says.

"Was that why I put the anti-trust law on its feet by the three cases in which for the first time it was enforced?

"Was that why I threw up a profitable employment when President Roosevelt refused to agree with me that 'guilt is always personal,' and ordered that a railroad company only, and not its responsible officials, should be prosecuted for paying rebates to a trust?

"Was that why I have always denounced our tariff law as the worst form of special privilege, the breeder of trusts, and the chief cause of the high prices which oppress the people?

"Was that why I spent time and effort to obtain a proper public utilities law for Ohio after 'the interests' had got it fixed to suit themselves in the Senate? Even as passed, it permits the merger of competing companies, and for that reason I did not sign it, though I permitted it to become a law for the sake of its many excellent features. Does Mr. Bryan favor such mergers?

"Was that why I led the long fight for fairer taxation, with the result that the valuation of railroads and other public service corporations was raised from less than $300,000,000 to more than $900,000,000, and $7,000,000 in taxes was shifted from the farms and homes of the State to these corporations and tax dodgers? The Cincinnati Gas Company's appraisement went from less than $2,000,000 to $15,000,000. And I was myself one of its stockholders.

"Mr. Bryan twits me with alleged disappointments in the selection of delegates in various States. Well, I would rather take a disappointment from my party in its nominations than inflict disappointments on it in the elections. Though I have five times been its candidate, I have never disappointed it yet.

**Poor Picker of Winners.**

"He says failure is certain if I am nominated. If the party thinks so, I shall be content. But I do not think Mr. Bryan, great as his abilities are in many directions, has shown himself qualified to pick a winner.

"Has it come to pass in the Democratic Party that winning repeated victories in its name counts as nothing for one man, while repeated defeats give another the right to dictate its course or limit its choice to a list of eligibles prepared by himself?

"The best asset we have this year is the work of our Democratic House. Much of this we owe to its most capable and worthy leader, Mr. Underwood. Yet Mr. Bryan has time and again by interference and abuse imperiled the harmony and good feeling which are so necessary in that body and to party success.

"Mr. Underwood truly denies Mr. Bryan's charge that his candidacy is in any other behalf than his own. The only relation Mr. Underwood and myself have in the pending contest is that Mr. Bryan has put us both on his list of impossibles.

"Is Mr. Bryan really for the New Jersey Governor? I do not recall a word he has said in his behalf. Is it because the Governor never supported him, but wanted him 'knocked into a cocked hat'? The people of Nebraska have instructed him for the Speaker. He cannot be for both. Is he really for either?"

## TAFT MEN CLAIM CALIFORNIA.

### Say To-day's Vote Will Be Strong for the President.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Col. Hammond, Chairman of the California Taft Clubs, said to-night that he expected a handsome majority for the President in to-morrow's election. He says reports from all parts of the State show that the campaign of the Roosevelt men has recoiled on their heads, and that Gov. Johnson and other speakers have been so viciously unfair in their statements that they have antagonized the people and really have made votes for Taft. Gov. Johnson especially has savagely denounced the Taft leaders and has made many accusations of graft and double dealing.

La Follette has been received by big audiences, but all he has accomplished is to cut down the Roosevelt vote.

The Roosevelt managers are claiming 75,000 majority. They declare they have returns which give assurance of these figures.

President Taft's appeal to California, however, cannot fail to have direct effect on to-morrow's vote among the women. Mrs. Abbie Krebs, State President of the Women's Taft Clubs, said to-night that the President's letter had won him many voters. She declared that sensible women were quick to see that Mr. Taft had done far more for woman suffrage than Col. Roosevelt and that the women could count on him in any emergency.

Champ Clark is the strongest Democratic candidate and he is pretty sure to poll a heavy vote that will show that California Democrats prefer him.

## WON'T DIVIDE TENNESSEE.

### Republican Committee on Contests Rejects Roosevelt Offer.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 13.—The Roosevelt Republicans felt the effect of the steam roller to-day when the State Republican Committee that has been holding an all-day's session on contests turned down in quick order an offer from the Colonel's followers to divide the delegation to Chicago, the State Electors and the new State Committee to be chosen at the State Convention here to-morrow. The committee ruled that it did not have the power to make such an agreement in advance of the convention.

The committee ruled in favor of the Roosevelt delegates from the Second District, and divided the Eighth equally between the Colonel and President Taft. The Ninth and Tenth are yet to be decided, but enough Taft delegates will be seated to control the convention.

Some of the less radical Roosevelt delegates are against a bolt, but from the complexion and humor of most of them, such a move is expected. If it comes it will mean not only two delegations to Chicago but two Republican nominees for Governor and two new State Committees.

## SPLIT IN NORTH CAROLINA.

### Taft Men Expect Eight of the State's 24 Delegates.

*Special to The New York Times.*

RALEIGH, N. C., May 13.—The Republican State Convention meets here on Wednesday. Roosevelt men will be in control and will name the State's delegates-at-large to the National Convention. The Taft men are sure, however, of having eight district delegates of the State's twenty-two, though Zeb Walser, one of the Roosevelt managers, concedes but one. In conventions in the second, eighth, and tenth districts six Roosevelt delegates were elected to-day.

Interest in the State Convention centres in the fight over the chairmanship of the executive committee, and for National Committeeman. Congressman John M. Moorehead, the Taft leader in this State, is State Chairman, but Walser hopes to oust him. Marion Butler is after National Committeeman Carl Duncan's place.

The situation is complicated because Butler, though a Roosevelt man, favors keeping Moorehead as State Chairman.

The convention of the Fourth Congress District will be held here to-morrow.

## TAWNEY'S COUNTY FOR TAFT.

### But Roosevelt Has About All the Rest of Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 13.—Reports received here up to midnight from to-day's Minnesota Republican County Conventions indicate that Roosevelt delegates will be in control of the State Convention in Minneapolis next Thursday as well as the district conventions.

Resolutions presented at the Ramsey County Convention instructing the delegates to work for Theodore Roosevelt "first, last, and all the time," were adopted by a decisive vote.

Returns from Brown, Blue Earth, Stearns, Murray, and Nicollet Counties show that the delegates were all instructed for Roosevelt.

Those from Winona County were instructed for Taft. This is the home county of ex-Congressman Tawney.

The Fifth Congress District named as delegates to the Republican National Convention Stanley Washburn and A. A. D. Rahn, and instructed them for Roosevelt.

## MINGO SANDERS TO AID TAFT.

### Discharged Soldier Will Be Used to Win Ohio Negro Vote.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Mingo Sanders is to be used as an anti-Roosevelt exhibit in the Ohio campaign. He left here for Ohio last night.

Mingo Sanders used to be the First Sergeant of Company A, Twenty-fifth Infantry. This was one of the companies in the battalion of negro soldiers that were summarily dismissed from the service by President Roosevelt for shooting up the town of Brownsville, Texas.

One of the flying squadron of Taft orators in Ohio is to be Congressman Rodenberg of St. Louis. He is to make a speech to the colored voters calling upon them to repudiate Roosevelt on account of his dismissal of the negro soldiers, and Mingo is to be on the platform and be pointed out as one of the victims. He served in the army about thirty years and was a model soldier. He received honorable mention for heroism in the Philippines and was in the battle of San Juan Hill, Cuba.

When Foraker and Taft were fighting for the control of Ohio in the preliminary bout over the Presidential canvass of 1908 the Foraker people offered Mingo large inducements to go there and be exhibited, but he refused. About a year ago, however, he was appointed to a place in the Washington Navy Yard, and when the proposal was renewed this year Sanders did not decline.

## FIGHT FOR SOUTH DAKOTA.

### Roosevelt, Taft, and La Follette Expected to Stump the State.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 13.—Theodore Roosevelt is coming to South Dakota to make a personal fight for the ten delegates from the State to the Republican National Convention. He will make a flying visit June 1, spending that day in the State.

It is expected here that President Taft and Senator La Follette also will visit the State. The State primary will be held on June 4.

### Roosevelt Delegates from Manila.

MANILA, May 13.—A convention of supporters of Col. Roosevelt to-day elected as contesting delegates to the Chicago Convention Mr. Squires and Judge Waite, who are pledged to vote for Roosevelt or any other Progressive candidate for nomination.

### Taft Sure to Hold Montana's Vote.

BUTTE, Mont., May 13.—The Montana State Republican Convention at Livingston on May 16, which will name delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, will be controlled by the Taft forces by a majority of about 200. This estimate is based on returns from all of Montana's forty-two counties except six, which, if all were carried by Roosevelt, would not shake the control of the Taft forces.

# FAVORS 6-YEAR TERM FOR THE PRESIDENCY

### Report of Senate Judiciary Committee Arouses the Roosevelt Leaders.

### TO FIGHT IT ON THE FLOOR

### Senator Borah's Opposition Backed by Democrats — Taken as a Slap at the Colonel.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary to-day reported itself overwhelmingly in favor of a six-year term for the President and Vice President of the United States, and for a Constitutional amendment making both officials ineligible for re-election. In its present form the proposed amendment would not prevent a former Vice President from being nominated for President. With perfected text the resolution will be reported to the Senate within the next few days.

The proposed amendment is considered a direct hint to Col. Roosevelt that his campaign is regarded as dangerous by Congress, and already it has aroused deep resentment among the Roosevelt Senators. It is certain now that, headed by Senator Borah of Idaho, a member of the committee, who spoke for Col. Roosevelt in Massachusetts, a determined fight will be made on the floor to prevent the proposed amendment from being submitted to the States.

In the congested condition of the Senate calendar a filibuster requires only two or three determined and talkative Senators, and unless the session is prolonged until far into the Summer this opposition will probably throw the whole matter over until the campaign is ended. The first tussle in the committee came this morning, when an effort was made to amend the pending Works resolution by keeping the President's term at its present four-year length. That fight was non-partisan, Mr. Borah having the support of three Democrats who disliked the idea of the President having a term as long as theirs. They were Senators Bacon of Georgia, Culberson of Texas, and Chilton of West Virginia.

Then came the real fight on the unamended resolution. Mr. Borah spoke at some length against the plan, and then left the committee room. After he had gone, Mr. Brown of Nebraska, an insurgent, who used to be friendly to President Roosevelt, but who has stuck to President Taft ever since his inauguration, came in and voted against the resolution. The other members present voted for it.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The Board of Directors of the National Business League of America to-day decided that the league should resume the campaign it conducted in 1904 and 1905 for a single six-year term for the President of the United States.

At that time the league procured indorsements for the measure from business interests in many parts of the country. The league intends to organize a committee of business leaders and conduct a National effort for an amendment of the Constitution to this end.

## DIVIDE MARYLAND VOTE.

### Taft and Roosevelt Each to Have Eight Delegates.

BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, May 14.—An agreement was reached early this morning at a conference between the leaders of the Taft and Roosevelt forces to split even on Maryland's delegation to the Republican National Convention.

Each side will have two delegates at large and six district delegates, sixteen in all.

The delegation will be instructed to vote for Col. Roosevelt for President as long as he has any possible chance of receiving the nomination.

At the State Convention to-day a Roosevelt man will be chosen temporary Chairman and a Taft man permanent Chairman.

## WHEAT OUTLOOK BRIGHT.

### Nebraska Report Shows Big Gain in the Past Week.

*Special to The New York Times.*

OMAHA, Neb., May 13.—Omaha has never had at this time of the year a brighter outlook for the more important crops than at present, according to the Burlington Railroad crop report issued to-day. The wheat prospects improved greatly during the past week, due to general rains.

In southwestern Nebraska wheat jumped from 88 last week to 97 per cent. this week. Southeastern Nebraska went from 80 to 84, eastern Nebraska 90 to 95, and central from 90 to 91 per cent.

No pest of any kind has been reported. Low temperatures have held the plant from making too rapid progress.

# ROOSEVELT UNSAFE, TAFT TELLS OHIOANS

Continued from Page 1.

statement would carry this election I would despair of the Republic," his hearers applauded again.

Referring to Col. Roosevelt's continued "misstatement" of his Toledo speech about government of the people, Mr. Taft shouted:

"Do you believe that this is the way for one President to treat another?"

"No, no," came the answer from the audience.

"I believe on this account Mr. Roosevelt ought to be visited with the punishment of defeat," continued Mr. Taft. "I'm opposed, and I think I ought to be opposed, to the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt," said the President, "because of the wild constitutional principles that he is advocating as already embodied in the Pennsylvania platform and will continue to embody in other platforms and indeed in the National platform, if he continues the same course that he now indicates he is going to pursue."

**Bosses Who Aid Roosevelt.**

Turning to Mr. Roosevelt's accusation of a Taft alliance with the political bosses, Mr. Taft said:

"He says that I am the creator of bosses and that everybody who is for me is a boss and they are all against him. Well, I deny that. I would like to ask if Mr. Flinn of Pennsylvania and Walter Brown of Ohio are not bosses supporting Mr. Roosevelt, and if Mr. Dan Hanna is not supporting Mr. Walter Brown through his newspapers and in every way that helps to make an election go.

"You will think from Mr. Roosevelt's statement that we are not going to have any bosses any more when he gets into office. I don't know what he is going to do with Mr. Flinn and Mr. Brown when he does that. He says he represents true government of the people against the bosses. How many bosses did he kill in the seven years of his administration?

The President concluded with this remark:

"If you approve of this Administration, it has been the custom to nominate a President once again, but only once again."

**In a Roosevelt Town.**

"They tell me this is a Roosevelt town," was the President's opening remark to a crowd that met his train at Dexter City.

"It is!" yelled a man on the station platform.

"They say you are against me," continued the President, "because I was in favor of reciprocity. Well, I was. I was in favor of reciprocity, and I was in favor of it because I believed it for the good of the farmers and every other class."

Just as Mr. Taft finished this sentence the train started to pull out.

"Stop the train," said the President, to the delight of many of his hearers. "I want to talk to these people.

"We sell of foodstuffs and agricultural products to Canada four times what they sell to us," declared Mr. Taft, after the crowd had walked forward and surrounded his car again. "They cannot raise corn up there; they can only raise the hardiest cereals, and it would be greatly to the benefit of the farmers, but the thing is dead.

"Now, what I want to say to you, you are utterly illogical in opposing me on account of reciprocity when the fact is that before I entered into reciprocity at all I wrote to Theodore Roosevelt and consulted about it and told him all the arguments both ways. He commended me most highly for going into the business, and approved it in every way. Now that he finds that reciprocity is not popular with the farmers, he recants and says that—well, he has changed his mind about it.

"I would not have all your votes if I had to take back what I really believed was for your interest, whether you like it or not and whether you give me your votes or not. But I appeal to you whether it is a square deal for a man to change right in the nick when he wants votes, although we both were for reciprocity. Now, that is a condition I would like to have you study. It is a dead issue, but I see no reason for voting one way or the other, so far as the vote is concerned, but I ask for a square deal."

## OFFERED TAFT HANNA'S AID.

### But Brown First Wanted Indictment Dropped, Says Hilles.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 13.—What is regarded by Taft supporters as evidence that Walter Brown, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, made a proposal to Secretary Hilles to deliver the Ohio delegates to President Taft on condition that the indictment against Dan Hanna for conspiracy in the railroad ore rebating case be dropped, is brought out in a letter received to-day by John N. Willys from Secretary Hilles. The letter in part follows:

Mr. John N. Willys, Toledo, Ohio:

I have considered the request for a statement which will set forth the facts with respect to the intercession at the White House by Mr. Walter F. Brown for his client, Mr Dan Hanna. The facts are these:

Mr. Brown, on Aug. 3, 1911, requested an appointment with me, and a few days later came on to Washington. He told me the story of the development of Mr. Hanna into a business genius surpassing his father, the late Mark Hanna.

He said that Mr. Hanna, before signing it, had given but little consideration to the contract which was the basis of the charge of conspiracy; that Hanna was in daily dread of being sent to prison; that the case had been prepared by an ambitious young lawyer and had not had thorough consideration of the Attorney General; that Hanna suspected that the prosecution resulted from a suggestion made by a competitor, and that he (Brown) had come to Washington to have the President send a lawyer to Cleveland to get the facts.

He said that if a good lawyer who was in possession of all the facts would not report that the indictment ought to be quashed, he (Brown) would be very much surprised.

On the following day I repeated to the president that part of Mr. Brown's statements about the alleged injustice of Dan Hanna, whereupon the president told me to repeat the statement to the Attorney General.

While Mr. Brown's comments respecting Mr. Hanna's gratitude to his friends and facilities for assisting his friends seemed significant, and while Mr. Brown probably had a purpose in saying to me all that he said about Mr. Hanna, his remarks were after all adroit and insidious.

The Attorney General seemed very familiar with the case and contended that it had not been prosecuted at the instance of an ambitious young lawyer.

A few months later I reported to the President the result of a conference with the Attorney General and for the first time reported to him all that part of the conversation with Mr. Brown in which he dwelt on the personal qualities and resources of Mr. Hanna. CHARLES D. HILLES.

## ROOSEVELT SILENT AT START.

### Saves His Replies to the President for Use in Ohio.

Col. Roosevelt started for Ohio at 6:34 o'clock last night from the Pennsylvania Station in his private car the Oceanic, ready for the fight to win President Taft's home State. He refrained from any comment on the letter sent by President Taft to the Republican men and women of California, or on what Mr. Taft had to say about him in his addresses yesterday. But the Colonel smiled grimly, and it was freely predicted by his supporters that the President's address at Cambridge, Ohio, in which he referred to Col. Roosevelt as a "dangerous egotist, a flatterer, and a demagogue," will not go unanswered. The Colonel's first important address will be at Canton to-night, according to the present schedule.

There has been much opposition on the part of some of the managers of Col. Roosevelt's campaign to his going into President Taft's State, and Col. Roosevelt has indicated that his addresses would probably be mild and that if possible he would omit Cincinnati, the President's home, from his itinerary.

The attack made on him yesterday by the President, however, started talk that the Colonel will reply in kind, and that he was simply waiting for an excuse to cast aside restraint. Col. Roosevelt has simply made it known that he wanted to save what he was going to say to the Ohio voters until he got on to the battle ground. He expects to invade every Congressional district.

Col. Roosevelt spent the day quietly at his home at Sagamore Hill, taking a train that brought him to the Pennsylvania Station a few minutes after 6 o'clock. He was met there by Gov. Post of Porto Rico and by his secretary, Frank Harper, who accompanied him on his Ohio trip.

When the Colonel put in an appearance at the Pennsylvania Station he was wearing a rather worn looking overcoat and slouch hat, part of a "costume," it was said, which he will adopt when he carries his message to the "plain people" in the manufacturing towns and during his tour of the farming districts. Some one offered the information that the Colonel was carrying quite a wardrobe with him and would be ready for any and all occasions. Two bulging suitcases which porters were seen hustling across the station lent a flavor of confirmation to the statement.

## BROOKLYN LEADERS WORRIED.

### Fear an Attempt to Indorse Roosevelt at To-night's Meeting.

Republican leaders in Brooklyn were greatly disturbed yesterday by a report that an attempt would be made at the meeting of the County Committee to-night to have a resolution adopted indorsing Col. Roosevelt for the nomination for President. They made inquiries in all directions, but could not learn what member of the committee, if any, was planning to throw a Roosevelt bombshell into the meeting. They admitted that it was possible that the thing might be attempted, but they seemed confident that it would be a fizzle.

If such a resolution is introduced, the leaders declare, it will be quickly voted down, although Col. Roosevelt is known to have many supporters in the committee. Because of the present uncertainty as to who is to be the party's candidate, the Brooklyn leaders wish to avoid the embarrassment that would be theirs should the issue now be raised at a meeting of the County Committee. They feel that while they would not stand for a Roosevelt indorsement, the turning down of such a resolution would have the appearance of instructing the National delegates from Brooklyn for President Taft.

Last night the leaders were making efforts to head off any possible attempt to introduce a Roosevelt resolution in the committee, which, under the new law, is a greatly enlarged body, and therefore more difficult to handle than formerly.

# T. M. MULRY RECEIVES THE LAETARE MEDAL

### As the Cardinal Pins It On He Praises St. Vincent de Paul President's Work.

### MEN OF ALL CREEDS THERE

### Robert W. de Forest and Edward Lauterbach Pay Tribute to Mr. Mulry's Work for Charity.

The Laetare Medal, which is bestowed by the University of Notre Dame as a recognition of the work of Catholic men and women in religion, art, science, literature, and philanthropy, was presented last night to Thomas M. Mulry, Knight of the Order of St. Gregory the Great, President of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, President of the Emigrants' Industrial Savings Bank, and a leader in charitable work in and out of the Catholic Church.

Men and women of many faiths filled the great hall of the Cathedral College, Fifty-first Street and Madison Avenue. Cardinal Farley was seated at the centre of the platform, and grouped about him were many men prominent in church and charitable work. The Chairman was Michael J. Scanlan.

The medal was presented by the Rev. John Cavanaugh, President of the Notre Dame University Association of New York. He made a brief address, after which the medal was handed to the Cardinal. Mr. Mulry knelt before him and the Cardinal pinned upon his coat the Laetare Medal.

"As I have sat here this evening listening with interest to all," said the Cardinal, "I have been casting up in my mind who next to Mr. Mulry is the most interested in it all. I laid to myself the flattering unction that I was that one, Mr. Mulry is the product of this city and of this diocese, over which I have the honor to preside. I feel interested in Mr. Mulry. I have known him for thirty years and I have seen his life and his works."

The Cardinal told with feeling of his association with Mr. Mulry in St. Vincent de Paul Society work.

An eloquent tribute to Mr. Mulry was paid by Robert W. de Forest of the Charity Organization Society. He said he spoke of Mr. Mulry as a fellow-worker.

"Twenty-five years ago I first met Mr. Mulry," he said. "He came to my office with more of a blush upon his face than he has to-night, and with the fire of combat in his eyes. The Protestant Orphan Asylum had received three Catholic children. Tom Mulry demanded those children. I was at that time the representative of the orphan asylum. I am not sure at this moment whether Tom Mulry wanted the children or a fight. He got the children. You are to be congratulated in the opportunity of presenting the medal to one so worthy, and I congratulate Mr. Mulry."

Edward Lauterbach, in offering congratulations to Mr. Mulry and speaking as the representative of the Jewish Charities, declared warmly that it was to the example and system of Catholic organizations that the Jewish charitable organizations owed much of their success. He told how in 1904, when an attempt was made in the Constitutional Convention to introduce an amendment forbidding State and municipal funds to be applied to sectarian organizations, it was Mr. Mulry who led the fight against it.

He pointed out the dangers which, he said, were contained in the Dillingham immigration bill and sounded an eloquent warning against "standing idle and allowing it to become a law." Turning to Mr. Mulry, he said that he wanted to add his testimony to Mr. Mulry's work, to his charitable work and to his influence for good in the field of charitable work, irrespective of religious creed or nationality.

Herman Ridder's address was read by his son, Victor F. Ridder. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, speaking for the Association of Catholic Charities, added his testimony to the earnest work of Mr. Mulry in the field of charity. James E. Dougherty and the Rev. Luke J. Evers, for the Alumni of Notre Dame University in New York, also spoke.

In presenting the Laetare Medal, Father Cavanaugh told the story of the founding of the medal, which in a lesser degree is the counterpart of the Papal decoration of the Golden Rose, which is bestowed by the Pope upon some Catholic layman every year. He said:

"This year the university turns to you, Sir, as one worthy to enter into this noble company. Your generous devotion to the cause of our holy faith, and especially your enthusiastic zeal in works of charity, have won for you the affection and veneration of your fellow-countrymen everywhere, and particularly of your Catholic brethren.

"You have exemplified the true character of charity by giving freely to the poor, not only of your worldly goods, but —what is more difficult and more precious —of your time and personal solicitude. You have shown before the world that there is no incompatibility between brilliant financial success and a life of constant and intense love of God and service of humanity for the love of God. You have done much to restore in the popular mind the ancient Catholic spirit of charity which has for its motive supernatural faith rather than mere natural sympathy."

Mr. Mulry, in responding, said that in all his work he had never known he was quite such a person as at that moment. Turning to the Cardinal, he said: "I will not forget the lesson you taught me thirty years ago to keep my motive pure and to work for something more than earthly praise."

Praise must also be bestowed, he said, upon those who had worked so faithfully with him.

Mr. Mulry was born in this city fifty-seven years ago. He has lived the greater part of his life at 10 Perry Street. His clubs are the Democratic, Hardware, Catholic, and Hardware and Building Trades.

## MOVING KILLED HIS PRACTICE.

### But Wife Loved Change, Dr. Liebermann Says, Answering Suit.

Mrs. Sara Liebermann, the sister of Morris Tekulsky, ex-President of the Liquor Dealers' Association, appeared before Supreme Court Justice Goff yesterday in a suit to obtain a separation from Dr. Joseph Monroe Liebermann, who is a member of the Board of Health.

Dr. and Mrs. Liebermann have been married for twenty-five years. But, according to the wife's testimony, unhappiness began even before the honeymoon was over. The ten-year-old son of the Liebermanns, who was called to the stand by Justice Goff, testified to the irascible and cruel temper of his father, and repeated the abusive verbiage to which he said his mother had been frequently subjected at their home.

Dr. Liebermann took the stand on his own behalf and denied all the accusations brought against him by his wife. He asserted that his wife repeatedly ruined his medical practice by her insistence on their changing their residence every few years.

Justice Goff reserved decision.

## SUSTAINS JOHN THATCHER.

### Steers Throws Out Complaints Against Building Superintendent.

Writers of anonymous letters have been annoying Borough President Steers of Brooklyn of late by making veiled attacks on Building Supt. John Thatcher. Friends of Mr. Thatcher declare that persistent efforts are being made to oust him from office by architects and builders whom he has foiled in attempts to violate provisions of the Building Code. The writers of the letters to President Steers complain that they have been unable to get any of their building plans, as originally drawn, through Mr. Thatcher's department.

Although he believed that the Building Superintendent had taken a proper attitude, Mr. Steers investigated the complaints. He said yesterday that he had found them to be without foundation. Mr. Thatcher himself has ignored the charges made by the letter writers.

# V. L. MASON KILLED WITH AIRMAN FISHER

Continued from Page 1.

alternate delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1898. In 1906 he was appointed a member of the New York and New Jersey Inter-State Bridge Commission. During the campaign of 1908 he was Assistant Secretary of the Republican National Committee in charge of the Eastern Division.

Mr. Mason eleven years ago settled in Passaic, N. J., where he was then connected with the Passaic Metal Ware Company and the American Compressed Foods Company. His New York office was at 11 Pine Street. He was later Vice President of the Development Company of America, President of the Passaic Board of Trade, and a Director of the Imperial Copper Company, Tombstone Consolidated Mining Company, Poland Mining Company, and Gila Copper Sulphide Company. In New York City he was a member of the Lawyers' Club and the Automobile Club of America; in New Jersey, of the Passaic, Acquackanonk, and Younkatah Country Clubs, and in Washington of the Metropolitan and Cosmos Clubs. He was a Theta Delta.

On a recent visit to Passaic, President Taft was a guest at the home of Mr Mason.

Mr. Mason, at the time of his death, was President of the North Carolina Transcontinental Construction Company, which is building a railroad from Knoxville, Tenn., to Wilmington, S. C. He went to England five months ago to float a $22,000,000 issue of bonds for this concern. He was booked to return on the Titanic, but escaped that disaster by being unexpectedly detained in England after the issue of bonds had been floated. His family expected him to sail for home on May 23.

Mr. Mason's wife, who married him in 1891, and survives him, was formerly Miss Daisy Simons of Washington. He leaves a brother, Alexander Mason of Washington, D. C., and three children, Annette, 12 years old; Helena, 10, and Victor, 3.

## AMATEUR AVIATOR KILLED.

### Companion Probably Fatally Injured in Flight at St. Louis Field.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—Ray Wheeler, an amateur aviator at Kinloch Park, is dead, and Pete Glasser, a companion, is in St. Luke's Hospital probably fatally injured, as the result of a plunge into a telegraph pole at the aviation field to-night.

The accident occurred when the aeroplane was caught in a whirlwind about 100 feet from the earth. The force of air d

# ARCHBALD FELL INTO TRAP, SAYS WITNESS

## Snare Was Laid by Boland of Scranton and Baited with Culm Bank.

## DECLARES PLAN DELIBERATE

### Testimony Is Given by Clerk of Inter-State Commerce Board—Boland on Stand Probably To-day.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The investigation of the charges against Judge R. W. Archbald of the Commerce Court by the House Judiciary Committee was interrupted and delayed to-day by the call made upon its members for their presence on the floor of the House for the final vote on the Constitutional amendment for popular election of Senators. For this reason W. P. Boland, the Scranton coal dealer, who is alleged to have set a trap for "Option" Williams and the Judge, was not urged to testify.

Only morning and a short afternoon session were held, and witnesses with short testimony were called. These were Allen B. Cockrell, a confidential clerk of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and J. H. Rittenhouse of Scranton, a civil and mining engineer, who was employed by Wrisley Brown, special assistant to the Attorney General, to survey the Katydid culm bank.

By calling Mr. Cockrell the Judiciary Committee spread into its records a memorandum detailing the story narrated last February to Inter-State Commerce Commissioner Meyer by W. P. Boland relative to the Katydid culm bank, and setting forth Boland's statement that he was determined to "trap" Judge Archbald in some deal which would unfit him for the bench.

Cockrell prepared the memorandum of the charges against Judge Archbald which were submitted to the President by Commissioner Meyer. Cockrell made notes of the charges as outlined to Commissioner Meyer by Boland, who is a partner in the Marion Coal Company of Scranton, which was interested in a case then pending before the Commission. A copy of this memorandum was produced and read into the record by Cockrell.

It set forth that the Marion Coal Company, owned by the Boland Brothers, was some years ago managed by one Peale, who filed a suit for breach of contract when discharged. A demurrer was filed in the case, and Boland declared that E. J. Williams, known as "Option" Williams, came to Boland with a note for $500 signed by Judge Archbald, seeking to have it discounted. Boland refused to discount the note, and the demurrer was not sustained and the case is still pending.

Cockrell's memorandum also set forth that Boland was very much aroused at the time he made his charges before Commissioner Meyer, and was bent upon trapping Judge Archbald. Then, according to the Cockrell memorandum, Boland set his trap, using for bait the Katydid culm bank transaction with the Erie Railroad and with Edward J. Williams as his agent in the plan.

This took place while the Arbuckle "lighterage" case, in which the Baltimore & Ohio, Erie, and other roads were interested, was pending before the new Commerce Court in an application for an injunction to stay an order issued by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

According to the Cockrell memorandum, the negotiations continued to the point where Boland exposed them to the Government last January, when he visited Inter-State Commerce Commissioner Meyer. Cockrell declared that Boland, who pictured himself as blocked and opposed by big business in Pennsylvania, "was so full of his ten-year fight for his rights" that it required several hours for him to tell his narrative to Commissioner Meyer. Cockrell said he was present at a conference on Feb. 23 last at the Department of Justice when Boland and Williams were being heard concerning the Boland allegations against Judge Archbald.

At that time photographic copies of letters written by Judge Archbald, the so-called "silent partner" agreement, and other documents were shown. These are documents the authenticity of which was challenged by Williams in his testimony before the House Committee after he had admitted his signature to some of them. They figure in Williams's contradiction under oath on the witness stand which have so baffled the investigating committee.

Cockrell was asked to-day whether Williams had repudiated these photographic copies when shown to him by Attorney General Wickersham. He declared that Williams did not then challenge or dispute any of them.

"He identified them," said Cockrell, "and admitted he signed those bearing his signature. He also identified the assignment contract which referred to a silent party whom he identified as Judge Archbald."

Williams had testified when asked why he did not dispute these papers when before the Attorney General, that he had come to Washington so suddenly at the behest of Boland that he, Williams, was "like a wild man" at the Department of Justice.

"Was Williams flustered on that occasion?" asked A. S. Worthington, Judge Archbald's attorney, on cross-examination of the witness.

"He gave no sign of being flustered that I could see; he was far from being in a wild frame of mind," replied Cockrell.

"Williams did not then repudiate any of the papers. There was no intimation by Williams before the Attorney General that there was any language in the silent partner contract which Williams did not know it contained."

In his testimony before the committee last week Williams said he did not know where he was going when taken to the Department of Justice for this February conference. Cockrell testified that Williams at that time seemed to know exactly where he was going, what it was all about, and that there was nothing about his conversation or actions to indicate that he was being coerced by the Bolands or anybody else into making the statements he did to the Attorney General about the photographic evidence and the charges against Judge Archbald.

The testimony of Rittenhouse was largely technical, and dealing with the Katydid culm bank transactions, the survey he had made, the character of the culm banks, and the probable value of the property. He did not know he was being employed by the Federal Government, he said, when he was employed by its agent, Wrisley Brown, to survey the culm bank. He thought Brown was a private citizen.

He said there were 3,824,864 cubic feet in the Katydid culm bank. He estimated that it contained 90,000 tons of material, and about 46,000 of this was coal—about 51 per cent. coal. Describing the screening methods and other technical aspects of the deal, Rittenhouse estimated the total value of the culm bank's contents at $57,533. This amount was what Judge Archbald and Williams, he said, were to receive on options, which were to have cost them $8,000. The Erie Railroad, through the Hillside Coal and Iron Company, which it controls, owned one-half of the bank, and the Everhart estate of Philadelphia the other half.

Rittenhouse said the Katydid Bank was started in 1886. If it had been worked by the Erie Road, the Erie might have made $75,000 out of it. The railroad could work it more profitably than outsiders. It had not been the policy of the railroads, he said, to get rid of these culm banks, because "the supply of anthracite is becoming beautifully less."

"Did the Erie road ever have this bank surveyed?" asked Representative Sterling.

"I think it did," said Rittenhouse. "I think it has had the bank surveyed within the last year or two. That survey showed that it contained 55,000 tons of coal."

"Was it ever on the market for $2,000?" asked Representative Dodds.

"I never heard of it having been on the market until I was called in."

Williams had previously testified that before he and Judge Archbald figured in the option by which they were to obtain the Erie's half of the culm bank for $4,500 that the Erie had offered its half of the bank to the DuPont Powder Company for $2,000."

It was plainly indicated by the defense that the story of a conspiracy to inveigle Judge Archbald into a questionable transaction would be emphasized if it is decided to bring impeachment proceedings.

## JAPAN SHOWS FRIENDSHIP.

### Will Gladly Participate in the San Francisco Exposition.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Japan is going to show by her participation in the Pan-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco, in celebration of the completion of the Panama Canal, her good-will toward the United States and her determination to ignore the hostile feeling manifested at times by the Pacific Coast to her people who come to this country seeking opportunity for work.

The Japanese Ambassador has presented to the State Department a dispatch received from his Government expressing the feeling and purpose of Japan in regard to the Exposition. The dispatch is in reply to the President's proclamation of Feb. 2. The Japanese Foreign Office, in signifying the acceptance of the invitation, says:

> The relations of warm friendship and good understanding which have invariably been maintained between Japan and the United States and the desire of my Government to strengthen the bonds of sympathy and common accord which so happily unite our two countries, make it natural and altogether fitting that Japan should cordially join in celebrating the inauguration of the great canal enterprise. Accordingly, it is my agreeable duty to acquaint your Excellency that the Imperial Government are happy to accept the invitation of the President to take part in the proposed exposition, and that in due time all necessary measures will, subject to the consent of the Imperial Diet, be adopted to insure their full participation.

In a dispatch received at the State Department to-day from Secretary Knox, now on the Pacific Coast, the Secretary stated that in an address at San Francisco Friday night he read the text of the reply made by Japan and said:

"And here on this coast, and to you gentlemen of the press who probably know much more than I about the apprehensions frequently expressed here and elsewhere as to the real cordiality of the relations between the United States and Japan I want to say that the tone and sentiment of this communication is in entire accord with the tone and sentiment manifested by the Japanese Government in every transaction and relation between the two Governments, and I believe there is no country upon the face of the earth that is more cordially desirous and more strongly endeavoring to maintain relations of peace and harmony with the United States than Japan."

## EULOGY ON APPLEJACK.

### Senator Martine Waxes Eloquent Over New Jersey's Favorite Elixir.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The good old elixir known as applejack was eulogized in the Senate to-day by Senator Martine of New Jersey, and Senator Nelson of Minnesotoa was moved to make a few remarks about whisky straight during consideration of the Agricultural bill.

"You can always tell whether a man has taken whisky straight or a whisky blend by smelling his breath," said Mr. Nelson. He said he was opposed to determining so fine a point by gross scientific standards. Senator Martine thought the main point was being lost sight of.

"What difference does it make," said he, "if the whisky is good? What does it matter if the deliciousness and the delirium of flavor are there? Come to the glorious Commonwealth of New Jersey, where they brew rivers of an elixir known as applejack, whether colored or uncolored.

"It is rich in aroma, delirious as an intoxicant, promoting happiness, health, and longevity. Why, Mr. President, after a couple of drinks of New Jersey applejack no man is able to detect the colors in a rainbow. But, Mr. President, dismiss this question, and on the adjournment I invite you to come to New Jersey and see and taste and test for yourself. Come."

The frolic arose during a debate on an amendment to the Agricultural Appropriation bill recommending the purchase of a formula to determine the coloring matter in whisky. The amendment was voted down.

An amendment by Senator Crawford of South Dakota to appropriate $15,000 for a Buffalo preserve at Wind Cave was adopted, and consideration of the bill will be concluded to-morrow.

## OFFERS ROOSEVELT CARTOON

### Senator Stone Pictures Him Throttling McCormick and Perkins.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Col. Roosevelt was again the subject of a spirited passage in the Senate to-day.

Senator Stone asked permission to have reproduced in The Congressional Record a cartoon entitled "Saint Roosevelt by Roosevelt," in which the Colonel was represented as throttling trusts with one hand and political bosses with the other.

"I request that the cartoon be revised," said Senator Stone, "and instead of the impersonal trusts I would place McCormick of the Harvester Trust in one hand and Perkins of the Steel Trust in the other, and then I would have him pictured with both feet planted on the prostrate form of Munsey."

Senator Burnham, in charge of the Agricultural bill, insisted that Mr. Stone's remarks had nothing to do with the subject.

"We are considering matters pertaining to the Bureau of Animal Industry, and may well give some attention to human industry," interjected Senator Gallinger, amid laughter.

Senator Smoot, Chairman of the Printing Committee, invoked the rule which forbids illustrations in The Record. "I take it that the Senator's word picture will go into The Record, and that ought to be sufficient," said he.

"That shows the Senator from Utah is not so much of a Taft man as had been supposed," returned Senator Stone, and the incident was closed.

## JUDGE MAYER'S COAT STOLEN

### Thief Went Back to Court to Return Papers Found in Pockets.

A sneak thief invaded the Federal Building yesterday and stole the overcoat of Judge Julius M. Mayer, as he was sitting on the bench in the Jennings trial. A negro slipped into an ante-room when the deputy marshall was not looking and removed the coat from a locker. Then he took it to a pawnbroker's shop in New Chambers Street, and, though it had cost the Judge $40, sacrificed it for half a dollar.

In the coat were certain judicial papers which showed that they were the property of Judge Mayer. The thief, fearful of the consequences of stealing papers of the Federal District Court, went back to the Courthouse, put the papers back in the Judge's chambers and managed to get away again undetected. The overcoat was recovered by the Judge later in the day, but the negro could not be found.

Our charge account system is a great convenience.

**In Every Wardrobe**

there are garments too good to throw away and still not nice enough to wear because of some little blemish that *Dry Cleaning* could easily remove.

Perhaps you have just such a dress.

**Barrett, Nephews & Co.,** Established Nearly a Century **Old Staten Island Dyeing Establishment**

CENTRAL OFFICES:

7 West 42d Street — 848 Sixth Avenue
1 West 34th " — 610 "

32 Stores in New York

We clean men's clothing and save the tailor's bill.

½ Glass before Breakfast tones up the stomach, clears the head, and does you good.

**Hunyadi Janos Water**

NATURAL LAXATIVE

Quickly Relieves CONSTIPATION

# OROZCO UNDAUNTED BY SEVERE DEFEAT

## Mexican Rebel Leader Admits Heavy Losses and Flanking Force Is Missing.

## MASSES NOW AT RELLANO

### From Jiminez, 92 Miles from the Battlefield, He Plans Anew to Check the Advancing Federals.

AT GEN. OROZCO'S HEADQUARTERS, JIMINEZ, MEXICO, May 13.—Conceding his defeat at the hands of the Federals in the battle before Conejos, Gen. Pascual Orozco arrived at this point, which is ninety-two miles north of the scene of fighting.

Despite the Federal victory, the rebel commander is by no means dispirited.

"The revolution has just begun," said he, "and we are confident that we will ultimately overthrow Madero, for a just revolution will always triumph."

Gen. Orozco would not say how many men he had lost, but admitted that he had not heard from Gen. Campa and Gen. Artugumedo, whom he sent around to the west of Conejos with 2,500 men to flank the Federals. Gen. Tellez of the Federal Army is believed to have engaged them and cut off their retreat.

Gen. Orozco was at a loss to understand the rumors that he had been killed. "Madero will find me very much alive before many days," he said grimly. He is expected to go south again soon.

Couriers brought word that rebels had checked the advancing Federals near Conejos and that firing continued throughout the night.

The Federals moved north yesterday from Peronal in nine trains, later taking their positions in full sight of the rebels. Federal artillery was placed on low lying hills and flats surrounding Conejos and facing the rebel guns posted on higher hills.

The artillery duel lasted most of the day. Federal shells did comparatively little damage in the rebel ranks and casualties were few.

Gen. Salazar is directing the rebel manoeuvres, although Orozco to-day ordered part of his forces to fall back to Jiminez.

While it is believed the Federals will be able to break through and pursue the rebels northward, along the Mexican Central Railway, such a movement would leave Mapimi and Torreon weakened in the event of flank attacks by the heavy columns which Orozco has hitherto used to protect his centre.

*Special to The New York Times.*

JIMINEZ, Mexico, May 13.—Lack of water, caused by a train wreck, forced Gen. Orozco to retreat from Conejos to Rellano early to-day, after the fight with the Federals under command of Gen. Huerta. The rebel troops are now strongly posted in the same trenches where they defeated the Federals under Gen. Salas several weeks ago.

Rebel officers admit that their losses in Sunday's and Saturday's engagements were heavy, but maintain that the losses of the Federals must have been fully as great. Details of the number killed are hard to obtain, but, figured from the stories of wounded brought here, the rebel loss is estimated at 500 to 600.

All of the Generals have been ordered to mobolize their commands here, where the entire fighting strength of the insurrectos will be thrown against the enemy.

Pursuit of the retreating Liberals appears to have ceased. A small garrison has been left at Escalon, the abandoned rebel base.

Five bridges spanning wide arroyos were destroyed by the insurgents, causing delay to Government troop trains.

*Special to The New York Times.*

EL PASO, Texas, May 13.—Gen. Orozco, interviewed at Rellano to-day, declared his flankers virtually had the Federals surrounded. There was fighting to-day between his righ flank and the Federals at Sierra De Banderas, west of Conejos.

Orozco apparently does not intend making another forward advance immediately unless his flanking forces become engaged so that it is necessary to throw his main army south again.

To the lack of artillery marksmen among the rebels is attributed the failure of the rebel army to combat the Federal artillery, which was manned by trained officers and men at Conejos.

The rebel army is apparently not demoralized, and their commanders insist that their loss in killed and wounded will not total 300 men.

## WAR GAME FORECAST RESULT.

### Army Officers at Washington Worked Out Orozco's Defeat Two Weeks Ago.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Reports from Ambassador Wilson in Mexico City to-day confirmed predictions that have been made at the War Department for several days, that the regulars would soon get the upper hand.

A map with colored pins has been employed at the War College to register the smallest engagement. And, prompted by the interest of the peculiar campaign, the officers made the whole situation serve as the subject of a war game, which was worked out two weeks ago with the rout of Orozco's force and the triumph of the regulars.

Army officers pointed out last week how a small force by using the railway lines up the west coast would be able to turn Orozco's flank and hem him in a way that would smash his line and force him to fight for his life. And that from all the accounts that is precisely what has finally been done. Whether the Madero forces will be able to hold the advantage they have gained and end the revolution remains to be seen.

Dr. Policarpo Reuda, representative here of Vasquez Gomez, who was made "Provisional President" of Mexico by the rebels, and was afterward forced to abdicate, gave out a statement here to-day in which he quotes the letter sent by Gen. Orozco to Gomez, inviting him to cross the border and "occupy the position which we agreed upon."

This, declares Dr. Reuda, shows clearly that "Vasquez-Gomez has not been and is not an intruder, and much less is he an impostor to assume what does not belong to him. He went to Chihuahua because Gen. Orozco called him."

## QUIET IN SALINA CRUZ.

### James A. Scrymser Learns Reports of Disturbances Are False.

James A. Scrymser, President of the Mexican Telegraph Company, which controls the telegraph lines in Central and South America, cabled to the company's agent in Mexico City Saturday to learn the facts of the reported disturbances at Salina Cruz on the Gulf of Tehuantepec. He received this reply:

Confident nothing in it. Will confirm.

Later he received this from Mexico City:

My telegram confirmed. Conditions in Salina Cruz, and Tehuantepec normal. Bandits derailed, searched train for ammunition at Almagres Friday. No one injured.

Mr. Scrymser then cabled direct to the company's agent at Salina Cruz:

Are there any American refugees in Salina Cruz, awaiting arrival of rescue steamer Buford.

This reply came:

Ninety waiting steamer expected to-day.

## PHILIPPINE PROFITS LARGE.

### Treasury Makes $10,000,000 in Eight Years of Business.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Ten million dollars in net profits from seigniorage on silver coinage, sale of drafts and interest on gold reserve deposits is the record of the Philippine Treasury for the last eight years, according to a Bureau of Insular Affairs statement.

Modern American financial methods were introduced in the Philippines just eight years ago, and since that time the profits have reached a total amounting to more than 45 per cent. of the outstanding circulation. Reserve for the maintenance of the gold standard, having climbed to 46 per cent., is to be reduced to 35 per cent. to meet the excess in the Treasury.

## PRESSMEN DEFER ACTION.

### New York Union Will Debate on Sympathetic Strike Next Week.

The Executive Committee of the Web Pressmen's Union of this city met at 74 Lafayette Street last night in secret session. After the meeting it was officially stated that no action had been taken toward extending the Chicago and San Francisco strikes to this citw. It was said that this question would be taken up when the whole union meets next Monday night in Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth Street. The Pressmen's Union, No. 51, which is an organization of magazine pressmen, it was said, will consider the same question in Beethoven Hall next Thursday night.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 13.—The publishers of the Chicago morning and afternoon newspapers are jubilant over the decision of Typographical Union, No. 16, not to recognize the strike of the pressmen and stereotypers and are outspoken in their belief that this action practically sounded the death knell of the newspaper strike. Distribution is still imperfect. The morning newspapers are better off in this respect than the evening papers, their city distribution being largely made from house to house by the owners of stationery stores not affiliated with the News Dealers' Union. With the delivery wagon drivers and the newsboys still on strike, the distribution of evening papers is much restricted.

It is difficult to buy afternoon papers, save at the large hotels and a few scattered newsstands in the loop district guarded by police. The editions have been curtailed in size and in number because of the limited force of pressmen and stereotypers available for work. While many non-union men have been imported from the East, the strikers have been successful in coaxing some of them from their work.

There was little disorder to-day. John Templeton was arrested for deliberately driving his automobile truck into a machine owned by a morning newspaper. Hercules Watt, a union bricklayer, and Charles Menzies, a union plasterer, were heavily fined for attacking passengers on street cars who were reading morning newspapers. Gus Maero, a news dealer, was fined $100 for carrying concealed weapons.

The City Council to-night passed a resolution authorizing Mayor Harrison to instruct Chief of Police McWeeney to remove newsstands from all corners. Since the strike the stands have been conducted by non-union employes under police guard. Newsboys would not be prohibited from selling papers in the streets by the provisions of the resolution, but would be kept moving.

BOSTON, May 13.—A meeting of the pressmen of William R. Hearst's Boston American has been called to take action on a call issued by President Berry of the International Web Pressmen's Union for a strike in sympathy with that of the Chicago pressmen. Several of The American pressmen attended a meeting in New York yesterday. Those who cared to be quoted declared that they did not favor a strike in this city.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 13.—All the Atlanta afternoon papers to-day issued their regular midday editions, but in greatly reduced sizes. The strike of pressmen on W. R. Pearst's Evening Georgian is still in force, and that paper is being printed by outside men.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 13.—The pressmen of The Los Angeles Examiner will ignore the call of President Berry of the International Web Pressmen's Union and remain at work, it is understood. Their contract, which was signed about a week ago, carried an increase in wages.

## BRANDT STILL IN THE TOMBS.

### Order for His Return to Dannemora Prison May Be Signed To-day.

Foulke E. Brandt was not taken back to Dannemora Prison yesterday. Owing to the absence from the city of his counsel, Mirabeau L. Towns, the order for Brandt's removal was not presented to Presiding Justice Ingraham for signature. It will be presented to-day. Mr. Towns is of the opinion that notice of appeal will act as a stay, but the District Attorney's staff does not agree with him. An assistant to Mr. Whitman said yesterday:

"The order remanding Brandt back to the custody of Warden Kaiser goes into effect as soon as the order is filed, which will probably be to-morrow morning. A copy of the order will then be served upon the Warden of the Tombs, and he will be required to turn the prisoner over to any authorized representative of Warden Kaiser or of the Sheriff of this county. I do not believe that the mere notice of an appeal will act as a stay."

Asked what new legal devices might be sought to keep Brandt out of State Prison, the Assistant District Attorney said:

"There are only six writs provided for, and the only one of them that could be evoked now, as I understand the situation, is a new writ of habeas corpus. This could be obtained on the ground that Judge Rosalsky, who sentenced Brandt to prison for thirty years, had reversed himself and recalled his judgment, but such a writ would have to be sworn out in Clinton Prison, where it would declare while Brandt was in Clinton Prison, where it would declare he was being illegally detained. It could not be obtained while Brandt is in the Tombs."

The Assistant District Attorney, in reply to a question as to what would be the result of such a writ, replied that he believed it would be disposed of much quicker than the first writ, and that it would have the same ending.

"A Judge cannot reverse himself," he continued. "The law provides other ways of accomplishing this. I know of no way to keep Brandt out of Dannemora now unless he can secure a stay from the Appellate Division, or from a Judge of the Court of Appeals. Either one of these two courses are open to him, but in either case the stay would not provide for bail, and I think it unlikely that any way can be found to get him out of prison again except by Executive clemency.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 13.—Attorney General Carmody will make an effort to have the Court of Appeals hear arguments early in June on Brandt's appeal from the order of the Appellate Division overruling the writ of habeas corpus granted by Justice Gerard. The return on the appeal is expected to be filed with the Clerk of the Court of Appeals by Brandt's counsel within a few days.

## REWARDED BY GOV. WILSON.

### Man Who Asked That His Office Be Abolished Gets Appointment.

Ex-Mayor Robert A. Sibbald of Park Ridge, N. J., who was elected Register of Deeds for Bergen County in the Fall of 1910 on the platform that if elected he would abolish the office and save the county his salary of $5,500 and $2,500 for an assistant, and kept his word, has been appointed to the State Board of Education by Gov. Wilson.

Mr. Sibbald asked the Legislature to wipe out the office to which he had been elected, and he retired on July 4 last. The people of the county gave him a testimonial dinner and a gift, and Gov. Wilson wrote a complimentary letter concerning Mr. Sibbald, who is Chairman of the Bergen County Democratic Executive Committee. It is understood that he was to be a candidate for Surrogate in 1913.

GMC TRUCKS

GASOLINE ELECTRIC

Transportation is the big business thought of to-day. Every business with a delivery or haulage requirement needs the study of a transportation expert. Our business is transportation equipment. Types to suit every business.

GENERAL MOTORS TRUCK CO.
236 West 59th Street, New York City
Telephone 1661 Columbus

# BOY DROWNS IN PARK SEEKING A TOY BOAT

## Started to Swim Out to Craft Which Was Stuck in Prospect Lake.

## LINE FAILS TO REACH HIM

### Boys Who Had Come to See Test of Electric Boats Helpless to Save Young Sander.

Thirteen-year-old Charles Sander of 21 Fairview Place, Flatbush, and his chum, Wilfred Forest, 11 years old, who lives two doors away, at No. 25, could scarcely wait for school to close yesterday, for the youngsters had planned ever since Saturday to take their toy motorboats, run by miniature electric motors, to the big lake in Prospect Park, there to determine which was the speedier craft. Most of the other youngsters in the neighborhood of the boys' homes knew of the test, and after school there were half a dozen boys besides the contestants in the party that hurried to the lake.

The youngsters went out on a point close by the quarters of the Miniature Yacht Club, whose members, though grown men and women, sail the same sort of boats which the boys meant to race. The lads busied themselves overhauling their engines and running gear of their craft and in affixing the light ropes by which, fastened to the small launchs' rudders, they guided the racers.

At last everything was ready, and to the accompaniment of a cheer from the throng of young spectators the two miniature racers were sent away. The course was to lie straightaway to Duck Island, a small clump of mossy rocks and sand about 100 feet from the shore of the lake, and thence back to the starting point.

The racers flew along over the course, young Sander's boat, the Dixie, Jr., a trifle in the lead. The yacht owners were shouting and screaming with excitement, and their partisans added their cries to theirs until the Dixie, Jr., was seen to stagger forward, stop, dart ahead again, and finally come to a halt, listing far over to port. The tiny propeller kicked up little flurries of foam, but the Dixie, Jr., was stuck fast in the weeds that edge Duck Island.

Instantly the race was forgotten. Wilfred guided his boat back to shore and turned to the aid of his friend, who was manipulating his guiding strings this way and that in the hope of freeing his craft. But the small boat's engine was running still, and each turn of the small propeller drove the boat more firmly into the weeds. At last the strings which held to its rudder broke, and the little boat lay 100 feet away, with nothing to connect it with the shore.

Charles was determined not to leave the little launch in the lake, however, and after declaring that he meant to swim out and rescue his craft asked the other boys to watch out for a Park policeman or any wandering pedestrians. With the youngsters scattered in every direction, Charles hid in some bushes and removed his clothes. Then he hopped into the water and started swimming toward the little island.

The other youngsters watched him with one eye while they kept the other open for interruption, but presently they ran to the edge of the lake when they saw Charles sink beneath the water to rise an instant later with a wild cry for help. Some of the boys ran toward the roadways and paths, shouting for help. Wilfred tied a stone to the end of one of his rudder lines and threw it toward Charles. The line was light but it might suffice to drag Charles ashore.

But the line fell short and while Wilfred watched, Charles sank once more and did not rise again. Other boys meantime had found park employes and presently two men, in a boat pulled out to where the youngster had sunk. The water is only six or eight feet deep, but they could not find the boy's body, nor had they got sight of it when Capt. Myles O'Reilly of the park police got there half an hour afterward.

The Captain found young Wilfred standing on the shore crying. The boy was greatly excited, and between his sobs repeated over and over again:

"If I could only swim. Oh, if I could swim."

The Captain questioned the youngster, and found that he blamed himself for Charles's death because he had not gone to his rescue. The Captain comforted the youngster finally by telling him that he had done all that he could do, and the boy went home.

A policeman carried the news to Mrs. Sander, however. The mother was prostrated with grief, and last night was in a physician's care. She is a widow, her husband, John J. Sander, having died a year ago, and Charles was her only child.

## DROWNS, SAVING PET DOG.

### Boat Upsets and Miss Goeppler Sinks —Companion Saved.

*Special to The New York Times.*

LENOX, Mass., May 13.—Miss Lillian Goeppler of Otis was drowned in Hayes Pond in that town this afternoon. Miss Mary Hess of Tyringham, who was visiting Miss Goeppler, barely escaped.

The girls were fishing and had a pet dog with them. The dog fell overboard, and both girls were leaning over the side to rescue it when the boat capsized. Miss Hess caught hold of the boat. Miss Goeppler could not reach it. Each time she came up she tried to grasp the rail, but her efforts were in vain, and as Miss Hess could not swim she could do nothing to save her companion.

Miss Hess paddled the boat to shore with her hands and feet and ran a mile for help. The body of Miss Goeppler had not been found to-night. She was 20 years old, and came to Otis a few years ago from Danbury.

## OKLAHOMA INDIANS WIN.

### Decision Will Cost the State Millions and May Bankrupt Counties.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—By a decision in which the Supreme Court bluntly said to-day that the Constitution casts its protecting arm over the Indian as much as it does over the white man, and that the vested rights of an Indian are as sacred as those of a white man, the following things will happen in Oklahoma:

Nearly half the privately owned land of the State will be exempt from taxation until about 1928.

The State and counties will have to refund about $800,000 in taxes unlawfully collected on Indian lands.

The State will lose about $2,000,000 a year in taxes.

The Indians will get $60,000,000 worth of lands exempted from taxation for the next fourteen years.

Many counties which have had trouble in getting along with the tax derived from Indian lands will virtually be forced into bankruptcy.

Members of the Oklahoma delegation in Congress are not willing to admit that the State has been hit so hard. Senator Gore says that the loss to the State is exaggerated because the tax exemption applies only to land while it is in the hands of the original allottees, whereas much of the land has been sold by the Indians and thus has become taxable. The Senator has written to Gov. Cruce for exact data as to the amount of land affected by the decision.

Without undertaking to say just what proportion of Oklahoma's lands are affected, J. F. McMurray, who fought the suit for the Choctaws and Chickasaws to its successful conclusion, estimates that $60,000,000 worth of Indian land is exempted from taxation by this decision.

PURE SILK in its plain colors reaches extremely rich effects in our "Onyx" silk hosiery for men. But we have added a measure of conservative cheerfulness in a lot of new "Onyx" silk effects—in still richer self stripes, contrasting stripes and figures.

The principal figure remains—50 cents a pair.

369 Broadway — 27 New
241 Broadway — 58 Nassau
757 Broadway — 150 Nassau
1185 Broadway — 20 Cortlandt
42d and Fifth Avenue

Weber and Heilbroner
Nine Stores

**The double-breasted Sack**

**for Men.....at Saks'**

a double-breasted argument for right now

¶ The double-breasted sack coat is in vogue again this season, and bids fair to be more popular than ever before. It shows marked improvement in its lines. Notably, symmetry where before it was square and squat. It is really a double-breasted coat from a single breasted point of view. Narrow shoulders, narrow, longer lapels, and narrow fronts, all serve to offset the over-broad appearance which has heretofore been the chief objection to a double-breasted model.

¶ Another distinctive feature of the Saks double-breasted suits this season is, that it has soft rolling lapels—and it takes some tailoring to accomplish this nicely. It is a three button garment, but a two button effect, having a button in reserve for the man who rebels at restrictions.

¶ Made in plain blue serges and in other conservative cloths and colorings. A beautiful garment, not only in workmanship but in design. In fact, no former double-breasted suit ever equaled the style of this one. It is the most individual double-breasted garment yet made—as it is also the most distinctive in tailoring and finish.

**20.00 to 30.00**

**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street

## ITALY BLOCKS THE AEGEAN.

### Turkey Isolated from Mediterranean —Italian Victory Near Tobruk.

ROME, May 13.—It is announced in the newspapers that the occupation by Italy of the islands of Karpathos, Kaxo, Piscopi (Tilos,) and Nisyro, in the Grecian Archipelago, and belonging to Turkey, together with the capture of the Turkish islands of Stampalia and Rhodes, completely closes the Aegean Sea.

Turkey is thus blockaded and isolated from the Mediterranean, and she is consequently unable to dispatch warships or troops to Tripoli.

TOBRUK, Tripoli, May 13.—An Italian force consisting of three battalions of infantry and a battery of artillery, while on a reconnaisance in the desert in the vicinity of this city to-day, surprised and defeated several important groups of Bedouin Arabs commanded by Turkish officers, according to a report current in Italian circles here.

A severe engagement occurred, as a result of which the Bedouins retreated, leaving 100 dead on the field.

The Italians lost only three killed and three wounded.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 13.—American Ambassador Rockhill has requested the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to instruct the authorities at Smyrna to furnish certain data in order to enable Charles W. Fowle, interpreter at the American Embassy, and Frank B. Upham, Commander of the United States gunboat Scorpion, to draw up a report in regard to the sinking on April 29 of the steamship Texas, of the Archipelago-American Steamship Company, by which 140 persons were drowned. The American Commission of Inquiry is now at the scene of the disaster, accompanied by the American Consul at Smyrna.

It is understood that the Ambassador has referred to the arrest of the captain of the Texas, who was forcibly removed on May 5 from the Greek hospital to a Turkish prison infirmary, pointing out that the customary judicial procedure appears not to have been observed.

## ONLY FIVE ITALIANS CAPTIVE.

### So Declare the Rome Officials, Denying a Turkish Report of Losses.

ROME, May 13.—Official denial is given here of the statement, published in the United States, that the Turks were caring for 2,500 Italian prisoners.

A dispatch from New York said the official representatives of Turkey in America were responsible for the announcement that the Red Crescent Society at the Turkish camp outside of Tripoli were nursing these soldiers and needed funds. On the strength of this, the dispatch adds, a committee was formed, under the Honorary Presidency of the Turkish Ambassador at Washington, and included among its members Oscar Straus, ex-Ambassador at Constantinople.

In reply to what is styled "a ridiculous lie," the Government officially announced to-day that the Turks have only five Italian prisoners, "all of whom are enjoying splendid health, as appears from letters which they themselves have written to their families."

Admiral Viale sends word that the Italians have occupied the Islands of Karpathos, Kaso, Piscopi, (Tilos,) and Nisyro, in the Grecian archipelago. The garrisons have been made prisoners, as well as the civil authorities.

## HAMMOND'S RUSSIAN PLAN.

### Irrigation Project May Go Through Despite Government's Coldness.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13.—When the budget of the Ministry of Agriculture was presented in the Duma to-day it was pointed out that the abrogation of the treaty of 1832 with the United States made imperative an increase in the cultivation of cotton in Turkestan through irrigation, and, inasmuch as governmental irrigation was ineffective, the question was asked why the offer of John Hays Hammond, the American promoter, was declined. Mr. Hammond had proposed to construct irrigation works in the southeastern part of the desert of Kara-Kum.

A representative of the Agricultural Department replied that Mr. Hammond's engineers had inspected the Kara-Kum steppe and reported adversely, but he now wished to irrigate the so-called "Hunger" steppe in Ferghana, on the borders of the cotton-raising region. The Minister of Agriculture, however, had in the meantime obtained an appropriation and hoped to be able to carry out the work of irrigation in that territory by the aid of Russian capital.

The Duma voted a recommendation that private capital be sought for this purpose, but did not specify whether it should be Russian or foreign.

## PARAGUAY REBELS ROUTED.

### Many Slain, 500 Captured, Leader Wounded—Revolt Believed Ended.

BUENOS AYRES, May 13.—Official advices received to-day from Asuncion, Paraguay, confirm the report of the victory on May 10 of the Government troops over a large revolutionary force under the command of Col. Alvino Jara, ex-President of the Republic. The revolution is now considered to be ended.

Col. Jara was wounde din the fighting. The rebels lost many killed, and 500 of them were taken prisoners. Col. Jara, despite his wound, succeeded in escaping, but was afterward captured.

Among the killed was a well known German instructor.

All the artillery and 1,000 rifles belonging to the rebels were captured.

## SUBSTITUTE FOR ARCADIAN.

### Orotava to Take the 150 Passengers of the Stranded Liner.

Sanderson & Son, agents for the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, announced yesterday that a cablegram had been sent from the head office in London to the Captain of the Orotava at Colon to go to Cartagena and take off the 150 passengers of the liner Arcadian, which went on a bank six miles off that port last Thursday. The Orotava will arrive at Cartagena this morning, and the transfer will be made by tenders. She will then proceed to Puerta Colombia, Trinidad, La Guayra, Barbados, and Southampton, picking up the passengers booked for the Arcadian.

Passengers, mails, and freight on the Orotava for Kingston, Jamaica, and New York were landed yesterday at Colon and willl be taken on by another steamer.

The wrecking tug Premier is expected to arrive at Cartagena to-day and go to the assistance of the Arcadian and the United Fruit Company's steamship Metapan.

Perfect "balance," beautifully proportioned — and perfect fitting, every Young Straw Hat is a true oval—comfortable, of course.

The "Majestic," The "Avondale," The "Amherst," $2

The "Riverside," The "Britton," The "Windsor," The "West End," $3

Mackinaws, $3

The "Hampton," Cable Edge, $4

Young's Hats. NONE BETTER MADE

199 Broadway, 685 Broadway, 849 Broadway, 903 Broadway, 1197 Broadway, 500 Fifth Ave.

1359 Broadway, 6 Broadway, 37 Nassau St.

Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St. Opposite City Hall.

# THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

## EXPLOSION OF LYING ABOUT TITANIC--SHAW

### Also He Wonders Why Modern Disasters Cause "Wild Defiance of Inexorable Fate."

### IS PROFOUNDLY DISGUSTED

### And Asks If He Can Be Mad to Feel That Way—Sir William White on Ships' Safeguards.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 14.—George Bernard Shaw, in an article in The Daily News entitled "Some Unmentioned Morals of the Titanic Disaster," asks:

"Why is it that the effect of a sensational catastrophe on a modern nation is to cast into transports, not of weeping, not of prayer, not of sympathy with the bereaved nor of congratulation of the rescued, not of poetic expression of soul purified by pity and terror, but of wild defiance of inexorable fate and of undeniable fact by an explosion of outrageous, romantic lying?"

Mr. Shaw criticises the stories in regard to "women and children first" and the tributes to Capt. Smith, who, he says, is written of in the newspapers "as if he were a Nelson," whereas, "the one thing positively known about Capt. Smith is that he lost the ship by deliberatedly and knowingly steaming into an ice field at the highest speed he had coal for."

Mr. Shaw concludes:

"What is the use of all this ghastly, blasphemous, inhuman, braggartly lying? Here is a calamity which might well make the proudest man humble and the wildest joker serious. It makes us vainglorious, insolent, mendacious. The effect on me was one of profound disgust, almost of national dishonor. Am I mad?

"It seems to me that when deeply moved men should speak the truth. The English nation appears to take precisely the contrary view. Again am I in a minority. What will be the end of it for England? I mean, suppose we came into conflict with a race that had the courage to look facts in the face and the wisdom to know itself for what it was. It is fortunate for us that no such race is in sight. Our wretched consolation must be that any other nation would have behaved just as absurdly."

Sir William H. White, the eminent naval constructor, contributes to The Times a lengthy article reviewing the Titanic disaster in the light of the evidence given before the United States Senate Committee, which, he says, while it conducted its inquiry in a manner that justly gave cause for serious criticism, placed on record material of great value. Sir William concludes:

"There has been strong criticism lately of the official regulations for boats on passenger ships. The writer ventures to predict that when the natural but temporary excitement has disappeared and calmer consideration of the subject becomes possible, it will be seen that the question of boat equipment, important as it undoubtedly is, must be treated as subordinate to that of efficient water-tight subdivision. Possibly the time is approaching when shipowners will concur in action by which such subdivision shall be made the subject of legislation on lines to be agreed upon by the Board of Trade and themselves. In view of the experience gained in connection with legislation for loadlines on merchant ships, it is permissible to hope that if such action be taken it may be of an international character."

## PHILLIPS FUND GROWING.

### Jacob H. Schiff Issues a Notice to Needy Survivors of the Titanic.

Subscription lists for contributions to the Jack Phillips Memorial Fund were posted yesterday by C. C. Galbraith at the Maritime Exchange, and $56 was added to the $456.50 previously given, which brings the total up to $512.50. The object of this fund is to erect a suitable memorial to Jack Phillips, the wireless operator who went down with the Titanic, and also to create a permanent fund in the interest of wireless operators who perform heroic deeds, and for the assistance of their families in case of death or accident on duty. The donors yesterday were:

| | |
|---|---|
| Williard U. Taylor, President Maritime Exchange | $5.00 |
| William Simmons, Secretary Maritime Exchange | 5.00 |
| Donald S. L. Lee, Maritime Exchange | 5.00 |
| E. F. Luckenbach | 5.00 |
| West India Steamship Company | 5.00 |
| A. H. Bull Steamship Company | 5.00 |
| Benham & Boyeson | 5.00 |
| Hughes & Co. | 5.00 |
| Insular Line | 5.00 |
| C. T. Bigbie, Steamship Jefferson | 1.00 |
| F. H. Menagh, Prinz August Wilhelm | 1.00 |
| W. Cohen, Steamship Zulia | 1.00 |
| Joseph T. Worrall, Steamship San Marcos | 1.00 |
| John Slater | 1.00 |
| F. E. Watters, Pilotboat New Jersey | 1.00 |
| J. A. Nash, Steamship Rio Grande | 1.00 |
| F. J. Doherty, Steamship Apache | 1.00 |
| H. Paul Miller, Steamship Santiago | 1.00 |
| W. D. Sandman | 1.00 |
| J. C. H., Jr. | 1.00 |
| | $56.00 |
| Previously acknowledged | 456.50 |
| | $512.50 |

The subscriptions sent to the office of Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the New York County Chapter of the American National Red Cross Association, were "W. S. U.," $10, and Kaplan's Congregation of 106 Avenue C, $3.75, which brings the fund up to a total of $19,739.87. It was stated yesterday at the office of Mr. Schiff that any survivor of the Titanic who is badly in need of assistance should apply to W. F. Persons, at 1 Madison Avenue, either personally or by letter, or they can write to Mr. Schiff at his office, in the Kuhn-Loeb building, at William and Pine Streets.

The Mayor's fund now amounts to $129,735.01.

## SYMPHONY ON TITANIC.

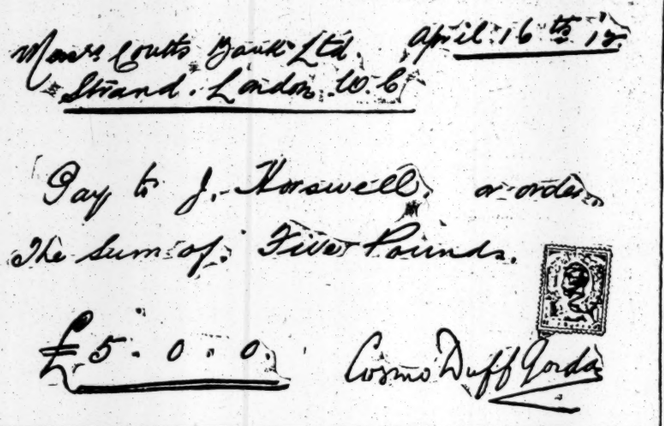
### Russian Will Seek to Depict the Great Tragedy in Music.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 13.—A Titanic symphony, wherein "Nearer, My God, to Thee" will be the leit motif, is being written by the Russian composer, Glazunoff.

It will be called "A Song of Death" and will bring out all the changes in the ill-starred vessel's cruise, beginning with the joyful start from Southampton and ending with the plunge into the depths in the icefields south of Cape Race.

## Check Sir Cosmo Duff Gordon Gave to Titanic Sailor,




According to testimony before the Wreck Commission in London on Thursday of Charles Hendrickson of the Titanic's firemen, the lifeboat in which Sir Cosmo and Lady Duff-Gordon were carried in safety to the Carpathia had only twelve people in it, and seven of the twelve were crew. Each of these, he said, received a check for £5 from Sir Cosmo on board the Carpathia, although he insisted that nothing was said of any such arrangement when they were still in the lifeboat. When Hendrickson was asked why the quarter-filled lifeboat did not turn back to the assistance of those in the water who were crying for help, he said that the Duff-Gordons had objected on the ground that the boat might be swamped.

## NAVY SEAMEN TALK UNION.

### Labor Discontent in Great Britain Has Spread to King George's Sailors.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 14.—The unrest in the English labor world has spread to the British Navy. According to The Daily Chronicle the sailors are so dissatisfied with conditions that they contemplate a breach of the King's regulations by forming a trade union. Among the reasons for discontent that are assigned is the men's pay, which is actually less than it was four years ago.

The industrial unrest is again taking a leading place in the English newspapers, and disquieting symptoms are noted in many quarters.

H. G. Wells, in a series of articles in The Daily Mail, warns "the governing classes" that they face a new force with which they cannot cope with the old methods, and A. B. Wilkie, a Labor member of Parliament, puts the situation in a nutshell by saying:

"The workers want shorter hours and more wages, but they will not give their cards away. Methods and means will come in their own good time, and if only the rank and file will be solid behind the leaders, nothing under the sun can resist them."

## MAY WEAR HATS IN BOXES.

### Women Win a Fight Against the Police President of Berlin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 13.—Women theatregoers to-day won a hard-fought fight against Herr von Jagow, the Berlin Police President. The Court of Appeal nullified his decree making it illegal for women to wear hats in theatre boxes.

It has always been a misdemeanor to wear a hat in the stalls or pit of a German theatre, but last year Herr von Jagow decided to bar hats from the boxes as well.

The Theatrical Managers' Association represented that the sale of box seats would be reduced to the vanishing point if women were compelled to discard their hats.

## GRAFT TALK ALREADY IN CHINA REPUBLIC

### Councillors Declare That Premier Tang Shao-Yi Paid $1,000,000 to Sun Yat-Sen.

### MINISTERS ARE EXAMINED

### Appear Before Council and Promise Important Reforms, but Tang's Downfall Is Expected.

PEKING, May 13.—All the members of the Republican Cabinet at present in Peking appeared to-day before the Provisional Council had promised the introduction of reforms in the administration and extensive modern developments. These include trials by jury, the reorganization of the army and navy, a general system of education, sound methods of taxation, including the introduction of an income tax, and the establishment of a national bank.

The visit of the Cabinet Ministers to the Provisional Council was apparently an effort on the part of Premier Tang Shao-Yi to prevent his impending overthrow. The Premier was closely questioned during a secret session of the Council.

Certain of the Councillors declare that Tang Shao-Yi paid over to Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, personally, the sum of $1,000,000. Whether this charge is true or untrue, the allegation itself shows that there exists a lack of confidence in Tang.

The Councillors charge the Government of Premier Tang with contracting and spending the Belgian loan without consulting the Council.

The members of the Council declare, following the example of the foreign legations and the bankers representing the "Six Powers" group—the United States, Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia, and Japan—that the Chinese Government cannot be trusted to dispense the loan made by the six powers without supervision. The Council, however, differs from the foreigners in that it desires to control the dispensation of the loan instead of relying on foreign supervision.

Tang Shao-Yi promised to-day to submit his past accounts and also the budget for the current year, which the Council demands. Nevertheless, his downfall is expected.

Owing to the desperate need of funds, the officials of the Finance Board pay daily visits to the banks representing the "sextette," and to the foreign legations, endeavoring to devise a means of obtaining money for paying off the troops and reconstructing the Government with a minimum of foreign supervision over the expenditures.

LONDON, May 13.—A son of Prince Tuan, who was a prominent figure during the Boxer uprising and was at one time heir apparent to the Chinese throne, has arrived in Peking, according to a news agency dispatch from Tien-Tsin.

Prince Tuan, who is said to have declared himself the Emperor of the Chinese Provinces of Shen-Si and Kan-Su, is understood to be intriguing now to have his son proclaimed Emperor. He is receiving active assistance from Prince Kung, the leader of the Mongolian anti-abdicationists, who has been very active in his efforts to save the Manchus. He offered to raise 50,000 troops to fight for them, and was said to have gone to Mukden to proclaim the independence of Manchuria.

## 'YOU PAYING MY WIFE?' 'NO.'

### Chicago Husband and Berlin ex-Husband Talk to the Point by Cable.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 13.—Chicago's capacity for divorce novelties is truly inexhaustible. Here is a pair of cablegrams exchanged between the Windy City and Berlin during the past forty-eight hours:

"Dr. E. A. York, Berlin:

"My wife, formerly yours, claims she has been receiving regular remittances from you. Divorce is now on. Is it true?

"GEORGE MEADE."

This was the reply:

"George Meade, Chicago:

"No. YORK."

Dr. York is a prominent American dentist in Berlin. He divorced his wife in 1905.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The only George Meade in the city directory lives at 5,422 South Carpenter Street, South Chicago. He is an engineer, and denies any knowledge of Dr. York or of having sent any cables to Berlin.

## HOSPITABLE TO FAIR ENVOYS.

### Entertainments Arranged in Vienna —Austria Will Exhibit.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, May 13.—Elaborate preparations have been made for a cordial welcome to the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission, which will arrive here on Thursday.

A reception will be given by the American Ambassador on Thursday night, and many invitations to it have been issued. Another reception will be given by Count Berchtold at the Foreign Office, and other receptions and banquets have been arranged by the Austrian Chamber of Commerce and the municipality of Vienna.

Austria intends to participate both in the opening of the canal and the San Francisco exhibition.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13.—The special commission of the Panama-Pacific Exposition left here to-night for Vienna by way of Moscow. The Americans are apparently well satisfied with their treatment at St. Petersburg.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs is at present in the Crimea with the Emperor, hence the reception at the Foreign Office was omitted. The Minister of Commerce, however, received the Commissioners this morning.

### Taft's Telegram Pleases Mikado.

TOKIO, May 13.—Great appreciation was expressed to-day by the Emperor and Empress of the resolution of the Red Cross Conference at Washington, forwarded to them by President Taft. The resolution thanked the Empress for her gift of $50,000 for the encouragement among all nations of works of relief in time of peace.


THEREBY HANGS A TALE

We are building the Municipal Building, the McAlpin Hotel, the Woolworth Building, and a score of others—and thereby hangs a tale—

A tale of efficiency and concerted action in a thousand different directions, wherein each of fifty thousand men plays his proper part.

You must recognize an organization which can substantiate a tale like that.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF WOMEN'S SUMMER DRESSES

IN SMART, SIMPLE DESIGNS, AT VERY MODERATE PRICES, WILL BE HELD

THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

DRESSES OF TISSUE AND GINGHAM $5.00
DRESSES OF FLAXON $5.00, 7.50 & 8.75
DRESSES OF FRENCH LINEN $9.75 & 11.50
DRESSES OF VOILE $12.00 & 15.00
DRESSES OF WHITE RAMIE LINEN WITH TWO-TONED BORDERS, $20.00

B. Altman & Co.

WILL HAVE ON SPECIAL SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

MEN'S & WOMEN'S TWILLED SILK UMBRELLAS

WITH NATURAL WOOD HANDLES AT $2.00
REGULAR PRICE $3.00

FOLDING UMBRELLAS OF TAFFETA SILK

WITH NATURAL WOOD HANDLES AT $3.00
REGULAR PRICE $5.00

"BETALPH" GUARANTEED SILK HOSIERY

FULL LINES ARE SHOWN OF MEN'S AND WOMEN'S "BETALPH" GUARANTEED SILK HOSIERY IN BLACK AND THE NEW COLORINGS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER. THIS HOSIERY WILL BE REPLACED IF UNSATISFACTORY AS TO WEAR.

REGULAR PRICES RANGE AS FOLLOWS:

MEN'S SILK HOSIERY IN BLACK OR COLORS $1.75 PAIR
WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY IN BLACK $1.25, 1.75 & 2.50 PAIR
WOMEN'S SILK HOSIERY IN WHITE AND COLORS 2.00 PAIR
WOMEN'S EXTRA SIZE SILK HOSIERY, IN BLACK $2.50 PAIR

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

SUMMER CAMPS

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

See the Camp Advertisements appearing in the New York Evening Post on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

Send stamp for the new "Camp Directory." How old is your boy or girl? How much can you afford to pay? Have you any preference as to section or kind of camp? Give us these facts and we shall be glad to advise you.

The Evening Post
20 Vesey Street, New York City

Help Wanted

The New York Times does not accept Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for a purchase of samples or cash deposit are excluded from the Help Wanted columns. If the employment is on a commission basis the advertisement must so state. The Times uses the utmost care in accepting Help Wanted advertisements to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

Save 4.00 to 12.50 on your Spring Suit or Overcoat at Smith Gray & Co.

MONDAY—the third day of this sale extraordinary, hundreds more well-dressed New Yorkers in search of their new Springtime Suit or Overcoat visited our four stores and came away handsomely clothed and wearing a joyous smile.

They had read our previous announcement and how, because we found it less expensive to do so, we kept our big tailoring shops running to capacity right through the after-Easter lull. We saved money, you see, so it's a case of glad to rather than have to when we make these wonderful prices.

The same sincerity backs this sale as has always been our pride—the keynote of our reputation and success.

The remainder of the original four thousand garments awaits your delighted inspection—each of the exact same exquisite tailoring which we give all our garments, no matter what the price.

Every style, every size, every fabric is still here.

But come and see—when WE announce an event, it IS an EVENT.

Spring Suits & Overcoats Values 22.50 & 25.00 18.50

Suits of rarely beautiful worsteds, soft velours and cassimeres, handsome French spun fine serges. In Overcoats, blacks, Oxfords, cool, natty new brown, grays and unusual English Effects.

Spring Suits & Overcoats Values 27.50 & 30.00 22.50

Suits of unusual and distinctive worsteds, Saxony cassimeres and rich velours, blue serges of English weave, staple grays. All the newest brown, blues, heather and silk mixtures. Advance models. The overcoats include many foreign fabrics for business and outing wear.

Unusual Spring Suits & Coats Values 32.50 to 40.00 27.50

Suits of heathers, grays, blues and silk mixtures, each style distinctive and many exclusive IMPORTED ENGLISH COATS—rainproofs, Chesterfields and raglans of rare and striking fabrics, many hand-made, tailored by London and Leeds cleverest craftsmen, on which former prices ranged from 35.00 to 50.00.

EXTRA—Nearly 1,200 Spring Suits and Spring Coats, values 20.00 and 22.50 at 15.00

High grade worsteds, velours, tweeds and English weave blue serges. Also many broken sizes reduced from much higher than indicated prices. All models—English, Fifth Avenue and college styles for men, young men and boys. Overcoats include blacks, Oxfords, smart cool grays, tans and olives. Dress and business models.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

In New York's Shopping Center — "The Big Store" — TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS — In New York's Shopping Center

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J.B.GREENHUT Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

Today's Biggest Sales

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.

Mid-Season Clearance of Women's Fine Cloth and Silk Suits

Values to $29.50, $13.50 Values to $43.50, $19.50

WOMEN'S $14.75 BLACK SATIN "THROW-CAPES," at.....$7.50
WOMEN'S $3 and $3.50 LOW SHOES, at.....$1.65
2,000 MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS, at.....$8.45
MEN'S SEPARATE BLUE SERGE TROUSERS.....$2.45
BROKEN LOTS OF BOYS' SUITS AND REEFERS, values to $3.50, at.....$1.50
TIMELY SALES OF BEDSPREADS AND SHEETS.
MAY FESTIVAL SALE OF GROCERIES CONTINUES.
"FOLLOW THE CROWDS" TO OUR POPULAR BARGAIN BASEMENT FOR EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN LOWER-PRICED GOODS.

GREENHUT BUILDING—Devoted to "Everything for the Home."

$25 BRASS BEDSTEADS, at.....$13.50
$27.50 BODY BRUSSELS RUGS, at.....$17.50
SALE OF CURTAINS, TABLE COVERS, and COUCH COVERS, at $1.25
GARDEN IMPLEMENTS AND ACCESSORIES (standard makes only) at the lowest prices in Greater New York.
SCORES OF EXTRA BIG VALUES IN LOWER-PRICED GOODS IN THE BARGAIN-BASEMENT.

$5,000 To Worthy Families and Individuals

This sum is in addition to our offer of $30,000 to charitable institutions and churches, and is donated at the suggestion of thousands of our customers who believe that charity begins at home.

Full particulars at Voting Booths—MAIN Building on Fourth Floor, or at Information Desk, Main Floor. Also in GREENHUT Building, at Information Desk, Main Floor.

Double L.H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Established 80 years

Balch Price Fur Storage

Under Natural Conditions
DRY COLD AIR
VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEM
2% Rate Best Service

Telephone 5900 Main

Balch Price & Co.
Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn
15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

DECORATION DAY EXCURSIONS

NIAGARA FALLS

$10.00 via West Shore R. R. $11.25 via N. Y. Central

Tickets on sale May 28th and 29th. Returning to June 2nd.

Catskill Mountains

One fare round trip via West Shore R. R. Tickets on sale May 29th and 30th, good returning until June 3rd.

Adirondack and Green Mountains, Thousand Islands

One fare plus $2.00 for round trip. Tickets on sale May 29th to June 15th, good returning within 30 days.

West Shore R. R.

One fare for round trip to all points between New York and Albany on Sunday, May 26th, on Thursday, May 30th, and every Sunday during the summer.

Harlem Division

Summer Home Seekers' tickets are on sale at one fare for round trip (minimum of $1.00) to Pleasantville and points north on May 30th. Returning to May 31st.

Complete information of any New York Central ticket agent.

New York 'Phone, 6310 Madison
Brooklyn 'Phone, 167 Main

Address, Gen. Eastern Pass. Agent
1216 Broadway, New York City

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

# LOST IMMIGRANT BOY FOUND WITH FRIENDS

### Hansen, for Whom Reward Was Offered, at Work in a Candy Store.

### STEAMSHIP CO. AIDED HIM

### When Brother Did Not Appear They Took Him to Family Friend's in Brooklyn.

The search for sixteen-year-old Henry Hansen, the German immigrant who was believed to have been kidnapped and robbed on his arrival in Battery Park last Wednesday afternoon, and for the finding of whom a $100 reward had been offered, ended successfully yesterday in a little candy store at Nostrand Avenue and St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Here Henry was found washing dishes for $3 a week, and as happy as a boy could possibly be in a strange land.

Henry had been last seen at the foot of the elevated station at the Battery, accompanied by a porter who was to take him to his brother, William Hansen, who was supposed to work in a saloon at Broadway and 110th Street. This led to the conclusion that he had been spirited away.

What really happened was that Henry, who was apparently wiser than he had been given credit for, failing to find his brother William at the Battery and not knowing the address of his younger brother, George Hansen, dismissed the porter and went straight to the steamship company which had landed him in the city.

"You'll have to find out where I belong," he told an official of the company, "or else you'll have to send me back to Germany."

The steamship men then questioned him and learned that a friend of his aunt, who came from his native town in Prussia, lived somewhere in New York. The directories were used and finally the friend, Magnus Hindricksen, was located in Flatbush. An agent of the steamship company accompanied Henry to Flatbush, and when Henry introduced himself to Mr. Hindricksen the latter almost wept for joy. He welcomed him as a "landsman" and asked him about all the folks at home. Henry, too, began to cry when he realized that he was again with friends.

The next day, last Friday, Mr. Hindricksen took his countryman for a walk, and the trip ended with the obtaining of employment in the candy store on Nostrand Avenue. Henry was so happy over his unexpected good fortune that he almost forgot about his brothers, William and George.

Mr. Hindricksen has a brother, Christian Hindricksen, who drives a delivery wagon for J. C. H. Woebcke, a candy merchant at Broadway and Eighty-second Street. Christian Hindricksen went to see his brother in Flatbush yesterday and learned of the adventures of Henry Hansen, his countryman. Then he recalled that he had read of the case in THE TIMES and, putting two and two together, he made haste to inform George Hansen, who is a clerk in a candy store at Broadway and 102d Street, that his young brother was alive and well and that he was at work in Brooklyn.

When a TIMES reporter called on George Hansen yesterday he was elated over the good news. His gloomy expression of Sunday had entirely changed.

"I'm so glad they found him," he exclaimed. "And isn't it wonderful that he got a job the very day after he landed? As soon as I get my day off I'm going over to Brooklyn to see my brother."

"And when will that be?" he was asked.

"Next Friday, if we aren't too busy," he replied.

The other brother, William Hansen, has not yet been heard from, but he is believed to be somewhere in Brooklyn, and it is hoped that he will hear about his brother's arrival, so that there may be a little family reunion in the candy store. No one, of course, can claim the reward, for Henry Hansen never was lost.

## FLOOD SITUATION RELIEVED.

### Encouraging Reports Received from All Stricken Points, Except One.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—With the exception of Conrad's Point, six miles below Baton Rouge, where "sand boils" have developed near the base of the levee, only encouraging reports of the Mississippi River flood situation were received to-day at the offices of the United States engineers. The Weather Bureau reported the river at a standstill at Baton Rouge this morning, while other points from Cairo to the South reported falling stages. Fine weather prevailed all over Louisiana.

A hurry call was sent from Conrad's Point to Baton Rouge for workmen and material. Chief Clerk Schmidt of the United States Engineer's Office said that a force of laborers and Government employes had been at that place several days, and he was of the opinion that they were fully prepared to take care of any situation that might arise.

Capt. C. A. Sherrill, Chief of the United States engineers here, left to-day for an inspection trip. He will also visit Torras and personally superintend the "tieing" of the southern end of the big crevasse at that point.

Reports from Baton Rouge said that the situation there had improved, and the danger of a break in the levee in front of the city was passing rapidly, according to the Government engineers. Water from Torras is surrounding New Roads, but to-day it was at a stand.

The Relief Committee in New Orleans was busily engaged to-day sending out supplies to the flood sufferers.

## FLOOD RELIEF COMMITTEE.

### All Contributions to the Fund to be Sent to Southern Society.

Mayor Gaynor appointed a committee of seventy citizens yesterday to collect funds for the relief of the Louisiana flood sufferers. The Mayor communicated last week with the Governors of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Arkansas and asked if outside help were needed. He received a reply in the negative from Mississippi and Arkansas, but Gov. Sanders of Louisiana telegraphed that the situation in his State was most serious and that help was needed.

The Southern Society in New York has become interested in the relief work, and yesterday a delegation of four members of the Executive Committee called on the Mayor and informed him of what had been done, offering to co-operate with him in any way to help relieve the conditions. This is the committee named by the Mayor:

| | |
|---|---|
| Elbridge T. Gerry, | Benjamin N. Duke, |
| Charles Steele, | Charles C. Cowan, |
| Adolph S. Ochs, | N. L. Carpenter, |
| Wm. N. Dykman, | Thomas S. Fuller, |
| Edwin Gould, | W. E. G. Gaillard, |
| Jacob H. Schiff, | Dr. Virgil P. Gibney, |
| V. Everitt Macy, | A. B. Gwathmey, |
| A. R. Marsh, | James B. Haggin, |
| William A. Day, | Thos. W. Lauderdale, |
| Chas. A. Peabody, | Jefferson M. Levy, |
| Thomas F. Ryan, | William G. McAdoo, |
| Andrew Carnegie, | Emerson McMillan, |
| George Gordon Battle, | Charles W. Maury, |
| Herman Ridder, | Lewis Nixon, |
| Hunt Chipley, | Frank L. Polk, |
| Barron G. Collier, | Junius Parker, |
| Frank A. Munsey, | Marcus J. Parrott, |
| Cornelius Vanderbilt, | George Foster Peabody, |
| James Speyer, | Ralph Peters, |
| Nathan Straus, | Lindsay Russell, |
| Frank L. Crawford, | William Salomon, |
| Theo. H. Price, | Richard A. Springs, |
| Darwin P. Kingsley, | Atwood Violett, |
| Henry M. Tilford, | Archibald R. Watson, |
| John Claflin, | B. F. Yoakum, |
| Chas. Clifford Barrows, | Dr. John A. Wyeth, |
| Percival S. Hill, | Stuyvesant Fish, |
| Michael Gavin, | Moses Taylor Pine, |
| John R. Abney, | Paul D. Cravath, |
| John G. Agar, | Adrian Iselin, Jr., |
| Wm. D. Buckner, | Dr. John P. Munn, |
| Belvidere Brooks, | Joseph M. Hartfield, |
| Frank R. Chambers, | Martin W. Littleton, |
| Walter L. McCorkle, | William A. Jamison, |
| Samuel McRoberts, | James Stillman. |

The Mayor asks that all contributions to the fund be sent to William D. Buckner, Treasurer of the Southern Society, at the Prospect Park Bank, 885 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. The Southern Society has already sent $500 to Gov. Sanders. These contributions were received yesterday by the Mayor: Alfred L. Simon & Co., $50; Charles B. Schellenberg, $25, and "S. M.," $1.

Capt. Henry Metcalfe, U. S. A., with offices at 147 Fourth Avenue, has received the following contributions for the relief of Southern flood sufferers:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| H. M. | $50 | H. C. V. P. | $50 |
| Anonymous | 1 | M. H. G. | 5 |
| E. C. | 40 | L. W. | 1 |
| K. C. | 500 | "Blackburn" | 25 |
| L. F. | 10 | | |
| S. E. T. | 5 | Total | $692 |
| Cash | 5 | | |

The Captain has forwarded the money to the authorities in Natchez, Miss.

# SAW BAD BEEF USED IN MAKING SAUSAGES

### Ex-Inspector Burroughs Tells Moss Committee of Packing Conditions in Philadelphia.

### ACCESS TO PLANTS REFUSED

### Witness Says Water Pronounced Impure by Board of Health Was Used at Cumberland.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—J. W. Burroughs, a former Federal Meat Inspector, testified before the Moss Investigating Committee to-day as to conditions he had observed in packing houses in Philadelphia and in Cumberland, Md.

Mr. Burroughs declared Philadelphia packers violated the law by refusing Inspectors access to certain parts of their plants. He had been denied admittance to the sweet pickle room of the William Morland & Sons' plant, he said, and to the dried beef room of Michener's plant.

Describing his two years' observations of packing house conditions in Philadelphia, Burroughs referred to "lard containing worms, scrapple made of bad meat, hog carcasses that emitted an awful stench, and revolting sanitary conditions." He described packing house conditions in Philadelphia as "something awful."

The former Inspector, who appeared as a witness in support of Representative Nelson's resolution for an investigation of the Meat Inspection service, declared that during his service at Cumberland water pronounced impure by the State and city Boards of Health had been used in Swift & Co.'s branch packing house, against his protest.

Burroughs said that in the establishment of Resch & Co. in Philadelphia, in 1906, he had found meat being cut for sausage within five or six feet of the place where tubercular cattle were being slaughtered. In two or three months, he said, he improved the sanitary conditions as much as possible in view of the age of the building.

In the same plant Burroughs said he condemned ten beeves which he considered "something awful." He was overruled by his chief, Dr. Schaufler, he said, and the beeves went into bologna and sausage.

Burroughs testified that while the department had ruled that cereals should not be used excessively in sausage, it had failed to state what an excessive amount was, and the packers put in all the cereals they wished. He condemned the practice of permitting inspected packing houses to ship meats to their branch houses under the Government stamp.

"The legend 'U. S. Inspected and Passed' does not amount to anything," said Burroughs. "It has no value as a protection to the consumer if it is placed on meat as is done under the present system. Anything that will hang on the hook is considered good meat."

## 1-CENT VERDICT FOR GOLFER.

### Justices Decide It's Too Little for the Loss of a Cleek.

A verdict of 1 cent, which represented in the minds of a Municipal Court jury the injury sustained by Henry J. Jessup because the United States Express Company did not deliver to him a specially manufactured golf cleek, succeeded yesterday in splitting the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court, which was called upon to decide whether the diminutive judgment, from which the golfer appealed, was sufficient to express the sportsman injury.

The cleek, which Mr. Jessup described as "capable of remarkable driving powers and quite inimitable," was lost by the express company last year while the golfer was awaiting its arrival at Montrose, Penn., in order to begin his vacation. The failure of the express company to produce it caused Jessup to sue for $62.50, and when a jury returned with a one-cent verdict he appealed.

Justice Guy and Justice Seabury agreed that there should be a new trial in the Municipal Court, but Justice Lehman thought that 1 cent was sufficient balm.

"Though, like the trial Judge, I am not a golfer," he said in his minority opinion, "my acquaintance with golfers leaves no doubt in my mind but that the loss of the cleek substantially spoiled plaintiff's vacation. For this the jury has awarded 1 cent. The law gives no further balm for the plaintiff's outraged feelings.

"It's all because they didn't have a jury of golfers," said Mr. Jessup, "but I knew the Supreme Court would grant me a new trial. Most of the Justices are golfers, you know."

## VAN NESS COMPARES WIVES.

### Second Was "Queen of Heaven," and Third Was "Queen of Earth."

Surrogate Fowler began yesterday the sixth week of his hearings on the contested will of Cornelius H. Van Ness, a wealthy Cornwall landholder. Last week had been occupied with the presentation of the case for the contestants, who are led by Mrs. Alice Van Ness Parsons, daughter of Mr. Van Ness's first wife, Deborah Van Ness. Mrs. Alice Wood Van Ness, the third wife of the aged landholder, is the principal beneficiary.

Dr. Fred Hammond, a Port Jervis dentist, testified that in 1908, the year after Mr. Van Ness's third marriage, he had extracted seven teeth for Mr. Van Ness. Dr. Hammond declared that Mr. Van Ness told him that Mrs. Parsons would never get another penny from him.

Mr. Van Ness referred to his second wife in most affectionate terms, Dr. Hammond said.

"At one time he was standing in front of a life-sized portrait of the second Mrs. Van Ness," declared the doctor," he exclaimed: "'Doctor, there is the queen of heaven.'

"Just then the present Mrs. Van Ness entered the room, and he added, "'And here is the queen of the earth.'"

Surrogate Fowler refused to allow questions bearing on Mrs. Van Ness's character. One of the questions which the Surrogate did not allow was:

"Is there anything in the air of Port Jervis that affects the morals of the people?"

The trial will continue to-day.

# WHITE URGES MINERS TO APPROVE TERMS

### But He Tells Executive Committee to Present Operators' Agreement Without Comment.

### RADICALS PREDICT DEFEAT

### General Belief That Increase of 10 Per Cent. Will Be Accepted Because of Long Idleness.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 13.—President John P. White met the thirty members of the Tri-District Executive Committee to-night in the same room in the Hotel Hart from which John Mitchell directed the strike of 1902, and informed the board members that he desired to have the report of the sub-committee and the report of the General Scale Committee put up to the men in convention without approval or disapproval by the Executive Committee.

President White also told the board members that it was a duty they owed the organization to go among the delegates to see that radical action was not taken and to line up any men they could to vote in favor of the adoption of the agreement. President White realizes there is danger of the agreement meeting defeat. He said to-night:

"I am confident that the men will not repudiate their leaders after they realize that the sub-committee got all that it was possible to get. The question, however, will be for the men in convention to decide, but I am hopeful that they will come to realize the real situation."

Other district leaders are expressing the opinion that the report will be accepted. District Presidents Fahey, Dempsey, and Kennedy, who signed the agreement, expect that the convention will be stormy, but believe the agreement will be accepted.

The radicals, headed by men from Districts 7 and 9, predict that the agreement will be defeated. These leaders say that in District 7 there will be only four votes for the agreement and over 100 against it. The same conditions prevail in District No. 9, they say. In District No. 1 the radicals admit there will be a majority of about 20 votes in favor of the agreement.

The people generally in the anthracite region expect ratification of the agreement. This expectation is based on the fact that the men, having been idle more than six weeks, are anxious to get back to work as soon as they can.

The tentative agreement reached between the sub-committee and the operators grants the men a 10 per cent. increase in wages but abolishes the sliding scale, and the miners say that will give them a net increase of only 5 to 6 per cent. The operators refused to consider the eight-hour demand, but granted a number of concessions in the matter of presenting grievances and expediting their adjustment.

The convention will meet at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

It was said here to-night that former President John Mitchell will be here later in the week.


R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

NOW IN PROGRESS

Any garment bought elsewhere will be a visible reproach for not having bought at Macy's. It will be a constant reminder of money deliberately thrown away.

You will not even have the excuse that you bought at another store for greater convenience. You get at Macy's the same courteous, intelligent service, and the same prompt delivery, as at stores where excellence of service is urged as a justification for exorbitant prices.

Our prices are invariably, regularly, daily lower than anywhere else in New York. Buy at Macy's and you will have no regrets.

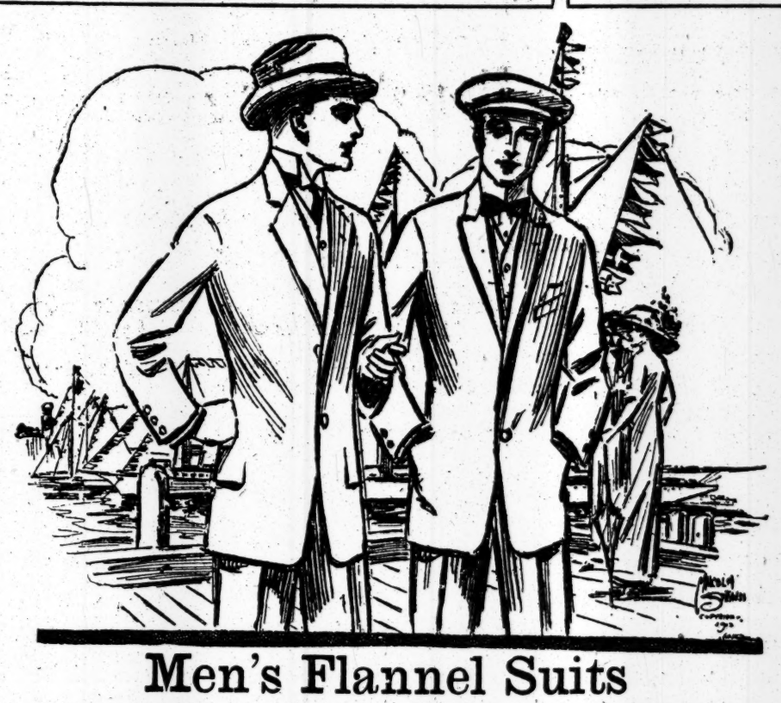


GIMBELS

*Shall We Call for Your FURS Today?*

Best Service. Moderate Charges

Telephone—Madison Square, 8200



Men's Flannel Suits

A Handsome Collection at $30

Softest wools—and pure wools only—are used in the fine cloths from which these distinguished Summer Suits for men are made.

There are navy blues, with pin stripes, or chalk-line stripes of lighter blue, with white; Oxford blue, with fine stripes of red and gray; with black or white stripes, as well as the cool-looking plain Cambridge gray mixture. Fabrics, in short, that proclaim their high quality at first sight.

Tailoring is in keeping with the cloth. The Suits are quarter-lined—cool as cucumbers—with silks that correspond to the fabrics; and cleverly stayed to make them keep their shape. (It takes the best tailoring, you know, to make a quarter-lined coat stand up under wear.)

Styles are such as well-dressed men demand. There is no padding; the lapels have the long, soft roll; many of the coats have patch pockets; some are double-breasted.

Made especially for GIMBELS by one of the best wholesale tailoring firms in America, who have taken plenty of time to do their work well, under our constant supervision.

The Suits at $30 are extraordinary, and we have pleasure in presenting them. **Fourth Floor.**

In Men's Soft Shirts There Is Comfort

Cool materials, made up into Shirts with plain bosoms, and with unstarched cuffs, are but another example of the constant tendency toward greater comfort in Men's Summer Clothing.

As many men already know—and others ought to—the Gimbel Men's Wear Store is specializing extensively in Men's Soft Shirts this season.

The choice of patterns is admirable—printed or woven stripes, or Russian cords, on beautiful mercerized cotton grounds, some Jacquard-figured or self-striped. Then there are the silk-mixed materials and finally the pure silks—the height of Shirt luxury.

All the Shirts are made in the most particular manner, beginning with ample dimensions.

Prices run this way:

At $1, in plain colors.

At $1.50, plain colors, with neckband or collar attached. In stripes, with neckband.

At $2, in Russian cords or fancy stripes, separate collar.

At $2.50, silk-and-cotton, in fancy stripes.

At $3.25, of silk, in fancy stripes.

At $5, of silk, in fancy stripes.

There is a special series of Soft Shirts for Large Men—in sizes 16 to 20; at $2 and $2.50. **Main Floor**

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 & $5

**W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world**

**One pair of W. L. Douglas $2.00 or $2.50 Boys' shoes will positively outwear two pairs of other makes.**

*Wear W. L. Douglas shoes. You can save money on your footwear.*

W. L. Douglas $3.00 & $3.50 shoes for style, fit and wear equal other makes costing $4.00 to $5.00.

W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world?

BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes.

BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes.

BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. Don't take a substitute for W. L. Douglas shoes.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid *Fast Color Eyelets used.*

Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:

**98 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1495 Broadway (Times Square); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St.—BROOKLYN 421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.; 1779 Pitkin Avenue. NEWARK—827 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.**



OLD CROW

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

RYE

The Standard of RYE Whiskey

*Guaranteed Pure RYE Whiskey Under National Pure Food Law, Serial Number 2163*

NOT BLENDED

NOT ADULTERATED

SOLD ONLY IN OUR SEALED BOTTLES EVERYWHERE

NEVER SOLD IN BULK

WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD

H. B. KIRK & CO. New York, N. Y.



Arnold, Constable & Co.

FOUNDED 1827

Dry Goods-Carpets-Upholstery

Important Announcement

A Sale Extraordinary

WILL BE HELD ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MAY 15th AND 16th, IN WHICH ALL DEPARTMENTS WILL BE REPRESENTED.

FULL PARTICULARS IN THIS EVENING'S PAPERS.

Broadway & 19th Street.



PEOPLE'S LINE

ALL SAIL

NO RAIL

COMFORT

PLEASURE & ECONOMY

CITIZENS' LINE

If you enjoy a good dinner well served, picturesque scenery by searchlight, a pleasant night's repose—you will go

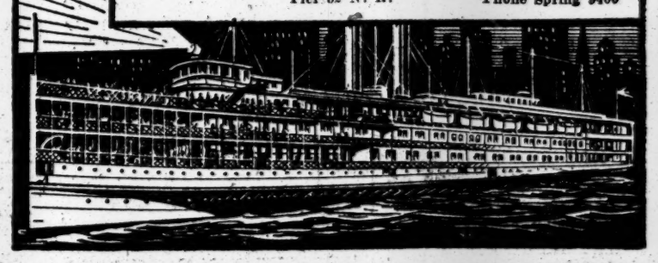
To ALBANY or TROY

by one of the palatial steamers: C. W. MORSE, ADIRONDACK, TROJAN or RENSSELAER.

Leave Pier 32 North River daily (including Sunday) at 6 p. m.; W. 129th Street at 6:45 p. m. You can return the following evening if you like from Troy at 7:30, or Albany at 8 o'clock.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Pier 32 N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400



We Charge for Glasses Only.
Eyes Examined Without Charge.

**When You Think of Glasses Think of "Ehrlich" Service**

**IT MEANS SAFETY:** Because you entrust your eyes to registered eye physicians of long experience.

**IT MEANS ACCURACY:** Because the glasses are fitted to your eyes by skilled opticians.

**IT MEANS ECONOMY:** Because it saves the oculist's fee, amounting to $3 or $5.

Perfect Fitting Glasses, $2.50 to $12
With Bifocal Lenses, $4.50 to $18

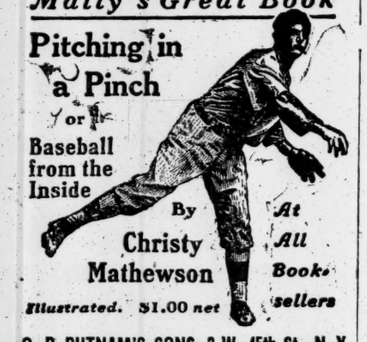
*J. Ehrlich & Sons*
*Half a Century in Business.*
223 Sixth Ave., 15th St. 217 B'way, Astor House
330 Sixth Ave., 22d St. 101 Nassau, Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

Hang Your Clothes in

For lining trunks and wrapping clothes use
**TARINE-MOTH SHEETS**
Sold at all department and drug stores

*Matty's Great Book*

**Pitching in a Pinch or Baseball from the Inside**



By Christy Mathewson

*Illustrated.* $1.00 net

*At All Booksellers*

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS, 2 W. 45th St., N. Y.

**SPEY-ROYAL**
ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.
**Gilbey's**

# MULQUEEN NAMED IN CASE LIKE WALDO'S

### General Sessions Judge Accused by Fosdick in Letter to the Police Commissioner.

### BAR ASSOCIATION HAS FACTS

### Investigation of City Judiciary Coming, Says Waldo, Who Tells of 1,332 Suspended Sentences.

Police Commissioner Waldo continued his defense of his department and his attack on the city's judiciary yesterday by making public a letter which Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick wrote to him recently criticising Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen of the Court of General Sessions for his attitude toward the police.

The Police Commissioner still declined to name the Judge "of one of our courts" whom he accused on Sunday night of dismissing a case out of pique, in face of the prisoner's written admission of guilt. The letter he gave out, however, tells an anecdote of an unusual judicial decision in the Court of General Sessions almost identical with the one he cited on Sunday night in the Union Methodist Episcopal Church. The letter also states that some of Judge Mulqueen's cases recently have been called to the attention of the Bar Association. This is the letter:

April 15, 1912.

Hon. Rhinelander Waldo, Police Commissioner, New York:

My Dear Commissioner: Referring to your letter of April 13, addressed to Judge Mulqueen and published in yesterday's papers, you may be interested in the following facts, which were brought to my attention in connection with certain examinations which we made last year in the Court of General Sessions. I believe these facts throw further light upon the attitude of Judge Mulqueen toward the work of your department.

On the night of April 18, 1912, four Italians were arrested by representatives of the Police Department for burglary. It appears that two detectives from your office, Capone and Digilio, while on an assignment in connection with Black Hand outrages, discovered the four men apparently attempting to enter a store at 322 East 107th Street. The defendants were indicted for burglary in the third degree, and on May 4 the case against two of them came to trial in the Court of General Sessions before Judge Mulqueen. The third witness called for the people was Detective Capone. The following examination occurred, which I have taken directly from the official minutes of the trial:

**The Court Records Show This.**

By the Assistant District Attorney.—Will you state very briefly to the jury just what you saw these two defendants do on that night and just what you saw the other two boys do in the presence of these defendants? A.—We were standing in the hallway of 329 East 107th Street, watching the premises 334, which had been blown up by dynamite.

The Court.—Strike that out. Now I can understand why the police are criticised. It is because they are so anxious to take care of other people's business. Now I am going to instruct the jury on account of the improper statement to render a verdict of not guilty. That statement was made deliberately by this witness to prejudice the jury against these defendants. That is what it was made for.

By the Assistant District Attorney.—Your Honor, I don't believe he made it to prejudice them.

The Court.—The jury is directed to acquit these defendants on the ground of improper conduct on the part of the witness in making a statement clearly and positively intended to prejudice them in their legal rights.—(People vs. Rubino and Rose p. 30.)

Under the direction of the court therefore the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

In the afternoon of the same day the case against the other two Italians came to trial before the same Judge. The people's evidence against these two defendants was exactly similar to the evidence in the case of the defendants acquitted. In the second trial, however, the case was submitted to the jury and a verdict of guilty was returned. During the progress of this trial the attorney for the defendants attempted to get before the jury the fact that the two other defendants who had been arrested at the same time on the same charge had been acquitted. The court, in objecting to this procedure, gave vent to the following utterance:

The Court directed the acquittal (in the former case,) because of the misconduct of a witness and not on the merits.—People vs. Littieri and Palazzola, p. 11.)

I am at a loss to know how to characterize a proceeding such as this. Perhaps the best remark that can be passed upon it is the statement of the Appellate Division, First Department, in criticising the work of Judge Mulqueen in another case, (People vs. Acardo,) to the effect that the conduct of the Judge robbed the trial of "even a semblance of judicial inquiry."

Judge Mulqueen's conduct in the burglary case and in other similar cases has been brought to the attention of the Bar Association.

Very truly yours,
RAYMOND B. FOSDICK,
Commissioner of Accounts.

Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick, at his office yesterday, amplified the statements about Judge Mulqueen contained in the letter, and said that Elnar Chrystie, counsel of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, called on him some time ago with a request that he furnish evidence regarding some of Judge Mulqueen's decisions.

"Mr. Chrystie called on me about six months ago," said Commissioner Fosdick. "He said quite frankly he wanted to talk with me about Judge Mulqueen and some of the decisions he was making in the Court of General Sessions. He didn't tell me what had started the Bar Association after Judge Mulqueen. But I was somewhat familiar with Judge Mulqueen's decisions myself.

"The cases which resulted from my investigation of the Dockmaster's Department came before Judge Mulqueen. Time and time again, I have submitted evidence of frauds in city departments to the Court of General Sessions and the cases have been thrown out. The Court of General Sessions has made the work of prosecuting dishonest public officials very difficult for my department. I never met Judge Mulqueen personally, and have no personal feeling against him. But I think that something should be done to prevent the reform work of the Police Commissioner and the Commissioner of Accounts from being set at naught by judicial high-handedness.

"Neither I nor Commissioner Waldo can start proceedings against members of the city's bench when we consider their decisions objectionable. But the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association can do so. The Grievance Committee of the Bar Association can begin by preferring charges against the particular Judge before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. A referee is then appointed to hear testimony, and the Appellate Division acts on the referee's report. This is what is done with court clerks who are short in their funds, and also what was done with Police Magitsrates who have been forced off the bench in this city during the last ten years.

"In view of my experiences in the Court of General Sessions, I have been giving much thought to this question recently. So when Mr. Chrystie came to me for cases, I gave him the case described in my letter to Commissioner Waldo. I understood that Mr. Chrystie also had a number of other cases of unusual decisions by Judge Mulqueen."

**1,332 Suspended Sentences This Year.**

Judge Mulqueen has not been sitting in General Sessions during the last few days, being on a vacation. At his home, 888 Park Avenue, last night, he absolutely refused to discuss Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick's letter.

"I don't know what you come about, or what the letter is about, and I don't want to," he said, emphatically. "Please go away. Please don't ask me any questions."

He seemed to be in excellent health. He was elected in 1907 and his term expires in 1921. He is fifty-two years old.

Police Commissioner Waldo yesterday gave out some more statistics regarding the way the work of his department is being hampered by some of the courts.

"Between Jan. 1 and May 9 of this year 11,006 alleged lawbreakers were arraigned for sentence in the courts of this city," he said. "Of these, 4,803 were convicted, 3,885 were acquitted, and 2,818 are awaiting sentence. What the public doesn't know is that of the 4,803 criminals who were convicted, 1,332 are now at liberty under suspended sentences imposed by the Judges of this city. Of these, 85 were convicted of burglary and 5 were convicted of assault and robbery. What do you think of that? Of the $1,250,000 property which has been stolen in this city since Jan. 1, $706,000 has been recovered by the police and returned to the owners. That is a pretty good showing, isn't it? I at least think that the failure to repress lawlessness in this city doesn't lie with the police."

Commissioner Waldo said that he didn't want to be understood as attacking the courts, as that wasn't within his province. He said that he was going to give out a number of statements regarding the way the criminal courts were treating the evidence of his men, and that he was going to give out one to-day. He said he thought that an investigation of the city's judiciary by the Bar Association or Legislature was coming, but refused to go into details. He refused to name the Judge whose high-handed judicial action he described in the Union Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday night.

# WEALTHY PERJURER GETS LONG SENTENCE

### Efforts of Max Naimark's Friends to Obtain Clemency Arouses the Court.

### BESIEGE JUDGE BY 'PHONE

### Prisoner's Wife Hysterical in Courtroom—Perjurers in Jasper Case Also to be Prosecuted.

Efforts of friends of Max Naimark, a wealthy manufacturer of 66 Humboldt Street, Brooklyn, who was convicted of perjury, to obtain clemency for him aroused the displeasure of Judge Fawcett in the Kings County Court yesterday. The Naimark case was only one of a number in which, Judge Fawcett learned, flagrant perjury was committed, and he was in no mood to be lenient with the prisoner. Naimark was sent to Sing Sing for a term of from five to ten years.

When Judge Fawcett was about to pass sentence on the prisoner he declared that since the accused man's conviction on Friday he had been besieged by people interested in the manufacturer, who sought clemency for him.

The telephone rang frequently in his house on Sunday, Judge Fawcett said, and when it was answered each time some one wanted to talk about Naimark's case. Judge Fawcett remarked that even before he left home yesterday to go to court another person tried to talk to him by telephone for Naimark, and when he arrived at his chambers a number of the prisoner's friends were there on the same mission.

**Counsel Asks for Delay.**

Col. Abraham Gruber, counsel for Naimark, asked the court to delay sending his client to prison. Mr. Gruber said he had just been called into the case, and would like a day or two to prepare an appeal. Judge Fawcett told the lawyer he could appeal after sentence was passed. He remanded Naimark to jail for two weeks, however, to give the attorney time to look into the records of the case.

Naimark was characterized by Judge Fawcett as "a liar of the first magnitude." His defense was constructed "of a fabrication of lies in defiance of all respect for law and order, truth, and honor," said the court. Judge Fawcett declared that the solemnity of an oath had never been more lightly regarded than by the prisoner and his witnesses in his trial.

Mrs. Naimark, wife of the prisoner, became hysterical as her husband was being taken out of court after sentence was pronounced upon him. She had to be assisted out of the courtroom. Near her sat Miss Sadie Block, Naimark's stenographer, who was indicted for perjury in connection with her employer's case. She pleaded guilty, however, and will be arraigned for sentence on Monday. Miss Block was on the verge of nervous prostration as she listened to the scathing arraignment of Naimark by the court.

Judge Fawcett was especially bitter in his flaying of witnesses who give perjured testimony. He said there had been too much of it in court recently, and for that reason it must stop. He gave warning that any persons convicted of perjury before him in the future will receive the maximum penalty of the law.

Naimark was a defendant in an action brought by Max Goldberg before Judge Callahan in the County Court, Brooklyn, on March 14. He testified then that a check for $86.30 made payable to Goldberg had on the back of it the words "Paid in full." It was learned, however, that the writing was put on the check after it had passed out of Goldberg's hands and was returned to Naimark. As soon as Goldberg received the check he had it photographed. The photographs which were offered as evidence at Naimark's trial did not show any such writing on it, as Naimark alleged. Naimark's defence fell flat when the photographs were produced.

Another case where perjury was committed, and which came up before Judge Fawcett, was that of John Jasper, a saloonkeeper, convicted of killing John Hardy, a marine, stationed at the New York Navy Yard. Hardy visited Jasper's saloon on Feb. 8, 1911. The place was known as a notorious resort. Jasper put the marine out on the street and then beat him on the head with a club. Hardy died in a hospital on the following day.

Judge Fawcett said yesterday that several witnesses in the trial have since admitted to District Attorney Cropsey that they committed perjury in an attempt to save Jasper from the penalty of his crime. The court said that the prisoner's defense was reeking with perjury, and that his alibi was based upon a mass of "shocking falsehoods." He declared that the District Attorney will also prosecute the perjurers in this case.

## LAWYERS' CLERK INDICTED.

### Witness Confesses Perjury and Declares He Was Suborned.

Abraham Ampolsk of 548 West 164th Street, a law clerk in the employ of Rosenthal & Felternstein of 309 Broadway, was released in $3,000 bail yesterday by Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions after he had been arrested on a bench warrant charging him with subornation of perjury.

The charge against Ampolsk grew out of the arrest of Samuel Lepinsky, who testified for Ampolsk's employers in a civil suit which was tried before Justice Erlanger in the Supreme Court. The case was that of Watman against Kahn, and in the trial, which was for $25,000 damages, Lepinsky testified that he had seen Joseph Watman riding a bicycle when he was run over by a truck owned by Kahn. He said that both the boy and the truck were going north, and the suit was decided in favor of Kahn. Later it developed that Lepinsky had testified in the Coroner's Court that the boy was going south and the truck north, and then Justice Erlanger had him arrested.

Lepinsky was arraigned before Justice Davis in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court and pleaded guilty to perjury, and stated that Ampolsk had promised him $5 a day and told him he would help him if he testified that both boy and truck were going north. Assistant District Atorney Ellison was called in on the case, and yesterday Ampolsk and another man, whose name was not given, were indicted. Ampolsk surrendered himself to Detective Russo of District Attorney Whitman's staff, and another detective is looking for the other man.

**Boys' Summer Camp Needs Funds.**

Funds are urgently needed by the University Settlement Society for the maintenance of its Summer camp for boys at Fishkill-on-the-Hudson. Last year more than two hundred boys were enabled to escape from the hot city for two weeks each of healthful country life. This year it is hoped that still more can go. For this vacation trip the boys pay according to their means, but, notwithstanding this fact, the additional money is required to maintain the camp. Those who desire to assist the society are urged to send contributions to Pierre Jay, Treasurer, at 40 Wall Street.

**Yeggmen Overlook $1,580.**

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 13.—Burglars blew open a safe in the Postoffice at Clayton, St. Louis County, early to-day, robbed it of $2,500 in stamps and $417 in cash, and escaped, overloking $1,580 in cash and stamps. Pieces of the shattered safe tore through the ceiling into the apartment occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schmid.

## BAHA DENOUNCES WARFARE.

### Peace the Highest Good, Prophet Tells Astor Ballroom Audience.

A large crowd which filled the east ballroom of the Astor accepted the invitation of the Women's Committee of the New York Peace Society yesterday afternoon to meet and hear the Persian prophet, Abdul Baha.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, who introduced the various speakers, opened the meeting with an appreciation of the guest of honor. Mrs. Anna Garland Spencer of the Ethical Culture Society and Percy Stickney Grant of the Church of the Ascension followed him. Persian Consul Topakyan, the next speaker, said:

"Our guest of honor has stood as a prophet of enlightenment of peace for the Persian empire and a friend and well-wisher of Persia may well honor him. The awful calamity of war has hindered by centuries all human progress. What progress has been made has been made in spite of war. The day of universal peace will be a day of rejoicing for all."

When Abdul Baha, in his flowing robes, rose to speak everybody stood until he bade them be seated. He talked in his measured voice, and his remarks were translated by Dr. Farride, who stood by his side.

"I divine," he said, "that the greatest desire of all of you is for peace. To-day one can render no greater service to God than to work for peace. War is darkness, peace is light; war is death and peace is life; war is misguidance and peace is guidance; war is the devil and peace is God."

Other speakers were Prof. A. B. Williams Jackson of Columbia and W. H. Short of the Peace Society. Among the guests of the society on the platform were Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Ernest Thompson-Seton, and Mrs. Frederick Nathan.

## IMMIGRANT WINS SUIT.

### Jury Decides That He Was Defrauded of $500.

A jury in the Municipal Court has decided in favor of Albert Zander, a German immigrant, in his suit against Nathan and Sadie Pearl, whom he charged with defrauding him of $500, and the defendants are ordered to repay the money. Zander came to this country several years ago and obtained employment in Oshkosh, Wis. Last January he decided to return to Germany and came to New York to engage passage.

Here he met the Pearls, who conducted a sailors' saloon and boarding house at 2 Front Street. The Pearls learned from Zander that he had with him $500 in savings, and offered to sell him an interest in their saloon for that amount. He was easily persuaded, and says he handed over the money, receiving in return a paper which purported to be a partnership agreement. When Zander attempted to assume a share in the management of the saloon the following day, however, he says, he was kicked out into the street.

He immediately made a complaint to the police, only to learn that the paper was worthless. When he started suit it developed that a brewery practically owned the saloon. Two days after the suit had been brought the Pearls sold everything which they owned in the place to another man, and this fact convinced the jury that Zander was telling the truth.

**But a Few Times a Year Can We Make an Announcement Like This**

**Four Thousand Standard Value 1.50 SUMMER SHIRTS 85c**

*Smith Gray & Co.*

HERE are four thousand Summer Shirts made up by one of the *foremost* shirt makers of Troy from the *season's accumulation* of *short lengths,* which through special arrangements come to us several times a year.

Four weeks ago the first shipment of the year arrived—four thousand in all, and every shirt was sold in two days.

Now the second instalment is here.

The fabrics are the *choicest patterns* of the season—the *very best selling designs* this very successful maker had, as evidenced by these short lengths.

The *quality* of the fabric is *the same* as that regularly used by the better makers in their 1.50 shirts, and in some instances those of higher price.

The *full cut, perfect fitting* models, the *fine finish* in every detail, the *excellent tailoring* and the *fine laundering* are all *the same* as those with which you have heretofore identified *1.50 and 2.00 quality* in shirts by the better makers.

You may make your selection from *plain negligee* and *pleated bosom* models in upwards of a hundred popular, correct and exclusive designs—all sizes from 13½ to 18, in all sleeve lengths.

*'Tis an opportunity of which the wise will avail themselves to secure their whole Summer supply.*

**Smith Gray & Co.**

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

**J. M. Gidding & Co.**
OUTER APPAREL · MILLINERY · FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES *and* JUNIORS

**Extraordinary Sales of Gowns, Dresses, Plain and Fancy-tailored Suits**

Consisting of this season's latest dress ideas from such masters as Paquin, Poiret, Callot, Cheruit, Drecoll, Bechoff-David, Doucet, Bernard, Agnes and others of equal note—made up from this season's surplus high-grade imported materials by our best custom-tailors and dressmakers—

*Offering, we believe, the very best values that have been placed before New York's critical women in many years—*

**Suits that are exact copies of late foreign models.**
*Regularly $45, $55, $65, $75 & $85—* **at $25, $35 & $45**

**Exquisite High-class Novelty-tailored Suits** of highest grade imported woolen fabrics; also **Silk Suits** in newest weaves.
*Regularly $75, $85, $95 to $250—* **at $55, $65, $75, $85 & $95**

**Three-piece Silk Suits** of faille, charmeuse and imported taffeta.
*Regularly $150, $175 & $200—* **at $65, $75 & $85**

**Imported Model Suits** of cloth and silk. *Regularly $175, $200, $250, up to $400—* **at $65, $75 & $100**

**Dinner and Evening Gowns, $45, $55, $65, $75 to $150**
Of silks, novelty laces and nets. *Regularly $85, $95, $125 to $300.*

**Afternoon Dresses, $25, $35, $45 to $85**
For informal and semi-dress occasions. *Regularly $45, $55, $65 to $150.*

**Smart Morning Frocks, $18.50, $22.50, $28, $35 & $45**
Of serge, voile, flannel and linen. *Regularly $35, $45, $55 to $85.*

*We are also closing out—*

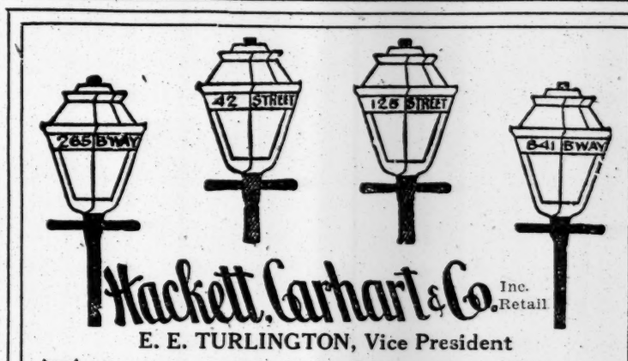
**French Blouses**—*formerly $25 to $35*—**at $9.75**

**Over-Blouses**—*formerly $15 to $30*—**at $5**

Ones and twos of lines which are broken in sizes, etc.

*None will be sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.*

**Fifth Avenue at 46th Street**




**Hackett, Carhart & Co.** Inc. Retail
E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice President

**This is Our Big Spring Suit Week!**

**"Good Tidings for Men!"**

We are showing a ratio of supreme models in all the avowed new patterns, finely fashioned and characterized by ingenuity of art.

**Concessions of about $6.50 to $13.50 on every suit.**

**These Notable Values Will Interest EVERY MAN:**

**Logically speaking, the true value of these suits has been ignored, the price they were made to sell for has been disregarded. Henceforth $13.50. Cambridge, Oxford and Sagamore models, "ultra or extreme"—just as you wish—serges, worsteds and many appropriate fabrics for summer. Many blues, browns, tans, grays and fancy mixtures. SPECIALLY PRICED,**

**$13.50**

**Men who buy and act with wisdom should see these suits. Cambridge, three-button model, with open vent sleeves; Oxford, three-button model, with soft front and fancy cuff; Sagamore, three-button model with plain cuff; Newport, two-button model with plain sleeve, and the Hopkins, two-button model with open vent sleeves. These suits contain all the Virtue possible, and they act as "tutors" for many other makes. SPECIALLY PRICED,**

**$17.50**

**Blues, browns, tans, grays and numerous odd colorings, blended to form an "immense" and "dense" volume of exclusive patterns. Worsteds, serges, cassimeres, cheviots and many Summer fabrics. The Norfolk belted and split sleeve coat, two and three button models, as well as many English adaptations and conservative models. SPECIAL,**

**$22.50**

*Suits, $15 to $45.*

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway, Cor. 13th St. | 119 West 42d St., Near Broadway | 125th St., Near 3d Av.

*Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings*

**THEY'RE FISHING NOW**
**In the Maine Lakes**

Don't just *wish* you could go—it's *easy* to go.

*10 hours from New York* to the finest big game fishing in America.

5,000 lakes and streams full of fighting trout and salmon—comfortable hotels and camps—wise guides.

A week in the big woods will put you in fighting shape for work.

**Send for these Free Fishing Booklets**

**"I Go A-Fishing" and "Maine Guides" tell where to go, what to take, how little it will cost.**

Address THE NEW ENGLAND LINES, Room 746 So. Station, Boston, or write or call City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, New York. Phone 5121 Cortlandt.

# MORGAN FIRM WAITS ON SUBWAY DEBATE

### Letter Setting a Time Limit on Financing Withdrawn for the Present.

### McANENY NOT YET READY

### Routes and Tunnels Thrashed Over Again—City Has Money Enough to Go On with Its Contracts.

For five hours yesterday the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate, consisting of Borough Presidents McAneny, Miller and Cromwell, was in consultation with Chairman Willcox and the other Public Service Commissioners with the exception of Mr. Cram. They went exhaustively into the financial side of the subway situation, and then took up some of the routes in dispute, but at the end of the afternoon session they could not report that any definite result had been obtained. They will meet again this morning at 10:30 o'clock, and will make a further attempt at reaching an agreement, but little hope was held out that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate, called for 2:30 this afternoon, there will be anything in sufficiently definite shape to be voted upon.

It was learned last night that Mr. Shonts has persuaded J. P. Morgan & Co. to withdraw, for a few days at least, their letter to the effect that financial support of the Interborough subway proposal would have to be withdrawn unless the city at once indicated its approval of it, and even then, fearing that better terms for the loan would have to be exacted. The firm explained in its letter that the money could not be kept at option indefinitely, and that it would have to be diverted to other commitments if something wasn't speedily done. The withdrawal of this letter leaves the situation much as it was two or three days after the bankers served notice last week.

Mr. Shonts said last night that he was still awaiting the result of to-day's developments to decide what definite action the Interborough would take. It would depend entirely on the steps the Board of Estimate took, but the company certainly did not intend to act improperly toward the city.

"Will the committee make a report to the Board of Estimate to-morrow that will enable the Board to pass a resolution approving generally the Interborough plan?" Mr. McAneny was asked yesterday afternoon.

"It will not," replied the Borough President.

From this it appears that if Mr. McAneny has his way and J. P. Morgan & Co. cannot be induced to grant further grace, the Interborough will be forced to withdraw, or at any rate ask the city to grant it more liberal terms.

**City Finances Found All Right.**

From the time of the last report of the Tax Commissioners there has been a fear that the city was undertaking more than it could handle, and this has aroused on the part of the B. R. T. and the Interborough a close watch to see that the Public Service Commission in laying out new routes was not favoring one at the expense of the other.

However, the conference concluded, after a careful estimate of the cost of the new lines, with the contracts already let, that the city can go ahead in confidence that the increased valuations of property at the normal rate will provide all the money that the construction programme calls for.

The conference passed on to the consideration of routes, as Borough President McAneny remains firm in his position that he cannot make his report till the entire lay-out of the new lines has been settled, and it is quite certain that the city will grant the B. R. T. such routes as will enable it to operate a coherent system. To assist in the discussion of the problems, the conferrees called in the expert advice of these engineers: William Barclay Parsons, designer of the present Subway, who represented the Interborough as its consulting engineer; W. S. Menden, Chief Engineer, and J. V. Davies, Consulting Engineer of the B. R. T.; Alfred Craven, Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission, and E. P. Goodrich, Consulting Engineer of the Borough of Manhattan.

One of the chief matters that came up for discussion was the level at which the Canal Street crosstown line will be built. It will run from the Manhattan approach of the Manhattan Bridge to the Broadway line at Canal Street, and will, it is anticipated by the B. R. T., form the chief entrance for the people of Brooklyn to this borough. The East River tunnel will, of course, also give access to the lower end of Manhattan, but, once the connection between the Manhattan Bridge and the centre of the Brooklyn business district has been set up, the shortest route for Brooklynites will be over the new bridge.

The commission has proposed that this new cross-town line shall be on the second level and shall run into a station immediately below the Canal Street station of the Broadway line. They have planned it in this way because thereby will the problem of passing the loop line at Centre Street and the present Subway at Lafayette Street be solved easily, and there will be no difficulty about the crossing of the Broadway and the Canal Street lines at grade. They fear that if the Canal Street line was to make a physical connection with the Broadway Subway the same kind of situation would be created as has caused so much difficulty and delay at Ninety-sixth Street. There the necessity of providing for the junction of the Broadway and Bronx Park tracks at grade has caused no end of operating difficulties, and the commission does not wish to have the same condition prevail by switching trains from the Manhattan Bridge on to tracks already filled with the regular Broadway cars.

On the other hand, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit declares that it needs a physical connection between the crosstown and Broadway lines at this point, as otherwise there will be great inconvenience in the transfer of passengers from one level to another, and it will be impossible for the company to operate trains over the Manhattan Bridge down to the financial district and uptown on the Broadway line. It feels that if it is to compete successfully with the Interborough for the traffic between the two boroughs it must be able to take its passengers without change of cars from Brooklyn to the nearest point to their offices and it will be badly handicapped by forcing them to change cars.

**Tunnel Arguments Again.**

In the discussion of the East River tunnels the conferrees showed a disposition to compromise. If tall buildings on floating and other awkward foundations will make construction under Liberty Street costly, there are also in Beaver Street, it is contended by Mr. Goodrich, Mr. McAneny's expert adviser, other engineering problems of difficulty and expensiveness. In the course of the discussion Chairman Willcox stuck to his guns and declared that he was not prepared to vote for any route merely because one of the companies wanted it, unless he was assured it was for the good of the city.

It was, however, explained by the Chairman that when the commission proposed that the Beaver Street-Clark Street tunnel should serve both the William Street and the Broadway lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, this was only as a temporary measure. At present the city does not possess the funds to build more than three new tunnels to Brooklyn—that is the Fourteenth Street, the Beaver Street, and the Whitehall Street tunnel—but that as soon as the traffic demands it, the Battery-Atlantic Avenue tunnel, which has lately been vetoed by the Mayor after the Brooklyn Rapid Transit had expressed its disinclination to it, might be constructed and connected with the William Street route. This should then remove the Brooklyn Rapid Transit objection that the Beaver Street tunnel, with its numerous curves, was expected, with its two tracks, to take care of all the traffic, which would be originated on the two tracks of the William Street line and the two tracks of the lower part of the Broadway line.

The Chairman, after the meeting, said that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit would be able to construct all the stub ends it requires in Manhattan for the switching of its Manhattan trains, and it is understood that Alfred Craven, Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission, has worked out a compromise on the East River tunnel situation which will be taken up at the meeting this morning. The result may be that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit will receive all the facilities it needs for the building up of a local Manhattan as well as a two-borough service, and this will raise the question of competition in Manhattan with the Interborough. Considerable opposition to this is to be expected from the latter company, and its dissatisfaction will add a new element of difficulty to the situation.

## EVELYN THAW NOT TO SUE.

### Has an Infant Son, but Is Not Seeking Thaw Money for Him.

It was denied on authority in this city yesterday on behalf of Mrs. Harry Kendall Thaw, wife of the slayer of Stanford White, that she intended to sue the Thaw family for further grants of money for the benefit of an infant son. A rumor that Mrs. Thaw was planning to sue was started yesterday when it became known that she has a son now about twenty months old. Her desire to see her son provided for was made the basis of the story.

Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Thaw, said yesterday that he had not heard that Mrs. Thaw had a son, but whether she had or not he knew of no contemplated action on her part against Thaw.

Mrs. Thaw's young son was born in Germany and is named Anthony.

After Thaw's trial and commitment to Matteawan there was a settlement of $15,000 made on Mrs. Thaw, and it was understood that she was to receive $5,000 a year on which to support herself, provided she refrained from seeking a public career.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 13.—Friends of Harry Kendall Thaw in Pittsburgh place no credence in the story that Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is the mother of an infant twenty-one months old, but no one connected with the Thaw family in this city knows the whereabouts of the young woman, nor does Mrs. C. J. Holman, her mother. Inquiry at the Holman home elicited the reply that the family knew nothing about young Mrs. Thaw and didn't care to discuss the latest story about her.

# LIGHTEN THE LOADS ON BROOKLYN BRIDGE

### B. R. T. Ordered to Curtail Elevated and Surface Traffic During the Rush Hours.

### MAKING EXTENSIVE REPAIRS

### Wagons and Automobiles Compelled to Cross Bridge at Slow Speed —Heavy Teams Barred.

In order to keep Brooklyn Bridge wholly within the margin of absolute safety, the police of the Traffic Squad have recently been instructed to enforce rigidly the order that no heavy teams be allowed to pass over the Bridge, and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has been compelled to curtail its traffic, both elevated and surface, during the rush hours. It was learned yesterday also that extensive repairs are being made to the great river structure, and that all automobiles and wagons are forced to proceed at slow speed.

Travis H. Whitney, Secretary of the Public Service Board, yesterday said:

"I am unable to state whether a direct order has been issued to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company restraining it from running more than a certain number of trains over the bridge during rush hours. I can say, however, that it has been a standing order during the last two years that the number of elevated trains to pass over the bridge be limited to sixty per hour during the rush period. This order was not, I believe, rigidly enforced. Again, little or no attention was paid to the limitation placed on the number of surface cars to pass at one time, or to the order that heavy vehicles be prohibited from passing over at any time. The police and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit officials have probably both been ordered to enforce these rules to the letter.

"Personally I do not believe there is any reason to warrant the belief that the Brooklyn Bridge is unsafe, or that there is any likelihood of the bridge collapsing in the immediate future. Of course the bridge is rather old, and its construction is not the most modern, by any means, but with the repairs that are continually being made it is safe to believe that it will be many years before it will be necessary to condemn it. Preventive measures are always best.

"The strain on the bridge, when heavily laden with cars, trains, and trucks is naturally very great, and for this reason it has been deemed wise to restrict traffic thereon."

Public Service Commissioner Williams stated last night that it is true that on account of overload danger on the Brooklyn Bridge the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has been ordered to reduce the number of trains crossing it from sixty-five to fifty-six per hour. The elimination of nine trains per hour, he said, cuts down the number of passengers which the company is able to handle by 11,000 per hour.

## NEWSBOYS TO BURY FRIEND.

### They Want $90 for "The Little Philanthropist's" Funeral.

Thirteen-year-old Harry Engel, a newsboy, and some of his companions began yesterday the task of collecting $90 with which to bury their friend, Thomas Verdon, who was known on the east side from Fourteenth to Forty-second Street as "The Little Philanthropist."

The lad, who died in Bellevue Hospital a few days ago, was the principal support of his mother and small brother. Tommy's father was a street cleaner before the strike. He has not obtained employment since the strike failed, and the mother, who undertook to support the family by washing, collapsed and had to give up work. Since then it was the pennies that Tommy brought home that kept a home for them. Now Tommy is dead and Harry Engel, his partner, and his friends are trying to get money with which to bury him.

They had slips printed, thus inscribed:

Please help Tommy Verdon, the newsboy, who is dead. Anything that will help us bury him will be appreciated.
THE NEWSBOYS.

Fifteen boys went out among Tommy's customers yesterday with these slips. They collected only $4.85, but young Engel is not discouraged. An undertaker has promised to bury the boy on Wednesday and wait for the youngsters to get the money with which to pay the bill.

## KIMMEL'S EYES CHANGE.

### Indicates Operation on Claimant Was Successful, Says Surgeon.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The eyes of the man who asserts he is the missing George A. Kimmel of Niles, Mich., have changed to a marked degree since the operation for the removal of bone pressure on the brain a few days ago. Dr. Loren Wilder declares this change has convinced him of the success of the operation.

"Before the operation the pupils of the patient's eyes were noticeably small," said Dr. Wilder last night. "Sometimes one was larger than the other; the pupils now are larger and they are uniform in size. This is one thing which tells me that the operation was a success. I cannot tell to what extent the man has recovered his memory."

Kimmel's eyes were brown. The claimant's eyes are light blue. The physician says that the patient's eyes appear faded.

It suddenly occurred to him that he hadn't seen

*This Week's* **Life**

Without which any party is dull.

**Pittsburgh Number**
All News-stands
Ten Cents

*Obey that Impulse*

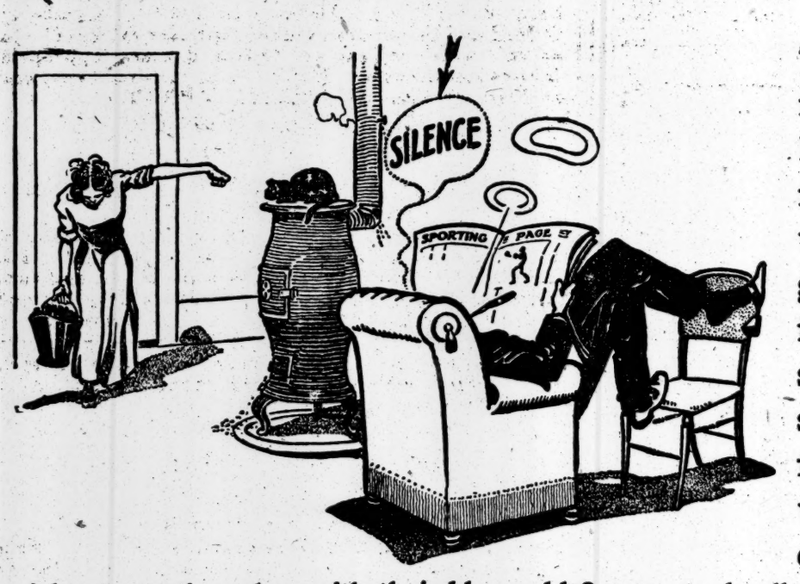
Special Offer
Enclosed find One Dollar (Canadian $1.13, Foreign $1.26). Send LIFE for three months to

Open only to new subscribers; no subscription renewed at this rate. Trial subscriptions should come to us direct; not through an agent or dealer.

*LIFE*, 17 West 31, New York.

ONE YEAR $5.00. (CANADIAN $6.52, FOREIGN $6.04.)

# Heat that saves strength




The greatest editor in America, who is also an active humanitarian, writes forcefully and pathetically of women's household drudgery:—"Do you realize that it is an absolutely primitive, stupid thing to carry coal upstairs and build a little wasteful fire? It is cruel to let women with thin shawls over their heads lug out and pick among the ashes with their blue-cold fingers, to do all the heavy after-sweeping and cleaning—the useless labors that make old, bent backs of those upon whom the health and strength of the coming men and women depend." There would be no force to such words if it were not for the invention of ideal heating—now available in price even for the humblest homes—namely,

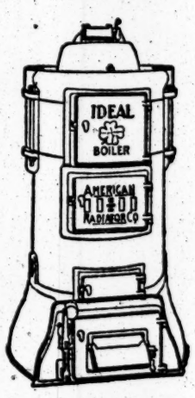
**AMERICAN RADIATORS & IDEAL BOILERS**

This company conducts the only Testing Laboratories there are in the world (one each in the United States, England, France, Italy and Germany) for testing the heat-distributing qualities of any and all kinds of heaters. The most exhaustive tests have shown us how to construct Boilers and Radiators that will deliver the highest possible number of heat units from every pound of fuel burned—these outfits *shut off all fuel waste.* Our Laboratory tests have proved to all eminent engineers and architects the wonderful fuel-saving, as well as the easy-running features, steady control and almost indestructible durability of IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators.

A No. 4121 IDEAL Boiler and 420 sq. ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $190, were used to heat this cottage. At this price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include costs of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which are extra and vary according to climatic and other conditions.

These outfits are strong factors in a million buildings in America, Europe, Australia and elsewhere. They are the efficient, clean, healthful, silent, reliable servants of the house-owner—they do more for the cheer and work-saving than any other material feature of the home—and quickly repay their cost in the fuel-saving, absence of repair bills, health protection, and the longer life of carpets, decorations and furniture because of the household freedom from ashes, soot, etc.

Ask your neighbors or let us send lists of local references. But you will need our complete catalog (free) to make right selection therefrom. Phone, call or write to-day.




IDEAL Boilers are safer and easier to run than a stove, and their cleanliness reduces housework one-half. They will last as long as the building and need no repairs. Accept no substitute.

*We have also brought out the first genuinely practical, automatic, durable Vacuum Cleaner. ALL the dirt and trash is drawn from the rooms through small iron suction pipes leading to big, sealed dust-bucket in cellar. Attach hose to iron suction pipe opening in baseboard of any room, turn an electric button to start the machine in cellar, and with a few gentle strokes of the hollow, magical ARCO WAND, you instantly and thoroughly clean carpets, rugs, floor, walls, ceiling, draperies, moldings, mattresses, drawers, corners, crevices, etc. Put with ease into any old or new dwelling or building. Costs little monthly for electricity to run. Ask for catalog of ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner.*

Sold by all dealers.
No exclusive agents.

**AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY**

Write Department N-49
104-108 West 42nd St.,
New York

Public Showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Providence, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Buffalo, Detroit, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Seattle, Portland, Spokane, San Francisco, Brantford (Ont.), London, Paris, Brussels, Berlin, Duesseldorf, Milan, Vienna

KNABE WAREROOMS

# An Unusual Opportunity To Secure Fine Pianos of Great Worth at a Fraction of Their Real Value!

# Knabe Pianos

## Chickerings, Webers, Steinways, Haines Bros., &c.

are well represented and in every case ARE PERFECT. The Knabes being new at the beginning of the season and returned from rental. The other makes were taken in exchange for new Knabe Pianos and Player-Pianos. ALL HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY REBUILT LIKE NEW AND ARE FULLY GUARANTEED.

*Any of the following will make an attractive setting for homes of refinement, and will prove a permanent investment particularly interesting to owners of Summer homes.*

**GRAND PIANOS**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| KNABE; Baby, mahogany. Was $950. Now | $845 | KNABE; small, remodelled. Was $850. Now | $445 | STEINWAY; Baby, rose. Was $800. Now | $500 |
| KNABE; Mignon, mahogany. Was $850. Now | $625 | CHICKERING; Baby, mahogany. Was $750. Now | $485 | STEINWAY; Baby, rose. Was $800. Now | $495 |
| KNABE; Mignon, rose. Was $750. Now | $610 | CHICKERING; Baby, mahogany. Was $750. Now | $445 | WEBER; Parlor, rose. Was $1,000. Now | $210 |
| KNABE; Mignon, rose. Was $750. Now | $595 | STEINWAY; Baby, ebony-finished. Was $950. Now | $610 | HAINES BROS.; Baby, mahogany. Was $650. Now | $495 |
| KNABE; Mignonette, mahogany. Was $750. Now | $590 | | | GILDEMEESTER; Parlor, rose. Was $1,000. Now | $165 |

**UPRIGHT PIANOS**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $750. Now | $445 | KNABE; mahogany. Was $500. Now | $380 | HAINES BROS.; mahogany. Was $450. Now | $295 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $600. Now | $445 | CHICKERING; mahogany. Was $550. Now | $350 | HAINES BROS.; mahogany. Was $400. Now | $260 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $550. Now | $410 | CHICKERING; mahogany. Was $500. Now | $325 | MARSHALL & WENDELL; mahogany. Was $350. Now | $210 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $550. Now | $400 | STEINWAY; ebony-finished. Was $550. Now | $275 | ARMSTRONG; mahogany. Was $275. Now | $190 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $500. Now | $395 | STEINWAY; ebony-finished. Was $550. Now | $260 | STERLING; mahogany. Was $300. Now | $155 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $500. Now | $390 | WEBER; mahogany. Was $550. Now | $350 | SANFORD; mahogany. Was $250. Now | $95 |
| KNABE; mahogany. Was $500. Now | $385 | | | | |

**PLAYER-PIANOS**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| KNABE-ANGELUS; mahogany. Was $950. Now | $545 | ARMSTRONG; mahogany. Was $450. Now | $395 | PRIMATONE; oak. Was $390. Now | $375 |

*Terms Low As $5 Month on Some of Above Pianos*

**RYTHMODIK RECORD MUSIC ROLLS** *"It's all in the Roll"*

TALKING MACHINES AND RECORDS AT MODERATE PRICES FOR COUNTRY HOMES.

KNABE-ANGELUS GRANDS, $1650

*Liberal Allowance for Pianos Taken in Exchange.*

*We cordially invite an inspection of our instruments at all times, which in no way implies an obligation to purchase.*

# KNABE WAREROOMS

5th Ave. *Corner* 39th St.

**FOR TIMID INVESTORS**

our GUARANTEED MORTGAGES on New York City Real Estate are the safest and best security. They furnish an assured income of 4½% with principal and interest guaranteed.

**LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.**

RICHARD M. HURD, President.

Capital & Surplus, $8,500,000

59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn



NOW ON EXHIBITION
Until the Sale by Auction on Thursday, Friday, Saturday, May 16, 17, 18, at 2 o'clock Each Day.
ON THE PREMISES,

**No. 300 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.**

Owing to the Aproaching Demolition of the Building,
THE VALUABLE COLLECTION OF

**ANTIQUES**

Formed by

**Charles R. Morson**

Comprising in part

**Furniture of Colonial, Sheraton, Heppelwhite and Chippendale Periods**

also rare old Sheffield Plate, Cut Glass, Clocks, Mirrors, Engravings, Andirons, Fenders, Franklin Stoves and many other objects of value.

SALE CONDUCTED BY

**Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.**

333-343 4th Ave., S. E. Cor. 25th St., Manhattan.

HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.



**CARPET CLEANSING**

By Compressed Air in Fire-Proof Building

**FIRE-PROOF STORAGE**

For Household Goods,

**T. M. STEWART**

438-442 WEST 51ST ST.

Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.

RING UP 3567 COLUMBUS


# ZOO'S YOUNG FRIENDS BUY IT A YOUNG BEAR

## Kadiak Cub Badly Scared When Junior Auxiliary Members Pay Him a Visit.

## BRONX ANIMALS ALL PERFORM

### Ladies' Auxiliary Gives a Garden Party, but the Little Folks Outshine Them.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the New York Zoological Society held a garden party at the Zoological Park yesterday. The Junior Auxiliary of the organization also held its Spring meeting there. It was really Junior Auxiliary Day, as the women were to have had their party on May 6, but it had been postponed day after day on account of the rain, while yesterday was the day that had first been set for the junior meeting. Perhaps that was the reason that it turned out actually to be the juniors' day, with the Ladies' Auxiliary not much more than an auxiliary to it.

For one reason, the juniors did a great thing yesterday. They bought a bear and presented it to the Zoo. It is up in one of the bear cages now, and visitors may see a nice Kadiak bear playing in a big cage all by himself, a sign on the cage reading, "Presented by the Junior Auxiliary."

In the first place, one must know something about the auxiliary to understand. It is made up of little boys and girls who are interested in New York, the city in which they live, are being educated to have civic pride in it, and are beginning by joining the Zoological Society, because there is not a boy or girl too small to be interested in animals.

There were about fifty of the Junior Auxiliary boys and girls out yesterday, small boys in sailor suits and little girls in white gowns or long coats, and there are 175 members of the Auxiliary. The only thing necessary to join it is to pay your dollar admission fee and receive the pretty membership button of green and gold with a big lion's head in the centre. Miss Charlotte Adams Barnes, who is at the head of the Auxiliary, is anxious to make it so big that there will be a thousand little boys and girls in it, and any one who wishes to join has only to send in the name to her at 10 East Seventy-ninth Street with the dollar and she will return the membership card and button.

The boys and girls were called to order the first thing in the big new Administration Building, and Miss Barnes said:

"All who think it would be nice to buy a Kadiak bear to present to the Zoo, please raise their righ' hands."

Then everybody raised a hand with delight—some left hands got up by mistake and had to be pulled down—and it was voted then and there to give the bear to the Zoo. It is a bear that costs $300, and Dr. Hornaday told the children that it comes from Kadiak Island 'n Alaska, where the biggest bears in the world are found, and this bear promises to be a monster. He is a year and four months old now, and is three feet high, and only a cub, for bears do not get their growth until they are seven years old.

There was a rope stretched yesterday so that no one could get to the junior Kadiak bear cage, but that was taken down, of course, when the little people, who had given him to the Zoo, came to see him. They all rushed in front of the cage, as many of them as could, holding tight to Dr. Hornaday's hand, not to lose anything interesting that he said. The poor brown bear was so scared that he ran for his life up on the rocks at the back of the cage and had to be poked down by a keeper.

"I like that bear," said a small junior, enthusiastically.

"What shall we name him?" asked Miss Barnes.

"Call him Brownie," said one of the boys.

"I think Junior would be a nice name," said another boy, and Junior the new bear will be the rest of his life, long after he becomes really a senior.

Junior was one of the last of the animals that the little people visited, for they had a personally conducted trip through the Park, and all the animals gave a performance for them.

Susie, the monkey, who talks; Baldy, the chimpanzee, and the orang-utan were dressed in their clothes and had their first meal of the season served outdoors where visitors could see. Susie in her little bifucated suit sat at a table and strung spools, counted, and did all sorts of wonderful things, and at the dinner table the different monkeys ate sliced bananas with forks and drank sweetened water from bottles, while the children shouted with delight.

Prince and Musse, the tigers, were the first animals the children visited, and they laughed with glee when Prince, lying on his back in a lazy fashion, stretched out his big paws and played like a kitten with a handkerchief that Dr. Hornaday, inside the railing, flicked at him to make him get up.

Alice, the elephant, did her tricks for the first time this season. She knelt and lay down, let her keeper get on and off her back, and then rang a big telephone, took the receiver and put it to her ear while she talked in such a big voice that no one at the other end would ever have had to ask her to "Speak louder." Then she played a musical instrument and waltzed to the music and the children went on to see more animals.

They walked past the beaver pond where the beavers were making a new dam; they saw the little brown bear cubs and said they looked just like Teddy bears; they went to the reptile house and saw the albino alligators, the King Cobra, and the big snakes that gave them nice shivers of excitement up and down their spines.

"There are no loose things here," said one of the little girls, and every one was glad there were not.

The last thing they saw in the reptile house was the innocent-looking red mongoose, which Dr. Hornaday told the visitors is in many ways more wicked than snakes.

"The United States Government will not allow a mongoose to be brought into this country," said Dr. Hornaday. "If a mongoose should be set loose in the South it would cost the Government $1,000,000 before it and its young could be destroyed. It would kill the chickens and ducks and geese and everything on the ground. That is what it has done at Barbados. It was taken there to kill the rats that ate the sugar cane, but it killed the chickens and the birds and everything else."

"Would it kill a lion?" asked a small boy in an awed tone.

"Well, I don't know that it would kill a lion," said Dr. Hornaday.

When the children reached the Administration Building again the Ladies' Auxiliary was enjoying an important part of its garden party, having tea and sandwiches, ice cream, and cake. That is part of the Junior Auxiliary's Spring meeting, too, so the children had sandwiches, cake, and ice cream, and it was a very nice day for every one.

Among the little people present were the children of Mrs. William B. Osgood Field, who is Secretary of the Ladies' Auxiliary; of Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton, Mrs. W. V. S. Thorne, and Mrs. Ralph Sanger, all members of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Ladies' Auxiliary, who received the guests with the President, Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, was Mrs. Stephen H. Olin. Others of the auxiliary who were present and guests were Mrs. Willard Straight, Miss Cuyler, Mrs. Philip Schuyler, Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr., Mrs. Edward M. Townsend, Jr., Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. J. F. A. Clark, Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Miss Amy Townsend, Miss Pauline Robinson, Mrs. Richard Trimble, Mrs. Henry R. Hoyt, Mrs. Charles Sheldon, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibsonson, Mrs. Edward Lauterbach, Mr. and Mrs. William W. Niles, Miss Niles, Stephen H. Olin, Frederick Lucas, Lispenard Stewart, Charles R. Knight, Dr. W. Reid Blair, and H. R. Mitchell.

## CAN'T FIND MISS WEYMAN.

### One Man Thought He Saw Missing St. Louis Girl in Times Square.

Miss Marie Weyman, the 19-year-old daughter of Mrs. A. M. Weyman of 3,061 Thomas Street, St. Louis, who has been missing since May 3, and who was said to be in Dayton, Ohio, with her father, who is separated from his wife, could not be found in that city, according to a dispatch received by THE TIMES yesterday. The dispatch said that neither she nor her father, John Weyman, were known in Dayton.

Mrs. A. D. Koch, sister of Miss Weyman, who was to support her sister until she could obtain a place on the stage, admitted yesterday that she thought her sister could not be in Dayton, and that she might be in this city. A man called up her husband from a club in West Forty-fourth Street yesterday, she said, and told him that he had seen a girl answering the description of Miss Weyman in Times Square on the night of May 6, which was the night that she should have arrived in this city, according to the delayed letter which Mrs. Weyman wrote to Mr. Koch. The man would not give his name, but said that he had seen a girl whom he now thinks was Miss Weyman, in company with a man.

His attention was attracted to the girl because she appeared to be so frightened. He said that they walked up Broadway to Fifty-third Street, thence east to Third Avenue, where they went uptown on the elevated and got off at Eighty-sixth Street.

Mrs. Koch said that her husband had made arrangements to meet her informant, but she could not believe that Miss Weyman had been in the company of a strange man. She said that they were hourly expecting definite word from the girl's mother, who is a trained nurse and who is now out on a case. Mr. Koch and his brother, H. K. Koch, who married another sister of the missing girl, will in the meantime continue their search through the city's institutions.

## TEMPLE EMANU-EL ELECTION.

### James Seligman Once More Chosen as President of the Congregation.

At the annual meeting last night of the Congregation of Temple Emanu-El, Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, the following officers were elected: President, James Seligman; Vice President, N. H. Moses; Trustees for three years, James Seligman, ex-Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer and N. H. Moses.

In the absence of Mr. Seligman, who has been President of the congregation for many years, ex-Judge David Leventritt presided. Reports of committees for the past year were read and approved.

### Donations from Times Readers.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $10 from William Henry B. for the Mississippi Flood Sufferers; also $10 from "M. M. K." for "An Aged Pair Destitute."

# SHOT TWICE AT WIFE, THEN KILLED HIMSELF

## Young Husband Had Pleaded in Vain with Her to Return to Him.

## PARENTS THOUGHT HER DEAD

### But Girl Mother Had Swooned at the First Fire and Was Found Unhurt Under His Body.

Angered at his wife's refusal to return to him, Robert Shuman, 22 years old, of 257 Maple Street, Passaic, N. J., attempted to kill her last night at her home, 620 East 182d Street, the Bronx, and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the right temple.

The tragedy was the culmination of a love affair, which began two years ago when Shuman and his wife, who was then Miss Gertrude McAvoy, were employed in a candy store in Fifth Avenue. In November, 910, the two were married and made a home in the Bronx not far from where the parents of the bride lived. Nine months ago a little daughter, Florence, was born to them, and three months later Shuman deserted his wife, who was forced to return to the home of her father, Thomas J. McAvoy, a retired business man.

Six weeks ago the young wife—she is only 20—found her husband at the home of his mother in Passaic and had him arrested for non-support. After he had spent five days in jail his mother furnished a bond, and he was released.

Last night he visited his wife at the home of her parents and insisted upon seeing her upon the porch, there pleading with her to return to him. When she refused he drew a revolver from his coat pocket and fired two shots at her, point blank. They pierced her shirtwaist, but failed to injure her.

The young wife fell forward in a swoon, and, evidently believing that he had killed her, Shuman raised the revolver to his temple and fired, falling dead across her unconscious body.

### Act on Paper Employes' Demands.

The demands of the 7,000 employes of the International Paper Company are being carefully gone over at the conferences between the company's representatives and the employes' committee, which continued yesterday at the Hotel Latham, 4 East Twenty-eighth Street. Both sides are desirous of avoiding a strike, if possible. Hugh Frayne, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who is presiding at the conferences, said last night everything points to an amicable settlement.

### Erie Canal Opening Postponed.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 13.—State Engineer Bensel has given orders to Supt. Leddy of the Erie Canal to burn all hulks of old boats now standing in the canal. Owing to leaks it will be impossible to fill the sixty mile level between Rochester and Lockport before Friday or Saturday and therefore the opening of the canal will be postponed until at least May 17.

## ILL, WON'T LEAVE MOTHER.

### Consumptive Girl Tells Court She Prefers Death to Separation.

Although warned that if she remains in the city she will not live a year, Theresa Bovaso, 16 years old, who lives with her parents at 247 East 111th Street, in the Harlem Court yesterday told Magistrate Herrmann that she will not leave her mother.

The young woman is suffering from tuberculosis, and had gone to the Italian Clinic, 420 East 116th Street, for treatment. There physicians told her she was suffering from consumption in its early stages and that if she was to leave the city she would probably recover. The girl refused, and the matter was referred to the Gerry Society. Agent J. O. Girolano of the society went to the girl's home, and there he found her at work with her two young sisters and a brother making feather dusters. The girl, pale and frail, seemed listless and dragged herself along. She readily consented to accompany the agent to court and with her father appeared yesterday.

"I won't go! I won't go!" she sobbed passionately when the Magistrate tried to persuade her. "I want to stay with my mother. My mother needs me. I love her, so I won't go."

Magistrate Herrmann appealed to her father and asked that he lend his voice to the plea. The father shrugged his shoulders and replied that the girl had a right to do as she wished.

"But she can't live a year," insisted Magistrate Herrmann. "Send her away and let her get well. Send her to the Preventorium at Otisville, N. Y., where she will receive good treatment and soon be able to come back to you."

But the father still shrugged his shoulders and said that he could do nothing with the girl. Then the interpreter was called, and he, too, talked with the girl. But to no avail. The matron added her voice, but the only reply the girl would make was "I won't leave my mother."

## ONLY 19 LEFT OF 225.

### Surviving Charter Members of B'nai Brith Lodge 167 Dine Together.

Promptly at 1 o'clock yesterday morning a group of nineteen men and their wives gathered about a table in the large dining room of Little Hungary in East Houston Street, to celebrate the fortieth anniversay of the founding of Shulamith Lodge, 167, Independent Order of B'nai Brith. Exactly forty years ago yesterday morning 225 candidates were initiated as charter members of the lodge and of this number the nineteen who assembled with their wives to celebrate the event are the only survivors.

Samuel Wiener, the President, of No. 572 Ninth Avenue, is the oldest living member of the lodge, being 78 years old. Mr. Wiener acted as toastmaster. Seated near him were Marcus Cohen, Vice President, 70 years; Benjamin Low, Financial Secretary, 72; Samuel Manishof, Treasurer, 70; Sigmund Zitser, Corresponding Secretary, 71; Herman Friedman, Trustee, 73; and Samuel Green, Trustee, 72 years old. The only member present who was not in the septuagenarian class was William Dattellam, also a Trustee of the lodge, who is a mere youth of 62 Summers.

The dinner did not end until long after daybreak.

"Welcome, Noble Pachyderm!"
Exclaims The Sphinx,
"Thrice welcome! Thy courtesy is proverbial. Walterkins, observe the admirable ease with which our friend's proboscis tenders us the Gin in the Bottle with the Red Label."
Watch the car signs'
Sir Robt BURNETT & Co's
London DRY Gin
First Distilled in 1770
Sir Robert Burnett & Company
689-691 W. 34th Street, New York



# You are probably tired of hearing *us* talk about the Cole

# Here is what *Cole Owners* say

*The following are extracts from a few letters received within the last week or so:*

"My car has been most satisfactory in every respect, giving me little or no trouble, has proven inexpensive and is in as **good shape to-day**, after driving it some 7,500 miles, **as it was the day I bought it.**

"Moreover, **my expectations as to service** from your company, high as they were, **have been fully realized.**"—*Hugh C. Leighton, 118 East 16th St., New York.*

"Everything about my car is most satisfactory. The engine works splendidly, there is little or no repairing, and I **have spent less than $10.00** during the year for new parts.

"It is with pleasure that I write you this, as when I first purchased the car I was skeptical as to the cost of the up-keep of an automobile."—*Theron McCampbell, 615 West 43d St., New York.*

"I am driving a 1912 Cole for Mr. Johnson and find it the best car I have ever driven.

"During the Winter I went through any number of deep snow-banks that horses couldn't possibly pass. I have driven her 4,000 miles and haven't spent a penny for repairs outside of tires. **The Cole is some car, believe me.**"—*Wm. H. Siple, (chauffeur), 6 N. Melcher St., Johnstown, N. Y.*

"I want to express my entire satisfaction with the Cole toy tonneau bought from you last Fall.

"I have taken more pleasure out of this car than any other automobile I ever owned. **The ease of operation and easy riding qualities of the car are quite surprising to me.**

"As to your firm's treatment, I wish to say it has always been courteous and shown a disposition to please and satisfy in every respect."—*G. M. Franklin, 222-26 West 39th St., New York.*

"I have done considerable riding in my Speedster and must say that I am **very well satisfied,** not only with the car, but with the treatment I have received from the Service Department."—*W. Sengstacke, 95 William St., New York.*

"I recently had my 1911 Cole overhauled and personally inspected all the moving parts. All I found that showed any wear was a shackle bolt on the front springs and one bolt on the steering tie-rod—both of which worked loose from not being locked with a cotter pin through the nut.

"I think that the above is a mighty good showing and I wish to assure you that I am well pleased with the way the Cole stands the hard, rough roads in Queens Borough. **I consider the Cole much the best proposition on the market** for its price."—*H. C. Tuttle, Woodhaven, L. I.*

"My toy tonneau through operation facilities **and easy riding qualities**—particularly in rough going—stands alone in my experience as an owner of motor cars. **Your long wheelbase** for a car of its class is a feature that will preclude the possibility of all argument to any one who will try it out."—*R. K. Taylor, Jamestown, N. Y.*

"The car I bought from you has been **eminently satisfactory;** it has been no trouble and has been a great source of pleasure. I can't find a thing to criticise about the car in any way, shape or form, and I hope always to be able to have one."—*John Larkin, 44 Wall St., New York.*

"My Cole roadster certainly gave me the finest satisfaction last Summer, and as it is in perfect condition I have no doubt I will have the same results from it this Summer. **In other words, I could not ask for a better machine.**"—*Langdon B. Valentine, 456 Fourth Ave., New York.*

"I am exceptionally well satisfied with my car. I am also very **much pleased with the service** rendered by your Company and the courtesy of the employes, which is somewhat different from past experiences with other concerns."—*Charles P. Scott, 114-116 West 27th St., New York.*

"It may interest you to know that the car you delivered to me has to date covered 9,000 miles, an average of almost 1,000 miles per month. It has been the **most satisfactory car I have ever used,** and I have driven cars since 1907."—*F. O. Grattan, Red Bank, N. J.*

"I had your car on an extensive trip in Michigan and can only say that I am entirely satisfied with it. I rode on some exceptionally bad roads—the car often jumped a yard over the bumps, but was not hurt in any way. Furthermore, I want to tell you specially how satisfied I am with the **motor, which works as easily and silently as an electric car.**"—*Alfred Langer, 509-515 West 56th Street, New York City.*

"I wish to tell you that I have had my 1911 Roadster just a year this month; have driven it 11,500 miles, and **it has not cost me one cent for repairs.**

"I find it running as well to-day as when I bought it."—*Alfred H. Thomas, M. D., New Brighton, S. I.*

"As this is the second 'Cole' car that I have owned, I think it is but right that I should let you know of the success that I have had with them.

"The 1911 car, which I bought from you in that year, was so satisfactory to me that it practically **prevented my considering any other make of car** around your price. This car gave me absolutely no trouble and, as I believe in sticking to a good thing, I purchased one of your 1912 cars last September.

"I was more than surprised at the actions of this car. It has even exceeded the service of the old car, and I have now made up my mind to buy a 1913 Cole.

"I cannot say too much in regard to the splendid way your company co-operated with me. **Your firm always gives a square deal.**"—*M. I. Pitou, 27 William St., New York.*

**COLT-STRATTON COMPANY**

**2,000 Broadway, at 68th Street**

'Phone 6000 Columbus

BROOKLYN: Bishop, McCormick & Bishop

NEWARK: The Wallace Motor Car Co.

COLE

**$1,885**

*Dynamo Lighting Self-Starting*



# LOZIER 1913 Automatic Level Oiling System

**Another 1913 Lozier innovation—one of the many valuable new features you can get only in the Lozier. High oil level at high speeds—low oil level at low speeds—a smokeless exhaust at all speeds.**

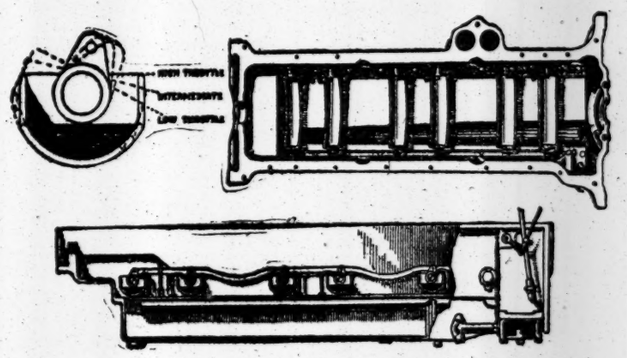
**Aside from the many mechanical advantages of this unique system, consider the desirability of a motor that cannot smoke. No worry about city ordinances against smoking exhausts, no offensive odor, no greasy smoke, no carbonized valves or sooty spark plugs.**

**Mechanically this new system is a marked step forward in motor car design—one of the greatest achievements of Lozier engineers in recent years.**

**Note the illustration showing top and sectional views of the lower part of the crank case and a sectional view of one of the tilting oil troughs. As the throttle is opened or closed, these troughs automatically raise or lower the oil level, so that the motor is getting just the proper amount of lubrication under all conditions.**

In addition to eliminating the offensive smoking exhaust and providing perfect lubrication, this novel oiling system is also extremely economical—300 to 400 miles to a gallon of oil under ordinary road conditions.

***You may not think you are interested in mechanical details, but one thorough demonstration in a Type 72, 1913 Lozier, will prove what Left-Hand Drive, Center Control, Automatic-Level Oiling System, Triple Ignition, and other Lozier features mean to you in comfort, safety, convenience and good investment.***



**The 1913 Lozier has advanced features of design you will not find in any other car. Make an appointment for a demonstration of this remarkable car. It's well worth your time. 32-page catalog on request.**

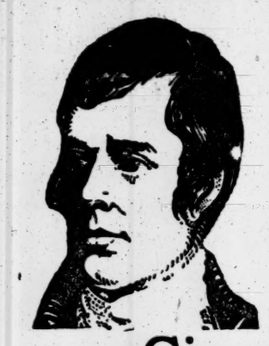
*Touring Cars Five Models $5000*

**LOZIER BRANCH**

56th St. & Broadway

*Limousines Landaulets $6500*

Smoke Talk No. 10



Cigars and Coffee

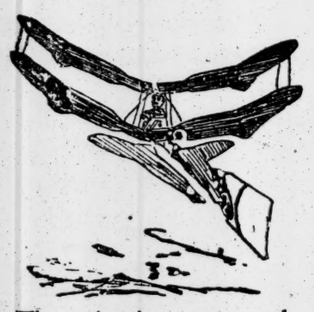
If you take them black, cut them out before they cut you down. Heavy Havana cigars and black coffee are the first things the doctor orders you to quit. Light coffee, and cigars of a light Havana and domestic blend are satisfying, without injury to your nerves or health.

Robt. Burns

MILD 10c CIGAR

Get the Special size.

Ask your Doctor



The price is 30 cents—but they look like 50 cents or more.

4896 pairs of socks.

Solid colors and two-toned silks, and fancy lisles.

50 cent values.

30c. to-day.

For outings—

Norfolk suits of Irish Homespun and Donegal.

For every day—

Sack suits of serge, cheviot, worsted—

Men's suits, $18 to $48.

Aren't you glad?

Straw hat time is here.

Among others, we've the latest London straws—"Victor Jay" boaters.

The bigger, the better.

Men up to 54 chest measure—everything you wear.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Rest Assured

YOU'LL find such a luxurious comfort in GOTHAM PAJAMAS that they truly become a factor in assuring restful sleep. Made of fine, soft, exclusive GOTHAM color-fast fabrics—loose, sleep-bringing and as good to look at as they are comfortable. $1.50 to $12.50 the suit. At the Better Shops. Send for Gotham Booklet.

Gotham Mfg. Co.
Fifth Ave. Bldg., Madison Sq., North
NEW YORK CITY

Road Maps of all sections of this Country and the principal touring districts of Europe; also maps for every other purpose; U. S. Coast Survey Charts, Hydrographic Office Charts, and Geological Survey Sheets. Globes and Atlases of every size and description. The largest assortment of geographical publications and the most conveniently located map shop in the city. Phone, Rector 1511.

*Call and examine our stock or send for catalogue.*

C. S. Hammond & Co. Hudson Term. Bldg. 30 Church Street N.Y.

# SPECIAL GUARDIAN FOR MURIEL ASTOR

## Surrogate Fowler Names A. Perry Osborn to Appear for Her in Probate Proceedings.

## CAN CONTEST THE WILL

### Has That Power Under the Law, but May Not Use It—Fee for Guardian of Millions Is $25.

Surrogate Fowler announced yesterday that he had appointed A. Perry Osborn special guardian of Ava Alice Muriel Astor, daughter of the late John Jacob Astor by his first wife. Richard Cummings, Surrogate Fowler's secretary, stated that the appointment had been made solely on the Surrogate's initiative, without any suggestion from the Astor family. The Surrogate has full power to name the special guardian of infants under 14 years of age, and the power to reject family nominations and make appointments of his own for infants above that age.

It was stated yesterday that the Surrogate will await until Friday a family nomination of special guardians for William Vincent Astor and Mrs. Madeleine Talmage Force Astor, who become of age respectively on Nov. 15 and June 19 next. As infants above the age of 14 years each has the power to name a special guardian. In the absence of a nomination before the probate proceedings on Friday the Surrogate has statutory authority to make a nomination of his own. No family nominations were made yesterday, nor was any statement forthcoming from the Astor offices as to whether nominations would be made. It is believed, however, that application for the appointment of family nominees will be made by Thursday.

A. Perry Osborn, who is named as guardian for Miss Astor, is a young lawyer in the offices of ex-United States Senator John C. Spooner in the Liberty Tower at Wall and Nassau Streets. He was graduated from the Academic Department of Princeton University in 1905, and from the Harvard Law School in 1909. He lives at 850 Madison Avenue. He gave his age yesterday as 27 years. He is tall, athletic, and of dark complexion. He wears a closely-cropped brown mustache.

Mr. Osborn's compensation for acting as special guardian of Miss Astor in the probate proceedings is fixed by statute at $25. Should the will be admitted to probate on Friday, his duties will cease, and he will be supplanted by a permanent guardian to be named by the Surrogate. In naming him the Surrogate called attention to a previous opinion in The Law Journal, expressing confidence in his experience and learning.

In spite of the small figure at which the special guardian's compensation is fixed his powers are large. He may engage special counsel and charge their fees against the estate. He may institute through such counsel an attack on the validity of the will. A successful attack resulting in the overthrow of the will, and the obtaining thereby of a half share in the descendants' portion of Col. John Jacob Astor's estate for his ward, lawyers said yesterday, would gain him a special allowance probably in the thousands of dollars. The present interest of Miss Muriel Astor under the will is a trust fund of $3,000,000, the income of which is to be devoted to her education and maintenance during her minority, and the principal of which becomes hers absolutely at the age of 21 years. The overthrow of the will would probably give her an interest of $50,000,000.

Experts in probate law declared yesterday that the special guardian would not be restricted in his attacks to considerations affecting merely the rights of his ward, but might attack the will on any ground, since in any case Miss Astor's share through her father's intestacy would be larger than under the will. The circumstances of Col. Astor's divorce, under the terms of which Miss Muriel Astor was awarded to the guardianship of her mother, Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, and Vincent Astor, the son, remained with his father and became a close friend of the family of William H. Force, into which Col. Astor later married, were suggested as the basis of a possible claim of undue influence in the making of the will.

The claim that undue influence might be of weight in a possible contest of the will was, however, scouted by friends of the Astor family yesterday. They said that the immemorial custom of heads of the Astor family of giving the principal portion of their estate to the oldest male heir and the cutting off of the women with relatively small portions had been so firmly established that it might be pleaded as an offset to any contention of undue influence. It was asserted that Col. Astor's action in breaking his family's traditions by willing his entire real estate to his son outright, instead of in the former Astor method of leaving part of it in trust with the power of appointment to the next generation, could not destroy the force of this defense to an allegation of undue influence.

Mr. Osborn said yesterday that his appointment was a surprise, and added that he could not discuss his possible action until he had familiarized himself with the will.

## LEBANON HOSPITAL ELECTION

### Jonas Weil Named President for 1912—New Dispensary Addition.

The Lebanon Hospital Association announced the election yesterday of the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Jonas Weil; First Vice President, Paul Hirsch; Second Vice President, Julius Heimann; Treasurer, Samuel L. Hyman; Secretary, Lewis Coon; Directors for three years, Emanuel Arnstein, Max S. Boehm, Samuel Levy, Isaac J. Danziger, Julius Heimann, Samuel Floersheimer, Jerome J. Hanauer, and Emil Goldmark; Directors for two years, Leo M. Klein and Aaron Nussbaum; Directors for one year, Joseph Hyman, Albert Hochheimer, and Julius J. Dukas. The annual report of the President recites the successful year just passed, the eighteenth, and attention is called to the new addition of a dispensary building, which was erected to benefit the clinical facilities for the outdoor poor. The foundation of the building was made strong enough, the report states, to erect five additional stories.

"Recovering from the shock of the Titanic disaster," says the report, "we deeply feel and mourn with the whole world the many lives lost, and especially those of Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, Benjamin Guggenheimer, Emil Taussig, and Henry B. Harris, contributors to the Lebanon Hospital during their lifetime."

## ECHO OF THE 1907 PANIC.

### Letter Denouncing Roosevelt Comes Up In a Will Case.

Surrogate Cohalan heard a suit yesterday of Mrs. Addie Potts Flatauer to break the will of her husband, Max Flatauer, who left the bulk of his estate to his sister, Mrs. Henrietta Loser. Letters used in another case were read relating to Col. Roosevelt and his influence on the panic of 1907. Counsel for Mrs. Flatauer contended that although the testator died in this city, his residence was in Florida, and that his will should have been probated there. The case of Benjamin Hart was brought up as a precedent, and the lawyer used letters written by Hart to Edward W. Sheldon, President of the United States Trust Company of New York, which had been accepted as showing that Hart's legal residence was New York, despite the fact that he spent the latter part of his life in Paris.

This is the letter Hart wrote to Sheldon about President Roosevelt, from Paris, on Nov. 12, 1907:

Is our President Roosevelt insane, or has he joined that party of politicians who are always ready to sacrifice every interest to obtain certain political ends? His last message would indicate such. Certainly he has dealt a blow to the credit of our industrial enterprises and the rich men of the country which has shaken still more the confidence of people in Europe that will require a long time to overcome. * * * Over here we look upon such actions as Socialistic, which strike always favorably the lower classes of voters. I am surprised at Roosevelt, for I believed he was a different man. He evidently has never had any education in political economy. * * * Yet we may have him again for another term.

Mrs. Flatauer's case, like the case cited, is based on the question of the testator's legal residence.

# MOTION PICTURE LAW MAY PASS TO-DAY

## Alderman Folks Calls Majority Caucus to Defeat Tammany's Opposition.

## FOR PROTECTION FROM FIRE

### Does Not Prevent Municipal Censorship Prior to Exhibitions, Author of Ordinance Declares.

At the meeting of the Aldermen to-day an effort will be made by Alderman Ralph Folks, majority leader, to obtain the passage of his motion picture ordinance, which provides for many changes in the present law. Hearing yesterday that a movement was on foot among the Tammany members to defeat the measure, Alderman Folks has called a caucus for this morning, at which he hopes enough votes to guarantee the passage of the ordinance will be pledged. Answering some of the criticisms of the proposed ordinance, Alderman Folks said yesterday:

"A great deal of misunderstanding and some misrepresentations are the cause of some opposition to the proposed ordinance. This measure relates primarily to structural conditions. Its object is to provide proper light, sanitation, and fire protection for moving picture shows. There is now no ordinance making definite and certain such requirements.

"The few opponents of the measure admit that there is immediate and urgent need for such provisions. This ordinance undoubtedly will soon become a law. If by any remote circumstances its passage should be delayed or defeated, the opposition will be responsible for any loss of life that may occur. The conditions are serious and need immediate remedy. The price of delay may mean a catastrophe similar to the Asch Building fire.

"This ordinance does not omit moral safeguards. It provides for constant inspection of all moving picture theatres by competent inspectors. Isn't it necessary to have such supervision, in any event, although there may be censorship prior to exhibition? The administration, maintenance and general conduct of the premises should not be overlooked.

"The ordinance in no way prevents municipal censorship prior to exhibition. It is not inconsistent with the Nicoll ordinance, providing for such censorship. Either ordinance may supplement the other and have been purposely so drawn."

James Yearance, President of the Lord's Day Alliance of the United States, sent copies of a letter to the Republican Aldermen yesterday asking them to use their official influence before voting for the proposed ordinance to obtain an amendment providing for an official censorship of all motion pictures, and also a provision that every license granted to motion picture and other theatres contain a clause forbidding such pictures to be exhibited for pay on Sundays. He said:

"The forbidding of motion pictures for pay on Sunday would not prevent the giving of pictures of an elevating character by the Board of Education in the public schools or by philanthropic and religious organizations without admission fee. We hope that in the interest of the public, before giving special privileges to the motion picture business, you will in this way take precautions to compel them to obey the Sunday law and the State law forbidding performances which tend to corrupt the morals of youth."

CHIRIS
(Pronounced Sheris)

Eat plenty of food dressed with Chiris Olive Oil, or take a tablespoonful three times a day, and you will soon notice a vast improvement in your health.

Send 10 cents for a trial bottle. Our booklet containing 75 of the latest salad recipes is sent free. Where Chiris is not easily obtained from dealers, we supply direct.

ANTOINE CHIRIS COMPANY,
American Agents for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France
Dept. "E," 18 Platt St.
New York.

OLIVE OIL

1913
Peerless
"48-Six"

From other sixes of similar rating the "48-Six" is set apart by a motor of longer stroke—flexible, silent and powerful—and by the unapproached comfort, luxury and attractiveness which are the distinctive possessions of all Peerless Motor Cars.

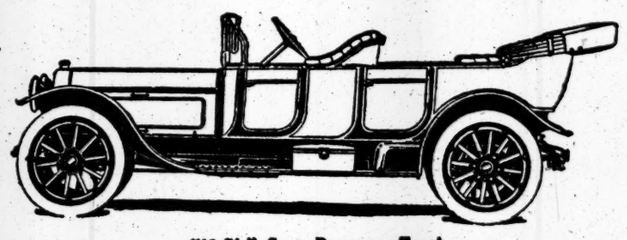
Cylinder dimensions: 4½"x6"

The "48-Six" is furnished with Torpedo, Touring and enclosed bodies for six or seven passengers.

Demonstrations on request. Orders accepted for immediate delivery.

Peerless Motor Car Co. of New York

1760 Broadway at 57th, New York
1384 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn
37 William Street, Newark, N. J.



"48-Six" Seven-Passenger Touring

Locomobile

Most Expensive to Build
Most Economical to Own

Unmatched Economy of the "Best Built Car in America"

"48" Six Cylinder.....$4800 to $6250
"38" Little Six.....$4200 to $5650.
"30" Four Cylinder..$3500 to $4300.

TIRE ECONOMY: Every one of our "48" Six-Cylinder Cars should average with ordinary care 5,000 miles on one set of tires of any good standard make.

GASOLENE ECONOMY: 8 to 16 miles per gallon—the normal performance on every "48" Locomobile Six, varying with road, traffic and condition in which car is kept.

UPKEEP ECONOMY: Barring accident or misuse—repairs and replacements are unheard of. With average use, annual overhauling is neither necessary nor recommended. "The Best Built Car in America" does not need to be humored or coddled.

NERVE ECONOMY: We are the only manufacturers furnishing a car equipped with Ten-Inch Upholstery, and this, combined with our long wheel base and perfect balance, makes a car that never tires nor irritates.

The Locomobile Company of America

Broadway and 76th St. New York

Northern N. J. Dealers: GREENE MOTOR CAR CO., 84 Washington Street, Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn Dealers: The I. S. REMSON MFG. CO., 1410 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

General Offices and Works, Bridgeport, Conn.
BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Washington, Baltimore, Atlanta, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Oakland.

Make Your Auto Jolt-and-Jar Proof

Now the hardest riding car can be made an easy, Comfortable Riding vehicle—on any road, at any speed, by equipping it with

Hartford Scientific Springs
in combination with the famous
Truffault-Hartford SHOCK ABSORBER

No radical change made in the appearance of the car as the Hartford Scientific Springs resemble the regulation springs, except that they have thinner leaves and about twice the number found in the ordinary spring.

Cost nominal—an absolutely comfortable riding car guaranteed. Let us send you an estimate on your car; advise make, model and year.

HARTFORD SUSPENSION CO.,
150-156 Bay Street,
Jersey City, N. J.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Guaranteed Used Cars
$400 to $1,500

Every car is completely rebuilt at our factory. The weak parts are replaced by new ones, and the car is guaranteed to be in first class running order. All are fully equipped and repainted.

"Reliability and Service"

are the main facts to be considered in purchasing your Automobile. For years our cars have held this reputation.

USED CAR DEPT.
Stoddard Motor Co.
225 W. 57th St., nr. B'way.

Established 12 years—THE RECOGNIZED "HOUSE OF BARGAINS."
AUTOMOBILES, 1910, 1911, & 1912 Models. Large Stock all Standard Makes and all guaranteed to be exactly as represented. See us before deciding.
TIRES at 50% of regular price. All sizes and types, new fresh goods. Send for our "Tire Price Wrecker."
AUTO TRUCK TIRES (SPECIAL) all sizes and types, first-grade goods, Kelly Springfield Blocks, Goodyear, Swinehart; Firestone, etc., at ¼ of regular prices.
WINDSHIELDS, $15, regularly sold at $50.
TOPS, Brand new, $15 & $25.
BODIES, Touring & Toy Tonneau, $75 up.
MOTORS, 3 and 4 cylinders, at ⅓ of cost.
MAGNETOS at ¼ of regular cost.
ELECTRIC HORNS, RUMBLE SEATS, BUMPERS, PUMPS, etc., all at Sacrifice.
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,710-18 B'way. 'Phone 7366 Col.

Rebuilt Garford Cars

40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1910.
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1909.
30 H. P. 6 passenger touring, 1909.

Also several limousines and landaulets.

All have been thoroughly overhauled and refinished and are guaranteed free of repairs for 6 months.

Call and look them over.

THE R. & L. COMPANY,
Garford Distributors,
Broadway at 62nd St., N. Y.

Auto Bodies of "Class"

Can furnish the "Best" Makes of lightest weight; all aluminum; and finest material obtainable!

Fitted on your chassis; finished to suit; any desired color; the whole job complete

At ½ Other Houses Charge You.

More Bodies in stock than any body concern in N. Y.—hence a good selection.

Seats, Tops, Windshields, &c., "Rock-Bottom" prices.

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
BODY DEPARTMENT,
1,765 Broadway, (Upstairs,)
Between 56th and 57th Sts., N. Y.

MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE
250 West 54th St. Phone 4511 Col.

RENAULT, PIERCE, MERCEDES, FIAT, NATIONAL, DAIMLER, STEARNS, LOZIER.

Also many other desirable cars at

BARGAIN PRICES.

Franklin Motor Car Co.

High-grade used cars are a better "buy" than cheap new ones; see our line of second-hand cars.

78D ST. and AMSTERDAM AV.

1910 "50" Simplex, overhauled and done up like new; seven-passenger; body and top.

J. M. QUINBY & CO.,
Newark, N. J.;
also 1,706 Broadway, New York.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Rebuilt Autos

PRICES RIGHT—CARS RIGHT

No reason under the sun why any man should not own an automobile when one can be secured at the exceedingly low prices we ask. Some as low as $200, and they leave our shop in a dependable condition.

We only handle, recommend and sell motor cars that will run and give real service. Every car we offer for sale is a "buy" in every sense of the word. All are fully equipped.

Here is a partial list of those we have on hand. The prices, quality and equipment considered, are the lowest in New York:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Buick Toy Tonneau | M-10 | $350 |
| Buick Touring | M-17 | 400 |
| Buick Touring | M-21 | 700 |
| Buick Runabout | M-G | 200 |
| Buick Touring | M-19 | 500 |
| EMF Tourabout | | 400 |
| Stearns Touring | | 700 |
| Buick Toy Tonneau | M-16 | 600 |
| Buick Runabout | M-32 | 500 |
| Stearns Touring | 16-30 | 950 |
| Buick Surrey | M-10 | 450 |
| Buick Touring | M-30 | 900 |

Remember, every car is guaranteed as represented.

Glidden Motor & Supply Co.
Authorized Exchange Agents for Buick Cars.
239 West 58th St.,
One door east of Broadway.

Renewed Peerless Cars

No car better at any price.

All are overhauled and repainted, and carry the New Car Guarantee; all models on exhibition; ready for delivery at very attractive prices.

Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y.
1,700 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Brooklyn Branch, 1,384 Bedford Av.
Newark Branch, 37 William St.

AUTOS AT "HEADQUARTERS"
Largest Stock Genuine Bargains in Greater N. Y.
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
Price $150 to $3,500.
"Square Deals." Demonstrations cheerfully given.
Pioneers in this line and acknowledged leaders.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
Successors to the "Broadway Auto Exchange."
New Address, 42-44 West 62d St.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

STUTZ Motor Car Co. 1804 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6060.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES. 253 W. 58th St., Cor. B'way. Col. 8356.

HESS BRIGHT BALL BEARINGS ALL SIZES IN STOCK. THE HESS BRIGHT CO., 1974 BROADWAY.

Schebler Carburetor,
J. C. NICHOLS,
Direct Factory Distributors,
1673 Broadway at 52d St.

Special for 30 days: Send in your old model carburetor and procure our new three-speed adjustment Model "L" for half price.

New Tire Store

To get acquainted—(This Week Only.) 500 shoes, 34x4, 35x4, 36x4½, 36x4, 35x4½.

Choice, $14 each

Also all styles of standard, known makes, 40%—50%—60% Off!

Take advantage of these extraordinary low prices.

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
TIRE DEPARTMENT.
229 West 57th St., East of Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $55. Booklet explains WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 233 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet 252 West 57th St.

Automobile Exchange

Advertisements in this column are of interest to buyers and sellers of used motor cars and users of auto tires and supplies. Reliable directory of genuine bargains.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Advertising rates per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

USED AUTOMOBILES.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY,
COR 48TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
BIG BARGAINS THIS WEEK.
Each and every car fully guaranteed and demonstration cheerfully given.
EASY TERMS ARRANGED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stearns roadster | $1,450 |
| Ford runabouts | 175 to $300 |
| Hupmobiles | 275 to 870 |
| Mitchell runabouts | 250 to 350 |
| Buick, Model 10 | 350 to 450 |
| Maxwell touring cars | 250 to 350 |
| Buick touring cars | 350 to 600 |
| Cadillac touring cars | 550 to 850 |
| Rainier touring cars | 350 |
| Buick 40 H. P. roadster | 450 |
| Peerless 5 and 7 passenger cars. | 450 to 600 |
| Packard 30 touring car | 650 |
| Lozier 7 passenger touring car. | 650 |
| Thomas 70 H. P. touring car. | 950 |
| Plymouth 2-ton truck | 750 |
| Hotchkiss truck | 650 |
| Daimler truck | 750 |
| 50 H. P. Knox truck | 500 |

Hundreds of other big bargains.

Before buying, exchanging, or selling your car consult us. If impossible to call, write for list and tell us what you want to buy, exchange, or sell for cash. The largest and most reliable AUTO BROKERS in the world.
1,587-1,589 BROADWAY,
COR. 48TH ST., N. Y.

PIERCE-ARROW (45) touring car; excellent condition; big bargain. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

GENUINE AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS.
50 high-grade cars at prices ranging from $175 to $650; every car in good running order; being two blocks west of costly Broadway, our prices average one-third less than those along Automobile Row; demonstrations cheerfully given; cars and prices speak for themselves; investigate. Automobile Outlet Co., 334-340 West 44th St., between 8th and 9th Avs. Phone 5738 Bryant.

LOZIER LIMOUSINE with equipment. Must sell; $800 this week. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

20-30 H. P. Renault with inclosed drive limousine body; motor and body overhauled; like new; to be sold at auction at Van Tassel & Kierney's, 130 East 13th St., New York, Tuesday, May 14.

THOMAS TOWN CAR refinished throughout. Covered by new car guarantee. THOMAS, 1,920 B'way.

100 H. P. Racing Car capable 80 miles per hour; good condition; just machine for amateur on local tracks. Low figure. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

LANDAULET BODY; cost $2,000; sell $50. Storage space needed. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

ALL MAKES—BOUGHT AND SOLD.
100 cars, $150-$3,000; bodies, $25 up.
20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th.

THOMAS rebuilt 1911 Touring Car; guaranteed like new. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

For sale, 1911 Velie, 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; 40 H. P.; nearly new; owner needs money. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

CHALMERS 40 Runabout; Demountable rims; guaranteed. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

Cole 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo toy tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

Studebaker-Garford, fine condition, $800. Seen at Healy's Garage, 729 Prospect Pl., B'klyn.

THOMAS LITTLE SIX Toy Tonneau, rebuilt; guaranteed. $1,250. THOMAS, 1920 Broadway.

Spot cash paid for second-hand automobiles; bought and sold. Gilbert, Tel. 1460 Audubon.

MITCHELL, 7-passenger Touring; excellent condition, 4-cyl. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

KNOX 1910 Touring Car; like new. Sacrifice. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

For Sale.—Cause, departure Europe, first-class imported six-cylinder landaulet Delauney-Belleville, in perfect running order; new tires; lamps; rich upholstery throughout; electric light. Call box 103, Hotel Endicott.

THOMAS 60 H. P. 7-passenger, fully equipped Touring Car; rebuilt, guaranteed. THOMAS, 1,920 B'way.

1911 White gasoline four-passenger torpedo, fully equipped, in excellent condition. Colt-Stratton Co., Broadway, at 68th St. 'Phone, 6000 Columbus.

70 H. P. Big 6 Thomas Touring; has been rebuilt and guaranteed. THOMAS, 1,920 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

Lady owning fine automobile with experienced chauffeur, will escort parties of ladies, children, city or country tours; reasonable. Telephone 9831 Riverside.

Packards, open, closed, elegant 7-passengers, regular customers, $2.00-$4.50 hour; monthly, $200-$500; theatre, $4.00-$10.00. Murray Hill 91.

For rent, 20-30 Renault landaulet, monthly; city or country; owner drives; best references. Edmund Roxby, Mineola Garage, 503 Park Av.

Beautiful, large, private appearing touring cars, $3.50 per hour; expert chauffeurs. Lameasdorf, 5733 Audubon.

Elegant 7-passenger Peerless touring car for rent. Schmidt, 100 West 91st St., 4,537 River.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5% commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th St.

# The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Staten Island...S Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City.....47 Vernon Avenue
Jersey City.....415 Fuller Building
Hoboken.....94 Hudson Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....159 Main Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

**Subscription Rates**—by Mail, Postage Paid.

| | |
|---|---|
| DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week | $0.17 |
| DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month | 0.75 |
| DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year | 8.50 |
| DAILY, per Week | 0.12 |
| DAILY, per Month | 0.50 |
| DAILY, per Year | 6.00 |
| SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year | 2.50 |
| THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50) | 1.00 |
| TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50) | 1.00 |

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month; Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

*Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.*

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1912.


## THE SIX-YEAR TERM.

The argument often advanced against the change from the four-year term to a six-year term for a President of the United States is based on the belief that the people of the country ought to take serious thought about the affairs of their Government as often as once in four years, and that there is no way of accomplishing this end so effective as a Presidential election. The fear seems to be entertained that the people would become indifferent as to the way the public business is carried on, and would be likely to neglect their duty and their part in it if Presidential elections were less frequent. We do not think the argument is advanced with much confidence in its weight and sufficiency. It is a matter of common knowledge that people are attentive observers of what is going on at Washington, and that the biennial election of Congressmen would serve to stimulate their interest in National questions and policies, even though we elected a President only once in six years, or once in seven, as an earlier draft of the Constitution provided.

The Works resolution providing for submitting to the States a Constitutional amendment restricting the Presidential tenure to a single term of six years was favorably reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee yesterday. There can be no doubt at all that the people of the country would by a great majority approve the provision that a President shall not be eligible for a second term. Great multitudes of conversions to that principle must have occurred during the last month. The spectacle of the actual President of the United States and of an ex-President engaging in a fierce personal canvass for primary votes, as an incident to which each is seeking to do all the damage possible to the character of the other, each making grave charges affecting the honor and reputation of the other, is the most disagreeable and revolting that has ever been witnessed in any of our Presidential contests. The conviction has become deep-seated and well-nigh universal that our Presidents at least must be spared this humiliating necessity. It is felt, too, that the great and almost irresistible temptation to use the power of the Executive and of the thousands of Federal offices to secure a second nomination and election must be put away from the occupant of the White House. It has always been a scandal, the people are ready to end it. With a second term made impossible, the third term danger disappears. That would be a still further relief.

From an extension of the President's term to six years, that is, to have two Presidential elections where we now have three, benefits would accrue which would be incalculable. We say incalculable, because this reform has a direct relation to the prosperity, the earning power, and the wealth of the Nation. If it were possible to calculate the saving in terms of money alone the result would be convincing. From this point of view the six-year term is very much more important now than it would have been fifty or even twenty-five years ago. The business of the country has enormously increased, we are a business people. We are all engaged in business. In the last fifteen or twenty years politics and business have become more and more involved one with the other, until they are now so inseparable that it is proverbial that every Presidential election causes a serious disturbance of industry and trade. It is as if our Constitution ordained a panic once in four years. With the approach of the Presidential election men become timid. They are afraid to make commitments. Enterprise is chilled and business projects are held in abeyance until it is known who is going to be elected, which party is to triumph. It is not capital alone that suffers from this quadrennial stagnation, the whole people suffer. Everybody loses by it, and the gains of labor as well as the profits of trade are diminished. There is nothing sacred about the four-year term. The authors of the Constitution considered first a seven-year and then a six-year term. There is no conceivable danger in the change. The force of public opinion same right, and the profits of the would in no sense be spent or diminished by the addition of two years to the term of the President, and the Constitution provides adequate means for calling a bad President to account. For one thing, taking into the reckoning the chances of human life, it is highly probable that with a six-year term more careful thought and consideration would be given to the choice of a Vice President. The efficiency due to experience in four years of administration would be at the service of the country for two more years, which would in a large measure offset the most familiar argument for a second term. The preponderance of advantage and benefit from a six-year term without re-eligibility is so great and so manifest that a Constitutional amendment in the sense of the Works resolution would almost certainly be ratified by three-fourths of the States.

## THE WAR IN MEXICO.

OROZCO, the Mexican revolutionist, has undoubtedly had a severe set-back north of Torreon, and the Mexican regular troops have regained some of their lost prestige. OROZCO, however, will never admit defeat while he has the remnant of a fighting force left, and intrenched among the hills near Rellano, whither he has now retreated, he is preparing to meet HUERTA'S command again, with a better chance of victory. He has burned many bridges north of Correjos, in Durango, where Sunday's battle occurred, making it difficult for the Federals to transport their artillery, so that the next battle must be deferred and OROZCO will have time to gather in reinforcements. His foot is truly on his native heath this time, as Rellano is in Chihuahua, and the battleground will be that on which he won his victory over SALAS. Nevertheless, all accounts agree that the losses of the revolutionists on Sunday were heavy and all accounts but OROZCO'S that the Federal loss was comparatively light. The Government troops, too, are more skillful, if not braver, than OROZCO'S men.

Even if the revolutionists hold their own at Rallano, it is not likely that the fate of MADERO'S Government will be decided. Ten days ago OROZCO was boasting that he would capture Torreon. He is now further north of the laguna city than he was then, his forces are depleted, and he is less boastful. Indeed, the prospects of MADERO would seem brighter to-day than they have for some months if there was less disturbance south of the capital and in its immediate neighborhood. At last accounts the railroad to Cuernavaca was closed and that city was in the hands of the Zapatistas. Trouble has been brewing, too, in Guadalajara, and the non-military Government established last Fall under such promising conditions finds new obstacles to its peaceful progress springing up on every hand.

## DOWNTOWN POST OFFICE SITE.

Representatives of the various artistic and civic societies of this city will join with the Mayor's committee, appointed at the instance of the Board of Estimate, in representing the public opinion of New York before a committee of the United States Senate in Washington next Tuesday. The matter under discussion will be the O'Gorman bill, which provides for the removal of the Post Office Building from the southern end of City Hall Park and the erection of buildings for the postal service and the Federal Courts elsewhere. Public opinion strongly favors the bill, yet powerful forces have been working to retain the present site for a new Post Office. When the site was ceded to the Federal Government provision was made that it should revert to the city when the Post Office should be abandoned. The time has come for the city to take back the site and restore it to the park, which will be freed, also, within a few years, of the old County Court House.

Measures have been taken thoroughly to inform members of the Senate committee of the prevailing feeling in this city in regard to this matter, and the desirability of building both the Federal Courts and the new downtown Post Office in the immediate neighborhood of the new County Courts, where available sites may be secured at a moderate cost.

Pending the hearing in Washington next week citizens who recognize the importance of restoring City Hall Park to its former estate, and forming a new civic centre in the district dominated by the towering Municipal Building, will do well to urge the help of their representatives in Washington in placing the matter more clearly before the Senate committee. Both of the New York Senators, of course, favor the plan to get rid of the unsightly Mullet Post Office and restore its site to the park.

## SYNDICALISM.

A union may or may not be a conspiracy in restraint of trade, but it is obvious that there are good and bad unions just as there are good and bad trusts. In other words, it does not follow that because a thing is done by a union therefore its merit is indisputable. In Chicago the Pressmen's Union broke a contract with all newspapers in support of a claim for a contract with a single newspaper above the union's own standard. How can any union demand privilege for itself as a right? If any union has a right to demand the employment of unnecessary men, then all unions have the business belong to the unions instead of to the owners of the newspaper. When they do succeed in making good a demand that capital shall work exclusively for the benefit of labor the result will be that capital will strike and there will be no work for anybody. Jobs and profits will vanish together.

The stereotypers and the printers of Chicago have refused to strike in sympathy with the demand of the pressmen, and have decided to abide by their contracts of employment. This is in accordance with the principle that there are good and bad trusts. And there are unions in New York as well as in Chicago which think that the interests of labor demand that contracts of employment shall be respected by both parties to them. Examples of the other sort of union are afforded by those apparent conspirators in restraint of trade who struck in San Francisco and Atlanta on issues arising in Chicago. It is not alleged in the reports that they have any grievance of an industrial character, either individually or as a union. They struck in sympathy with fellow-strikers, and being strikers for any cause whatever think they have a claim to general sympathy.

This is an appetite which grows with what it feeds upon. Labor has its rights, but not all the rights. Capital has its duties, but not all the duties. Undoubtedly capital is stronger and more intelligent, and should act accordingly, with consideration of the point of view of labor, but not with abject surrender. There is no sure presumption that capital is wrong in all labor disputes any more than there is that labor is right. There are merits in most disputes, and sympathy should go with the merits. No sympathy should go with any demand under duress. There can be the less hesitation in making such a statement because good unionists admit it. The case is worth notice because it is among the first to occur in this country to illustrate the beauties of syndicalism.

## A DESTRUCTIVE BLUNDER.

We do not see what the Democratic Party has to gain by crippling the State Department in its most practical and important functions. That, according to a statement issued by Acting Secretary WILSON, would be the effect of the legislative bill passed by the House of Representatives on Friday last.

In recent years the department has been quite extensively reorganized. An intelligent and business-like effort has been made to bring it into a condition where it would be able to advance the political, diplomatic, and especially the commercial interests of the people of the United States in a reasonable and efficient fashion. By the establishment of the Bureau of Trade Relations the department has been enabled to secure and act upon extensive and accurate information relating to opportunities for foreign trade. By the appointment of a Director of the Consular Service, that service has been advanced to a level of ability, character, and special fitness that is the admiration of the other countries, and generally appreciated in our own. Through the organization of divisions for the study and administration of relations with Latin America, the Far East, the Near East, and Europe, the department has been able to keep well informed as to what is doing in all these regions, and to act in the promotion of American interests of every sort. The total expenditure of these branches of practical and beneficent activity has not exceeded $100,000 a year.

These are nearly all wiped out by the action of the House. It is reasonably estimated that, for every dollar spent by the department, trade and contracts have been secured for a thousand dollars to our people. The figures throw a curious light on the value of the "economy" the majority in the House has undertaken to accomplish. It is about as sensible as it would be for a workman to cut off his hand to save the cost of washing it. Probably there may be involved in this amazing proposition, which the Senate surely will not accept, the basis of some sort of Congressional "truck and barter," such as is too common in our legislative halls. But whatever its purpose, it is crazy action for a great party. Within the last ten years the Diplomatic and Consular Service of the Nation has been improved more than any other branch of the Governmental work, at a lower cost, with practical results of the greatest value. It has been raised from a condition of weakness, confusion, and backwardness to one of broad efficiency, of which the country has just reason to be proud, and for which it ought to be profoundly grateful. To interfere with its usefulness now, practically to eviscerate its best branches, to reduce it to the pitiable and discreditable level that it once occupied, is a piece of incredible folly. We cannot believe for a moment that it will be allowed to succeed, even if the President were forced to veto the entire bill. We trust that the attempt will be abandoned.

## THE VALUE OF A CLEEK.

A golfer who has learned to use his cleek so well that he can drive a ball from the tee with it 225 yards, and use it with like effect for his second stroke, is a golfer of good quality. Mr. JESSUP of Montrose, Penn., is such a golfer, and when he lost his favorite club, through the carelessness of an express company's agents, and in consequence lost a match, he sued the company, as any golfer of proper spirit might, for the value of the club and recompense for its loss. The damages he asked, $62.50, seemed rather large to a petit jury, so they awarded him one cent, thus recognizing that he had sustained some loss. The Appellate Division, having been called upon gravely to consider this verdict, has set it aside, and ordered a new trial to discover the plaintiff's actual loss. Incidentally, the trial Judge is mildly rebuked for treating the case in a spirit of levity.

Levity, indeed, was out of place in this matter. Any golfer who has an iron that will carry 225 yards knows that its like will never come into his possession. The Appellate Court has done well, though the exact amount of compensation will be very hard to determine. The sum of $62.50 asked for obviously includes a price for wounded feelings as well as incidental expenses. A golf club may be worth $5 or $50 to one player, while another would not carry it in his bag. There is a very fine point here for a jury to decide, but every real golfer will be interested in the decision.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**A Belated Hero of Clan Wars.**

After recovering four times in fifteen years from what everybody supposed were fatal wounds, Deacon EDWARD CALLAHAN of Breathitt County, Kentucky, is dead, pneumonia having taken him off when it was supposed that he was again getting well from a bullet hole through one of his lungs.

In most of his social relations CALLAHAN seems to have been an estimable citizen, and not the less esteemed because he was, for his locality, an eminently successful business man. But of course it was not without reason that he was in constant danger, and at last the victim, of what in most parts of the country would be called assassination. The explanation lies in the fact that he was the hunter as well as the hunted—that five times his connection with the killing of neighbors was so close that even in Breathitt County he had to be put on trial for murder either as principal or accessory.

He was never convicted, presumably because the mountaineer jurors were reluctant to refuse belligerent rights to the fighters in what seemed to them legitimate warfare. And real war of a sort it was between the COCKRILL and the HARGIS factions, CALLAHAN being the chief lieutenant of Judge HARGIS, and, after the latter was shot by his own son, the successor in command. That CALLAHAN'S several acquittals were in effect announcements that what everybody knew had not been proved in court would hardly have been denied by himself, and yet he did not consider himself a murderer. As a matter of fact, he was not a murderer in the ordinary sense of that word, for what he did was in accord with the opinions and customs of a majority, or of a large and efficient minority, of the people around him, and the man of whom that can be said must not be judged by standards based on wholly different opinions and customs.

Removed to another environment, CALLAHAN presumably would have been as ready as the rest of us to let the law settle his controversies and protect his rights. His community rather than himself was anachronistic. In novels of adventure, dating back for scenes and characters anywhere from two to ten centuries, we read of deeds like his committed by heroes for whom we have no thought of condemnation. They were of their time and place, as CALLAHAN was of his.

**An Aviator to Act as Postman.**

Few will share the belief of the Postmaster General that the time has come for the regular carrying of mail by means of the aeroplane. Mr. HITCHCOCK is an enthusiast, but not an expert, on the subject of aviation, and he is going to intrust a bag of letters to an aviator who will attempt to reach Washington from this city. It is far from impossible that the attempt will succeed and that the fast trains making this journey will be beaten by an hour or more. The chances of failure, however, are so many that there will be no eager desire to intrust important messages to the winged postman.

The fact is that the aeroplane is still in the experimental stage, and nothing like regular service is yet to be expected of it. We all remember the days when the automobile was a most untrustworthy machine—when nobody seemed able to make an engine that for more than a few hours would stand up under the unfamiliar strains to which it was subjected as part of a "horseless carriage." Then all except the most lucky of automobilists spent most of their time under their cars making repairs. The legend of that temper-trying amusement remains, though now the sight of a stalled car is a very rare one. All the makers have learned the trick that none of them knew a few years ago, and the poorest automobile now is better than the best of the early era.

Wonderful things can already be done with the aeroplane, and new lessons from experience are learned daily, but there are still many undiscovered secrets of flight, and only too often its engine stops for mysterious reasons. When that happens, it means, not irritation, but at best the narrowest of escapes from death. The list of dead aviators is still lengthening with dreadful rapidity, but not in proportion to their increasing numbers. Improvements in construction are making every week or so, and the future of aviation is full of promise.

Just the same, an aerial mail service, except in some desperate emergency or as an experiment, is decidedly premature. "But what of that?" one can hear the Postmaster General asking. "A beginning must be made some time—why not now?" He'll doubtless get his 10,000 letters to Washington, sooner or later.

**Abnormality Is Not Insanity.**

Whether the man RICHESON is or is not insane depends upon the definition of the word "insanity" that one chooses to use. Of course his mind is far from normal, and has been, presumably, from his birth, since his history is full of queer episodes that can now be seen as leading up to and explaining the cruel and cold-blooded assassination of AVIS LINNELL for the vilest of motives that could be imagined. That may be taken as proving or constituting insanity, and probably would be by many honest and learned alienists.

But the same argument from abnormality can be applied to practically every criminal, for they all differ from the majority of their fellows in exactly the same way, though in differing degrees. When abnormality gives irresponsibility is a question on which the alienist is not necessarily an expert, for into its determination there enter considerations quite out of his field of study. His theories, carried to their logical conclusion, might make all criminals the helpless victims of heredity and environment, and render the infliction of legal penalties upon them useless as deterrents and unjust as punishments.

To the ordinary view, however, RICHESON was a villain, not a maniac. He had all the ordinary capacities for living among men as sane. To most of the many people who knew him well he seemed to be above rather than below the common intellectual standards. Nobody suspected him of illusions, delusions, or hallucinations of any kind, and he was both loved and respected to about the same extent as other members of his profession.

To blame Gov. Foss for seeking an excuse to spare RICHESON'S life would be ungenerous, but were he to find one it would be lamentable, for the excuse can be no more than colorable unless we are to accept the rule that departure from normality is a term interchangeable with insanity. None of us is in every way normal, but that does not confer irresponsibility upon us all.

**Nobody Now Need be Afraid.**

Reports of great icebergs floating far south of the usual termination of their drift continue to be brought in by every steamer crossing the North Atlantic. This, however, need not cause apprehension in those who have planned to go abroad, for probably ocean travel was never as safe as it is just now.

All the transportation companies have taken to heart the terrible lesson inflicted upon one of them, and there will not be for a long time, if ever, any more rushing at full speed through the darkness over waters where icebergs can even possibly be. The saving of a few hours of time, a few tons of coal and a few meals for the passengers no longer has its old importance in anybody's mind. The longer courses have become as popular as the shorter ones were before the Titanic went down.

And lifeboats! Nobody even whispers now that it is impossible on any steamer to carry enough to provide room for all on board. On the contrary, the ability and the determination to do so are widely advertised by every line.

## CHALLENGES THE TIMES.

### Concerning Woman Usurpers, Military Service, Rights, and Courtesy.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

You say that "some women, a very small minority, have a natural inclination to usurp the social and civic functions of men." Passing the assertion that "a very small minority" have this inclination, which I suppose means that they want to vote, why does this function belong preeminently to man, or why does it belong to man at all? Surely, he only got it by obtaining it from his King or overlord, and doubtless the King or overlord in each case thought that man wished to usurp his function of ruling. Doubtless he looked upon it as a dangerous innovation, but what enlightened person would now go back to the absolute monarchy? True, the men wrested this right from their rulers, but in these days "the pen is mightier than the sword" and men will listen to the voice of reason.

Further you say: "It is not possible to think of women as soldiers and sailors, police patrolmen, or firemen." Yet women have been known to go to war, to act as policemen and to fight fire; not that I advocate their enlisting for such service, but for these reasons you might as well disfranchise the maimed, the halt and the blind, or all men who have reached the age at which retirement is compulsory in the United Service.

You say: "The ballot will secure to woman no right that she needs and does not now possess. That is a true statement, and we hold that it is not debatable." Of course, if it is conceded that you are the supreme judge on this question every one else will be overruled, but I believe that it is permissible to debate even a decision of the United States Supreme Court. May we not then, presume to go a little further and debate a decision of THE TIMES? Therefore, I ask, have men heeded the lessons of the Triangle fire, and if they have not, might not women's vote do some good to factory girls there? Have men done their duty in endeavoring to stamp out prostitution and the black plague, and might not women's vote help there? I hold that these questions are at least debatable.

You furthermore "hold to be inevitable" that woman will lose a large part of the courtesy and consideration now shown to her by man when she obtains the vote. Of course, this statement has been disproved in States and countries where suffrage exists and has existed for years. Why, then, should such a result be inevitable in New York?

LYLE E. MAHAN.

New York, May 9, 1912.

### A JUDGE ON JUSTICE.

#### A Crooked Deal Not Due to Women Out of Spite.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Mr. "Chivalry" of Brooklyn, in his published letter, while praising THE NEW YORK TIMES editorial on "The Uprising of the Women," makes the following statement:

> Alas! They fail to realize that the chivalry of man toward women includes justice and more than justice; and that the "justice" for which they cry must deprive them not only of chivalry but even of justice itself.

This would be lamentable, but it is uncertain what is meant. It is either that justice and chivalry are self-destructive or that men would cease to treat the gentler sex with justice or courtesy. Mankind's sense of justice may hardly be said to be moribund, and, although knighthood is no longer in flower, men are still polite to women and even to each other.

Mr. Chivalry has "a mournful suspicion that many do not view the agitation in the proper light." If his argument is a proper example, his suspicions are probably well founded. For the other horn of his argument, that if women received the franchise they would no longer have justice or courtesy from men, hardly seems demonstrable or consistent with chivalry. Actually it is saying "if we men give the women the vote we shall be so angry or disgusted we shall insist on a crooked deal or upon slugging them."

A discussion of woman's suffrage upon these lines is as amusing as the position of the woman who goes on the public platform to argue that women should stay at home.

F. DE WITT WELLS.
Municipal Court, Ninth District, Manhattan, May 9, 1912.

### "VOTES FROM WOMEN"

#### For Better Men by Direct Instead of Indirect Methods.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Mrs. Lucy P. Scott states that she firmly believes that the Legislature will "finally reject this mischievous proposal of equal suffrage." They certainly will if the women are the only expounders of the question and the question is much longer termed "Votes for Women" instead of votes from women for better men than the kind Mrs. Scott relies on with accurate judgment to defeat this measure.

As a member of the Men's League, and as a Californian, I desire to cite John Stuart Mill for Mrs. Scott's benefit.

Mr. Mill rather thought of the subject as an assertion of man's rights when he said, with profound philosophy and knowledge of human nature: "Woman's indirect agency can only be prevented from being politically mischievous by being exchanged for direct."

GEORGE W. WEBSTER.

Montclair, N. J., May 10, 1912.

### The Male Accomplices.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I have read the letters defending woman suffrage, which you print, and especially the poem by L. Case Russell, "You Mustn't Ask to Vote." While we have such defenders we need not fear the issue, even though they be termed "male accomplices" by you editorially. There are a good many of these "accomplices" in this country, as was demonstrated by the big parade last Saturday, and more are joining the ranks daily. "Persecution only fans the flame" and hastens victory when a cause is right, as in this case.

MARY C. HARDING.

Jersey City, May 8, 1912.

### The East's Conservatism.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

There is hope in the conservatism of the East, which, notwithstanding its own many faults, has always done yeoman service in checking the dangerous "isms" that come out of the West. "Isms" which are comparatively innocuous where population is sparse, but which would prove economically and domestically disruptive in communities like the East and the South, where society is complex and its problems acute. The suffragists will be made to feel the spirit of the East.

New York, May 8, 1912. M. B. B.

## REFUTES DR. McNUTT.

### Inflammatory Diseases in Men Not So Prevalent as She Asserts.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I read with considerable interest in your issue of the 9th inst. the comment of C. A. Nelson on the article of Dr. Sarah J. McNutt, and it was this comment which leads me to draw your attention to the gross exaggeration of Dr. McNutt's statements. It would be of great interest to me to know from what sources Dr. McNutt compiled her statistics, for a close personal study of the topics embraced in that extract has given me an entirely different belief. Space will not allow me to take up the discussion of this statement in extenso, but I cannot let it pass entirely unchallenged.

According to Dr. McNutt, from 60 to 75 per cent. of the men in these United States are afflicted with the diseases in question. What was meant was, no doubt, that from 60 to 75 per cent. of men are at some time during their lives infected with these diseases, and not that there is a constant percentage of from 60 to 75 per cent. Even such statements are erroneous, since they include reinfections.

Several years ago I had occasion in the preparation of a series of articles dealing with this and closely allied topics to study the prevalence of the diseases in question, and found that there are far less than the percentages given by Dr. McNutt. Thus I found that only 6.9 per cent. of all of the patients seeking relief in the dispensary of the German Hospital during 1908 were treated for the diseases of the character mentioned, and that only 5.7 per cent. of the patients treated in the hospital were treated for diseases of this character. I feel confident that similar figures would be obtained if the reports of other institutions were scrutinized. And of the patients seen in private practice nothing like the percentages given by Dr. McNutt occurs.

It is an encouraging sign of advancement that we see questions like the above discussed in the public press, but we should not permit hysterical misstatements to cloud the issue.

FREDERICK BIERHOFF, M. D.

New York, May 10, 1912.

### SAN DIEGO'S EXPOSITION.

#### Rival to San Francisco's Panama-Pacific Show Well Financed.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

My attention has been called to the Query Column of your issue of Sunday, April 21, in which appears a question in regard to the expositions on the Pacific Coast in 1915. In your answer to this query as to whether there will be one or two expositions on the Pacific Coast in 1915 you reply that you have no knowledge of any exposition to be held on the Pacific Coast except that in San Francisco.

I beg to call your attention to the fact that San Diego began work upon an exposition to be held in San Diego throughout the entire year of 1915 as long ago as September of 1909, and that it has steadily progressed with its plans for this exposition until at the present time it is well along. The exposition organization is now occupying the Administration Building, a force of nearly four hundred men are at work adorning the grounds and grading and laying out the site, and San Diego will will have an exposition during 1915 that will involve the expenditure of between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000.

We have the participation of many foreign countries, and many of the States of the United States already arranged for, and, without boasting, I may say that our plans at the present time are really at least a year ahead of those of San Francisco. However, San Francisco's exposition is in the hands of some fine men; they have ample means, and no doubt San Francisco will have the largest World's Fair ever held. Ours will be a unique proposition, and in many respects entirely different from any other exposition ever held.

WINFIELD HOGABOOM,
Director of Publicity.

San Diego, Cal., May 7, 1912.

### FIRE CHAPLAINCIES

#### Considered as Unwarranted Sinecures Leading to Sectarian Strife.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Considering the Wade-Waldo-Gaynor embroilment, and the degree of fatigue it inflicts upon the average of us, I ask why should Chaplaincies obtain longer in the Fire Department, or, for that matter, in any other department of Municipal Government or administration?

Presumably, as an institution of questionable value, spiritual or otherwise, the expense of maintenance cannot reasonably be proved commensurate with the good accomplished, and if we admit the expediency of sectarianism there is no telling where we shall end.

While the ministration of a Protestant clergyman might prove of some comfort to a hopelessly injured fireman of his (the clergyman's) particular denomination, it is by no means essential to that fireman's subsequent welfare in the purview of the ordinary run of Protestant denominations, and in the case of Catholics it is safe to say that there are priests enough accessible in most neighborhoods who are always ready, as I believe it is their bounden duty to be, to perform the requisite Church functions, to obviate difficulty in that respect.

Chaplaincy in the Fire Department is in my opinion an unwarranted sinecure, and I should not wonder if Mayor Gaynor thought so, too. Why not then abolish it on this instance of dissension seemingly quite foreign to the teachings of true Christianity? I try to be a Christian, in the altruistic sense, but I am

NO SECTARIAN.

New York, May 11, 1912.

## TO THE PARASITIC SISTER.

When I open up my paper I am sure to find a place
Where a letter from "A Mother" takes up lines and lines of space,
Just to warn that votes for women will be women's sure disgrace.

They reiterate the statement that "the home is woman's sphere,"
That to guide the little children is a task without a peer,
But they quite forget, in writing, that we're not all mothers here.

They forgot that weary toiling leaves us little time for play,
That "the home" is but a legend as we trudge our weary way;
Sewing, writing, teaching, caring for the sick from day to day.

In the busy rush of commerce all that's asked is honest work,
So what we create we're paid for and we lose it if we shirk,
And we leave no unused corner in our brain where sloth can lurk.

Then they ask us why we do it—say we're selfish, hard and cold,
That instead of rearing children we prefer to work for gold,
Tell us that the search for freedom leaves us wrinkled, bent and old.

But they never stop to reason, never stop to realize
That a deep and aching longing lies within our weary eyes,
For a love-mate gone before us and for whom our lone heart cries.

Or it may be we have only lost the mate our fancy made
Till we found he wasn't worthy, and bereaved, but unafraid,
We weeping cast him from us—and his ghost will not be laid.

So the woman that is sheltered, with her children and a mate,
Shouldn't try to judge the sisters that are left to contemplate
A long, lone life before them filled with labors, small and great.

We are toiling in the workshop, in the office or the store,
And we fight our daily battles, earn a living, pay the score,
Doing all that men are doing, only asking one thing more.

We are equal in the office, in the business race we run,
If the workers, seekers, thinkers ask the boon their work has won,
Should the parasitic sister check the movement they've begun?

IRENE A. FORDE.

## STUDENTS ARE TOLD OF JOHNSON'S OFFER

### Prize for Best Essay on Social Problem Taken Up by College Papers.

### SOME EDITORIALIZE ON IT

#### The Princetonian Thinks It Will Do Good in Stirring Up Undergraduate Discussion.

College newspapers throughout the country are giving much space to the prize offers of Owen Johnson, announced through the College Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES. Most of the papers reproduce Mr. Johnson's offer in full. Here are some of the comments which have already been received here:

From Brown and White, Lehigh University.

College students, as well as graduates, will be interested in the competition started in THE NEW YORK TIMES by Owen Johnson, the author of "Stover at Yale," which has aroused so much discussion because of the frank criticism of conditions in American colleges and universities of to-day. Mr. Johnson is anxious to find out what students themselves have to say about social conditions of American colleges, and to spur them on he offers two prizes, one of $150, the other of $100, for the best papers on the subject. The first is offered to undergraduates, while the second is limited to graduates only.

From The Lantern, Ohio State University.

Two prizes of $150 and $100 have been offered by Owen Johnson, author of "Stover at Yale," to the student offering the best plan for the social organization of a university through THE NEW YORK TIMES. The prize of $100 will be given to the best paper by a graduate and $150 for the best paper by an undergraduate.

Mr. Johnson is desirous of learning the attitude of students themselves concerning the social conditions of the various schools which they attend, and in order to spur them on he has offered these prizes. He has very strong views regarding the shortcomings of American universities, charging them with ignoring many of the important problems of the day and taking up their time with petty social organizations.

From The Williams Record, Williams College.

Owen Johnson, author of "Stover at Yale," has offered through the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES two prizes, one of $150 and the other of $100, for the best constructive plan for the social organization of a college or university. The first is offered to an undergraduate while the second is limited to graduates. Mr. Johnson holds strong views regarding the shortcomings of American universities. In fact, he charges that under their present curriculums they stifle thought by ignoring the vital problems of the day, such as the popular election of United States Senators, the income tax, and direct primaries.

The Barnard Bulletin of Barnard College, this city, prefaces a reproduction of Mr. Johnson's letter to THE TIMES with this comment:

> Doubtless graduates and undergraduates are all interested in Owen Johnson's work, "Stover at Yale." It discusses very frankly social conditions in American universities. Mr. Johnson is anxious to learn the feelings and ideas of students on social organizations of their universities.

From The Daily Student, Indiana University.

College students, as well as graduates, will be interested in the competition started today through the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES by Owen Johnson, the author of "Stover at Yale," which has aroused so much discussion because of the frank criticism of conditions in American colleges and universities to-day.

As his letter on this page explains, Mr. Johnson is desirous of learning what the students themselves have to say about the social conditions of the college they attend, and to spur them on he offers two prizes, one of $150, the other of $100, for the best papers on the subject. The first is offered to an undergraduate, while the second prize is limited to graduates.

Mr. Johnson holds strong views regarding the shortcomings of American universities. In fact he goes so far as to charge that under their present curriculum they stifle thought by ignoring the vital problems of the day, such as the popular election of United States Senators, the income tax, direct primaries, &c.

Mr. Johnson is the son of Robert Underwood Johnson, editor of the Century Magazine. He went to Lawrenceville, as "Stover" did before going to Yale, which also is Mr. Johnson's Alma Mater. Mr. Johnson was the Chairman of the Yale Literary Magazine for the class of 1900. He is a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity.

In all his comments on colleges Mr. Johnson has nothing but praise to say for athletics, which other critics have so often attacked.

From The Princetonian, Princeton University.

Announcement was made in the College Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES of a competition for which Owen Johnson offers two prizes for the best constructive plan for the social organization of a university. One hundred and fifty dollars is to be given for the best paper on this subject submitted by an undergraduate, while the other prize of $100 is limited to graduates.

Evidently Mr. Johnson considers that a greater incentive is necessary to arouse undergraduate opinion than graduate opinion, and no doubt he is right. The older alumni of every university have, naturally enough, a keener sense of perception for the existing evils in college than the present generation of undergraduates. The most valuable feature, therefore, which this scheme will have is the influence it is bound to exert by increasing student interest along these lines. More undergraduate discussion, followed by action from this quarter, is absolutely essential to solving the vital problems of the social organizations of our universities and colleges. That characteristic common to so many undergraduates of regarding every fault or undesirable condition as a necessary evil should be altered.

From The Trinity Tripod, Trinity College.

Mr. Owen Johnson, the well-known writer of college and school stories, has just announced through the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES an offer of two prizes, one of $150 to undergraduates of any American college or university, and another of $100 to any graduate for "the best constructive plan for the social organization of a university or college." * * *

Mr. Johnson is very much interested in the social organizations of colleges, and in announcing these prizes he says in part: "I hope that strong papers may be submitted in behalf of all existing systems, (with suggested improvements in the matter of detail,) and that equally there may be plans submitted for an entirely different system of division, as well as plans that would argue for no system at all."

The Yale News has recently taken a vote among the members of Mr. Johnson's class on the criticism on Yale social life. The majority of the answers uphold Mr. Johnson's opinions.

### A Struggling Family.

A workingman with a wife and three children to support sustained two years ago an injury which has left him hopelessly insane. Shortly after his commitment to an asylum a fourth child was born and the mother found her responsibilities too great for her strength. Necessary rest and care have restored her health; and, by acting as janitress in the house where she lives, she is at present earning her rent without neglecting her home and children. The Charity Organization Society asks for $182 that this home, where the children are growing up together under their mother's intelligent care, may be continued during the coming months. Milk for the children at a cost of $5 a month and a regular weekly allowance for food, in addition to what her church gives her for this purpose, are needed.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in response to a previous appeal in THE TIMES:

H. M. M., $1; Miss Marie Babcock, $10; Herbert M. Clarke, $5; W. D. J., $10; D. P. Keeler, Jr., $5; Mrs. Payson Merrill, $5; O. A., $5; In Memory of R. & J. W., $1; T. & B., $2.

# AUDIENCE, FOR ONCE, NOT ONLY SUFFERER

## Actors, Too, in "The Marriage—Not," Must Bear Their Share of Torture.

## A SILLY SEASON PLAY

### With Fritz Williams the Only Near-Human Figure in a Very Bad Cast.

THE MARRIAGE—NOT, a comedy in three acts. By Joseph Noel. Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

David Phillips.....Robert Drouet
Margaret Phillips.....Oza Waldrop
Felix Morton.....Fritz Williams
Robert Cardon.....Albert Howson
Stella.....Sybilla Pope
Nita Trent.....Fayette Perry
Mr. Jacobs.....John Edmunds
Schmidt.....Alexander Leftwich
Jenny.....Charlotte Carter
Gwendolyn.....Selma Mayna

In the second act of "The Marriage—Not" a supposedly soulful poet plays the violin very badly, while his audience on the stage stretch their arms and yawn. And for once an audience had the satisfaction of knowing that the actors were undergoing a share of the misery provided for those who sat in front.

All of which serves as an illustration of how far wrong an author and his producer will allow themselves to go. For in a case like this what is sauce for the goose on the stage is pretty apt to be a somewhat equally unpalatable dressing for the people in the audience.

The incident in itself is really not important, however, in a play which verges as near the utterly ridiculous as anything that has been seen on the stage in several seasons. Indeed, it would hardly be untrue to say that "The Marriage—Not" with its blatant pretence of discussing intelligently a question of marriage and divorce about reaches the limit of imbecility. It is a mixture of incompetent farce and would-be drama in which no one is human for a minute and in which the language that is spoken, supposedly fluent philosophy and pregnant with wisdom, is in reality merely a most absurd bombastic rehash of platitudes.

To tell the story would be merely to repeat the main incident of a thousand different plays in which husband and wife have disagreed, and in which the supposedly alluring third person is a man with a past—a former free-love favorite who rises to confound and confuse him. The only difference is that in this particular instance the husband, who insists on hanging around after a divorce has been granted, is a bit more of an ass, the wife a good deal more of a fool, and the lover considerably more transparent and impossible than in most bad plays of the kind.

Both acting and stage management last night were generally on a par with the play, the first act revealing at one time a remarkable variety in styles of dress, ranging from an easy lounge suit to what in this society would surely have been referred to as costume de riguer. By and by dinner was announced, so the evening clothes had the best of it, though the lighting rather suggested a midday function.

Of those who appeared, Mr. Fritz Williams alone played with anything like real human suggestion. He was, in fact, remarkably light, free, easy and agreeable, and his method was a decided contrast to the affected, unnatural style of practically everybody else. In a showy rôle, however, Sybilla Pope, though obviously crude and untrained, did an effective bit of work.

"The Marriage—Not" does not promise to be enduring.

## NEW SINGER MAKES A HIT.

### Bella Story Charming in Tryout at Fifth Avenue—Mabel Hite's Offering.

Singing and dancing "turns" well staged by Ben Teal provide the best part of "The Café Cabaret," Mabel Hite's new vaudeville offering, which was seen for the first time at the Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday afternoon. Miss Hite herself appears in a grotesque costume, and her facility and humor are as marked as ever. But the material that has been provided for her is of an exceedingly primitive sort. Even a vaudeville audience ceases to be hysterical nowadays about a bleeding nose suggested by a man's red tie, and much of the book is of an equally ancient sort. But Miss Hite may always be depended upon to do something interesting on her own account, and she has several capable people with her, among them the long and lanky Tom Dingle, who dances well when alone, and, again, with a couple of girls, who do a few steps neatly.

As it stands there is too much of "The Café Cabaret," but with condensation it will probably make a good vaudeville headliner, thereby serving its purpose.

The surprise at the Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon was Bella Story, a young woman, who sings charmingly, has a magnetic and attractive personality, and should be in demand for musical comedy prima donna rôles. Miss Story's name was not on the bills, and hers was a "try-out" number.

### New Brighton Theatre Opens.

The New Brighton Theatre, at Brighton Beach, at the end of Ocean Parkway, opened for the season last night, under the direction of David Robinson. The theatre has been redecorated since last Fall. The opening bill included Belle Baker, the morality play "Everybody," Laddie Cliff, William Macart and Ethelyn Bradford, Bob Matthews and Al Shayne, Redford and McChester, the "Graphophone Girl," the Booth Trio, and the Musical Craigs.

## WEEK'S BILLS AT THEATRES.

"Held by the Enemy," William Gillette's war drama, is the offering by the stock company at the Academy of Music this week.

Mme. Sissieretta Jones, known as "the Black Patti," and her musical company began a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House last night, presenting a piece called "In the Jungles."

The Manhattan Stock Company began its second week at the Manhattan Opera House yesterday with "Paid in Full" as the offering.

At the West End Theatre the Corse Payton Stock Company began its season yesterday, offering "The House Next Door," with the original Gaiety Theatre production.

Sam Mann and company in "The New Leader" appeared as the headline feature at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre, and others on the programme were "The Antique Girl," Edmund Hayes and company, Eddie Leonard and Mabel Russell, Gertrude Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry, Kaimar and Brown, Loney Haskell, Diero, Ruby Raymond and company, Nita Allen, Fall's and Falls, Rem Brandt, and Arrudi, a Spanish giant.

Valeska Suratt and company headed the bill at the Colonial Theatre yesterday. Another important feature was the performance of a condensed version of "Pinafore" by a company of children, and the rest of the programme included Harry Fox and the Millership sisters, Gracie Emmett and company, Harry B. Lester, Bedini and Arthur, Rice, Sully and Scott, and Gillette's dogs.

Mabel Hite and a large company in a sketch called "The Cafe Cabaret" was the headline feature at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre. Others on the programme included Cook and Lorenz, "The Top o' th' World Dancers," Agnes Scott and Henry Keane, James Diamond and Clara Nelson, Bert Fitzgibbons, and Romalo and Delano.

Eva Tanguay headed the bill at the Alhambra Theatre, offering her new repertoire of songs. W. L. Abington and company appeared in "Honor Is Satisfied," and the remainder of the programme included the Florentine Singers, George B. Reno and company, Frank Stafford and Marie Stone, Raymond and Caverly, Les Fread-Nad, Pederson brothers, and Fay, Two Coleys, and Fay.

A new group of "Texas Tommy" dancers made their appearance as an added attraction to "The Ginger Girls" company at the Columbia Theatre yesterday. The dancers entered into competition with one another for the favor of the audience, and judgment was awarded according to the amount of applause received. The burlesque company appeared in a two-act travesty.

Attractions at other burlesque theatres included Dixon's "Bug Review," at Miner's in the Bronx; the "Big Gaiety Company," at the Olympic; "The Smart Set," at Hurtig & Seamon's Musical Hall, and Ben Welch's "Burlesquers," at the Murray Hill.

The bill at the Orpheum Theatre, Brooklyn, included Florence Nash, Joseph Jefferson and company in "In 1999," "Hazel Weston; or, More Sinned Against Than Usual," "The Courtiers," Wilbur Mack and Nella Walker, Fred Dupree, the Gordon brothers, the Primrose Four, Brice and Gonne, and the Arbeste.

## SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Ellen H. Rogers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, to Kenneth B. Schley, son of Grant B. Schley of 845 Fifth Avenue, will take place on Saturday, June 8, at Crumwold Hall, the country estate of the bride-elect's parents, at Hyde Park, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin N. Duke and their daughter, Miss Mary Duke, are leaving to-morrow for a visit in the South, and will return about the middle of June.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Roosevelt have returned from Vancouver, and are at the Hotel St. Regis.

Countess Grote-Varchenten arrived here yesterday from Europe, and will be at the Ritz-Carlton until the middle of June. L. L. Caftanzogla, Chargé d'Affaires of Greece at Washington, is also at the hotel for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Francklyn and Miss Dorothy Francklyn are at Redcroft, their Summer home at Southampton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo E. Woodhouse have returned from abroad and are at the Plaza.

Mrs. William C. Gulliver has leased her cottage at Southampton to Percy H. Stewart for the Summer.

Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Cross of 24 West Fifty-sixth Street has returned from Atlantic City and is at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

Mrs. Mouritz Frederick Westergren of Walton Avenue and 146th Street will give a dinner this evening for ex-Gov. John Lind of Minnesota and his daughter, Miss Jenny Lind, who are sailing on Thursday to join Mrs. Lind in Geneva, Switzerland.

Mrs. Lauterbach of 765 Fifth Avenue has gone to Briarcliff Lodge for the late Spring season.

Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould and children are sailing for Europe to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

## BRIDAL PAIR MISSIONARIES.

### Miss Kilborne Weds Rev. W. C. Kerr and Will Share His Work in Corea.

A romance that began on the other side of the world reached its dénouement in Orange, N. J., last night, when Miss Grace Allerton Kilborne was married in the Central Presbyterian Church to the Rev. William Campbell Kerr, son of the Rev. Dr. John H. Kerr, pastor of the Arlington Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn. Mr. and Mrs. Kerr will go to the Orient as missionaries.

The bridegroom has been a missionary in Corea for the last three years, and his bride will share his work there. Miss Kilborne was touring the world with other members of her family when she met Mr. Kerr.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Kerr, father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Dr. John F. Patterson, pastor of the Central Church, and the Rev. John McDowell of Newark. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Mary Allerton Kilborne of Orange.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Kilborne of 93 Hillyer Street, East Orange. She is a graduate of Wellesley College and a classmate of Miss Marcia Kerr, sister of the bridegroom.

## MRS. JOHN J. EMERY TO WED.

### New York Widow Worth $40,000,000 to Marry the Hon. Alfred Anson.

The engagement was formally announced in London yesterday of the Hon. Alfred Anson, brother of the Earl of Lichfield, to Mrs. John J. Emery of this city. The marriage will take place shortly. Mrs. Emery inherited about $40,000,000 from her husband, who died in September, 1908, and her New York home is at 5 East Sixty-eighth Street. She also has a country place, The Turrets, at Bar Harbor.

Her children, a daughter and two sons, are with their aunt, Mrs. Arthur Delano Weekes, until the return of Mrs. Emery from abroad. She sailed three weeks ago, and is now in Paris. She was Miss Lela Alexander, daughter of Gen. Charles T. Alexander, U. S. A.

Mr. Anson's mother before her marriage was Lady Harriet Hamilton, a daughter of the late Duke of Abercorn, and he is through her a nephew of the Marchioness of Blandford, mother of the Duke of Marlborough. He is a frequent visitor to New York.

### Engagements.

Mrs. John J. Cassidy of Albany, N. Y., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Edna Marie Cassidy, to George D. Wagner of this city. The announcement was made at a luncheon given by Mrs. Cassidy for her daughter on last Saturday. No date has been set for the wedding.

The engagement is announced of Miss Meriam Burton Carpenter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira H. Carpenter of New Rochelle, to Francis Delafield Wright of Darien, Conn. Miss Carpenter was graduated from Wellesley College, class of '10. No date has been set for the wedding.

### De Murias-Vander Veer Engagement.

Fernando E. de Murias announces the engagement of his sister, Miss Sylvia A. de Murias of 306 West 100th Street, daughter of the late Ramon de Murias of Havana and New York, to Dr. Albert Vander Veer, Jr., of this city, youngest son of Dr. and Mrs. Albert Vander Veer of Albany. Dr. Vander Veer is a graduate of Yale, class of 1900.

### Miss Frances Robinson-Duff Engaged

The engagement is announced of Miss Frances Robinson-Duff, daughter of Mrs. R. Robinson-Duff of Paris, to C. Haseltine Carstairs of New York and Paris.

## CHAS. E. COOK A BANKRUPT.

### Theatrical Manager Files a Second Petition with Liabilities of $13,415.

Charles Emerson Cook, a theatrical manager, of 128 West Forty-fourth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,415 and no assets.

There are sixty-four creditors, among whom are Elise I. Freisinger, $2,443; Katherine Emmett, $100; Norma Mitchell, $100; Elizabeth Murray, $100; Elliott Dexter, $300; Alice Kauser, $250 royalties; De Mille Company, $600, royalties; H. H. Jennings, Hartford, $1,100; International Silver Company, $300, and National Printing and Engraving Company, Chicago, $350.

Mr. Cook filed another petition on Jan. 27, 1910, which was closed up without a discharge.

Mr. Cook is now employed as business manager for David Belasco.

### Waller to Give a One-Act Play.

Lewis Waller will present "The Great Game," a one-act play by W. Cronin Wilson, as a curtain raiser to "The Explorer" at Daly's Theatre, beginning on Thursday evening. The piece has never been produced in this country, but was used by Mr. Waller as a curtain raiser to several of his London productions, and it has also been given in the English music halls. The three characters will be played at Daly's by Frank Woolfe and Lewis Broughton of "The Explorer" company and James Finlayson, who is appearing in the second act of "Bunty Pulls the Strings."

## MUSIC NOTES.

Alfred Hertz, Mme. Gadski, her husband, Hans Tauscher, and her daughter Lotta Tauscher, and Mme. Lillian Nordica will sail to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

There will be practice performances, for which cards are issued, of Bizet's "Djamileh," and the second act of "Der Fliegende Hollander," at the Institute of Musical Art on Friday evening.

DIAMONDS
The finer grades only.
BRACELETS
$50.00 to $700.00
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street

# A. L. ERLANGER BACK; TELLS FOREIGN PLANS

## London and Paris Theatres for American Productions Projected —A Provincial Circuit.

## NEW PLAYS FOR NEW YORK

### "Milestones," "Count of Luxembourg," "Oh! Oh! Delphine," and "The Little Cafe" for Season's Opening.

Among the passengers returning from Europe on the George Washington yesterday was A. L. Erlanger of Klaw & Erlanger, who left this country on April 2 to supervise the London productions of "The Pink Lady" at the Globe Theatre and "Ben-Hur" at the Drury Lane. Mr. Erlanger is enthusiastic over the reception accorded both of these plays in the British metropolis. He said:

"I have never seen two such first nights in my theatrical career; it was good to hear the cheering that the British public gave both 'The Pink Lady' and 'Ben-Hur.' The demonstration was so gratifying that I only wish that we could carry such audiences with us every time we produce a play, whether it be here or in London. 'The Pink Lady' will be seen all over Europe within the next six months. Contracts to that effect have already been executed.

"Arrangements have already been made for the production of 'Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm' at Mr. Frohman's Duke of York Theatre as it was originally produced at the Belasco Theatre in this city for an entire season. 'The Round Up,' too, intact and as it was originally presented at the New Amsterdam Theatre, will have a London production next March."

Speaking of the new plays which Klaw & Erlanger will present in this country next season, Mr. Erlanger said:

"We have secured 'Milestones,' by Arnold Bennett and Edward Knoblauch, and shall have two companies in this play, one opening in New York the middle of September and the other in Chicago a week later. Both of these companies will be made up of English players. We shall immediately organize a company for 'The Count of Luxembourg,' which will be the opening attraction at the New Amsterdam Theatre next season. The new McLellan-Caryll musical comedy, which is tentatively called 'Oh! Oh! Delphine,' will be the opening attraction at the Knickerbocker Theatre next season. It is founded on a farce by Georges Berr and Marcel Guillemaud, who are also responsible for the original farce which formed the basis of 'The Pink Lady.' We have already arranged with Charles Frohman for the production of this piece in London.

"'The Little Café,' which has been running for over a year at the Theatre Royale, Paris, is being Americanized by Mr. McLellan and will be set to music by Mr. Caryll. The book and score are to be delivered to us early in August and will receive an early Autumn production. Lehar's new opera, 'Eva,' will most likely be presented in Chicago before it will be seen in this city.

"I spent the first week in May in Paris in consultation with American capitalists who want to build for us a theatre in London to house American productions, and also one in Paris. These propositions Mr. Klaw and I now have under consideration. Mr. Frohman, of course, will be associated with us in these enterprises, and Mr. Klaw will leave for Europe shortly to take up further negotiations. He will also take up the organization of Provincial theatres in connection with Oswald Stoll, who has already formed the nucleus of a circuit of Provincial theatres embracing the principal cities of the United Kingdom, in which Mr. Frohman and ourselves will be interested. Joseph Brooks, who came with me on the George Washington, will return to London in three weeks to continue arrangements for American productions in England."

## PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

### Some of Those Sailing To-day on Two Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave by them are:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Miss J. Alexander, Miss Harriet Alexander, F. B. Aulich, D. Bagley, Phillip Barnard, Miss Eloise Baylor, P. M. Bertram, Paul Blackmar, H. Brakspear, Mr. and Mrs. H. Bugart, Mr. and Mrs. P. McBurrill, Jesse H. Carey, Niles Chapman, Miss Margaret M. Choate, George D. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Cochran, Miss C. Crafts, James D. W. Cutting, Charles Dillingham, Mr. and Mrs. Horace E. Dodge, Miss Edna Doughty, H. P. du Pont, George Ehret, M. Ellis, L. Emery, Lord Fairfax, Miss A. Ferret, George B. Findley, G. Foreman, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Frasch, Mrs. H. T. Gadski, Miss Lottie Gadski, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gwinn, W. Haig, Mr. and Mrs. Jerome J. Hanauer, Miss Edith T. Hegau, Major von Herwarth, Military Attache German Embassy, Washington; Alfred Herz, E. O. Heyworth, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Kingjust, Mrs. H. M. Kinsley, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Ledyard, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Legg, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Mayer, John F. Moore, Miss Jean Morris, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Morron, John Patterson, Miss L. M. Payne, Miss A. V. Payne, Miss F. Pearson, Marquis Pennat, M. Philips, Mr. and Mrs. James Rascovar, Mrs. Vieve Richmond, Mrs. E. Runge, Mrs. J. Samuels, Mrs. R. A. Sands, Mrs. G. R. Sheldon, Mrs. L. W. Simon, Mrs. I. B. Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, Miss Sturges, James S. Thomson, Prof. Rudolph Tombo, Mrs. E. Hayes Trowbridge, Simon Uhlmann, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Weil, Henry Whiteley, J. W. Woolworth, and Baroness von Zedlitz.

NOORDAM (Rotterdam)—Mrs. A. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bauer, L. O. Binder, W. D. K. Bossard, Dr. and Mrs. Howard M. Cooper, Miss H. M. Cooper, Mrs. B. C. Duer, Mrs. C. W. Foster, George Furman, Miss A. C. Holton, Miss J. A. Hunter, Miss Ida E. Lowber, Mr. and Mrs. John Noble, Miss M. S. Pendleton, Miss Ann Sawyer, Mrs. T. T. Wells, and Miss Georgina Wells.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of those who came by them were:

GEORGE WASHINGTON, (Bremen)—Mrs. A. Bailey, J. Arthur Beebe, Miss Emily E. Beebe, Miss Lucy Beer, Countess Alice Bonzi, Mr. and Mrs. J. Brooks, Andrew Carson, H. Chandler, Mrs. C. T. Cook, Mrs. W. Church, Miss K. Devanny, Miss Irene de Witt, Bruce C. Dickey, C. J. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Evans, Miss Dolores Gill, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Gilson, Count M. Grote, Miss Blanche Hooper, Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Ira L. Kip, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Gordon E. Law, T. H. Mack, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Magie, J. W. Marker, E. J. Malloney, Miss F. E. Master, W. C. Miles, W. J. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar L. Newhouse, J. J. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Parkhurst, C. F. Peck, Mrs. C. B. Penrose, Mrs. W. H. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Porter, Miss Ray Prager, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Quackenbush, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert G. Rich, C. H. Smith, J. T. Stuart, Mrs. S. M. Thomas, Mrs. Cora W. Towne, Mr. and Mrs. James Townsend, Mrs. W. A. Tucker, Lindsay Tucker, Miss Marion Tucker, Mrs. W. C. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Wilson, Hugh Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo E. Woodhouse, Miss Marjorie Woodhouse, Mrs. Modest Wood, Mrs. S. Worcester, George E. Wiede, Miss Lillian Weaver, and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Weingartner.

MINNEWASKA (London)—Mrs. A. Adams, Paul Allen, C. H. Anthony, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bannard, Mrs. Elizabeth H. Booth, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Bryson, Henry S. Bullen, Mrs. Samuel O. Church, Mrs. Dennis Cox, Miss A. Mason Cox, Miss Margaret Crawford, Dr. Kingston Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, Mrs. B. Ford, Miss Agnes S. Grady, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hanan, Stanley Harris, Dr. Stafford McLean, Miss Emmeline Moore, E. S. Mullins, Capt. C. Padden, Mrs. E. A. Robson, Mrs. Mary Wright Sewall, Miss Florence A. Seward, Capt. W. V. B. Webb, Robert C. Wine.

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Brown, Miss V. Bury, Mrs. A. Clyde Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. M. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Greenleaf, Dr. R. C. Greenleaf, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Hall, Mrs. Jane E. Kellogg, W. E. Linklater, Mrs. W. L. Lyons, Miss Mary R. Lyons, Mrs. F. M. Matheson, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Miles, Miss Helen Miles, H. M. Pease, Miss E. A. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert M. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Underhill, Dr. Charles C. Wallen, Miss N. C. Wharton, Mrs. Jean T. K. Wilson, Miss Nathalie Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Winnett, W. W. Woodruff.

## MME. GIANOLI IS DEAD.

### Operatic Singer Who Appeared Here in Hammerstein's Company.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, May 13.—Mme. Bressler Gianoli, an operatic singer well-known in the United States, died here last evening after an operation for appendicitis. She was engaged for America in 1913. She leaves several children.

Mme. Gianoli was born in Geneva. She showed musical talent at an early age, and made her operatic début in her native town at the age of 19 in "Samson et Dalila." Her first appearance in "Carmen" was in 1895. In 1900 she was engaged at the Opera Comique. In 1903 she came to America and sang the rôle of Carmen with the New Orleans Opera Company. Oscar Hammerstein brought her over again in the season of 1907, when she made her greatest American success at the Manhattan Opera House.

## FRENCH PASTOR DIES.

### The Rev. Dr. Grandlienard Stricken at Dentist's Office.

Following his custom, the Rev. Henri L. Grandlienard, pastor of the French Evangelical Church, at 126 West Sixteenth Street, and one of the oldest members in the Presbytery of New York, came from his home in Hicksville, L. I., in the forenoon yesterday to do some work in his office at the church. About 10:30 o'clock he complained to the sexton's wife, Mrs. Alfred Genton, of suffering from a tooth, and, pushing his books aside, told her that he was going to the dentist's.

About 2 o'clock a messenger came from a dentist's office at Sixth Avenue and Sixteenth Street, asking that the sexton come immediately to the pastor, who had suddenly been taken ill. The sexton's wife followed the messenger, and when she arrived at the dentist's parlors she found Mr. Grandlienard stretched out on a lounge, blood flowing from his mouth. Mrs. Genton called other friends of the pastor and he was removed to the New York Hospital.

The condition of the pastor became gradually worse and he died last night. The cause of his death, according to the record at the hospital, was apoplexy.

The Rev. Henri L. Grandlienard had been pastor of the French Evangelical Church for forty years, having come here from Baltimore, where he was pastor of a German congregation. The members of his church were planning for a celebration in the coming Fall of his fortieth anniversary as pastor.

## BRIDE-TO-BE DIES SUDDENLY.

### Miss Taylor, Choir Singer, Was to Wed Lawrence Smith of New York.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Md., May 13.—Stricken with acute indigestion as she was about to visit her fiance's family in New York City, Miss Elizabeth B. Taylor died yesterday at her father's home on North Charles Street. Lawrence Smith, to whom Miss Taylor was to be married June 10, arrived from New York this evening to attend the funeral to-morrow.

Miss Taylor was a prominent choir singer and a leading soprano in Christ Episcopal Church choir.

### Jonas M. Kilmer.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., May 13.—Jonas M. Kilmer died at his home here this morning. He was President of the People's Bank, a Trustee of the Binghamton Savings Bank, President of the Dr. Kilmer Company, and for several years President of the Binghamton Press Company. Mr. Kilmer was born in Cobleskill in 1844. For eighteen years he was a resident of New York, being employed by H. B. Claflin & Co., E. S. Jaffray, and Cochran, McLain & Co. In 1878 Mr. Kilmer removed to this city, and, with his brother, Dr. S. A. Kilmer, engaged in the manufacture of medicines. For fifteen years Mr. Kilmer was Police Commissioner of the City of Binghamton.

### Agnes D. Cameron, Authoress, Dead.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 13.—Miss Agnes Deans Cameron, well known as an authoress and lecturer, died suddenly here to-day. She was born in Victoria Dec. 20, 1863.

Miss Cameron began life as a school teacher at the age of 15, but a few years later quarreled with the school Trustees, resigned, ran for Trustee herself, and was elected. Later she took up journalistic work. In 1908 she made a six-months journey from Chicago to the border of the Arctic Ocean, by the way of Athabaska, Slave, and Mackenzie Rivers. On her return she lectured in Canada and the United States on "Journeys Through Unknown Canada."

### Gen. Nazare Aga Dies in Paris.

PARIS, May 13.—Gen. Nazare Aga, who was Persian Minister to France from 1895 to 1905, died here to-day.

### Obituary Notes.

Col. SAMUEL ALLYN MOORE, prominent in Connecticut politics and a civil war veteran, is dead in New Britain, Conn., of pneumonia, aged 70. As leader of the Fourteenth Connecticut Volunteers he participated in twenty-four battles of the civil war.

BENJAMIN ELLIS died on Sunday at the residence of his son, Henry Ellis, 448 Riverside Drive, following an attack of acute indigestion. He was 73 years old and for thirty-five years lived in Boston, where he was an optician. Mr. Ellis left a widow, three sons, and three daughters.

ABRAM ROSENHEIM, 73 years old, a retired cigar manufacturer, died on Sunday of arterio-sclerosis at his home, 304 West 121st Street. He was prominent in Democratic politics in Harlem, and was a member of a number of organizations. Mr. Rosenheim is survived by a widow and four sons and a daughter.

WILLIAM FRANCKE KRUSE, 52 years old, a retired merchant, died at his home, 327 East Twenty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, of Bright's disease. He left one daughter.

Mrs. ADELAIDE MOTT MEERT, widow of Charles Frederick Meert of this city, died yesterday in Brussels, Belgium, where she had resided for the last four years, in her sixty-eighth year. She was the daughter of Dr. William H. Van Buren, one of the founders of Bellevue Hospital, and granddaughter of Dr. Valentine Mott, an eminent surgeon of this city in the fifties. She is survived by a daughter, Louise, and a son, William, who live in Brussels, and another son, Victor, who lives in New York. Mrs. Meert was well known in New York in her youth.

CHARLES W. MAUJER died yesterday at his home, 116 Ridgewood Street, in his seventy-sixth year. Mr. Maujer was born in Williamsburg and was the son of Daniel Maujer, a one time President of the Brooklyn Board of Education. He leaves a widow, two daughters, and a son.

WILLIAM S. OSGOOD, a veteran of the civil war, until recently employed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died yesterday at his home, 124 Chrystal Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Bucksport, Me., in 1835, but for thirty years had been a resident of Brooklyn, and East New York. He fought under Admiral Farragut at the battle of Mobile Bay. Mr. Osgood was a member of the McPherson-Doane Post, G. A. R.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON CLARKSON, a retired business man, died yesterday after a long illness at his home in Stratford, Conn. He was 70 years old.

THOMAS J. O'SULLIVAN, one of the founders of the Irish-American Athletic Club, and for many years a Special Treasury Agent, died last night at his home, 544 West 157th Street. Mr. O'Sullivan was born in County Limerick, Ireland, in 1852, and came to this country forty years ago.

## 'HANSEL UND GRETEL' AGAIN.

### Aborn Company Gives Humperdinck's Fairy Opera in English.

HANSEL UND GRETEL, fairy opera in three acts. By Engelbert Humperdinck. Book by Adelheid Wette. English translation by Constance Bache. Broadway Theatre.

Peter.....Morton Adkins
Gertrude.....Elaine de Sellem
Hansel.....Edith Bradford
Gretel.....Ada Meade
The Witch.....Ethel du Fre Houston
Sandman.....Anna Hull
Dewman.....Hilda Allen
Conductor.....Joseph Sainton

Humperdinck's charming opera, "Hänsel und Gretel," had its original presentation here in English. Later Heinrich Conried produced the work in German at the Metropolitan Opera House, bringing its composer over to add interest to the event. When Humperdinck visited this country again last season to supervise the rehearsals of his "Königskinder," his earlier opera was still in the répertoire, and doubtless it will remain there for many seasons to come.

Last night a section of the Aborn Opera Company, an organization which presents opera at popular prices throughout the country, gave "Hänsel und Gretel" in English at the Broadway Theatre. "In English" in this case is much more than a phrase, because almost every member of the cast contrives to make himself understood.

Since the work was first sung here it has attained a great popularity. The holiday matinées at the Metropolitan Opera House are sung to a theatre full of children. This popularity is due not only to the very great merit of the opera itself, but also to the way it has been performed. Bella Alten's Gretel, for instance, is classic.

There were some grave deficiencies in the performance last evening, but on the whole it was a good one, and would please even those who have heard the more pretentious performance at the Metropolitan Opera House. Of course the opera gains much by being sung in a small theatre.

It did not seem as if any of the members of the cast, if one except Morton Adkins and Ethel du Fre Houston, had ever seen a performance at the Metropolitan, the stage business in so many instances was so different. Miss Ada Meade, for instance, who played Gretel, missed many opportunities for effective action. However, she gave a good idea of the part. Edith Bradford, who has sung in "The Chocolate Soldier," made a very good Hansel, appearing with bare legs.

Morton Adkins's voice was of good service in the rôle of Peter, but in action he was labored. Ethel du Fre Houston, on the other hand, was admirable as the Witch. Elaine de Sellem was efficient as the mother.

There was a good orchestra, although not a large one, which played competently under the direction of Joseph Sainton. It was lacking principally in spirit. The famous "Cake Waltz," in the last act, for instance, would gain very much if played with more verve—more in the Viennese manner. The prelude to the second act, "The Ride of the Witch," was omitted.

The scenery, too, was more than adequate, although some of the mechanical effects refused to work properly. The clouds in the second act and the Witch's ride were bungled. On the other hand, the transformation in the last act was well done. The staircase from heaven creaked so loudly that the angels almost feared to tread. The defects, however, will probably not be in evidence to-day. It must be remembered that "Hänsel und Grétel" is not easy to stage.

On the whole the performance may be commended, and it should prove of interest to children of all ages. It cannot be too thoroughly insisted upon that it is really opera in English, English which can, for the most part, be understood.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Orcho family of acrobats became a feature of the Winter Garden entertainment last night, appearing in "A Night with the Pierrots." Al Jolson changed his programme of songs last night also.

Eugene Ormonde, who was in Mme. Simone's company recently, will make his vaudeville debut at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre on May 20 in "Little Italy" by an arrangement with Harrison Grey Fiske, owner of the play.

"Queed," a dramatization by Winchell Smith of Henry Sydnor Harrison's novel, will be produced early in the Fall by Cohan & Harris, with Brandon Tynan in the leading role.

The thirty children who took part in the special performance of "Disraeli" at Wallack's Theatre recently will be the guests of Daniel Frohman at the Lyceum Theatre this afternoon at the exhibition of the Paul Rainey hunt pictures. After the performance Mrs. James Speyer will give the children a party in Mr. Frohman's rooms at the theatre.

Raymond Hitchcock ended his season in "The Red Widow" at Scranton, Penn., last Saturday night, and went at once to his farm at Luddington, N. Y., where he will spend the Summer. Mr. Hitchcock will resume his tour about the middle of August, and will go to the Pacific Coast.

Two hundred members of the National Leaf Tobacco Association, now in convention here, attended the performance of "A Winsome Widow" at the Moulin Rouge last night.

"Swift & Co.'s sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, May 11, averaged 11.17 cents per pound.—Adv.

$500,000 Needed to Help Cancer Patients

We have reached a crisis in our work. With money we can purchase an addition to our present well-equipped plant that would give us double our present capacity.

This Hospital is supported by voluntary contributions, and all of its 100 beds are occupied. Will you not help us to receive the scores of sufferers who come to us for treatment, and for whom we have no room?

The recent purchase and installation of the most advanced apparatus for the treatment and relief of cancer have brought a flood of cases to us demanding care.

NEW YORK SKIN AND CANCER HOSPITAL,
2d Ave., Cor. 19th St.,
New York City.

J. CLEVELAND CADY, President.
J. EDWARDS WYCKOFF, V-Pres.
W. R. SHEFFIELD, Secretary.
ALFRED R. KIMBALL, Treasurer.

BOOKSELLERS TO THE WORLD
Travel Dept.
Baedeker's Guides and Guide Books of all kinds. Atlases. Maps. Automobile Maps. Cable Codes. Other desirable requisites.
BRENTANO'S
5th Ave. and 27th St., New York.

DREICER & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1870
PEARLS - JEWELS
Universal appreciation of Dreicer jewels does not cease with the worth of the stones alone or the originality of the designs.
Our settings are notably substantial and are finished to the utmost detail.
560 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK
(corner 46th St.)

## WEBER-FIELDS TOUR BEGINS.

### 110 in Dusters and Straw Hats Leave Town—Chorus Girls' Woes.

Weber and Fields and their Jubilee company, including Lillian Russell, Fay Templeton, and 106 others, actors, chorus girls, musicians, and useful people, with 25 relatives and friends, started yesterday morning on their five weeks' whirlwind tour with a special train. The real start was made from the Broadway Theatre about 9 o'clock, in automobiles and taxicabs, preceded by the band of 18 pieces and followed by a crowd of—for Broadway—early risers. The men of the company wore linen dusters and soft straw hats, and the girls had on identical dusters and reversible hats of red straw and white lace.

At the station they boarded the train of nine cars, on the New York Central Railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Weber and Mr. and Mrs. Fields and the four Fields children occupied a private car; Miss Russell, Miss Templeton, Mr. and Mrs. William Collier, and Mr. and Mrs. Garrick occupied another private car; the rest of the principals had a compartment sleeper, the chorus a sleeper, and the orchestra and chorus men and useful people, such as maids and dressers, another sleeper.

The first stop was Albany, and almost before that city was reached the girls of the chorus had settled their affairs, and the other folks had begun to decorate their staterooms with family portraits and things. The musicians hung a large photograph of Weber and Fields at the end of their car before the train started. There was little dispute in allotting the berths for the chorus girls. That was in charge of William Oviatt, and he got along very well at it, except that every one objected to his arrangement. There was one serious objection. The girl who was put in Section 13 refused to occupy it. Mr. Fields was called in to settle the matter, and he showed remarkable wisdom. He changed the number to 12½, and the girl was satisfied.

Albany was reached on time and the company immediately detrained to look over the dressing rooms at Harmanus Bleecker Hall. The only accidents of the trip happened just about this time. One of the girls struck her elbow on the door of the railroad station, and wept copiously, and another of the girls said she received only $14.60 change at a restaurant where she had given a $20 bill in payment for 40 cents' worth of ham and eggs. She also wept.

After Mr. Weber, Mr. Fields, and Mr. Collier had visited the theatre, they returned to the train to play pinochle until dinner time.

The company was scheduled to leave Albany this morning at 3:15

# YANKS ROUT TIGERS; POOR GAME ON HILL

## Short Stop Bush and Catcher Stanage Make Victory Easy by Their Erratic Work.

THE SCORE.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York.. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 | ..—15 |
| Detroit .... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0— 4 |

NEW YORK.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zinn, cf..... | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Martin, ss..... | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 0 |
| Dolan, 3b..... | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cree, lf..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hartzell, rf.... | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Simmons, 1b.. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Gardner, 2b... | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Street, c..... | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Vaughn, p.... | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Total..... | 39 | 15 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 27 | 12 | 2 |

DETROIT.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bush, ss..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Jones, lf..... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Dubuc, lf..... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cobb, cf..... | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Crawford, rf . | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Delehanty, 2b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Moriarty, 1b.. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Baumann, 3b.. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Stanage, c..... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Works, p..... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Pernoll, p..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Covington, p.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *Mullin ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †Willetts ..... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total..... | 36 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 24 | 12 | 6 |

*Batted for Works in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Covington in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Zinn, Dolan, Gardner. Three-base hits—Dolan, Bush, Moriarty, Stanage. Sacrific hit—Martin. Stolen bases—Hartzell, (2,) Simmons, Cobb, (2,) Crawford. First base on errors—New York, 4. Left on bases—New York, 11; Detroit, 7. Double plays—Martin and Simmons; Martin, Gardner, and Simmons. Struck out—By Vaughn, 8; by Works, 2; by Covington, 1. Bases on balls—Off Vaughn, 2; off Works, 2; off Pernoll, 2; of Covington, 3. Hit by pitchers—By Works, 2, (Cree Simmons); by Covington, 1, (Martin.) Wild pitches—Pernoll. Covington. Hits—Off Works, 6 in 5 innings, (at bat, 22); off Pernoll, 3 in 1 inning, (at bat, 6); off Covington, 4 in 2 innings, (at bat, 11.) Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and O'Loughlin. Time of game—Two hours.

The Detroit Tigers looked like the Tigers of old for the first four innings of yesterday's game on the Hilltop, and then they suddenly began to look like Class X bush leaguers, the result being that the Yankees were able to walk off with the victory after a most inauspicious start. In three successive innings the Wolverton brigade batted around, each time scoring more runs than hits, and the final count showed them on the heavy end of a 15-to-4 verdict. This victory, with the defeat of the St. Louis Browns at Boston, pulled the Yankees out of last place for the first time since the season opened.

In piling up their high score the Yankees were materially assisted by "Ownie" Bush and Oscar Stanage. The difference was that Bush tried to play and could not, while Stanage simply would not. The Detroit catcher gave an exhibition of poor playing in the sixth inning which brought out jeers and hisses from the crowd, and Jennings was implored to take him out. But Hughey stood for it all, and Stanage remained to the finish.

First he tossed his mask in disgust at a wild pitch, and then he refused to run after a foul fly which dropped twenty feet in front of the stand. He closed his poor performance by trotting out to the pitcher's box for a pop fly and then allowing the ball to fall safe, while two Yankee runners were cashing in at the plate. It would be easy to name fifteen major league managers who would have chased Mr. Stanage to the clubhouse for his all-around poor work in this chapter, and the mystery of it all is how Jennings stood for it.

Manager Wolverton trotted Jim Vaughn back at the Tigers, despite his wildness during his short sojourn on the mound Saturday. The big southpaw did not shine any too brilliantly in the first four innings, during which time the Tigers grabbed seven of their ten hits, three being triples, and the combination helped a trio of runners across the plate. After the Yankees jumped ahead Vaughn tightened up, and only three singles were made off his service during the last five innings. He threatened to "blow" in the sixth inning, when the Tigers bunched a pair of singles around an error by Earl Gardner and filled the bases with none out, but a fast double play by the Yankee infield pulled him out of trouble.

Jennings worked six pitchers into the battle, three of them for mound duty, and none of the three showed anything like real form. All three were wild, and their passes, wild pitches, and hit batsmen played a prominent part in the Yankee run getting. Ralph Works drew the original assignment, and for four innings he handled the Yankees with such ease that it threatened another defeat for Wolverton's team. Gardner's double and Street's sharp single in the second session were the only telling blots on an otherwise clean record. But when the Yankees finished with Mr. Works in the fifth inning distress signals were flying from the Tiger stronghold and another pitcher was getting in shape at the warming pan.

Two scratch hits and a Texas Leaguer was the extent of the Yankee stickwork in that busy fifth inning, but four runs were pushed across. Two runners were forced home when Works dented their ribs while the bases were full. Another sneaked home on one of the scratch hits, and the fourth ambled homeward while Jones was dropping Gardner's fly in left field. Davy dodged the error column by a speedy return to third base for a forceout.

In the sixth inning Lefty Pernoll got a chance to stop the Yankees, and again the home team batted around, picking up five more runs. Only three hits were made in this inning, but Stanage was giving his exhibition of how baseball should not be played and Bush was finishing his disastrous afternoon. Pernoll would have shown a far better record with anything like ordinary support, which he did not get.

Covington finished the game, and his first inning showed the Yankees making their third complete journey down the batting order. In this chapter Covington unloaded three passes, a wild pitch, and hit one batsman. Two doubles were properly inserted by Zinn and Dolan and three more runs were picked up. In the ninth inning some weird tossing by Covington, an error by Delehanty, and singles by Martin and Cree chased the last two Yankee runs across.

The Tigers scored in the first inning on Cobb's scratch single, a steal, on which Ty went to third when Gardner forgot to cover second, a pass to Crawford, and a double steal by Sam and Ty. Bush's triple and a single by Jones brought in another run in the third inning. Triples by Moriarty and Stanage added another in the fourth, and the final run was chased over in the seventh on Delehanty's single, Gardner's error, Baumann's single, and an out.

The all-around work of Martin, who got three hits and accepted nine chances without an error, and the hitting of Dolan were the features.

### Senators Win on Bunched Hits.

WASHINGTON, May 13. — Washington bunched hits on Blanding in the sixth inning to-day, defeating Cleveland, 9 to 6. The batting of Cashion and Ryan featured the game. Score:

| WASHINGTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Moeller, lf. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Foster, 3b.. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Milan, cf... | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cashion, rf. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Cun'h'm, 2b. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Flynn, 1b.. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| M'B'de, ss. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Henry, c... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| E. W'ker, p. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Total... | 36 | 9 | 11 | 27 | 14 |

| CLEVELAND. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Butcher, lf. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Olson, 3b... | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| J'kson, cf.. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| B'm'h'm, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| East'ly, c.. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Ryan, rf... | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Ball, 2b... | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| P'k'p'gh, ss. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Bland'g, p. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Bask'te, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| *Liv'stone.. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total... | 39 | 6 | 11 | 24 | 12 |

*Batted for Baskette in the ninth inning.

Errors—Birmingham, Peckinpaugh, Blanding, Cunningham, McBride, and E. Walker.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington ..... | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | .. | —9 |
| Cleveland ..... | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | —6 |

Two-base hits—McBride, Foster, Cashion. Three-base hits—Ryan, (2,) Peckinpaugh. Home runs—Milan, Cunningham. Hits—Off Blanding, 9 in six innings; off Baskette, 2 in two innings. Sacrifice hit—McBride. Stolen base—Cunningham. Sacrifice fly—Peckinpaugh, Ryan. Left on bases—Cleveland, 12; Washington, 10. First base on balls—Off Blanding, 2; off Walker, 2; off Baskette, 3. First base on errors—Cleveland, 3; Washington, 2. Hit by pitcher—Easterly by Walker, Jackson by Walker. Struck out—By Blanding, 3; by Walker, 5; by Baskette, 1. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

### Browns Make Poor Showing.

BOSTON, May 13. — Boston won from St. Louis to-day, 14 to 9, by piling up nine runs in the second inning. The locals hit the ball hard and safely in that period, each player scoring one tally. Bushelman went to pieces in the seventh inning, and Bedient successfully stemmed the tide. The visitors used four pitchers. The score:

| BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hooper, rf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Engle, 2b.. | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Sp'ker, cf. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Lewis, lf... | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| G'dner, 3b. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| B'dley, 1b. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| W'gner, ss. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Carrigan, c. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 0 |
| Hall, p.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| B'sh'm'n, p. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Bedient, p.. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total... | 35 | 14 | 13 | 27 | 13 |

| ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shotten, cf. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Austin, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Stovall, 1b. | 3 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Pratt, 2b.. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Hogan, lf... | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Laporte, rf. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Hal'nan, ss. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Stephens, c. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| C. Brown, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake, p... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Powell, p.. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Mitchell, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *Proctor ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †Kutana ... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total... | 40 | 9 | 13 | 24 | 11 |

*Batted for Powell in seventh inning.
†Batted for Mitchell in ninth inning.

Errors — Carrigan, Bushelman, Austin, Pratt, Hallinan 3, Powell.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis ..... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0— | 9 |
| Boston ..... | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | x— | 14 |

Two-base hits—Speaker, Lewis, (2,) Gardner, Stephens. Hits—Off Hall, 3 in one inning; off C. Brown, 2 in one inning; off Lake, 3, (none out in second;) off Powell, 6 in five innings; off Bushelman, 8 in five and a third innings; off Mitchell, 2 in two innings; off Bedient, 2 in one and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hits—Austin, Wagner. Stolen bases—Speaker, Carrigan, (2,) Engle. Double play—La Forte and Hallinan. Left on bases—Boston, 8; St. Louis, 9. First base on balls—Off Hall, 1; off Bushelman, 2; off C. Brown, 3; off Lake, 1; off Powell, 3; off Mitchell, 4; off Bedient, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 4. Struck out—By C. Brown, 1; by Powell, 4; by Bushelman, 3; by Mitchell, 1; by Bedient, 3. Passed ball—Carrigan. Wild pitch — Bushelman. Balk—Bedient. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan. Time of game—Two hours and sixteen minutes.

### Walsh Effective in the Pinches.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Philadelphia was unable to hit Walsh's delivery when men were on the bases to-day, and lost the game by 3 to 1. Barry made three singles and a double in four times at bat. Brown was effective except in two innings. The score:

| CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bath, 2b.. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| H. Lord, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Cal'han, lf. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Bodie, cf.. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| J. Col'ns, rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Zelder, 1b.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Weaver, ss. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Kuhn, c.... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Walsh, p... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total... | 29 | 3 | 8 | 27 | 8 |

| PHILADELPHIA. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B. Lord, lf. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Oldring, cf. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| E. C'lins, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 3 |
| Baker, 3b.. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Murphy, rf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| M'Innes, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 1 |
| Barry, ss... | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Egan, c... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Brown, p... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| *Strunk ... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| †Lapp .... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total... | 37 | 1 | 11 | 27 | 20 |

*Batted for Egan in ninth inning. †Batted for Brown in ninth inning.

Errors—Walsh, B. Lord, Baker, Egan, Brown.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0— | 3 |
| Philadelphia ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 1 |

Two-base hits—J. Collins, E. Collins, Bodie, Harry. Sacrifice hits—Bodie, 2. Stolen base—E. Collins. Double plays—Baker, E. Collins, and McInnes; Brown, McInnes, and Baker. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 10. First base on balls—Off Walsh, 1; off Brown, 4. First base on Errors—Chicago, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Brown, (Kuhn, Zelder.) Struck out—By Walsh, 6; by Brown, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Connolly.

## MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

### Tri-State League.

At Lancaster—Johnstown, 15; Lancaster, 4.
At Allentown—Allentown, 10; Altoona, 1.
At Wilmington—York, 3; Wilmington, 2.
At Trenton—Harrisburg, 9; Trenton, 5.

### New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 1; Lawrence, 1, (ten innings, darkness.)
At Lynn—Lynn, 8; Haverbill, 4.
Other games postponed—Rain.

### American Association.

At Toledo—Columbus, 5; Toledo, 2.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 5; Minneapolis, 2.
At Indianapolis—Louisville, 3; Indianapolis, 2.
At Kansas City—Milwaukee, 7; Kansas City, 3.

### Connecticut League.

At New Britain—Springfield, 2; New Britain, 1.

### New York State League.

All games postponed—Wet grounds.

### Southern League.

At New Orleans—Chattanooga, 10; New Orleans, 3.
At Mobile—Memphis, 3; Mobile, 1.
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 5; Nashville, 4.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 9; Atlanta, 4.

### United States League.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 1.
At Reading—Reading, 4; New York, 3.
Other games postponed; rain.

### Virginia League.

At Danville—Portsmouth, 2; Danville, 1.
At Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 3; Newport News, 0.
At Petersburg—Richmond, 5; Petersburg, 4.

# BASEBALL

## Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 15; Detroit, 4.
Washington, 9; Cleveland, 6.
Boston, 14; St. Louis, 9.
Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Chicago, 4. (Eight innings; darkness.)
Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh—rain
St. Louis, 4; Boston, 3. (Eleven innings.)

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

All games postponed; wet grounds.

## Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago ..... | 20 | 5 | .800 |
| Boston ..... | 14 | 8 | .636 |
| Washington ..... | 12 | 11 | .522 |
| Cleveland ..... | 10 | 11 | .476 |
| Philadelphia ..... | 9 | 11 | .450 |
| Detroit ..... | 11 | 14 | .440 |
| New York..... | 6 | 13 | .315 |
| St. Louis ..... | 6 | 15 | .286 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York ..... | 17 | 4 | .810 |
| Cincinnati ..... | 18 | 5 | .783 |
| Chicago ..... | 11 | 12 | .478 |
| Pittsburgh ..... | 9 | 11 | .450 |
| Boston ..... | 9 | 14 | .391 |
| Brooklyn ..... | 7 | 12 | .368 |
| Philadelphia ..... | 7 | 12 | .368 |
| St. Louis ..... | 8 | 16 | .338 |

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jersey City ..... | 13 | 7 | .650 |
| Rochester ..... | 12 | 7 | .632 |
| Buffalo ..... | 9 | 7 | .562 |
| Baltimore ..... | 8 | 9 | .471 |
| Toronto ..... | 8 | 10 | .444 |
| Newark ..... | 8 | 11 | .421 |
| Providence ..... | 7 | 10 | .411 |
| Montreal ..... | 7 | 11 | .389 |

## Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Washington.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Cincinnati.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Rochester.
Providence at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Toronto.

# CUBS TIE GAME WITH GIANTS; THEN RAIN

## Champions Just Erratic Enough in Late Innings to Permit Chicago to Even Score.

THE SCORE.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York .... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —4 |
| Chicago ..... | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | —4 |

NEW YORK.

| | AB. | R. | H. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Devore, lf..... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Doyle, 2b..... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Snodgrass, cf..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Murray, rf..... | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Merkle, 1b..... | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Herzog, 3b..... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Shafer, ss..... | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Meyers, c..... | 3 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 |
| Tesreau, p..... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Total ..... | 30 | 4 | 7 | 24 | 13 | 4 |

CHICAGO.

| | AB. | R. | H. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sheckard, lf..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Schulte, rf..... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Moore, ss..... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Downs, 2b..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hofman, cf..... | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Zimmerman, 1b..... | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Evers, ss., 2b..... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Lennox, 3b..... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Archer, c..... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 0 |
| Lavender, p..... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *Miller ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total ..... | 30 | 4 | 6 | 24 | 10 | 1 |

*Batted for Moore in the seventh inning.

Two-base hit—Moore. Three-base hit—Zimmerman. Sacrifice flies—Lennox, Shafer. Stolen bases—Schulte, Sheckard, Merkle. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; New York, 7. Bases on balls—Off Tesreau, 3; off Lavender, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Tesreau, (Lennox.) Struck out—By Tesreau, 1; by Lavender, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran. Time of game—Two hours.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Ill., May 13.—The Giants and the Cubs quit the field this afternoon in the eighth inning in a heavy downpour of rain with the score tied, 4 to 4. But for the ability of the Cubs to make a base hit in each of the last three frames, after a pass or an error, the game would have resulted as the first two of the series, an easy victory for the Giants.

The combatants faced each other with slightly revamped fighting fronts. For New York Jack Murray resumed his duties in right field, after ten days' absence, while Charles Moore, a Pacific Coast League product, held down Joe Tinker's job when the Cub captain was forced to lay off with a slightly strained back.

The Giants threatened to score in the first and sixth innings, getting a man as far around as third base in each session. In the sixth Shafer walked and took third on Meyers's hit, but was caught at the plate on Tesreau's roller to short. The Cubs threatened to score in the first inning also, but after that were at Tesreau's mercy until the last three sessions. New York scored a trio of tallies in the fifth inning when Snodgrass walked and went to third on Moore's fumble of Murray's bounder. Merkle's hit scored Fred, and when Herzog walked the sacks were filled without a man being retired. Shafer's long foul to Schulte allowed Murray to count. Then Chief Meyers was deliberately walked and Tesreau's grounder to Moore enabled Merkle to cross with the final run of the inning.

The Cubs counted in the second on Zimmerman's long triple and Lennox's sacrifice fly, but then Tesreau tightened up and it appeared as if the locals had finished their day's pan denting. In the sixth inning, however, Hofman walked, advanced on Zimmerman's infield out and Evers's safe bunt, and scored while Lennox was being disposed of. Sheckard's single, his steal of second base, and Meyers's wild throw, which enabled him to take third in the following inning, was followed by a pinch hit by Ward Miller, who was sent in to bat for Moore, and Sheckard tallied, putting the teams on a par.

The Giants quickly forged to the front when they batted in the eighth session. Merkle singled, stole, and scored on Shafer's timely hit to Schulte. The Cub half of this session was productive of the run which effectually knotted the count. Zimmerman singled with one down and advanced when Herzog booted Evers's tap. Zimmerman dashed for third base, which had been temporarily left uncovered, and slid into the bag with the ball and three Giants, who had rushed from various parts of the field to cut off the runner. The umpires, Finneran and Rigler, also rushed to third base to judge the play, and each rendered a different decision, the former calling the runner out, while Rigler declared that he was safe. Instantly both arbiters were surrounded by angry Giants and Cubs, and while the argument raged the rain, which had threatened in the later innings, began to fall heavily. The debate was decided by Zimmerman being called safe, as Umpire Rigler, who had rendered that decision, had charge of such plays under the circumstances.

When the field was cleared of arguing athletes Lennox hit a vicious grounder at Tesreau, and Jeff fumbled the ball until too late to stop Zimmerman at the plate. He got his man at first base and retired the Cubs by forcing Archer to fly to Snodgrass. The game was then called by Umpire Rigler, who gave "darkness" as a reason, although torrents of rain were falling. The play-off has been set for Aug. 15.

# TWO HITS AND PASS WIN.

## Kent's Only Poor Inning Causes Brooklyn's Defeat by Reds.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 13.—Cincinnati bunched a single, a base on balls and a triple in the fourth inning to-day and this proved enough to defeat Brooklyn by a score of 2 to 1. Benton was effective with men on bases while Kent was in fine form with the exception of the one inning. The game was the fastest played on the local grounds this season. The score:

| CINCINNATI. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bescher, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Bates, cf... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Hobl'zel, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 |
| Mitchell, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Egan, 2b... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Phelan, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Esm'd, ss. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| McLean, c. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| Benton, p.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total... | 27 | 2 | 5 | 27 | 16 |

| BROOKLYN. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Moran, rf.. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| D'bert, 1b. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| Smith, 3b.. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| N'then, cf. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Daly, lf.... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| H'mel, 2b.. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Kent, ss.. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Phelps, c.. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Kent, p.... | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Total... | 31 | 1 | 9 | 24 | 9 |

Errors—Bates, Hobiltzel, Benton.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |
| Brooklyn ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0—1 |

Three-base hit—Phelan. Sacrifice hits—Hummel, Moran, (2,) Northen. Stolen bases—Esmond, Mitchell. Double play—Phelps and Tooley. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 10; Cincinnati, 4. First base on balls—Off Kent, 3; off Benton, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Benton, (Smith.) Struck out—By Kent, 3; by Benton, 6. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush.

### Third Straight for Cardinals.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—A base on balls, a single, a wild pitch, and Konetchy's single in the eleventh inning gave St. Louis the third straight victory over Boston, score 4 to 3. Kling was put out of the game for protesting a decision in the tenth inning. The score:

| ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H'gins, 2b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Ellis, lf.... | 3 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Mowrey, 3b. | 5 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| K'tchy, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 1 |
| Evans, rf.. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Smith, ss.. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Okes, cf... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Bliss, c... | 4 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 3 |
| Ewing, p.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Steele, p.. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| *Hauser ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| †Magee ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| E. Miller, cf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wille, rf... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total... | 39 | 4 | 13 | 33 | 13 |

| BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sw'ney, 2b. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| C'pbell, cf. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| R. M'l'r, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Devlin, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Kirke, lf... | 5 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| McD'd, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Kling, c.... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Hess, p.... | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Rariden, c. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dickson, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ‡Spratt .... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total... | 38 | 3 | 9 | 31 | 17 |

*Batted for Evans in the eleventh inning.
†Batted for Oakes in the tenth inning.
‡Batted for Hess in eleventh inning.
§One out when winning run scored.

Errors—Konetchy, Evans, Devlin, Kling.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1— | 4 |
| Boston ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0— | 3 |

Two-base hits—Sweeney, Devlin, Bliss. Three-base hit—Campbell. Sacrifice hits—Ellis, Devlin, R. Miller. Sacrifice flies—Konetchy, Miller, Smith, Magee. Stolen bases—Konetchy, Huggins, 2. Bases on balls—Off Hess, 5; off Ewing, 1; off Steele 3; off Dickson, 1. Struck out—By Hess, 1; by Steele, 7. Hits—Off Ewing, 2 in one and one-third innings; off Hess, 11 in ten innings; off Dickson, 2 in two-third of an inning; off Steele 7 in nine and two-thirds innings. Wild pitch. Dickson. Left on bases—St. Louis, 14; Boston, 9. Time of game—Two hours and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

# YALE WON'T CLAIM POINTS.

## Dual Athletic Meet Tie Score with Princeton to Stand Officially.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—No foundation for the reports sent out from New Haven to the effect that Yale won the track meet from Princeton last Saturday by winning one more first place than the Tigers can be found here. As far as is known by the Princeton management, no such agreement as that attributed by the New Haven correspondents was ever made, nor is there any trophy of any sort offered.

The meet was held under the regular I. T. A. A. A. A. rules, which provide that in case of a tie the team winning the greater number of first places wins the trophy if one is at stake, but there was no trophy up for competition on Saturday, and, as far as Princeton is concerned, the meet stands as a tie. Princeton men are not objecting, however, if Yale desires to call a tie with the Orange and black athletes as a Yale victory.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 13.—It was decided to-day by the Yale Athletic authorities that Yale would not press the point of claiming first honors in the meet with Princeton on a technicality. The point honors, therefore, will stand a tie at 58½ for each team.

# CHANCE SHAKES UP CUBS.

## Lennox Benched, Hofman at First, Zimmerman at Third, Miller in Centre.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Ill., May 13.—The easy way in which the Giants showed up the Cubs in two games of the series which closed this afternoon has determined Manager Chance to give his line-up an overhauling.

Eddie Lennox, whose hitting was the sensation of the Cub machine for several weeks after the opening of the season, not only failed to keep up while the champions were sojourning here, but was also made to look like a snail in fielding and running bases in comparison with the visitors' brilliant work. Lennox has been indefinitely benched as a result, and Chance will use Zimmerman at the third corner. Zimmerman has played third base before, having been called upon to fill nearly every infield position during his regime as utility man.

Artie Hofman, who had some experience at first base last season, will be seen at the initial sack to-morrow afternoon, and Ward Miller, the outfielder obtained from the International League, will take Hofman's place in the middle patch. Miller has made a hit by his work as a pinch hitter, and for this reason will get plenty of opportunity to show his worth.

In the event that Tinker, who was unable to play to-day on account of an injured back, does not get into the game to-morrow, only one infielder, Evers, will be seen in the position in which he played before the Giants got in their winning work. Charley Moore will play shortstop until Tinker recovers.

# NASHVILLE CLUB ENJOINED.

## May Be Necessary to Transfer Team to Another State.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 13.—No intervention will be made by officials of the Southern League in the legal battle of the Nashville Baseball Club, which at present is in the hands of a receiver and is barred from playing ball in its own State, until the Court of Appeals, to which tribunal the case has been referred, hands down its decision. This is expected some time during the latter part of this week.

In the event that the litigation is postponed to such a time as to affect the Montgomery series, scheduled to start in Nashville May 23, the league will take immediate action and transfer the team to some other city, possibly Little Rock.

This is the substance of a decision reached here at a conference between Judge William M. Kav

## EXPLORER WHITNEY BACK.

### Arrives at Halifax from Sealing Expedition Three Weeks Overdue.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 13.—Buffeted by heavy storms and impeded by big ice floes, the Neptune, which sailed last March on a sealing expedition at the head of which was Harry Whitney of this city, reached Halifax yesterday after a hard trip, according to word received here yesterday.

Capt. Robert Bartlett, who was with Peary on his dash to the North Pole, a close friend of Mr. Whitney, had command of the Neptune, which sailed from St. Johns, N. F., on its northern voyage. They had planned to spend about six weeks in the sealing grounds. Mr. Whitney sent word that it was a particularly hard season and that some of the hardened sailors of the Neptune declared they never experienced a worse voyage. As a consequence they got back to port three weeks overdue.

Mr. Whitney's telegram to relatives here stated that on board were 8,000 seal skins, together with five young seals alive and in good condition. Mr. Whitney intends to take them to New York. Furthermore, the Neptune has aboard 13,000 feet of moving picture film, which will give the public its first opportunity to see how the seals are actually caught in the far North. Mr. Whitney's family were becoming alarmed at his absence, and had also received urgent requests from Capt. Bartlett's family for news of the expedition, when word of their safety was received to-day.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 13.—To-day marked the close of one of the most unsatisfactory sealing seasons Newfoundland has known in many years. Twenty steamers engaged in the fishing are in and reported a total catch of 175,128 seals, valued at $329,104. This is hardly more than half the number taken last year, when the steamers reported 304,291 seals, valued at $493,635.

The falling off this year is due in a large measure to the abnormal ice conditions which have prevailed. There were no serious accidents to the fleet this year, in contrast with past years.

## ALLEN JURY IS INSTRUCTED.

### Attorneys on Both Sides Begin Summing Up—Expect Verdict Wednesday

WYTHEVILLE, Va., May 13.—The Allen jury was to-day instructed by the court on the law on murder, conspiracy, and self-defense, and attorneys on both sides began summing up the case. Floyd Allen, first one of the outlaws who on March 14 killed five persons in the Carroll County Court House in Hillsville to be brought to trial, exhibited more interest to-day than at any time since his ordeal began. The case can hardly go to the jury before Wednesday.

Four other captured members of the gang are now awaiting trial, and upon the verdict of the jury in Floyd Allen's case probably rests the course of the State in the others. It has been the contention of the prosecuting attorney that the Allens hatched a conspiracy to murder the Carroll County Court officers, and came protected by metal breast plates. The defense has maintained that the shooting was started by the court officers—three of whom were killed in the affray—who had a feud on with the Allens.

Sidna Allen, the ringleader of the outlaws, and his nephew, Wesley Edwards, never have been taken and are supposed to be somewhere in the Blue Ridge Mountains. Witnesses at this trial testified that Sidna shot Judge Massie.

## BEAR ALARMS STAMFORD.

### Robs Chicken Coops and Scares a Farmer, Who Escapes.

*Special to The New York Times.*

STAMFORD, Conn., May 13.—A black bear, weighing 200 pounds, is at large near Stamford. The bear has been seen a number of times. It has not attacked any one, but has robbed several chicken coops.

The bear confronted a farmer last night on the road as he was driving home. The man leaped out of the wagon and fled to the house of Ernest June, who went back with a shotgun. They saw the bear running off through the woods and June fired a shot, but it did not take effect. It is supposed the bear wandered down from New York State.

## PLANS FOR SAFE FOURTH.

### Mayor's Committee Asks $50,000 in Public Contributions.

For the third consecutive year Herman Ridder has been appointed Chairman of Mayor Gaynor's Fourth of July Committee, which is now arranging for a "safe and sane" celebration of Independence Day. The sentiment in favor of this kind of celebration has spread rapidly. In 1909 twenty cities adopted restrictions regulating the sale and use of fireworks, with the result that the list of dead and injured was materially decreased from the high total of former years, the victims numbering only 5,307 persons. The following year "safe and sane" methods of celebration were enforced in ninety-one cities, and the list of victims shrunk to 2,903. Last year 161 cities joined in the movement, and the total number of victims throughout the United States was put at 1,603.

Since the inception of the "safe and sane" Fourth of July in this city the Mayor's committee has each year conducted more than 400 celebrations in Greater New York, and has revived the custom of reading the Declaration in public. Historical celebrations and pageants have been held in all five boroughs, twenty great athletic meets have been held each year in various parks throughout New York, and 300 school and neighborhood celebrations have been conducted annually. The use of fireworks by individuals has been discouraged by giving free pyrotechnic displays and band concerts throughout the city.

Mr. Ridder has issued an appeal for contributions to the fund to be used this year in conducting the celebration. He states that $100,000 is necessary, $50,000 of which he expects will be appropriated by the Board of Aldermen. Contributions will be received by Isaac N. Seligman, Treasurer of the committee, at 1 William Street, New York, and will be acknowledged through the newspapers from time to time.

## ADOPT NEW CONSTITUTION.

### Free Sons of Israel Also Change Time for Holding Conventions.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 13.—At the second day's session of the National Convention of the Free Sons of Israel to-day, action was taken establishing a Court of Appeals for settling all disputes as to endowment and death claims, reducing the tenure of office of all elective officers and changing the convention periods from every five to every three years. A new constitution, consisting of 105 articles, was adopted.

A memorial resolution on the deaths of Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus and Emil Taussig, Titanic victims, who were members of the New York Lodge, was offered by Sheriff Julius Harburger of New York, and adopted. A banquet to-night followed the business sessions.

To-morrow a report of the Endowment Committee recommending a raise in rates for all members more than 45 years old will be discussed. The convention will close Wednesday night.

## CHANGES AT PRINCETON.

### Charles Scribner Made Life Member of Board—McClenahan New Dean.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 13.—Charles Scribner of New York City, a graduate of Princeton in 1875, has been elected a life member of the Board of Trustees of Princeton University to succeed Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, who resigned at the April meeting of the board. The vacancy caused by the resignation of Edward G. Elliott, '97, as Dean of the college has been filled by the election of Prof. Howard McClenahan, '94.


PIANOS AND ORGANS.

The Wonderful 88-Note LANG NIGHTINGALE PLAYER PIANOS at the lowest price in America ..... $275

The most perfect Player Pianos made. No better Player Piano can be had at any price. Entirely "trouble proof." Do not buy a piano until you see the wonderful Nightingale. A representative will call to see you upon request. Catalogue mailed free.

LANG SYSTEM, 241 W. 42d St

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Bargains, upright pianos, $75 up; $5 monthly. Chickering Grand, $100; player-pianos, $350 up.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES TO CALIFORNIA
$95.40 TO $123.05
NEW YORK TO PACIFIC COAST AND RETURN
SOUTHERN PACIFIC
OFFERS YOU A MOST ATTRACTIVE COMBINATION OF WATER AND RAIL ROUTES VIA NEW ORLEANS. RATES INCLUDE BERTH AND MEALS ON SHIP.
For Descriptive Literature and Further Information, Address
366 Broadway at Franklin Street
1158 Broadway at Twenty-seventh Street
1 Broadway at Bowling Green

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
Austria.

WONDERFUL CURES of Severe and Chronic Cases of RHEUMATISM, GOUT, SCIATICA at the Radio-Active Mud Baths of
PÖSTYÉN
(HUNGARY, 3 hours from Vienna. Through Trains.)
The Thermal Water and Mineral Mud issue at a Natural Temperature of 140° Fahr., and their curative power is marvellous. Bathing and other Therapeutic Institutions second to none.
17,000 VISITORS IN 1911.
Enjoyable Holiday Resort. Equable temperature, fine scenery, interesting excursions, boating, fishing, and many other amusements. Charges to suit all pockets.
Numerous Hotels, Apartments, &c
Just Opened THERMIA PALACE
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, communicating with Baths. All latest improvements. Suites with private bathrooms with the original thermal water laid on. Open all the year.
ENGLISH PHYSICIANS.
May-June: International Chess Tournmt.
*Detailed Illust. Booklet from the Bade-Director, Postyen; also from "Town & Country" Bureau, New York.*
The Postyen Spring Water and Mineral Mud are sold by the Kalish Pharmacy, 23d St. & 4th Av., N. Y.

STEAMSHIPS.
NEXT SAILING
S. S. AMERIKA
London—Paris—Hamburg
MAY 16, 9 A. M.
HAMBURG AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co. Over 400 SHIPS
In the World 1,210,000 TONS
Atlantic Service
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
MAY SAILINGS
Amerika .....16th, 9 AM
Pres. Grant....18th, 10 AM
‡¶Pennsylvania..23d, 11 AM
Cincinnati .....25th, 1 PM
Kais'n Aug. Vic..30th, 10 AM
JUNE SAILINGS
‡Victoria Luise..6th, 9 AM
Pres. Lincoln ..8th, 11 AM
Amerika .....13th, 9 AM
‡¶Pretoria .....15th, 9 AM
Cleveland .....20th, 10 AM
Hamburg .....22d, 12Noon
Kais'n Aug. Vic..27th, 9 AM
Pres. Grant....29th, 10 AM
JULY SAILINGS
Cincinnati .....4th, 12Noon
‡¶Pennsylvania ..6th, 10 AM
Amerika .....11th, 2 PM
Pres. Lincoln...18th, 9 AM
Cleveland .....25th, 9 AM
‡2d Cabin only.
¶Will call at Boulogne, ‡1st cabin only.
Mediterranean
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG
May 15, 9 A. M.
S.S. Moltke, May 29, July 6, 10 A.M.
SUMMER CRUISES
To the
Land of the Midnight Sun.
Eight delightful cruises during June, July, and August, from Hamburg to Norway, North Cape, Spitzbergen.
DURATION 14 TO 26 DAYS.
Cost $62.50 and up
Splendid service, large steamships "VICTORIA LUISE," "KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE," and "METEOR."
*Write for booklet of any cruise.*
Hamburg-American LINE
41-45 Broadway, N. Y.
'Phone 1900 Rector.
COPYRIGHT 1912.

SCHOOLS.
NEW YORK—Manhattan.
SPECIAL COURSE IN
Wireless Engineering
*For Morse Operators*
Fee, Including Continental Code $28.25
Prepares for July positions. Commencing Tuesday, 6 P. M., May 14th
EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A.
155 East 86th Street

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 West 75th St. Sixth Year. 'Phone Col. 8894
Bright pupils not retarded and backward pupils not embarrassed or discouraged by classes. Pupils cover thoroughly 2 and 3 years' work in one. Lessons at home or school. Finely equipped laboratories.
GRADUAE OF CALVERT SCHOOL and Johns Hopkins University wishes to tutor boy or boys during Summer; interview arranged; reference. Address Box 38, Johns Hopkins Medical School, Baltimore, Md.
LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M 41 Park Row, N.Y.
Pennsylvania.
FOR OUR BOYS.
DAVIDSON VACATION SCHOOL
Coolbaugh, Pa., Blue Ridge Mountain.
Write for Catalogue.
Dr. D. Davidson, 1,190 Madison Av., New York. 'Phone 3488 Lenox.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.
BERMUDA
With the Lilies and Oleanders in bloom.
5 DAY TOUR | Inclusive Fares | $22.50
Including Tickets, Hotels and Drives. Leave N. Y. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 Fifth Avenue, 553 Fifth Ave., 2389 Broadway, New York.
TOURS TO
Great Lakes, Yellowstone Park, Yosemite Valley, Grand Canyon, California, Alaska, etc.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
Tel. 1940 Franklin. 396 Broadway, New York.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
France.
VICHY.
Hotel du Parc
Majestic Palace
Nouvel Hotel
Pavillon Sevigne.
J. ALETTI, Gl. Manager.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
Austria.
CARLSBAD,
Hotel KROH
1st-class. American patronage. Prosp. from Director Carl Kroh, or Foreign Resorts Bureau, 1 Southampton Row, London, Eng.
CARLSBAD,
Hotel NATIONAL
1st-class family house. Opposite City Park.

To be happy, a homelike boarding place is essential. Find one through the advertisements in the Boarders Wanted columns of The New York Times to-day or any day.

STEAMSHIPS.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
LONDON — PARIS — BREMEN
George Washington . . . May 18 June 15
Kronprinz Wilhelm . . . May 21 June 18
Berlin : . . . . . May 25 July 6
Kaiser Wilhelm II . . . . May 28 June 25
Kronprinzessin Cecilie . . June 11 July 9
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
Barbarossa.....May 23 Second (II) cabin only
Bremen.....June 1 Koenigin Luise....June 8 July 25
Grosser Kurfuerst.....July 2 Koenig Albert.....July 4
SATURDAY SAILINGS FOR
THE MEDITERRANEAN Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
Friedrich der Grosse.....May 25 July 6
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 Broadway, New York

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
†LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di
ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
*America..May 15, 11 AM
†Oceania..May 18, 11 AM
¶Ancona..June 11, 11 AM
*America..June 26, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.
E H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. TEL. 1308 MAD. SQ.

STEAMBOATS.
FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Get ready to go a-fishing down in Maine.
See the Fall River Line ticket man to-day.
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $4
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way, Phone 5121 Cort.

TO ALBANY 50¢
The most economical way is via Steamers { FRANK JONES / KAATERSKILL of the
CAPITAL CITY LINE
which leave Pier 46, North River, at 5:30 P. M.; W. 129th Street at 6 P. M. daily, including Sunday. Fare 50 cents. For particulars apply to CAPITAL CITY LINE, Pier 46, N. R.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Steamboats leave foot of West Houston Street, 5.30 P. M.; foot of West 129th Street 6 P. M. Phone 9236 Spring.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
BOSTON VIA Providence $2.50 Daily and Sunday.
Colonial Line Pier 39, N. R., 5:30 P. M. 'Phones: Spring 9491-9492.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri. Pier 43, North River, Ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Freight service daily. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
Germany.
Berlin
OPPOSITE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE STATION NEAR UNTER DEN LINDEN
Elite
ABSOLUTELY UP-TO-DATE
Hotel
200 ROOMS, $1.00 UP.
HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER. PRIVATE APARTMENTS, WITH PRIVATE BATH.
Illustrated Tariff Booklet free from Chief Office Gibson's Tourist Company, 99 & 99 Nassau Street, New York.

DRESDEN.
The CONTINENTAL HOTEL
First class. Facing Cent. Station. No carriage needed. App. and single rooms with bath and toilet. Position unique and very quiet.
BEAUTIFUL GARDEN.
This hotel can be confidently recommended to American families.
ED. POESSEL, Manager.

HAMBURG.
STREIT'S HOTEL
Facing 2 Alster Lakes. Winter 1911 entirely rebuilt. Rooms with bath and running water. Every possible comfort. Moderate charges.

HAMBURG.
HOTEL PHOENIX
First-class family House opposite Central Station. Rooms with running hot and cold water and with Private Bathrooms; moderate Charges.
Branch House, City Hotel, Cologne.

France.
AIX LES BAINS
Hotels SPLENDIDE and EXCELSIOR
Leading hotels, magnificent situation. 250 Rooms, 100 Bathrooms.
ROSSIGNOLI, MANAGER.
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
†LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di

Paris-Lyon-Mediterranee Ry.
FRANCE'S GREATEST RAILWAY.
To the region of eternal Spring, the sun-kissed and rose-scented RIVIERA, MONTE CARLO, NICE, CANNES, MENTONE.
Booklets and full information from General American Agency, P. L. M. 213 Fifth Av., New York.

CUNARD
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania May 22 July 3 Sept. 11
June 12 July 24 Oct. 2
Lusitania 1 A.M. Aug. 21 Oct. 23
May 29 July 10 Sept. 18
June 19 Aug. 7 Oct. 9
1 A. M. Aug. 28 Nov. 6
CARMANIA CARONIA CAMPANIA
MAY 18, 10 A.M. July 13 June 1, 10 A.M. July 31 June 5, 1 A.M. July 17
June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10 June 29, 10 A.M. Aug. 24 June 26, 1 A.M. Aug. 14
The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.
New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
IVERNIA May 16, July 3
CARPATHIA a June 4, a July 18
SAXONIA June 12, Aug. 1
PANNONIA a b June 20, a b Aug. 8
a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
Round the World Trips $600. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
New 45,324 Ton OLYMPIC Sails from NEW YORK MAY 25 1:00 P.M.
JUNE 15 JULY 6
JULY 27 AUG. 17
NEARBY SAILINGS
Cedric .....May 16, 12:00 N'n
Lapland .....May 18, 10:00 AM
Minnewaska ...May 18, 10:30 AM
Oceanic .....May 18, 12:00 N'n
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York....May 25 | St. Paul.....June 1
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N.R.
Minnewaska, May 18, 10:30 AM | Minneapolis, June 8
Minnetonka, June 1, 10:30 AM | Minnewaska, June 15
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland .....May 18 | Zeeland.....June 1
Kroonland .....May 25 | Vaderland .....June 8
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic...May 18, noon | Majestic.....June 1
Olympic (nw).May 25, 1PM | Oceanic.....June 8
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric.....May 16, noon | Adriatic.....May 30
Celtic.....May 23, noon | Baltic .....June 6
FROM BOSTON To The MEDITERRANEAN
CRETIC, May 18, 11 AM. CANOPIC, June 8, 4 PM.
CANADIAN SERVICE.
LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA
MONTREAL VIA QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.
*TEUTONIC May 18, June 15, July 13
LAURENTIC May 25, June 22, July 20
*CANADA June 1, Jun 29, July 27
MEGANTIC June 8, July 6, Aug. 3
*Only One Class of Cabin (II) Passengers.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

COLONIST FARES
HAVANA $50 and RETURN
ISLE of PINES $65 and RETURN
Including Meals and First Class Stateroom Accommodations
Equally low rates to other points in CUBA. Tickets will be sold for special sailings from NEW YORK May 17, 31, and JUNE 14 and 28.
For further particulars, reservations, etc., apply to
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S. CO
General Office, Pier 14, E.R., New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Savoie.....May 16 | *La Provence.....June 6
*La Lorraine.....May 23 | *La Lorraine.....June 13
‡France (new).....May 30 | ‡France (new).....June 20
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
La Bretagne.....May 18
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

RUSSIAN - AMERICA LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
To Rotterdam 8 days
To Libau 11 days
SUMMER SAILINGS
Birma May 18
Lituania June 1
Czar (maiden trip) June 15
Kursk June 29
Russia July 13
Rail Connections
Paris, Berlin, Vienna, London, St. Petersburg, Moscow.
First Cabin $65 up
Second Cabin $45 up
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Gen. Pass. Agt., 27 B'way, N.Y.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
RIO DE JANEIRO
THE CITY BEAUTIFUL
BAHIA, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO
BUENOS AYRES and ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
From New York 8th and 20th of each month
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

Spring Tours to TEXAS
Enjoy the refreshing sea trip to Galveston, playground of the great Southwest, with its surf bathing, fine hotels and outdoor sports. See San Antonio and its famous Alamo. Aransas Pass, Corpus Cristi and other historic points. Sailings Wednesdays and Saturdays.
MALLORY STEAMSHIP CO., 290 Broadway, or Pier 45, North River, N. Y.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
FREQUENT WEST INDIES SAILINGS
BERMUDA
Bermuda tickets good for return by Quebec S. S. Co.
CRUISES TO NORWAY BY THE ARCADIAN.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
PERU-CHILE
EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA BY MODERN TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS UP TO 11,000 TONS REGISTER. 16 DAYS NEW YORK TO CALLAO. 23 DAYS NEW YORK TO VALPARAISO. SERVICES TO
COLOMBIA AND ECUADOR
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 22 State St., N. Y. OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

Go To Bermuda
Tours, Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Sails every Wednesday, 11 A. M. Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer. Bermuda tickets good for return by R. M. S. P. Co.
MIDSUMMER TRIPS
To Quebec
Via Halifax, N.S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery; Gut of Canso, Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 6th and 20th, August 3rd and 17th. From Quebec July 12th and 26th, August 9th and 23rd.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues.. 10 AM
*Noordam .....May 14
*Ryndam .....May 21
‡Rotterdam .....May 28
*Potsdam .....June 4
*VIA BOULOGNE sjM.
‡PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
California..May 18, 10 AM | Caledonia..June 1, 9 AM
Cameronia..May 25, 2 PM | Columbia..June 8, 1 PM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.
135 acres; beautiful elevated location; nine-


## SHIPPING AND MAILS

### Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:44|Sun sets..7:09|Moon rises..3:28

THE TIDES.

| | High Water. A.M. | High Water. P.M. | Low Water. A.M. | Low Water. P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sandy Hook | 5:20 | 5:48 | 11:25 | 0:00 |
| Governors Island | 5:35 | 6:08 | 0:02 | 0:00 |
| Hell Gate | 7:25 | 7:58 | 1:37 | 1:37 |

### Arrived—Monday, May 13.

SS George Washington, Bremen, May 4.
SS Lapland, Antwerp, May 4.
SS Bretagne, Havre, May 4.
SS Minnewaska, Southampton, May 4.
SS California, Glasgow, May 4.
SS Manhattan, Antwerp, April 28.
SS Prins Willem III., Haiti, May 7.
SS Allemania, Inagua, May 9.
SS Frutera, Jamaica, May 8.
SS Seguranca, Havana, May 7.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, May 11.
SS El Oriente, Galveston, May 7.
SS Kelvinhead, Baltimore, May 11.
SS Seneca, Boston, May 12.
SS Meiderskin, St. Lucia, April 26.
SS Breardene, Cienfuegos, May 2.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, May 10.
SS Carib, Wilmington, May 11.
SS Saramacca, Trinidad, May 7.
SS San Juan, San Juan, May 8.

### Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Teresa | Palermo | Apr. 28 |
| Wakefield | Narvik | Apr. 28 |
| Ethelaida | Dunkirk | Apr. 24 |
| Crown of Galicia | Glasgow | Apr. 28 |
| Borgestad | Grangemouth | Apr. 28 |
| Morro Castle | Havana | May 9 |
| Oceana | Patras | Apr. 20 |
| Ryndam | Rotterdam | May 4 |
| California | Glasgow | May 4 |
| United States | Christiansand | May 4 |
| Berlin | Gibraltar | May 6 |
| Kronprinz Wilhelm | Bremen | May 7 |
| Chicago City | Swansea | Apr. 30 |
| Cerea | Algiers | Apr. 30 |
| Borinquen | Porto Rico | May 8 |
| Turrialba | Bocas del Toro | May 7 |
| Brazos | Galveston | May 8 |
| City of Savannah | Savannah | May 11 |

DUE TO-MORROW.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Birma | Libau | Apr. 30 |
| Iroquois | London | May 1 |
| Queen Adelaide | Barry | May 1 |
| Campanello | Rotterdam | May 2 |
| Ottawa | Sunderland | May 1 |
| Joseph J. Cuneo | Jamaica | May 9 |
| Prinz Aug. Wilhelm | Kingston | May 9 |
| Saratoga | Havana | May 10 |
| El Dia | Galveston | May 9 |

DUE THURSDAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Oceanic | Southampton | May 8 |
| Cevic | Liverpool | May 8 |
| Romanby | Huelva | Apr. 30 |
| Oruba | Bermuda | May 14 |
| Caracas | Curacao | May 8 |
| Creole | New Orleans | May 11 |
| Suwanee | Shields | May 1 |
| Antonina | Hamburg | Apr. 30 |
| Annetta | Sarna | May 11 |
| Indianapolis | Barbados | May 8 |

### Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

| | Mails Close. | Vessels Sail. |
|---|---|---|
| Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen | 6:30 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Noordam, Rotterdam | —— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Taormina, Naples | —— | 11:00 A.M. |
| Chinese Prince, Rio Janeiro | 5:00 A.M. | 7:00 A.M. |
| City of Montgomery, Savannah | —— | 8:00 P.M. |
| Guantanamo, Santiago | —— | 12:00 M. |
| Apache, Jacksonville | —— | 1:00 P.M. |
| El Cid, Galveston | —— | 12:00 M. |

SAIL TO-MORROW.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Zulia, La Guayra | 8:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Bermudian, Bermuda | 9:00 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Santa Marta, Colon | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Seminole, San Domingo | 10:00 A.M. | 1:00 P.M. |
| Wellgunde, Rio Janeiro | 11:00 A.M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| Panama, Colon | 11:30 A.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Clive Grove, Rio Janeiro | 1:00 P.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Hamburg, Naples | —— | 9:00 A.M. |
| America, Naples | —— | 11:00 A.M. |
| Uller, St. Kitts | 9:00 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| San Marcos, Galveston | —— | 1:00 P.M. |
| Huron, Jacksonville | —— | 1:00 P.M. |
| Proteus, New Orleans | —— | 12:00 M. |

SAIL THURSDAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amerika, Hamburg | 5:30 A.M. | 9:00 A.M. |
| Savoie, Havre | 7:00 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Cedric, Liverpool | 8:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Ivernia, Madeira | 9:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Morro Castle, Havana | 12:00 M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| Fruteria, Belize | 12:30 P.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Coulsdon, Argentina | 12:00 M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Ancon, Calstobal | 11:30 A.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Herm, Argentina | 3:00 A.M. | 6:00 A.M. |
| Allemania, Inagua | 1:00 P.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand | —— | 2:00 P.M. |
| Chippewa, Brunswick | —— | 1:00 P.M. |
| City of Savannah, Savannah | —— | 3:00 P.M. |
| El Norte, Galveston | —— | 12:00 M. |

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

### By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 13, (MARCONI).
SS United States, Copenhagen to New York, 650 miles E. at 8:45 A. M.; due 15th, 8 A. M. Scandinavian-America Line.
SS Berlin, Naples to New York, 650 miles E. at 7:20 A. M.; due 15th, 8 A. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen to New York, 795 miles E. at 1:20 P. M.; due 15th, 8 A. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Kingston to New York, 400 miles S. at 3 P. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Turrialba, Kingston to New York, 820 miles S. at noon. United Fruit Co.
SS Ryndam, Rotterdam to New York, 320 miles E. at 5:30 P. M.; due 14th, 9 A. M. Holland America Line.
BROW HEAD, IRELAND.
SS Finland, New York to Antwerp, 337 miles S. W. at 4:45 P. M.; due Dover 15th, 9:30 A. M. Red Star Line.
SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNIDENT).
SS San Juan, San Juan to New York, 80 miles S. at 7 P. M. New York and Porto Rico S. S. Co.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, 800 miles S. at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Brazos, Galveston to New York, 600 miles S. at 8 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, 45 miles S. at 8 P. M. Savannah Line.
SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz, via Progreso, to New York, 28 miles S. at noon. Ward Line.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, 207 miles S. at 4:30 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, 1,000 miles S. at 6:30 P. M. Morgan Line.

## Foreign Ports.

### Arrived.

SS Lusitania, at Fishguard, May 12.
SS Caronia, at Liverpool, May 13.
SS Filomachi, at Barcelona, May 10.
SS Paula Blumberg, at Cadiz, May 10.
SS Pilar de Larrinaga, at Rio Janeiro, May 12.
SS Walton Hall, at Yokohama, May 12.
SS Trent, at Southampton, May 13.
SS Pannonia, at Gibraltar, May 12.
SS Caledonia, at Glasgow, May 13.
SS Seneca, at Shanghai, May 13.
SS Prins Willem IV., at Amsterdam, May 13.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, at Plymouth, May 13.
SS Bremen, at Bremen, May 13.
SS Prinzess Irene, at Naples, May 12.

### Sailed.

SS Santa Ursula, from Rio Grande do Sul, May 8.
SS Hillfern, from St. Michaels, May 10.
SS Marengo, from Hull, May 11.
SS Rotterdam, from Boulogne, May 11.
SS Germania, from Marseilles, May 12.
SS New York City, from Swansea, May 10.
SS Indralema, from Cardiff, May 11.
SS Martha Washington, from Palermo, May 7.
SS Friedrich der Grosse, from Bremen, May 11.
SS Rochambeau, from Havre, May 11.
SS Thames, from St. Michaels, May 12.
SS Matoppo, from Shanghai, May 11.

### Passed.

SS Volturno, New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.
SS Principe di Piemonte, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

### Transpacific Mails.

| Destination and Steamer. | Mails Close in New York. | |
|---|---|---|
| Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Sanuki | May 16 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Hercules | May 17 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India | May 17 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia | May 20 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Hawaii (via San Francisco) —Lurline | May 24 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi | May 24 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru | May 24 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Hawaii (via San Francisco) —Sierra | May 27 | 6:30 P.M. |
| Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport | May 31 | 6:30 P.M. |

### Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, April 23, and Yokohama, April 24—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Sanuki Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. May 11, and mails dated Manila, April 19; Hongkong, April 20; Shanghai, April 23, and Yokohama, April 30, which arrived at Seattle per steamer Empress of India, were dispatched east at 12:01 A. M. May 12. Due in New York on the morning of Thursday

# FARMERS WITH REID WENT INTO TINPLATE

## First Mill Started with Their Money and Reid Quit Banking, He Says, to Go Into It.

## NEVER INTENDED MONOPOLY

### Can't Remember Mergers and Contracts and Refuses to Say How Much Steel Trust Stock He Owns Now.

Daniel G. Reid, who was President of the American Tinplate Company from its formation until it was taken over by the United States Steel Corporation, was the principal witness yesterday in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the Steel Corporation. Mr. Reid, who is now Chairman of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and a Director in the Steel Corporation, is the first of the individual defendants in the suit to be called as a witness. His testimony marked a transition in the presentation of the Government's case from the affairs of the American Steel and Wire Company, which occupied all of last week, to the Moore group, consisting of the American Tinplate Company, the National Steel Company, the American Sheet Steel Company and the American Steel Hoop Company.

The first of this group was the tinplate company, which was organized in 1898. Mr. Reed declared that in forming the company there was no intention of monopolizing the tinplate industry, that it never was a monopoly and is not now, producing only about 53 per cent. of the country's output. He said he had never heard of any pool in the tinplate industry, such as the American Steel and Wire Company engaged in extensively in its line. Judge J. M. Dickinson, Special Assistant Attorney General, tried to show that the American Tinplate Company had made contracts with the American manufacturers of tinplate machinery for the purchase of their entire product, in order to prevent competitors from obtaining any, but Mr. Reid took refuge in a lack of memory, which cropped out at many points in his examination, although he was often sure of things that happened in earlier years.

"Didn't you testify before the Industrial Commission that this was done?" asked Judge Dickinson in surprise.

"I told you I didn't remember anything about any such contracts," was the reply. "It was thirteen years ago that I testified before the Industrial Commission. I may have testified as you say or I may not. I don't remember."

**Started with McKinley Tariff.**

Mr. Reid added that he couldn't recall his testimony even from a reading of extracts.

"How is it," asked Judge Dickinson, "that you remember that it was in 1891 that you went into the tinplate business?"

"I ought to remember that," said Mr. Reid. "It was an important change for me. I had been twenty-five years in a bank, and left it to go into a business that was new in this country, dating from the passage of the McKinley tariff bill."

Mr. Reid told how he and his associates had raised $500,000, chiefly among Indiana farmers, to build this early mill, which was at Elwood, Ind. The plant was run at a loss for several years, but got on its feet in 1894. Just before the formation of the American Tinplate Company, he said, most of the mills in the country were running at a loss.

Judge Dickinson tried to trace the details of the formation of the American Tinplate Company, but many of them Mr. Reid could not recall. Judge W. H. Moore, he said, organized the combination, although he was a member of the underwriting syndicate. He remembered that it included about 200 mills, owned by thirty-nine companies.

Q.—What was the aggregate cash value of these plants? A.—I don't recall that.

Q.—Wasn't the valuation $18,000,000? A.—That was the amount of the common stock.

Q.—Did that $18,000,000 represent the exact cash valuation put on all these plants? A.—I don't remember.

Judge Dickinson attempted to show that the companies that sold out got the value of their plants in common stock and the same amount in preferred stock, making $36,000,000. The total capitalization was $46,000,000. He wanted to know what the extra $10,000,000 went for. Mr. Reid couldn't remember, except that he got a portion of it for his services as a member of the underwriting syndicate. He couldn't remember how much he got or who the other rercipients were.

**The Dead Men Knew.**

Mr. Reid said he got Steel Corporation stock for his interest in the American Tinplate Company, when it was taken over.

Q. Do you remember the basis of the exchange? A.—I do not.

Q.—Did you receive something like 125 for the preferred and 20 for the common stock of your company? A.—Something like that.

"How much stock in the Steel Corporation do you now hold?" asked Judge Dickinson. Richard V. Lindabury and C. A. Severance both objected to the question in the same breath, and Mr. Reid said suavely:

"I refuse to answer."

When Mr. Reid couldn't remember testifying about the contracts for machinery to the exclusion of competitors of the American Tin Plate Company, Judge Dickinson said:

"Do you mean to say that you were President of the company and don't know whether such contracts were made?"

"Yes, Sir, I do," replied the witness.

Q.—Who would be able to testify about these contracts? A.—Well, Warner Arms was Vice President, and he probably made the contracts if there were any.

Q.—Where is he? A.—He is dead.

Q.—Who else would know? A.—W. B. Leeds may have known about them.

Q.—He is dead, too, isn't he? A.—Yes, Sir.

Finally, Mr. Reid said that W. T. Graham, Vice President of the American Can Company, who is living, might be able to give the information.

Judge Dickinson had the witness verify a list of prices showing that tinplate had gone up after the American Tin Plate Company was formed. On cross-examination Mr. Severance brought out that at that period, 1898 and 1899, the company bought its steel, pig tin and acids in the open market.

Q.—Didn't steel go up in those years? A.—There was a very material advance in the price of steel.

Q.—The chart introduced by the Government shows that steel billets were $15 a ton in 1898 and $30 a ton in October, 1899? A.—I believe that is correct. The cost of steel in a box of tinplate advanced about $1.

Q.—Did the price of pig tin also go up? A.—Yes; it was very low in 1898. The increase amounted to about 47 cents on a box of 100 pounds.

Q.—These facts would account for the increase in the price of tinplate at that time? A.—Yes.

When Judge Dickinson took up this subject, he asked Mr. Reid if he didn't know that the rise in steel took place at the time the Carnegie Company of New Jersey, the National Steel Company, and the Federal Steel Company, all of which the Government contends are combinations in violation of the Sherman act, were organized. He replied that the formation of large undertakings was going on at that time in many lines of business and that prices were on the increase.

Q.—Did you intend to say that the rise in steel and pig tin measured the increase in tinplate? A.—There were other elements. The cost of labor went up, too.

Q.—Do you say that with labor included they account for the entire advance? A.—O, no; not at all.

**Didn't Try for Monopoly.**

Mr. Severance read a list of tinplate plants built since the American Tinplate Company was organized. After most of the names, Mr. Reid said, "Don't know it," but after four or five he said, "Very large" or "very successful."

Q.—After the company was formed, was there any effort to drive out new concerns that sprung up? A.—None. Nothing of the kind was ever done.

Q.—Did you and your associates have any intention of creating a monopoly? A.—On the contrary we would rather have left out some of the plants we took in.

Q.—Did competition continue? A.—There has always been active competition and it is stronger to-day than ever.

Q.—What was the purpose of organizing the National Tube Company? A.—To furnish material for the manufacture of tinplates.

Q.—Were the same men interested in it as in the American Tinplate Company? A.—Part of them.

Q.—Was the capacity larger than the needs of the tinplate company? A.—Very much.

Q.—What was the purpose of organizing the American Sheet Steel Company? A.—To secure another large large customer for the National Steel Company.

Q.—And the American Steel Hoop Company? A.—To secure another customer.

Q.—From the time these four companies were organized, were they controlled by the same men? A.—The same men with their friends and followers.

Q.—Was it your purpose to monopolize the manufacture of sheet steel? A.—Not at all.

Q.—Didn't you get together for the purpose of regulating prices, knowing that you would be able to regulate prices? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Not to make prices stable? A.—We thought we would get better prices and might lower the cost of production.

Jacob Meurer of Brooklyn, a manufacturer and jobber of tin plate for roofing since 1892, told how he was unable to buy sheet steel for coating with tin for two years after the American Tin Plate Company was organized. When the combination was made, it took in all the plants from which he had been buying and refused to sell him sheets. The only seller of sheets suitable for his purpose that was left out of the combination was the Whitaker Iron Works of Wheeling, and they, too, refused to renew his contract. For two years no new mills started from which he could buy, and he had to import sheets at a higher price. This, he said, was the case with other "dippers" of tin plate, and in July or August, 1899, they held a meeting to see what they could do about it. They talked of starting a mill of their own, and Follansbee Brothers did start a mill.

"Did Follansbee Brothers sell the rest of you black sheet after they started their mill?" asked Mr. Lindabury

"No," answered Mr. Meurer ruefully, "they used it to make tinplate themselves, the same as the other mills had done."

"It's selfish world, isn't it?" remarked Mr. Lindabury and cross-examined the witness no further.

# LAW EXAMINATIONS CHANGED

### Columbia Seniors Will Have an Honor System This Year.

Columbia Law School seniors were pleased yesterday when the Faculty announced a change in the system of final examinations in conformity with the graduating class's wishes. The class will take its examinations in Kent Hall, thus escaping the strict system of supervision to which other Columbia students, whose examinations come in the gymnasium, are subjected.

The Law School men are practically all college graduates, many of them holding degrees from colleges like Princeton, where the honor system prevails. This, together with the fact that the men are older than most of the other Columbia students, gave rise to the movement in the present senior law class for a more liberal examination. In the Kent Hall examinations there will be as little supervision as possible, and the new arrangement is, in effect, an honor system.

The senior class law lectures for the year ended yesterday. Prof. Nathan Abbott, after his lecture on "Property," was presented with a set of embossed resolutions signed by every member of the 1912 law class. At noon, the class picture was taken, Dean Stone joining with the seniors. The class dinner will be held at the Martinique Hotel on May 28, and the entire Law Faculty will be present.

# NEW YORK'S FOREIGN BORN.

### Natives of Austria, Italy, and Russia Show Great Increases.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—A preliminary statement giving the distribution of the foreign-born white population according to country of birth for New York State and New York City, as shown by the returns of the thirteenth decennial census, taken as of April 15, 1910, was issued today by Director Durand of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor. The statistics were prepared under the direction of William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population in the Census Bureau, and are subject to revision. The statement gives comparative figures for 1900.

| | New York. | | New York City. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Country. | 1910. | 1900. | 1910. | 1900. |
| Australia .. | 1,083 | 696 | 791 | 477 |
| Austria ... | 249,853 | 104,532 | 193,203 | 90,476 |
| Belgium ... | 3,474 | 1,787 | 2,240 | 1,221 |
| Canada—French .... | 24,532 | 27,150 | 2,844 | 2,511 |
| Canada—Other .... | 97,829 | 89,618 | 23,181 | 19,248 |
| Cuba and other W. Indies .. | 6,517 | 4,087 | 5,966 | 3,682 |
| Denmark .. | 12,534 | 8,728 | 7,980 | 5,604 |
| England .. | 146,386 | 135,530 | 78,119 | 68,721 |
| Finland ... | 8,750 | 4,048 | 7,400 | 3,733 |
| France .... | 23,401 | 19,987 | 18,261 | 14,735 |
| Germany .. | 437,866 | 490,790 | 270,242 | 324,198 |
| Greece .... | 10,058 | 1,573 | 8,004 | 1,309 |
| Holland ... | 12,636 | 9,413 | 4,180 | 2,607 |
| Hungary .. | 91,542 | 37,168 | 73,336 | 31,516 |
| Ireland .... | 367,735 | 425,511 | 252,528 | 275,073 |
| Italy ..... | 471,910 | 182,243 | 340,524 | 145,429 |
| Newf'land.. | 1,028 | ..... | 850 | ..... |
| Norway .. | 24,981 | 12,601 | 22,251 | 11,387 |
| Portugal .. | 1,714 | 354 | 1,247 | 271 |
| Roumania.. | 33,066 | 10,549 | 32,210 | 10,499 |
| Russia .... | 558,319 | 202,953 | 483,580 | 180,428 |
| Scotland ... | 39,408 | 33,850 | 23,098 | 19,827 |
| S. America. | 2,242 | 1,063 | 1,854 | 934 |
| Spain ..... | 3,722 | 1,595 | 3,323 | 1,475 |
| Sweden .... | 53,684 | 42,704 | 34,948 | 28,316 |
| Switzerland. | 16,419 | 13,676 | 10,415 | 8,369 |
| Turkey in Asia .... | 9,508 | ..... | 6,303 | ..... |
| Turkey in Europe .. | 4,986 | 1,914 | 3,679 | 1,400 |
| Wales ..... | 7,461 | 7,304 | 1,775 | 1,686 |
| Other countries not specified.. | 6,638 | 9,009 | 4,354 | 5,786 |
| Total foreign white ... | 2,729,282 | 1,889,523 | 1,927,713 | 1,260,918 |

In 1900 there were 90,476 Austrian born residents in New York City, and in 1910 the number had increased to 193,203. On the other hand, the number born in Germany decreased from 324,198 in 1900 to 270,242 in 1910.

The number born in Italy and living in New York City in 1900 was 145,420, and in 1910 the number had jumped to 340,524. Of Russian born there were 180,428 in New York City in 1900 and 483,580 in 1910. Of those born in Ireland there were 275,073 here in 1900 and 252,528 in 1910.

# CLOTHIERS FEAR REVERSES.

### Initial Buying of Spring Lines on a Conservative Basis.

Unless the weather improves within the next two or three weeks, manufacturing clothiers operating in the New York market will meet with substantial reverses through the failure of duplicate Spring business to materialize. Initial buying of Spring lines was done on a very conservative basis, according to the head of a prominent manufacturing house, and the lack of repeat orders received to date has caused the total business of the season to touch levels considerably below normal.

Salesmen out with Fall lines have now been on the road about six weeks, and the orders so far received from them indicate that the conservatism which marked the activities of retailers in the buying of Spring merchandise is prevalent in the purchasing of Fall stocks. Initial buying has so far been somewhat below the levels that marked trading in 1907 and 1909, but the opinion generally expressed in the trade is that with the continuance of normal economic conditions throughout the country some excellent duplicate business will come later in the year.

Fall buying to date has been featured by a sharply defined demand for medium-priced clothing, in both suits and overcoats. In fabrics, the tendency of buyers is to favor fancy overcoatings and subdued effects in suitings.

### Hotel York Petition Dismissed.

Judge Hough dismissed yesterday the petition in bankruptcy filed on April 20 against the Hotel York of Thirty-sixth Street and Seventh Avenue. No one appeared to press the petition when the case was called on the calendar in the United States District Court.

# POWDER TRUST SPLIT INTO THREE SECTIONS

## The 27 Defendants Enjoined from Forming Any Like Trade Combination.

## SMOKELESS IS UNDISTURBED

### Companies Making Powder for the Government Not Dissolved—Decree Affects 42 Plants.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Counsel for the Powder Trust and the United States Government appeared in the United States District Court here to-day and presented a form of decree agreed upon for the dissolution of the combination.

The proposed decree dissolves the combination, made up of twenty-seven companies, and creates three companies in such way that competition will follow.

The general terms of the decree were agreed to by both sides, except that the Powder Trust does not desire the decree to extend to the foreign trade of the companies involved.

This point was argued at length. The argument of counsel became heated at times, and finally William A. Glasgow of this city, special counsel for the Government, announced that "he did not care whether the powder combination accepted the decree or not."

John C. Spooner of New York, attorney for the powder combination, in objecting to the clause in the decree affecting foreign commerce, said the matter was not involved in the suit, and even if it were the foreign trade agreement was dissolved in 1896. Mr. Glasgow replied that the Government desired that the powder concerns be prevented from entering into such foreign combinations or agreements.

Judge Buffington finally suggested that the word "foreign" be left out of the proposed decree, and as finally agreed upon the clause in dispute read: "The decree shall apply to commerce in the States." The court took the matter under advisement.

**Provides for Three Companies.**

The proposed decree in part is as follows:

It is provided that the defendant corporations, E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company, the Hazard Powder Company, Delaware Securities Company, Delaware Investment Company, Eastern Dynamite Company, California Investment Company, and Judson Dynamite and Powder Company, be dissolved, and that the properties of these companies respectively be distributed among their stockholders.

Provision is made for the organization of two corporations in addition to E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, with permission to use the charters of the Laflin & Rand Powder Company and the Eastern Dynamite Company instead of the creation of two new companies, if desired, and provision is made in the decree for the capitalization of the two corporations above mentioned.

In case the Laflin & Rand Powder Company's charter is not used, that company is to be dissolved and its property distributed among its stockholders.

The decree calls attention to fifteen plants for the manufacture of dynamite, nineteen for the manufacture of black blasting powder, four for black sporting powder, two for smokeless sporting powder, and two for Government smokeless powder. These plants are located all over the country, and the decree parcels them among the three companies to be created out of the trust.

The decree says the capacities of the plants are sufficient and their location is such that the three companies can actively compete for the manufacture and sale of dynamite and the various powders.

**Continue Making Smokeless Powder.**

The Government concurs in the suggestion by counsel for the combination that the present arrangement for the manufacture of Government smokeless powder be not disturbed.

Smokeless powder for the use of the United States Government, according to the proposed decree, "is now manufactured entirely by the Government at its own plants or by the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, or by its controlled company, the International Smokeless Powder and Chemical Company."

Rear Admiral Knight is quoted as saying: "I think there is every reason to say that smokeless powder is the one substance in the world which naval officers, and everybody else who have to sleep over it for months and years at a time do not want to get into competition."

In view of this testimony counsel for the Government did not insist on the decree dissolving the companies now making this particular powder.

**Financial Terms of Dissolution.**

The proposed decree further provides:

The two new corporations are to take over the properties assigned to them upon a valuation based upon the last inventory, to include a fair value for brands and good will, and in consideration therefor the two companies are to issue to the E. I. du Pone de Nemours Powder Company, in payment therefor, 50 per cent. of said purchase price in bonds, not secured by mortgage, bearing interest at 6 per cent., payable in ten years, and the remaining 50 per cent. in the stock of said two companies at par. While the bonds bear 6 per cent. interest, such interest is only payable if earned by the company issuing the same, and not otherwise.

Upon the receipt by the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company of the stock and bonds aforesaid, it is required to distribute the whole of said stock and one-half of said bonds among its stockholders, and in such distribution one-half of the stock received by the twenty-seven defendants in this cause shall be stock without voting power, and under this provision of the plan the twenty-seven defendants will not have sufficient voting stock to control either of the two new corporations.

It is further clear under the plan that the two new companies will operate without fixed charges for a period of ten years.

The plan further provides that there shall be transferred to the two new companies, so far as practicable, a fair proportion of the business in explosives now controlled by the du Pont Company, under time contracts, and for a period of five years the two new companies are entitled to receive from the Trade Bureau of the du Pont Company such information from the records thereof as may be desired in order to fully inform the officers of the two new companies of trade conditions throughout the United States.

During a period of five years the two new companies are entitled to use the facilities, information, and organization of the du Pont Company for the purchase of materials, experimenting, and development of the art of making powder and scientific research.

**What the Defendants Cannot Do.**

The twenty-seven defendants found by the court to be responsible for the unlawful combination under the plan are jointly and severally enjoined from doing any act to further extend or enlarge the field of operation or the power of the combination or from continuing or carrying into further effect after the plan has become effective, the combination which has been adjudged illegal, and from entering into or forming any like combination or conspiracy, or from causing the conveyance of the factories, plants, or brands of either of the two new companies, provided for under the plan, to the du Pont Company or vice versa, or from placing the stocks of either of said new companies in the hands of voting Trustees to control the voting power of such stock.

Ample provision is made in the proposed decree enjoining the defendants from making prices where the purpose is to unfairly cripple or drive out of business rival manufacturers, with the provision, however, that nothing in the decree is to enjoin or restrain fair, free, and open competition.

The three corporations provided for under the plan are enjoined from retaining or employing the same clerical force or organization, or keeping the same office or officers, and each of said companies is required to do business under its own corporate name, or in case it does business under the name of a subsidiary corporation, the products of such subsidiary corporation which are sold in the United States are required to bear the name of the manufacturer and also to state what company controls such manufacture.

The contracts which have been made by certain individual defendants, under which they agreed not to engage in the business of manufacturing explosives, are annulled and set aside, so that these individuals may be at liberty to engage in that business if they so desire.

**Must Have New Organization.**

For a period of five years it is provided that neither of the three corporations shall have any officer or Director who is an officer or Director in any other of said corporations, and none of said corporations shall employ the same agent or agents for the sale of explosives which might be sold in competition, and none of said corporations is permitted to acquire any of the factories, plants, brands, or business of such other corporations.

The three companies provided for under the plan are made defendants to the cause, and are bound by the provisions of the plan and of the decree.

The twenty-seven defendants are required to pay the costs to the United States Government, and jurisdiction of the cause is retained by the court for the purpose of making such other orders and decrees as may become necessary for carrying out the plan of dissolution, and under the proposed decree this court requires that at the end of six months a report shall be made to the court for its approval, setting out the manner in which the plan has been carried out, which leaves to the court the power to determine whether the defendants have fully and fairly carried out the plan of dissolution.

# SUES AUTOIST FOR $25,000.

### Father of Girl E. T. Rosenheimer's Car Killed Asks Heavy Damages.

Walter B. Hough's $25,000 suit against Edward T. Rosenheimer for the killing of his daughter, Grace M. Hough, on Aug. 18, 1910, went to trial yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Gerard and a jury. Miss Hough was killed when a runabout she was driving was struck by Rosenheimer's automobile.

Rosenheimer was indicted for murder in the first degree, and for violating the Callan automobile law. He was acquitted of both charges. It was alleged that he drove rapidly away from the scene of the collision without complying with the requirements of the law that automobiles in such collisions must stop and give assistance to those run down. The trial will continue to-day.

# EMBROIDERY PATENT SUIT.

### Loeb & Schoenfeld Begin Action Against Michael L. Flank.

A new development in the embroidery machine patent controversy, which is attracting attention in New York lace and embroidery centres, came yesterday with the announcement by the Loeb & Schoenfeld Company, 451 Broadway, that they had begun action in the United States District Court against Michael L. Flank, a manufacturer of embroideries at 568 Broadway. The Loeb & Schoenfeld Company allege infringement of a patent belonging to them, relating to a mechanism on the embroidery machine itself, which, they say, is infringed by a similar mechanism on the ten-yard Saurer shuttle machine.

Some time ago action was instituted by Loeb & Shoenfeld against the Atlas Embroidery Works, the Nassau Novelty Manufacturing Company, and Ignatz Schuster, all of Brooklyn, charging infringement of the Groebli automat patent rights. The rulled by them in the operation by the defendants of several automats of the Zalin type. The action announced yesterday is a second step in the campaign of the plaintiffs to establish their rights in the patents held by them, not only in connection with the automatic attachment, but with the shuttle machine itself.

# BEGIN WALL PAPER TRIAL.

### Eight Manufacturers and Jobbers Indicted Under Trust Law.

CLEVELAND, May 13.—Four wall paper manufacturers and four wall paper jobbers, charged with conspiracy in restraint of trade under the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, were placed on trial in the United States District Court here to-day. An hour after the case was called a jury was obtained.

The indictments under which the cases are brought were returned by the Federal Grand Jury here on Oct. 5, 1911. In his opening statement, District Attorney U. G. Denman said that the Government will show that the four manufacturers and four jobbers, comprising committees representing National associations of these two branches of the trade, made an agreement not to sell to five and ten cent stores. Attorney T. H. Garry, for the defense, said the defendants would prove sufficient justification in not selling to Frank Hall, owner of a string of five and ten cent stores in Pittsburgh, Penn., and other cities, upon whose statements the Government's case is based. Garry said half a dozen jobbers and manufacturers had lost money through Hall, and that Hall's indebtedness to a Cleveland concern, totaling $20,000, had forced it into bankruptcy.

The defendants are W. E. Huppuch, Hudson Falls, N. Y.; J. B. Pearce, Cleveland; C. C. Aier, Columbus; Norton Newcomb, St. Louis; Charles E. Maxwell, Chicago; R. E. Hobbs, Hoboken; John McCoy, York, Penn., and George Tate, Glens Falls, N. Y.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

The Grasselli Chemical Company, for several years located at 60 Wall Street, has removed to the nineteenth floor of the building recently erected at 80 Maiden Lane.

The Merchants' Association, through its Executive Committee, has indorsed Senator Heyburn's bill placing theft of goods in Interstate transportation under the jurisdiction of the Federal courts.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate north and northeast winds.

Florida—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light to moderate variable winds.

Alabama—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled; probably local showers; light to moderate north to east winds.

Mississippi—Unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; probably local showers; light to moderate north and northeast winds.

Louisiana—Unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; probably local showers; light to moderate easterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Local showers and cooler Tuesday in northern, generally fair in southern portion. Wednesday, probably fair; moderate east to southeast winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Showers Tuesday; cooler in southern portion. Wednesday, fair and warmer.

Utah and North Dakota—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

Oklahoma—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday, warmer and probably fair.

Arkansas—Local rains Tuesday and probably Wednesday; slightly warmer Wednesday.

Tennessee—Showers Tuesday in western, fair in eastern portion. Wednesday, showers and warmer.

Kentucky—Fair Tuesday; showers at night or Wednesday, except fair in extremee eastern portion; warmer Wednesday.

Ohio—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday, fair and warmer; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Indiana—Fair Tuesday, except showers Tuesday afternoon or night in extreme southern portion. Wednesday fair, warmer; light to moderate variable winds.

Illinois—Fair Tuesday; slightly warmer in northeast portion. Wednesday fair in northern, showers in southern portion; warmer; light to moderate variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair; continued cool Tuesday. Wednesday fair, warmer; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Fair, slightly warmer Tuesday. Wednesday fair, warmer; moderate easterly winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Fair, slightly warmer Tuesday. Wednesday fair, warmer; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, with rising temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday fair, warmer.

Missouri—Showers Tuesday in western and Tuesday or Tuesday night in eastern portion. Wednesday probably fair and warmer.

South Dakota—Fair, warmer Tuesday and Wednesday.

Nebraska—Warmer and generally fair Tuesday. Wednesday fair, warmer.

Kansas—Local rains Tuesday; slightly warmer, Wednesday fair, warmer.

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## DRY GOODS TRADING SLOW.

### Weather Keeps Buying at a Standstill—Sixth Cold or Rainy Monday.

Trading in the New York dry goods markets showed no material increase yesterday. Mail orders were received in good proportion from all parts of the country except the immediate vicinity and the affected States along the Mississippi River, but spot buying was conspicuously absent. A fairly active business in silks, laces, and embroideries was reported in certain houses, but in most places the weather had spot buying at a standstill.

Transactions in wash goods were nominal, but in white goods a fair amount of business was done. The heavier lines of Spring dress goods were practically untouched. Mail orders for these goods were very light, but excellent road business continues to be done on Fall lines. Texas orders for these goods are coming in particularly heavy. One prominent department manager stated during the day that orders received so far this season from Texas are 25 per cent. greater than those of a year ago, and this increase was reflected in reports from other lines. In view of the good business coming forward on Fall goods, the absence of duplicate orders on Spring fabrics is hard to explain. Staple domestic cotton goods were quiet, but maintained their strong values because of the scarcity of available stocks in the local market.

The weather in New York was hardly conducive to heavy retail trading, and yesterday being the sixth consecutive cold or rainy Monday, retailers are said to be at a loss to know just where they stand. Until this trade can recover under the stimulus of a continued spell of warm weather, little activity in seasonable merchandise is looked for in secondary distributing centres.

## SILK IMPORTS DECLINE.

### Plushes, Cut and Uncut, Also Fall Off —Raw Materials.

Statistics covering the dutiable silk imports entered at this port in the four weeks which ended April 27, compiled by the Silk Association of America, show a decline of $48,541 in the value of importations of fabrics woven in the piece, as compared with similar merchandise entered in the corresponding period in 1911. The aggregate value of piece silks imported in the four weeks is given as $589,059.

Importations of plushes, cut or uncut, show a decline of $24,782 as compared with 1911 receipts, dropping from $26,980 in that year to $2,198 in 1912. Receipts of velvets, chenilles, and pile fabrics, cut or uncut, declined close to $40,000 in value, as compared with those of a year ago. The value of ribbons under twelve inches wide fell off about $2,200. Spun silk importations decreased in value by $85,650. The foreign invoice value of the total dutiable imports was $1,178,390, a decrease of $280,094, as compared with the same period last year.

Of the free raw materials entered in the same period, raw silk heads the list, with a valuation of $935,553, a gain of $113,052 over last year. The value of waste silk imported increased $12,072, and bolting cloth, for milling purposes only, gained $4,484.

## LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

### Doilies and Table Centres at 60 Per Cent.—Other Decisions.

It has been decided by the United States Court of Customs Appeals that drawnwork doilies, table centres and similar articles must stand duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem as "articles in imitation of lace," under the terms of the Tariff act of 1909. The importers objected to the classification imposed by Collector Loeb and took their case to the Board of General Appraisers and finally to the Court, alleging the goods to be dutiable at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of flax." The court finds the claims to be without merit and affirms the Collector's assessment.

The court granted lower duty on plasticene, or modeling clay, which was returned by the Collector at 35 per cent. as a manufacture of earthy or mineral substance. The protestant alleged that the merchandise should be classified as an unenumerated manufactudred article, with a tax on 20 per cent. on the value under the present tariff law. The Collector is reversed. The Appellate Tribunal denied a contention raised by Bing & Co.'s successors relating to articles of earthenware and metal, which were assessed by the customs authorities at 60 per cent. as decorated earthenware. The importers claimed them to be dutiable at 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal. The higher rate of duty will stand.

The court has modified an allowance made by the General Board for decay in importations of lemons made by Frank Zito. The Department of Justice maintained before the court that the lower tribunal had made an excessive allowance for the worthless fruit, and asked that no allowance be made. The court partially sustains the Government's contention and reduces the allowance granted by the board.

## BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MATHILDE L. MAY, residing at 601 West 127th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $9,031, and assets of $1,200. Among the creditors are Rachel Maeder, $3,000; Susanne Walker, $3,000, and Adolph Westerlund, $1,118.

JACOB WOLF of 105 West 113th Street has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,238 to Benjamin Sussman on two notes and no assets.

JOSEPH HOFFMAN.—Schedules of Joseph Hoffman, manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 152 West Twenty-first Street, show liabilities of $240,910, and nominal assets of $221,157. Among the business creditors are the American Woolen Company, $4,896; Pacific Bank, $8,250; Possavant Company, $1,007, and Frank Libner, Norwalk, Conn., $1,500.

SIMPLEX CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Schedules of the Simplex Construction Company, foundation construction, of 116 West Thirty-ninth Street, show liabilities of $36,985, and assets of $11,963. Among the creditors are Albert C. Titcomb, $17,675; Harold L. Bond Company, $4,030, and Waddington & Sons, Hoboken, $4,875.

E. W. SWEET & CO., INC.—Schedules of E. W. Sweet & Co., Inc., dealer in hosiery and silks, at 151 West Thirty-fourth Street, show liabilities of $14,022, and assets of $12,564. Among the creditors are Foster Debevoise & Co., $5,820, and Thomas E. Brown & Son, Philadelphia, $1,232.

AARON TANKLEFSKY.—Judge Hough has appointed Charles Broas receiver for Aaron Tanklefsky, butcher, at 1,394 Boston Road, with authority to continue the business tendays, on the application of the United Dressed Beef Company of New York.

ISAACS BROTHERS.—Judge Hough has appointed Charles L. Brookheim receiver for Isaacs Brothers, manufacturers of trousers, at 327 Church Street. The assets are estimated at $1,000.

NATHAN TENENBAUM.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Nathan Tenenbaum, furniture dealer, at 83 Avenue B, with creditors at 37½ cents on the dollar, payable 15 cents cash, 10 cents in four months, 7½ cents in six months, and 5 cents in nine months. The liabilities were $24,842.

### Out of Town.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, May 13.—John Robinson, merchant, of 74 Sargent Street, Springfield, filed a petition in bankruptcy to-day with liabilities of $11,408.20 and assets of $7,316.45. Claims of $2,500 are secured.

A creditor's petition was filed against David Chart and Moe Hoffman, doing business as the Albany Furniture Company, in Springfield. This petition was presented in behalf of Miller & Greensburg of Boston and others, with claims amounting to $548.12.

A creditors' petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Hyman D. Baer of Chelsea et al., doing business under the firm name of the Puritan Knee Pants Company, the claims of the petitioners amounting to $647.

### Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

ELIZABETH M. ADAMS, actress, 46 East Twenty-first Street; liabilities, $2,392.

EVERETT M. BRAWNER, hotel manager, 105 West 163d Street; liabilities, $16,426.

JOSEPH BLOCH, plumber, 3,668 Barnes Avenue; liabilities, $9,457.

JOHN BRUCE, plasterer, 1,368 Broadway; liabilities, $2,225.

GEORGE ELLERY, fish, Newburg; liabilities, $12,421.

IDA EPSTEIN, 341 East Fifth Street; liabilities, $21,754.

JOSHUA M. GOULD, salesman, 601 West 164th Street; liabilities, $4,145.

HANNAH GRINBERG, Seventieth Street and Columbus Avenue, wife of the President of the Hayes Rubber Company; liabilities, $9,848.

JACOB KUSHNER, painter, 1,608 Madison Avenue; liabilities, $3,341.

DAVID LEVINE of Levine & Zuckerman, furs, 40 West Twenty-eighth Street; liabilities, $6,815.

JULIUS ORBACH, skirt manufacturer, 60 University Place; liabilities, $13,572.

EDWARD N. SKINNER, plumber, Middletown; liabilities, $1,597.

OWEN TREANOR, liquors, 154 Christopher Street; liabilities, $5,014, (second time.)

### JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Simon J.—L. Scholem, $500.
Abd-el-Neur, Elias—S. Abd-el-Neur, $129.
Breen, Patrick C.—E. F. Bushnell, $105.
Same—Mohawk Condensed Milk Co., $106.
Bayley, Claude J.—E. Legnate, $302.
Brand, Claude J.—E. Egidi, $280.
Case, George W., Jr.—C. L. Abbott, $645.
Carter, Vaulx—Mechanics' Bank, $127.
Covlansky, Herman—I. Covlansky, costs, $144.
Dougherty, William A.—J. R. Surrell, $329.
Daley, Dennis—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland, $436.
Dunn, Sarah S.—L. H. Holme, $344.
Deichele, Herman—Nichols & Gray Co., $217.
Graf, Rudolph—Lion Brewering of N. Y., $166.
Greibel, George H.—Lord & Taylor, $310.
Gladman, George J.—Weber-Bunke-Lange Coal Co., $215.
Glass, John J.—Banger Slate Mfg. and Supply Co., $313.
Graburn, Charles G. A.—J. Applebaum et al., $108.
Goldstein, Alfred—S. W. Bandler, $297.
Heymsfeld, Adolph—S. Corn, $226.
Hentschel, Charles, Jr.—F. Kern, $128.
Hull, George—National Casket Co., $207.
Hutton, William—M. H. Gornston, costs, $106.
Jacobson, Albert—H. Nareman, $1,861.
Jacobs, Lazarre and Bertha—W. Sheinberg, $169.
Jennings, Herbert T., Bird M. Robinson, and Richard W. Jones, Jr.—People's Savings Bank of Clinton, $4,795.
Same—Montgomery Bank and Trust Co., $4,795.
Same—Fort Deposit Bank, $2,438.
Krauer, Joseph W., guardian—J. W. Droogan, costs, $110.
Klein, Jacob—J. Held, $158.
Ketcham, Berkley S.—Weber-Bunke-Lange Coal Co., $169.
Londine, William, and Saverio Gallo—Lamura Contracting Co., $329.
Lefkowitz, Nathan—A. Jaulus, $262.
Levin, Samuel—C. Lehrenkraus et al., $1,569.
Maloney, Thomas—Central Cigar Mfg Co., $283.
Macry, Rafaele, and Rocco Maltesi—John Pierce Co., $110.
Mead, Anna R.—S. L. Pakas, $572.
McElraevy, William L.—J. A. Murray et al., $428.
Mays, Edmund A.—K. Niles, $346.
Maxwell, Mary E., and Ida F. Stevens, executrix—City of New York, costs, $106.
Nestler, Jacob—M. H. Mann et al., $135.
Olsen, Peter—Union Stove Works, $172.
Page, Charles E.—L. Channand, $338.
Place, Mary—I. V. Brokaw, $601.
Phillips, Louis—M. Hyams, $449.
Rausch, Henry L.—Ronalds & Johnson Co., $137.
Rothstein, Abraham, Joseph Walf, and William Wolf—G. M. Krawoker, $2,151.
Staerns, Marshal—McW. Sutton, $374.
Stephens, John—G. Scundi, $193.
Schwarz, Henry E.—Lord & Taylor, $226.
Schickerling, Conrad—L. Silverman, $114.
Siegel, Sarah E.—E. P. Lawson, $167.
Stearns, William T.—City Rubber Co., Inc., $908.
Schneider, Jacob, and Joseph Maletzky—E. Goldfinger, costs, $131.
Tucker, Charles H.—United States Tire Co., $470.
Thalheimer, Maurice—L. Leonora, costs, $104.
Vof

# STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

## Some New High Records Made in Local Issues, but Movements Are Generally Narrow.

Trading in the principal out-of-town markets yesterday was sluggish in most issues, but two new high records were notable among the movements reported in the special dispatches to THE TIMES.

Cotton Duck 5s were in some demand in Baltimore and advanced nearly one point. Reports have been current for some time that the cotton duck business has shown considerable improvement over last year. G. B. S. Brewing bonds were inactive and easier, the enormous advance having discounted prospective betterment and induced profit taking.

The market continued quiet in Boston. Activity centred around the two leading prospects, Mayflower and Old Colony, the former breaking 4 points to 11 and the latter 2⅝ to 9½. Neither rallied with vigor. Lacking news from the properties, traders attributed weakness in these two speculative favorites to a raid. Other coppers were dull. American Sugar rose 8 points and was the feature of the industrial list. Boston & Maine sold below 99 for the first time in months.

Prices moved within narrow limits on the Chicago Exchange, and not a few of the leading issues closed just about where they finished last week. Dealings were modcrate all around. The day's advances were of little importance. Shipbuilding common gained one point, and fractional advances were noted in Pacific Gas and Union Carbide. The drop of several points in Commonwealth Edison attracted attention and comment, but the incident was regarded as simply a market condition. Booth Fisheries issues, particularly the common, were lower, and fractional recessions occurred in the prices of Steel common, Railways series 3, Pneumatic Tool, Illinois Brick, and Public Service common. The bond business was well distributed for the most part at steady prices. Metropolitan Elevated 4s lost 1⅜, and Chicago Railways income 4s one point, but these were the only noteworthy exceptions. Philadelphia Electric scored a new high record at 19⅝ on the Philadelphia Exchange. Opening at 19¼ as against 19⅛, last week's close, the price gradually advanced until the new top was established. There was a tendency toward increased activity at the resumption of business, and the larger dealings coincided with an uplift in quotations. The anthracite coal shares led the rise, with Lehigh Valley showing a special strength. Pennsylvania Salt warrants were also firm, and the traction shares, too, came in for some attention. Both Philadelphia Rapid Transit and Union Traction moved up fractionally. Kentucky Securities sold at 33 and 32, the former price being for odd lots.

A decrease of more than a million in reserves was reported by the Philadelphia banks for the week just passed. A loan expansion of $1,839,000 and a drop of $1,727,000 in bank deposits were the contributing causes. Nevertheless local money rates remained unaltered at going quotations, although some institutions asserted that they were out of the commercial paper market for the time being.

Manufacturers Light and Heat reached the highest level in seven years in Pittsburgh, and the advance was made on comparatively light sales. Offerings were quickly absorbed at 38½, with subsequent trades at 38½ to 38⅝.

### BALTIMORE.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 60.. | Baltimore Trust | 165 | 164½ | 164½ |
| 35.. | Consolidated Power | 115 | 115 | 115 |
| 25.. | Consolidated Power pf. | 114 | 114 | 114 |
| 5.. | Fidelity & Deposit | 152 | 152 | 152 |
| 100.. | H. Oil com. tr. ctfs. | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ |
| 705.. | H. Oil pf. tr. ctfs. | 66 | 64⅞ | 64⅞ |
| 375.. | Int. & G. Nor. Corp. | 52⅝ | 52 | 52⅝ |
| 60.. | Norfolk Rwy. & Lt. | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 300.. | Seaboard Air Line pf. | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| 10.. | Union Trust | 63 | 63 | 63 |
| 850.. | United Railways | 22⅞ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000.. | Balt. Traction 5s | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 7,000.. | Consol. Power notes | 100⅛ | 100⅛ | 100⅛ |
| 58,000.. | Cotton Duck 5s | 76 | 75¼ | 75⅞ |
| 20,000.. | Fairmont Coal 5s | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ |
| 18,000.. | G. B. S. Brewing 4s | 56⅝ | 56 | 56 |
| 1,000.. | G. B. S. Brewing inc. | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| 1,000.. | Maryland Elec. 5s | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| 1,000.. | Maryland 3½s, 1914 | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ |
| 12,000.. | N. O., Mob. & Chi. 5s | 91½ | 91½ | 91½ |
| 1,000.. | Norf. Rwy. & Lt. 5s | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ |
| 5,000.. | United Rwys. inc. | 67⅜ | 67⅜ | 67⅜ |
| 4,000.. | United Rwys. fdg. 5s | 90¼ | 89½ | 89½ |

### BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23.. | Atchison pf. | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 11.. | Boston & Albany | 217½ | 217½ | 217½ |
| 35.. | Boston Elevated | 128 | 128 | 128 |
| 125.. | Boston & Maine | 99 | 98⅞ | 98⅞ |
| 10.. | Bos. & Worcester pf. | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| 100.. | Mass. Electric | 19⅞ | 19⅞ | 19⅞ |
| 5.. | Mass. Electric pf. | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 20.. | Mass. Elec. pf. stpd. | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 3,150.. | Mass. Elec. pf. fr. war. | 19½c. | 19c. | 19½c. |
| 160.. | N. Y., N. H. & H. | 137 | 136¾ | 137 |
| 6.. | Old Colony | 181 | 181 | 181 |
| 5.. | Rutland pf. | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 1.. | Vermont & Mass. | 160 | 160 | 160 |
| 6.. | West End St. R. R. | 84 | 84 | 84 |

TELEPHONES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 123.. | American | 146 | 145¾ | 145⅞ |
| 160.. | N. E. Telephone | 155½ | 155¼ | 155¼ |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20.. | Am. Ag. Chemical | 61¼ | 61¼ | 61¼ |
| 61.. | Am. Ag. Chem. pf. | 100½ | 100¼ | 100½ |
| 170.. | Am. Pneu. Service | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 |
| 2,935.. | Am. Sugar | 133⅝ | 130½ | 131⅝ |
| 60.. | Am. Sugar pf. | 122¼ | 122 | 122¼ |
| 187.. | Am. Woolen pf. | 91¼ | 90¼ | 91¼ |
| 800.. | East Boston Land | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 10.. | Edison Electric | 292 | 291 | 291 |
| 89.. | General Electric | 170¼ | 170 | 170 |
| 6.. | Mass. Gas | 90¾ | 90¼ | 90¼ |
| 70.. | Mass. Gas pf. | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| 70.. | McElwain pf. | 105 | 104⅝ | 105 |
| 85.. | N. E. Cotton Yarn | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 160.. | N. E. Tel. | 155¼ | 155¼ | 155¼ |
| 9.. | Pullman | 159⅞ | 159⅞ | 159⅞ |
| 80.. | Rotary Ring | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ |
| 143.. | Swift & Co. | 104⅞ | 104½ | 104⅞ |
| 4.. | Torrington | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 8,500.. | Torrington rights | 80c. | 70c. | 80c. |
| 5.. | Torrington pf. | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| 25.. | United Fruit | 189 | 188½ | 189 |
| 15.. | United Shoe Mach. | 50⅝ | 50 | 50⅝ |
| 11.. | United Shoe Mach. pf | 29 | 28¾ | 28⅝ |
| 2,784.. | U. S. Steel | 69¾ | 68⅞ | 69 |
| 1.. | U. S. Steel pf. | 110¾ | 110½ | 110¾ |

MINING.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 440.. | Adventure | 9¼ | 8⅞ | 9 |
| 68.. | Ahmeek | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 310.. | Algomah | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ |
| 5.. | Allouez | 45½ | 45 | 45 |
| 1,595.. | Amal. Copper | 84½ | 83½ | 85½ |
| 435.. | Am. Zinc | 30¼ | 29⅜ | 29⅝ |
| 110.. | Ariz. Commercial | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ |
| 10.. | Boston & Corbin | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ |
| 25.. | Butte & Bal. | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ |
| 2,335.. | Butte & Superior | 36 | 35⅞ | 35⅞ |
| 1,055.. | Butte & Sup. rights | $1.20 | $1.10 | $1.20 |
| 877.. | Cal. & Arizona | 73 | 72 | 73 |
| 28.. | Cal. & Hecla | 480 | 480 | 480 |
| 95.. | Centennial | 25 | 24½ | 25 |
| 250.. | Chino | 29⅝ | 29½ | 29½ |
| 406.. | Copper Range | 59⅜ | 58½ | 59¼ |
| 250.. | Daly-West | 5¾ | 5½ | 5⅝ |
| 105.. | East Butte | 14½ | 14¼ | 14½ |
| 64.. | Franklin | 13¼ | 12¾ | 13 |
| 100.. | Giroux | 5 15-16 | 5 13-16 | 5 13-16 |
| 275.. | Granby | 56 | 54 | 54¼ |
| 8,175.. | Greene-Cananea | 9⅝ | 9⅜ | 9½ |
| 475.. | Hancock | 35¾ | 35 | 35 |
| 100.. | Hedley Gold | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| 385.. | Indiana | 20½ | 20 | 20½ |
| 185.. | Inspiration | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| 320.. | Isle Royale | 26½ | 26¼ | 26½ |
| 25.. | Kerr Lake | 2 13-16 | 2 13-16 | 2 13-16 |
| 530.. | Lake | 41 | 40 | 41 |
| 100.. | La Salle | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 150.. | Mason Valley | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ |
| 3,075.. | Mayflower | 11 | 11 | 11⅛ |
| 245.. | Miami | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 200.. | Mohawk | 63 | 62 | 63 |
| 210.. | Nevada Con. | 22¼ | 22 | 22⅛ |
| 100.. | New Arcadian | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| 1,530.. | North Butte | 29 | 28¼ | 28⅝ |
| 120.. | North Lake | 7½ | 7 | 7 |
| 140.. | Oilbway | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 5,805.. | Old Colony | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9⅜ |
| 715.. | Old Dominion | 58 | 56¼ | 56⅝ |
| 93.. | Osceola | 118 | 117 | 117½ |
| 660.. | Pond Creek | 15⅜ | 15¼ | 15⅜ |
| 90.. | Quincy | 90 | 89 | 89½ |
| 540.. | Ray Cons. | 19⅝ | 19¼ | 19¼ |
| 250.. | Shannon | 14 | 13⅞ | 14 |
| 105.. | Shattuck | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| 500.. | South Utah | 90c. | 87c. | 90c. |
| 302.. | St. Mary's Land | 60 | 60 | 62 |
| 10.. | Sup. & Boston | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ |
| 40.. | Superior | 34⅝ | 34 | 34½ |
| 215.. | Tamarack | 45 | 43 | 44 |
| 60.. | Trinity | 6⅜ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 90.. | Tuolumne | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 230.. | Union Land | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 255.. | U. S. Smelters | 37½ | 37¼ | 37¼ |
| 215.. | U. S. Smelters pf. | 49 | 48⅝ | 49 |
| 40.. | Utah Cons. | 14 | 13½ | 14 |
| 250.. | Utah Copper | 63¼ | 63¼ | 63¼ |
| 15.. | Winona | 6¾ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ |
| 13.. | Wyandotte | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $2,000.. | Am. T. & T. col. 4s | 90⅞ | 90⅞ | 90⅞ |
| 5,000.. | Western T. & T. 5s | 100¾ | 100¾ | 100¾ |

### CHICAGO.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 250.. | Am. Can | 42¾ | 42½ | 42¾ |
| 50.. | Am. Can pf. | 120⅜ | 120⅜ | 120⅜ |
| 15.. | Am. Shipbuilding pf. | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 220.. | Booth Fisheries | 61⅜ | 61 | 61 |
| 20.. | Booth Fisheries pf. | 90 | 89½ | 89½ |
| 245.. | Canal & Dock | 45¼ | 45 | 45 |
| 105.. | Chicago Pneu. Tool | 51¾ | 51 | 51 |
| 60.. | Chicago Rys., ser. 2 | 31¾ | 31¾ | 31½ |
| 100.. | Chicago Rys., ser. 3 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ |
| 128.. | Commonwealth Edison | 142 | 142 | 142 |
| 50.. | Internat. Harvester | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| 220.. | Illinois Brick | 65⅞ | 65 | 65⅞ |
| 20.. | McCrum-Howell pf | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 100.. | National Biscuit | 157½ | 157 | 157 |
| 85.. | People's Gas | 108¾ | 108¾ | 108¾ |
| 200.. | Pacific Gas | 66¼ | 66¼ | 66¼ |
| 30.. | Public Service | 88 | 88 | 88 |
| 10.. | Public Service pf. | 102 | 102 | 102 |
| 15.. | Quaker Oats pf. | 109¼ | 109¼ | 109¼ |
| 106.. | Sears-Roebuck | 175½ | 174½ | 174½ |
| 100.. | Sears-Roebuck pf. | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| 118.. | Swift & Co. | 104⅝ | 104½ | 104½ |
| 1,102.. | Public Serv. rights | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 625.. | U. S. Steel com. | 69½ | 69 | 69 |
| 566.. | Union Carbide rights | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ |
| 50.. | Union Carbide | 136¼ | 136¼ | 136¼ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $4,000.. | Cicero Gas 5s | 99⅜ | 99⅜ | 99⅜ |
| 2,000.. | Com. Edison 5s | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | 103⅜ |
| 38,000.. | Public Service 5s | 99½ | 99⅜ | 99⅜ |
| 6,000.. | Chi. Rys. 5s, A | 98½ | 96½ | 96½ |
| 1,000.. | Chi. Rys. income 4s | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| 2,000.. | Northwestern Gas 5s | 99⅜ | 99⅜ | 99⅜ |
| 6,000.. | Met. gold 4s | 83½ | 83½ | 83½ |

### PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 230.. | Amal. Copper | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| 50.. | Am. Cement | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 4.. | Am. Railways | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| 10.. | Am. Smelters | 80⅜ | 80⅜ | 80⅜ |
| 20.. | Baldwin Loco. pf. | 107½ | 107½ | 107½ |
| 12.. | Cambria Iron | 43½ | 43½ | 43½ |
| 165.. | Cambria Steel | 43½ | 43 | 43⅜ |
| 225.. | Elec. Storage Bat. | 55½ | 55¼ | 55½ |
| 270.. | Erie | 36 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ |
| 2.. | Hunt. & B. Top pf. | 21¼ | 21¼ | 21¼ |
| 20.. | Interborough | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ |
| 42.. | Ins. Co. of N. A. | 21⅞ | 21⅞ | 21⅞ |
| 165.. | Kentucky Securities | 32 | 31 | 31½ |
| 10.. | Keystone Tel. | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ |
| 10.. | Lake Superior | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| 401.. | Lehigh Nav. stock | 89⅝ | 89¼ | 89⅜ |
| 62.. | Lehigh Nav. ctfs. | 89¼ | 89 | 89 |
| 331.. | Lehigh Valley | 89 | 88 | 89 |
| 200.. | Lehigh Valley Tran. | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ |
| 200.. | Lehigh Val. Tran. pf. | 28 | 27½ | 28 |
| 31.. | Little Schuylkill | 57¼ | 57¼ | 57¼ |
| 119.. | Penn. R. R. | 62⅛ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ |
| 27.. | Penn. Salt Mfg. | 104¼ | 104 | 104¼ |
| 100.. | Penn. Steel pf. | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 114.. | Phila. Co. | 53 | 52⅞ | 52⅞ |
| 10,957.. | Phila. Elec. | 19⅝ | 19 | 19⅝ |
| 100.. | Phila R. T. stock | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 1,185.. | Phila. R. T. ctfs. | 23⅝ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ |
| 110.. | Phila Trac. | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| 2,400.. | Reading | 88¾ | 88 3-16 | 88 3-16 |
| 970.. | Tonopah Mining | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 1,030.. | Tonopah Belmont | 10 | 9 15-16 | 10 |
| 100.. | Union Pacific | 171¼ | 171¼ | 171¼ |
| 658.. | Union Traction | 51⅜ | 51½ | 51½ |
| 134.. | United Gas Imp. | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 14.. | United Cos. of N. J. | 239⅜ | 239⅜ | 239⅜ |
| 5,725.. | U. S. Steel | 69⅝ | 68⅝ | 69 |
| 3.. | Warwick I. & S. | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ |
| 35.. | W. J. & S. S. | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $12,000.. | Am. Gas & Elec. 5s | 87¼ | 87¼ | 87¼ |
| 3,000.. | Equitable Gas 5s | 105½ | 105½ | 105½ |
| 12,000.. | Inter-State 4s | 63 | 63 | 63 |
| 1,000.. | Keystone Tel. 5s | 83½ | 83¼ | 83¼ |
| 2,000.. | Lehigh Val. gen. 4s | 98¼ | 98¼ | 98¼ |
| 1,000.. | Phila. Co. con. 5s | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ |
| 7,000.. | Phila. Elec. 4s | 83¾ | 83½ | 83½ |
| 100.. | Phila. Elec. gold 5s | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| 5,000.. | Reading gen. 4s | 98¼ | 98¼ | 98¼ |
| 1,000.. | Sayre Elec. 5s | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| 2,000.. | Standard G. & E. 6s | 100¾ | 100¾ | 100¾ |
| 3,000.. | United Rys. 5s | 84 | 83⅞ | 83⅞ |

### PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30.. | Crucible Steel | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ |
| 886.. | Mfrs.' L. & H. | 38⅝ | 38 | 38½ |
| 260.. | Nat. Fireproofing pf. | 26½ | 26¼ | 26½ |
| 15.. | Osage & Oklahoma | 43½ | 43¼ | 43¼ |
| 285.. | Ohio Fuel Oil | 17¼ | 17 | 17⅛ |
| 2,185.. | Pure Oil | 12⅞ | 12¾ | 12⅞ |
| 180.. | Pittsburgh Brewing | 8⅜ | 8⅜ | 8⅜ |
| 55.. | Pitts. Plate Glass | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 280.. | Tonopah Extension | $2 25 | $2.20 | $2.20 |
| 10.. | Union Switch & Sig. | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| 10.. | U. S. Steel | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| 55.. | Werting. Air Brake | 170 | 170 | 170 |
| 45.. | Westinghouse Elec. | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ |
| 100.. | Westing. Machine | 21 | 21 | 21 |

BANKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23.. | Columbia Nat. Bank | 225½ | 225 | 225½ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $500.. | Pitts. Coal deb. 5s | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ |
| 1,000.. | Pitts., McK. & C. 6s | 102¾ | 102¾ | 102¾ |

### MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SAN FRANCISCO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alta | .17 | Julia | .22 |
| Alpha Con. | .03 | Justice | .10 |
| Andes | .05 | Kentucky Con. | .07 |
| Belcher | .90 | Mexican | 2.80 |
| Best & Belcher | .06 | Occidental Con. | .55 |
| Bullion | .06 | Ophir | 1.47½ |
| Caledonia | 1.20 | Overman | 1.05 |
| Challenge Con. | .13 | Potosi | .06 |
| Chollar | .06 | Savage | .10 |
| Confidence | .87 | Sag Belcher | .24 |
| Con. Cal. & Va. | .72 | Sierra Nevada | .31 |
| Con. Imperial | .12 | Union Con. | 1.05 |
| Crown Point | .63 | Utah Con. | .05 |
| Gould & Curry | .06 | Yellow Jacket | .92 |
| Hale & Norcross | .23 | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| TONOPAH. | | Booth | .10 |
| Belmont | 10.00 | Daisy | .11 |
| Jim Butler | .60 | Diamondfd B. B. | .09 |
| McNamara | .26 | Goldfield Merger | .24 |
| Midway | .61 | Great Bend | .05 |
| Montana | 3.23 | C. O. D. | .11 |
| North Star | .22 | Jumbo Exten. | .42 |
| Rescue Eula | .21 | Florence | .65 |
| Tonopah Exten. | 2.20 | Lone Star | .05 |
| West End | 2.10 | Red Hills | .03 |
| GOLDFIELD. | | Sandstorm Kend. | .04 |
| Adams | .01 | Vernal | .15 |
| Atlanta | .25 | Silver Pick | .12 |
| Blue Bell | .02 | Nevada Hills | 1.82½ |
| Comb. Fraction | .10 | Menhattan Con. | .26 |

| COLORADO. | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dr. Jackpot | 5½ | 6⅜ | Jackpot | 5 | 6½ |
| Elkton | 62¾ | 63 | McKinney | 68 | 6⅞ |
| El Paso | 79¼ | 80 | Old Gold | 3½ | 4 |
| Findlay | 4 | 5 | Portland | 89¾ | 90 |
| Gold Dollar | 17½ | 17¾ | Vindicator | 74 | 74½ |
| Isabella | 12¾ | 13 | Jen. Samp. | 4⅞ | 6½ |

## MACHINE LEASES HELP ALL.

### So Declares the Head of the Shoe Machine Company to Investigators.

MONTREAL, May 13.—Testimony was given to-day by W. F. Winslow of Boston, President of the United Shoe Machinery Company, before officials of the Canadian Government, who are making an investigation under the Combines act into the methods of the corporation, which is alleged to control the shoe machinery business in the United States and Canada.

The leasing or "tieing" system of the company was declared by Mr. Winslow to operate for the benefit of the consumer, the manufacturer, and the United Shoe Machinery Company. Long experience, he said, had convinced him that the leasing system was the best plan that could be evolved. Through the leasing system, he said, the machinery in all plants is kept to a high state of efficiency. He contended that the "tieing" clause is necessary to insure such a use of the machinery as to obtain the best results.

"Every Canadian manufacturer," said Mr. Winslow, "can get the best machines there are, and if a better one is invented it is at once substituted for the old machine. The shoe manufacturers, operating independently, would not have sufficient capital to make such a change."

## SEARCH PACKERS' TESTIMONY

### Federal Examination Is Begun to Find Evidences of Perjury.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Scrutiny of the testimony of witnesses for the packers during the recent criminal trial was begun to-day in the Federal Building with a view to possible action for perjury against some of them. A transcript of the testimony containing more than 7,000 pages, was turned over to Oliver E. Pagan, special assistant to the Attorney General. Counsel for the Government will look into differences in the testimony of some of the witnesses before the Federal Grand Jury and in the packers' trial, and, if conditions warrant, will present the evidence to the Grand Jury.

With the arrival of Mr. Pagan a report became current that Attorney General Wickersham had announced his intention of giving the National Packing Company a stipulated time in which to submit a dissolution proposition. Some days ago a conference was held between counsel for the National Company and District Attorney Wilkerson. The attorney for the packing company later denied that the dissolution proposal was then taken up. It is declared certain that no formal plan of dissolution has been submitted.

If none is presented within the next few weeks, it is believed by those in touch with the Government officials that a dissolution suit will be filed against the National Packing Company.

## COMMODITY MARKETS.

### Grains Fall Steadily—Cotton Weakens, Too—Pork Firm.

Grain markets all declined closing at the low point. Whether conditions were considered favorable for the growth and development of wheat and oats and the conditions were also considered more promising for work in the corn fields. Liquidation was quite pronounced. Provisions rallied with light contract offerings. Cotton shows a slightly easier undertone. Trading was quieter. Weather developments are being awaited. Liverpool showed no feature.

### WHEAT.

The wheat market showed downward tendency all day closing at the low point of the session. The decline was due to the influence of more favorable crop news and more hopeful feeling regarding the crop outlook. No attention was paid to the lower temperatures over Sunday. Crop news was more hopeful from Spring and hard Winter wheat sections and less pessimistic from the soft Winter wheat States. There was no pronounced pressure, simply a continuous volume of wheat for sale which filled the demand, resulting in very limited rallies. The statistics were quite bullish. The visible of domestic wheat decreased 3,542,000 bushels, bonded wheat decreased 800,000 bushels, the Canadian visible decreased 3,801,000 bushels, making a total loss of 8,143,000 bushels, following a decrease of 12,786,000 bushels the previous week. The world's exports were 11,744,000 bushels, against 12,224,060 bushels the previous week and 14,832,000 bushels last year. The amount of wheat afloat for Europe increased 2,304,000 bushels and is 2,000,000 bushels larger than a year ago. The German official report made the condition of wheat 80, against 84 last month and 70 last year. Rye 78, against 86 and 74, respectively; but since the report was compiled beneficial rains have fallen. Broomhall cabled that 9,600,000 bushels of wheat and 5,100,000 bushels of corn held up by the Dardanelles blockade would be released Tuesday. The Kentucky State report made the condition of wheat 79, compared with the Government report of 76. Export sales of six loads of Manitoba wheat were reported. Cash wheat was nominal, with No. 2 red $1.20¼, free on board; No. 1 northern $1.20¼, No. 2 hard Winter $1.24¾, No. 1 Manitoba $1.14¾.

### OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The market was weak for corn, selling down about 1c a bushel, and closed at the low point. Although the weather was cooler through the West, with frost particularly through the Northwest, the prospect of settled weather for a few days was of more importance than the low temperatures, and prices steadily worked down under constant pressure. Rallies were few and far between. Cash corn was dull and easier. The American visible decreased 1,019,000 bushels. World's exports were 5,553,000 bushels, against 3,401,000 bushels the previous week and 3,365,000 bushels last year. The amount afloat increased 3,505,000 bushels, and is now 11,840,000 bushels, against 8,696,000 bushels last year. Spot corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 86¾c, free on board.

OATS.—The late market was also weak with final prices at the low point. Continued favorable weather conditions and growing hopefulness as to the crop brought pretty steady pressure against values, while the demand for cash oats was slow. The decrease in the visible was only 484,000 bushels in domestic oats; bonded stocks decreased 508,000 bushels and the Canadian stock decreased 399,000 bushels. Cash oats were easier, with Standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 62½c, No. 2 white 63c.

Prices opened a little lower in the provision contract market owing to larger Chicago receipts of hogs than expected, but offerings were light and the development of moderate buying orders caused general improvement, the market closing very steady. Total hog receipts were heavier, amounting to 95,000 at all points.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

| Wheat— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .. | .. | $1.22 | $1.22 |
| July | $1.18½ | $1.17¾ | 1.17¾ | 1.17⅝ |
| September | .. | .. | 1.12¾ | 1.13⅛ |

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

| Wheat— | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 1.19 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.18¼ |
| July | 1.13⅝ | 1.12½ | 1.12⅝ | 1.13⅝ |
| September | 1.08⅝ | 1.07½ | 1.07½ | 1.08⅝ |
| December | 1.09⅜ | 1.07⅞ | 1.07⅞ | 1.09¼ |
| Corn— | | | | |
| May | 81¼ | 79⅞ | 80 | 80⅝ |
| July | 78 | 76⅝ | 76⅞ | 77⅝ |
| September | 76 | 74⅞ | 74⅞ | 75⅝ |
| December | 64½ | 63½ | 63⅝ | 64¼ |
| Oats— | | | | |
| May | 57⅝ | 56⅜ | 56⅞ | 57⅝ |
| July | 54 | 53 | 53½ | 53⅞ |
| September | 44½ | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | 44 |
| December | .. | .. | 44¼ | 44⅞ |
| Lard— | | | | |
| May | .. | .. | 10.67½ | 10.60 |
| July | 10.80 | 10.65 | 10.77½ | 10.70 |
| September | 11.00 | 10.85 | 10.97½ | 10.90 |
| October | 11.05 | 10.95 | 11.05 | 10.95 |
| Ribs— | | | | |
| May | .. | .. | 10.35 | 10.22½ |
| July | 10.50 | 10.25 | 10.45 | 10.32½ |
| September | 10.07½ | 10.42½ | 10.60 | 10.47½ |
| Pork— | | | | |
| May | .. | .. | 19.17½ | 18.90 |
| July | 19.40 | 19.10 | 19.37½ | 19.17½ |
| September | 19.52½ | 19.25 | 19.47½ | 19.32½ |

### COTTONSEED OIL.

Although there was little apparent incentive for new buying, the undertone during yesterday's session was very steady and offerings were well absorbed. Western liquidation has not entirely abated, but there seems to be less pressure from other sources. Shorts covered, and the South was reported a buyer at intervals. This was in face of more satisfactory weather conditions. Crude advices are rather contradictory, but most authorities agree that the basis has been lowered from the recent high, in line with futures. Incidentally, it is maintained that business in crude circles is quiet. Southeast is quoted at 6.08 and crude in the Valley and Texas at 6.17 bid. The higher lard market was probably a restrictive influence to selling operations. Sentiment is mixed.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spot | .. | .. | 7.10 | 7.00 |
| May | .. | .. | 7.14 | 7.14 |
| June | .. | .. | 7.16 | 7.16 |
| July | 7.23 | 7.19 | 7.21 | 7.20 |
| August | 7.25 | 7.23 | 7.24 | 7.24 |
| September | 7.29 | 7.25 | 7.28 | 7.27 |
| October | 7.26 | 7.23 | 7.25 | 7.25 |
| November | 6.78 | 6.78 | 6.78 | 6.73 |
| December | 6.71 | 6.66 | 6.67 | 6.65 |

### COTTON.

Business again showed a contraction in the local future market yesterday. Fluctuations were not as broad as recently and the market is more easily influenced by comparatively small orders on either side. While prices were lower during most of the session, the undertone was not weak, but then again not inspiring to new outside buying. Supplementing initial declines of 2 to 8 points, there was a rally to a shade over Saturday's finals, but in absence of bullish enthusiasm or aggressive inquiry, the list subsequently receded to several points under the closing of last week.

During the morning it was thought that spot interests, which have been active on the constructive side of the list, were liquidating, and there was also some selling credited to the leading spot interests, but the realization that the market is purely a weather proposition at this time lessened the inclination to follow these leads. Incidentally, there continues some dissatisfatcion expressed over the calibre of the coterie supposed to be operating for higher prices, not that they are not powerful, but rather because other influential spot interests are apparently out of sympathy with the movement at this time. Even as the situation is, however, there are many who intimate that the leading spot interests are not bearish.

The map showed scattered rain in Oklahoma and Tennessee with light to moderate rains in parts of the Carolinas, and was not regarded as unsatisfactory. The cables from Liverpool lack special feature, and did not seem depressed or otherwise affected by weather news. Over Sunday there were moderate showers in part of the Central West and East, with heavy rains in parts of Alabama and South Carolina, leading to further bullish crop accounts from those sections, but no alarm over weather conditions was not great or general. Many were pacified by the Eastern belt forecast, which called for generally fair conditions and although showers were predicted for the Western States, heavy precipitation was not expected. The crop information from Texas is mainly of an optimistic character, although recently complaints have been received somewhat similar to those emanating from the flooded sections and parts of the east, i e., excessive moisture. For April the precipitation in Oklahoma averaged 4.24 inches or 1.65 inches above the normal. According to the Governor of Mississippi, the breaks in the levees were serious, but reports had been exaggerated. It is claimed that uplands are near a dangerous stage, however, and not half of the State of Mississippi has been bedded, although in some sections soil is said to be very fertile so that a splendid crop can be produced should weather be favorable.

Charleston spots were 1-16 lower yesterday; other Southern markets unchanged. New York spot cotton was .05c decline, with middlings 14.85c. Liverpool spot sales were 10,000 bales. Manchester is still reporting quiet conditions. Exports are heavy and total 9,910,000 or nearly 2,900,000 over last year.

| | High | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 11.26 | 11.20 | 11.22@11.23 | 11.28 |
| June | .. | .. | 11.23@11.25 | 11.28 |
| July | 11.36 | 11.25 | 11.30@11.31 | 11.35 |
| August | 11.36 | 11.32 | 11.35@11.36 | 11.39 |
| September | .. | .. | 11.37@11.39 | 11.44 |
| October | 11.51 | 11.40 | 11.44@11.45 | 11.49 |
| November | 11.47 | 11.47 | 11.47@ .... | 11.52 |
| December | 11.61 | 11.50 | 11.53@11.54 | 11.59 |
| January | 11.55 | 11.46 | 11.49@11.50 | 11.54 |
| February | .. | .. | 11.49@11.51 | 11.55 |
| March | 11.62 | 11.55 | 11.57@11.58 | 11.62 |

### COFFEE.

Coffee opened steady, with the near months 1 to 2 points higher and the late positions unchanged to 3 down. Demand was slow and prices lost 5 to 10 points, but at the last there was buying. The close was steady at a net decline of 5 to 9 points on total sales of 60,000 bags. Havre closed at ¼ advance to ¼ decline; Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ higher; Rio was 75 higher, and Santos unchanged to 50 reis higher.

Spot coffee at 14¾ for Rio 7.

Total warehouse deliveries in the United States for the week were 91,137 bags, against 158,803 last week and 90,366 last year; of the former amount New York had 68,148 bags. Receipts at Rio and Santos were 79,000 bags, against an equal amount the previous week, 37,000 last year, and 33,000 two years ago.

Contract prices follow:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .. | .. | 13.52@13.54 | 13.58 |
| June | .. | .. | 13.60@13.62 | 13.67 |
| July | 13.75 | 13.67 | 13.68@13.69 | 13.73 |
| August | .. | .. | 13.75@13.76 | 13.83 |
| September | 13.95 | 13.81 | 13.84@13.85 | 13.92 |
| October | .. | .. | 13.82@13.83 | 13.01 |
| November | .. | .. | 13.81@13.82 | 13.90 |
| December | 13.86 | 13.80 | 13.80@13.81 | 13.88 |
| January | .. | .. | 13.80@13.81 | 13.88 |
| February | .. | .. | 13.79@13.80 | 13.87 |
| March | 13.89 | 13.80 | 13.82@13.83 | 13.90 |
| April | .. | .. | 13.82@13.83 | 13.90 |

### COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, pound, 34½@35c; firsts, 33@34c; seconds, 31@32c; thirds, 28@30c; State dairy tubs, finest, 33@34c; good to prime, 30@32c; common to fair, 24@29c; process, special marks, 27½@28c; extras, 26½@27c; firsts, 25@26c; seconds, 24@24½c; factory, current make, firsts, 25@25½c; seconds, 24@24½c; thirds, 22@23c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21@22½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, new, specials, white, pound, 16½c; colored, 16¼c; white, average fancy, 16c; colored, 15¾@16c; undergrades, 15@15¾c; State, skims, new, white, specials, 11@11½c; colored, 11@11½c; choice, 9½@10¼c; new

## Lehigh Valley

The factors which make up the actual value of this stock are clearly enumerated and explained in a pamphlet on the subject just issued by our Statistical Department.

Lehigh Valley is of unusual interest at this time.

*This pamphlet will be sent on request.*

EASTMAN, DILLON & CO.
*Members N. Y. Stock Exchange*
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway New York

## All Successful Men

have at times surplus money that they would invest to secure good interest if it could be converted into cash immediately.

Your business may be such that at certain times you have more cash than you need, and other times you may be forced to use all available assistance. There is also a possibility of business depression, at which time you would have to have the cash. Stocks or bonds can be sold at once.

Let us help you make your investments. Our records are thorough and complete, so that we can readily furnish you an accurate report on any security, and will be glad to, on request.

*Each week we issue a special letter regarding some particular security which we believe is not only a safe investment but shows a good return. Sent on request.*

ALEXANDER & CO.
Members of { New York Stock / New York Cotton } Exchange
43 Exchange Place, New York

## Minneapolis
MINNESOTA
## 4% BONDS
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in N. Y.

Price and Particulars Upon Application.

A.B.Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK
Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility | Bonds for Investment

Legal Investment for New York State Savings Banks and Trustees.
City of Mount Vernon
Westchester County, N. Y.
Registered 4¼% School Bonds
Tax-exempt in New York State.
Dated May 1, 1912. Due May 1, 1932 to May 1, 1973.
$20,000 EACH YEAR.
Interest payable semi-annually May 1 and November 1
Price to Net 4⅛%
Estabrook & Co.
24 Broad St., New York

Listed
Public Utility Bonds
Yielding From
4¾ to 5¾%
Send for list.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York 21 Broad Street
Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

State of Louisiana
Port Commission 5% Bonds
Serially 1935-1958
Price to Yield 4.40%
*Further Particulars on Request for Circular.*
N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

Beech Creek Coal & Coke 5s, 1944
Clearfield Bituminous Coal 4s, 1940
O'Gara Coal 5s, 1955
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke 5s, 1932
Victor Fuel 5s, 1953
Webster Coal & Coke 5s, 1943
BOND DEPARTMENT.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 25 Broad Street
Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

Alfred Mestre & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
67 Wall Street New York


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

### Trading Is Much Less Active—Prices Move Irregularly, with Some Large Advances.

Not much more business was transacted during the five hours of dealing on the Stock Exchange yesterday than was recorded within the two-hour session on Saturday. It is not alone this decrease in the rate of trading but also the general movement of prices that indicated that there was little disposition on the part of the general body of traders to follow the rather too impetuous price movement which accompanied the active dealings at the close of last week. It is true that Lehigh Valley continued its rise and added just short of 3 points to its previous quotation, but the movement rather forcibly suggested that what two weeks ago was taking place in Reading has more recently been under way in Lehigh Valley. The upbidding of the stock yesterday was not altogether in keeping with the feeling of reserve with which the market as a whole was approaching the vote to be taken to-day by the anthracite miners on the question of accepting or rejecting the terms which have been offered by the operators, and which have already been agreed to by those representatives of the men who were appointed to deal with a sub-committee of mine owners. This reserve on the part of the securities market, as far as it is an outcome of this particular influence, is due not to any real fear of a coal strike. It is rather nothing more than the natural reflection of the uncertainty which must attach to the decision to be reached by a labor convention at which rival factions will contend for support of the convention's votes. The chances seem to be that six weeks of idleness at the anthracite mines have prepared the men to accept an agreement with the operators which yielded a good deal to the men, even though a group of their leaders ruthlessly stood in the way of formal ratification of the proposed terms. The general expectation in the financial district has been that the convention which gathers to-day will throw its support rather to the first group who negotiated the agreement than to the second group of the union leaders. At the same time, while the matter is in the balance it is natural that the financial markets should show the degree of reserve manifested yesterday.

Several of the leading active stocks showed net losses for the day, which was all the more striking in view of the advances in the few issues upon which the day's operations on the long side of the account chiefly converged. An incident of the day which carried favorable suggestion was the decline in grain prices, but it has been clear for some time that the securities markets have been putting a very different interpretation upon current crop news than that which the grain markets have chosen to put upon the same news. Thus the reaction of two cents a bushel in the price of wheat from yesterday's high level loses significance in direct proportion with the indifference which the securities markets showed to the previous advance in grain. We still have the opportunity ahead of a bountiful yield of grain this year, and the securities markets seem well advised in attaching more importance to the admittedly favorable condition for the growth of the Spring crops than to the indicated decrease in the Winter wheat yield.

### MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2⅞ per cent. Most of the for four, five, and six months, and 4@4¼

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four, five, and six months, and 4@4¼

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4¾ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $219,264,935; balances, $15,267,599; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $63,791.

The local banks have lost $306,000 on their week's Sub-Treasury operations this week.

### FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2 15-16 per cent. for short bills and 2⅞ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3½ per cent., and Berlin, 3¾ per cent. The money rates were 1¾@2 per cent. in London and 4@4½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 23c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 47½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8720; demand, $4.8690.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ minus 1-16; check, 5.18⅛ plus 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 5-16; check, 95⅛.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅜; check, 5.18⅜ minus 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40⅜; check, 40.33.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 minus 1-16; check, 5.20⅛.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.84¼; 90 days, $4.8310.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84; 90 days, $4.82⅞.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼ minus 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ minus 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21⅛; 90 days, 5.22½ minus 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼; 90 days, 94⅛.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16 minus 1-32; 90 days, 94⅛.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 30c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 81¼c premium.

### SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 3-16d higher in London at 28 1-16d per ounce, and ⅝c higher in New York, at 60⅞c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

### SHORT TERM NOTES.

| | —Maturity.— | | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amal. Copper..5 | Apr. | 1,'13 | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | 4.25 |
| Balt. & Ohio..4½ | June | 1,'13 | 100¼ | 100¼ | 4.01 |
| Beth. Steel Co.6 | Nov. | 1,'14 | 103½ | 103¾ | 4.56 |
| Ches. & Ohio..4½ | June | 1,'14 | 99¼ | 99½ | 4.74 |
| C.,H. & D., purchase money..4 | July | 1,'13 | 99⅝ | 99⅞ | 4.11 |
| Chi. & Alton..5 | Mar. | 15,'13 | 99¼ | 99⅜ | 5.33 |
| Chi. El. Rys...6 | July | 1,'14 | 98¼ | 98½ | 5.58 |
| Erie .....6 | Apr. | 8,'14 | 101 | 101¼ | 5.29 |
| Erie .....5 | Oct. | 1,'14 | 99⅜ | 99⅝ | 5.17 |
| Erie .....5 | Apr. | 1,'15 | 98⅞ | 99⅛ | 5.33 |
| Gen. Motors....6 | Oct. | 1,'15 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Gen. Rubber...4½ | July | 1,'15 | 97⅛ | 97⅜ | 5.28 |
| Hudson Co....6 | Feb. | 1,'13 | 99⅝ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Int. & Gt. N...5 | Aug. | 1,'14 | 98¼ | 98½ | 5.85 |
| Int. Harv. Co..5 | Feb. | 15,'15 | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | 4.75 |
| Minn. & St. L.5 | Feb. | 1,'13 | 92 | 94½ | |
| Mo., K. & T..5 | May | 1,'13 | 99½ | 99¾ | 5.26 |
| Mo. Pacific....5 | June | 1,'14 | 95⅜ | 96 | 7.00 |
| M. C. of Mex..4½ | Sep. | 1,'13 | 97⅜ | 98¼ | 6.04 |
| N. Rys. of M..4½ | June | 1,'13 | 97⅜ | 98⅛ | 6.04 |
| N. Y. Central.4½ | Mar. | 1,'14 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 4.21 |
| N. Y. Central.4½ | May | 1,'15 | 99⅞ | 100 | 4.50 |
| Pac. T. & T...5 | Jan. | 5,'13 | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 3.93 |
| S. L. & S. F..5 | June | 1,'13 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 5.35 |
| Southern Ry...5 | Feb. | 1,'13 | 100¼ | 100⅝ | 3.98 |
| U. S. Rubber..6 | Dec. | 1,'18 | 104⅜ | 104⅝ | 5.14 |
| Westinghouse..6 | Aug. | '13 | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 4.78 |

### NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Saturday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4¼s..March, '62, f'chg. | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 | 101⅛ |
| 4⅛s..Sept., '60, f'chg. | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 | 101⅛ |
| 4⅛s..M., '30-60, f'chg. | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 101⅛ | 101⅜ |
| 4½s..Nov., '57, f'chg. | 107 | 107⅛ | 107 | 107⅜ |
| 4½s..May, '57, f'chg. | 107 | 107¼ | 107 | 107⅜ |
| 4½s..Nov., '17, f'chg. | 101⅝ | 102⅛ | 101⅝ | 102⅛ |
| 4½s..May, '17, f'chg. | 101⅜ | .. | 101⅜ | .. |
| 4s ..May, '50, f'chg. | 99⅛ | 99⅜ | 99⅛ | 99⅜ |
| 4s ..Nov., '58, f'chg. | 99½ | 99¾ | 99½ | 99¾ |
| 4s ..May, '57, f'chg. | 99⅛ | 99⅜ | 99⅛ | 99⅜ |
| 4s ..Nov., '55-6, reg. | 98⅝ | 99⅛ | 98⅝ | 99⅛ |
| 4s ..Nov., '36, reg. | 98⅛ | 99 | 98⅛ | 99 |
| 3½s..Nov., '54, f'chg. | 86¾ | 87¼ | 86¾ | 87¼ |
| 3½s..May, '54, coup. | 86¾ | 87¼ | 86¾ | 87¼ |
| 3½s..May, '50-54, reg. | 86¼ | 87¼ | 86¾ | 87¼ |
| 3½s..Nov., '41, reg. | 88¼ | 89 | 88¼ | 89¼ |

## TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

**Pere Marquette in April.**

A few months ago the Père Marquette was furnishing an illustration of the truth of the saying that "it never rains but it pours." Since the appointment of the receivers luck has been running the other way. Not only has the better weather allowed the road to clear its tracks of accumulated cars, but it has brought more business with it. In April the company did a gross business of $1,373,571, which is an increase of $131,000 over the corresponding month of last year. Net earnings have not been made up yet, but they are expected to show a much larger relative increase than the gross, for a number of important economies have been effected lately.

***

**Investment Bankers to Wait.**

The committee which was formed to agitate the formation of an investment section of the American Bankers' Association has decided not to organize an independent body, believing that action favorable to their idea will be adopted by the association within the coming year. The committee had arguments for the presentation of a strong case at the recent meeting of the Executive Council at Briarcliff, but the matter was voted down in executive session without any opportunity for discussion.

***

**Tape Looks Like Old Times.**

From just before noon till shortly before 2 o'clock the frequent appearance of American Sugar made the tape look like old times. It is several years since this one-time market football has been ranked among the active stocks in a day's trading, though it had one or two moderate movements when the weighing fraud cases were at acute stages. In the past dozen years the stocks of the company have passed almost entirely out of Wall Street and appear rarely on the tape, a few hundred shares constituting normally a good day's business. As the annual reports of the new management which give unusually complete information of the company's affairs show, stockholders have steadily increased in number until at the close of the fiscal year there were 20,206. Yesterday morning a transaction of 200 shares was first reported at 130½. Within an hour or so afterward four transactions appeared which put the shares up to 131, and in the noon hour a score of transactions running up to blocks of 600 and 800 shares appeared in rapid succession on the tape. These carried the price up to 132½ and later on further activity advanced it to 133½, which is the highest price since 1900. The highest price ever reached by the common was in 1899, when the Sugar stocks were among the most active in the market. It then touched 182, and was paying 12 per cent. dividends, against the 7 per cent. now prevailing. Its lowest price was 92¾, touched in the panic of 1907.

***

**Report Heavy Steel Orders.**

An advance of $2 in warehouse prices of plates, bars, and structural steel shapes went into effect yesterday at the United States Steel Corporation's warehouse across the river. Jobbers' advances of a like amount also became effective. In connection with the ability of the steelmakers to hold prices, trade observers report a heavy influx of buying orders by consumers, who are brought to a realization of the strength of the producers' position, and who are taking on material in anticipation of a further advance. It is stated, without official confirmation, that the Steel Corporation had a single day recently in which new business totaled 90,000 tons, and that new orders for a week past have averaged in the neighborhood of 65,000 tons a day. This is about 10,000 tons a day better than the estimated daily bookings in April.

***

**Big Canadian Port Planned.**

Taking a lesson from the success which has attended the construction of economic docking and cargo handling facilities on a large scale at our lake ports and in this port, a syndicate of British Columbia capitalists has planned a modern harbor in the vicinity of Victoria. English capital has been interested, and if plans go through there will be acquired some 5,000 acres on Lulu Island, on which piers after the type of the Bush Terminal here will be built. The harbor selected has a natural frontage of seven miles, and when the development is completed it will stretch nearly twenty miles more. The promoters believe that the new harbor is necessary to take care of the traffic which it is believed will be developed by the Panama Canal.

### STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

Gauged by the averages of twenty-five typical active railroad stocks and twenty-five industrials, the stock market swung just a shade higher yesterday than on Saturday during most of the day's trading, the day's mean being about a twentieth of a point above Saturday's. At the close, however, the stocks averaged nearly a fifth of a point below Saturday's closing prices. The figures were:

**1912.**

RAILROADS.

| | High. | Low. | Mean. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sat., May 11..... | 94.93 | 94.38 | 94.68 | 94.78 |
| Mon., May 13..... | 95.02 | 94.45 | 94.73 | 94.88 |
| | Open. | High. | | Low. |
| †Year's range..... | Jan. 2. | April 26. | | Feb. 1. |
| | 91.43 | 96.34 | | 88.74 |

INDUSTRIALS.

| | High. | Low. | Mean. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sat., May 11..... | 70.69 | 70.28 | 70.48 | 70.55 |
| Mon., May 13..... | 70.82 | 70.26 | 70.54 | 70.38 |
| | Open. | High. | | Low. |
| †Year's range..... | Jan. 2. | April 26. | | Feb. 1. |
| | 64.00 | 71.18 | | 61.47 |

**1911.**

RAILROADS.

| | High. | Low. | Mean. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sat., May 13..... | 93.88 | 83.73 | 93.82 | 93.77 |
| Mon., May 15..... | 93.93 | 93.57 | 93.75 | 93.76 |
| | Open. | High. | | Low. |
| †Year's range..... | Jan. 3. | Feb. 6. | | April 24. |
| | 91.79 | 97.49 | | 94.47 |

INDUSTRIALS.

| | High. | Low. | Mean. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sat., May 13..... | 65.93 | 65.78 | 65.86 | 65.81 |
| Mon., May 15..... | 65.65 | 65.43 | 65.54 | 65.63 |
| | Open. | High. | | Low. |
| †Year's range..... | Jan. 3. | Feb. 6. | | April 24. |
| | 62.05 | 67.17 | | 62.04 |
| Full year's range. | | June 10. | | Sept. 25. |
| Railroads ..... | | 99.20 | | 84.40 |
| Industrials ..... | | 68.97 | | 54.74 |

†To date.

## VACUUM OIL'S RETURN.

### Net Profits for Full Year $2,436,017—New Stock to Pay 6 Per Cent.

The Vacuum Oil Company, which has been conspicuous among the former subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey for the promptness with which it issued a financial report to stockholders after the dissolution, and the completeness of the financial statements it has given out, issued an annual report yesterday covering the year ended Dec. 31, 1911. This showed profits, including the undivided profits of the foreign marketing companies, amounting to $2,938,036.

Interest paid to the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey amounted to $502,020, leaving net profits at $2,436,017. The surplus is shown as $11,980,000, with the memorandum that there is an additional equity in the surplus of the foreign companies of $986,670 beyond the value shown in this statement.

A short time ago the capital was increased from $2,500,000 to $15,000,000 by offering to stockholders for subscription at par of $12,500,000 new stock at the rate of five new shares for each old share held. These subscriptions are payable at the first of next month. It is stated that it is the plan of the Directors to declare 6 per cent. in dividends for the year 1912, after the new stock has been issued. The stock has been generally regarded as on a 12 per cent. annual basis. The chief purpose of the new stock issue was to pay off $8,000,000 in indebtedness to the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey.

# OUTSIDE SECURITIES

### Many Stocks Advance in Active Market, but Gains Are Not All Held on Curb.

There were a number of substantial advances from the opening prices on the Curb yesterday, but gains were not all held and many issues which had shared in the advance closed even with the opening levels. The advances were most marked among the industrial issues. British-American Tobacco rose from 27⅝ to 28½ and closed at 27¾ after sales of 9,000. United Cigar Stores was unusually active and sold from the opening at 200 up to 205. It sagged down to the opening level, however, before the close. Transactions in this issue totaled 1,050 shares. Manhattan Transit continued the activity begun last week and reported sales of 1,600 shares between 2¼ and 2⅜. The close was even with the opening. New United States Lighting & Heating was another of the issues conspicuous on the advance, rising from 20 to 23⅜, and closing at 23 after sales of 5,000. B. F. Goodrich common rose from 81 to 83, and the preferred from 106¾ to 107¾. While the coppers were fairly active, the price movements in this department were narrow and many closed unchanged from the opening levels. The new New York State 4 per cent. bonds were the only ones to appear in this department. They sold down from the opening at 101⅛ to 101, which was the last price after transactions totaling $100,000 par value.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 900.. | *Allied Sec. Co. | 90 | 91 | 90 | 91 |
| 2.. | Am. Coal P. pf.. | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ |
| 500.. | Am. Wr. Paper.. | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| 200.. | Baldwin Locom.. | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | 53⅝ |
| 9,000.. | Brit.-Amer. Tob. | 27⅝ | 28½ | 27⅝ | 27¾ |
| 100.. | Con. Rub. Tire.. | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ |
| 1,450.. | B. F. Goodrich Co. pf. | 81 | 83 | 81 | 83 |
| 200.. | B. F. Goodrich Co. pf. | 106¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 154.. | J. I. Case pf. | 102½ | 102½ | 102 | 102 |
| 210.. | S. S. Kresge..... | 49½ | 50 | 49½ | 50 |
| 850.. | Leh. Val. Coal Sales Co. | 255 | 265 | 255 | 262 |
| 600.. | Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co. | 35¼ | 35¼ | 34⅝ | 34⅞ |
| 300.. | L.-W. Bis. Co. pf. | 103 | 103 | 102½ | 102½ |
| 1,000.. | Manhat. Trans.. | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2¼ | 2⅜ |
| 200.. | M. Rumely Co.. | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ |
| 1,050.. | Un. Cig. Stores. | 200 | 205 | 200 | 200 |
| 5,000.. | U. S. Lgt. & Heat., new... | 20 | 23¾ | 20 | 23 |
| 500.. | U. S. Lgt. & Heat, pf., new. | 81 | 83 | 81 | 83 |
| 210.. | F. W. Woolworth pf. | †81 | 82 | 81 | 82 |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 200.. | *Beaver Con. | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 |
| 1,500.. | Big Four ..... | 57 | 58 | 56 | 57 |
| 3,500.. | Braden Copper.. | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ |
| 200.. | Br.-Col. Copper.. | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| 500.. | Caledonia Mining | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 1,000.. | *C. O. D. Con.... | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| 2,500.. | Con. Ariz. Sm.... | ⅜ | 13-16 | ¾ | 13-16 |
| 50.. | Davis-Daly Cop.. | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ |
| 1,000.. | Dia. Black Butte | 9 | 10 | 9 | 10 |
| 800.. | Diamond F. D.... | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 100.. | *El Paso Con.... | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 |
| 600.. | Giroux Mining... | 6 | 6 | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| 2,000.. | Grecne-Cananea.. | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ |
| 1,900.. | *Greenwater .... | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| 15.. | Gug. Explora'n.. | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 |
| 1,300.. | Inspiration Con.. | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| 100.. | La Rose Con.... | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 100.. | Mason Valley .... | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 1,000.. | McKin.-Dar. .... | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ |
| 500.. | Nevada Hills.. | 1 13-16 | 1⅞ | 1 13-16 | 1 13-16 |
| 100.. | Nip. Mines Co... | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ |
| 500.. | Pacific Smelters. | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| 5,000.. | Preston E. D.... | 6 | 6¼ | 6 | 6¼ |
| 200.. | Silver K. Con.. | 1 1-16 | 1 1-16 | 1 1-16 | 1 1-16 |
| 200.. | South Live Oak.. | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ |
| 3,500.. | So. U., M. & S.. | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 200.. | Stewart ..... | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ |
| 3,700.. | Tonopah Ext.. | 2 5-16 | 2 5-16 | 2 7-32 | 2 7-32 |
| 100.. | Tri-Bullion..... | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 |
| 200.. | Yukon Gold M... | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |

BOND.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $100,000.. | N. Y. State 4s, new .... | 101¼ | 101⅛ | 101 | 101 |

Note.—The low sale of United Cigar Stores Saturday was 199½.
*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

| | May 13. Bid. | Asked. | May 11. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atl., Gulf & W. Indies. | 7 | 7½ | 7 | 7½ |
| Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.. | 14 | 17 | 14 | 17 |
| Bay State Gas..... | ½ | ⅝ | ½ | ⅝ |
| Borden's Cond. Milk... | 128 | 129½ | 128 | 129½ |
| Borden's Cond. Milk pf. | 109 | 110½ | 109 | 110½ |
| Con. Rubber Tire pf... | 40 | .. | 40 | .. |
| Havana Tobacco ..... | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Houston Oil ..... | 10⅞ | 11½ | 10⅞ | 11½ |
| Houston Oil pf..... | 65½ | 67 | 65½ | 67 |
| Inter. Rubber tr. ctfs. | 16 | 17 | 16½ | 17¼ |
| International Salt .... | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| Kayser ..... | 78 | .. | 78 | .. |
| Kayser pf..... | 107½ | .. | 107½ | .. |
| Kolb Bakery pf..... | 98½ | 98¾ | 98½ | 98¾ |
| L.-W. Bisc. Co. 2d pf. | 84½ | 85½ | 84½ | 85½ |
| R. J. Reynolds..... | 205 | 210 | 205 | 210 |
| Standard Oil (old)..... | 865 | 890 | 865 | 890 |
| Standard Oil of N. J.. | 382 | 385 | 382 | 385 |
| Standard Oil subsid.... | 470 | 490 | 470 | 490 |
| Studebaker Co. ..... | 38½ | 40 | 38½ | 40 |
| Studebaker Co. pf.... | 96 | 98 | 96 | 98 |
| Sulzberger pf. ..... | 99½ | 101 | 99½ | 101 |
| United Cigar Manuf... | 58¼ | 59¼ | 56 | 58 |
| F. W. Woolworth pf. flat ..... | 112½ | 113½ | 112½ | 114 |

RAILROADS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Light & Traction. | 300 | 302 | 300 | 302 |
| Am. Lt. & Trac. pf... | 108 | 110 | 108 | 110 |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Porcupine Gold.... | 32 | 34 | 32 | 34 |
| Butte & New York.... | ⅝ | 11-16 | ⅝ | 11-16 |
| First National..... | 2¾ | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅞ |
| Florence ..... | 68 | 72 | 68 | 72 |
| Internat. Smelt. & Ref. | 123 | 128 | 123 | 128 |
| Kerr Lake..... | 2¾ | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ |
| Mines of America.... | 3 | 3¼ | 3 | 3¼ |
| Nevada-Utah M. & S.. | 1-16 | ⅛ | 1-16 | ⅛ |
| Ohio Copper..... | 1⅝ | 1 7-16 | 1⅝ | 1 7-16 |
| Ray Central..... | 2⅜ | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2⅜ |
| Tonopah Mining..... | 6⅞ | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7⅛ |
| Tularosa ..... | ⅝ | 1⅛ | ¾ | 1 |
| Tuolumne Copper..... | 3¼ | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | 3⅜ |
| Union Mines..... | ¼ | ½ | ¼ | ½ |
| United Copper..... | 1 | 1¼ | 1 | 1¼ |
| United Copper pf..... | 8 | 20 | 8 | 20 |
| *Wettlaufer Sil. Mines. | 63 | 65 | 64 | 65 |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bing. & Gar. R. R. 6s. | 128 | 130 | 128 | 130 |
| Braden Copper 6s..... | 120 | 122 | 120 | 122 |
| Braden Copper 7s..... | 119 | 121 | 119 | 121 |
| Chicago Elevated 5s... | 98⅝ | 98⅝ | 98⅝ | 98⅝ |
| Inspir. Con. cv. 6s.... | 104½ | 105 | 104½ | 105 |
| Jones & Loughlin 5s... | 100½ | 101½ | 100¼ | 101½ |
| Mason Valley 6s..... | 120 | 130 | 120 | 130 |
| Montreal Tramway 5s. | 100¾ | 102½ | 100¾ | 102½ |
| So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s. | 100 | 100¼ | 100 | 100¼ |
| Western Pacific 5s..... | 85 | 87 | 87¾ | 88 |

*Sells cents per share.

### STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

| | Monday. Bid. | Asked. | Saturday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-American Oil.... | 19⅜ | 19¾ | 18½ | 19 |
| Atlantic Refining ..... | 375 | 395 | 390 | 410 |
| Borne & Scrymser..... | 150 | 200 | 150 | 200 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line..... | 145 | 155 | 145 | 155 |
| Chesebrough Mfg. ..... | 550 | 650 | 550 | 650 |
| Colonial Oil ..... | 125 | 150 | 125 | 150 |
| Continental Oil ..... | 800 | 900 | 800 | 900 |
| Crescent Pipe Line.... | 58 | 62 | 58 | 62 |
| Eureka Pipe Line..... | 295 | 305 | 295 | 305 |
| Galena Signal Oil..... | 225 | 235 | 225 | 235 |
| Galena Signal Oil pf.. | 135 | 145 | 135 | 145 |
| Indiana Pipe Line.... | 95 | 100 | 95 | 105 |
| National Transit .... | 37 | 40 | 37 | 40 |
| New York Transit..... | 285 | 295 | 285 | 295 |
| Northern Pipe Line.... | 110 | 120 | 110 | 120 |
| Ohio Oil ..... | 100 | 103 | 100 | 103 |
| Prairie Oil & Gas..... | 260 | 270 | 258 | 270 |
| Solar Refining ..... | 500 | 600 | 500 | 600 |
| So. Pipe Line, ex div.. | 190 | 198 | 195 | 205 |
| South. Penn. Oil..... | 610 | 630 | 610 | 630 |
| S. W. Penn. Pipe Line. | 140 | 150 | 140 | 150 |
| Standard Oil (Cal.).... | 160 | 167 | 150 | 165 |
| Stand. Oil (Ind.) w. i.. | 215 | 222 | 215 | 220 |
| Standard Oil (Kan.).... | 200 | 220 | 200 | 225 |
| Standard Oil (Ky).... | 375 | 400 | 375 | 400 |
| Standard Oil (Neb.).... | 200 | 220 | 200 | 220 |
| Standard Oil (N. J.).... | 882 | 887 | 882 | 887 |
| Standard Oil subsid.... | 480 | 500 | 320 | 450 |
| Standard Oil (N. Y.).. | 395 | 405 | 390 | 400 |
| Standard Oil (Ohio).... | 170 | 185 | 170 | 190 |
| Swan & Finch..... | 550 | 700 | 550 | 700 |
| Union Tank Lines..... | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 |
| Vacuum Oil, ex rights. | 150 | 155 | 142 | 150 |
| Vacuum Oil warrants.. | 48 | 55 | 40 | 48 |
| Vacuum Oil, w. i..... | 142 | 150 | 140 | 150 |
| Waters-Pierce ..... | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 1,400 |

Standard Oil subsidiaries "en bloc" quotation includes all stock dividends as well as Vacuum rights.

### TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises these tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

| | May 13. Bid. | Asked. | May 11. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| British-American ..... | 27½ | 28 | 26¾ | 27 |
| Conley Foil ..... | 285 | 300 | 285 | 300 |
| Johnson Tinfoil & Met. | 172 | 180 | 172 | 180 |
| J. S. Young ..... | 165 | 175 | 165 | 175 |
| McAndrews & Forbes... | 173 | 180 | 173 | 180 |
| Porto Rico-American... | 239 | 245 | 235 | 245 |
| R. J. Reynolds ..... | 205 | 210 | 205 | 215 |
| United Cigar Stores.... | 200 | 201 | 201 | 209 |

## INDEPENDENTS WIN.

### Nominating Committee, on 'Change, and Chairman on Little Board Go In.

Both the Stock Exchange and the Consolidated Stock Exchange held their annual elections yesterday, and there were independent tickets in the field on each Exchange. At the Stock Exchange the candidates for all offices except membership in the Nominating Committee were the same on each ticket, so that the executive officers were unanimously elected. There were 701 votes cast, and, although the official result will not be made known until this morning, it was learned last night that the independent candidates for the Nominating Committee were elected by a substantial majority. The platform of the independents was not hostile to the present officers, but the purpose was to make a break in the self-perpetuating character of the Governing Committee and the other governing bodies.

Because of the fact that normally the retiring officers name the make-up of the committee which is to select the ticket for the next year's election it is contended that the officers become practically continuous at will.

Two years ago an independent Nominating Committee was elected, but the insurgent party was finally dissatisfied with their nominees.

The Nominating Committee elected yesterday consists of Oliver B. Bridgman, Frederic Gallatin, Jr., Alfred L. Norris, Linsley Tappin, and William C. Van Antwerp.

The officers elected are: President, James B. Mabon; Treasurer, Henry C. Swords; members of the Governing Committee, (to serve four years,) Winthrop Burr, Frederic C. De Veau, Robert P. Doremus, Albert E. Goodhart, Herbert T. B. Jacquelin, Charles W. Maury, Henry K. Pomroy, Erastus T. Tefft, James H. Wainwright, and Blair S. Williams, and Trustee of the Gratuity Fund, (to serve five years,) Watson B. Dickerman.

On the Consolidated Stock Exchange the two tickets carried the same nominee for President, M. E. De Aguero, but there were contests for the First Vice Presidency, the Chairmanship, and other offices. It was said at the Exchange last night that the count of the vote would not be finished until midnight or after, and the result would not be announced until this morning. The vote for the Chairmanship, which was one of the hotly contested offices, was announced, however. Valentine Mott, the retiring Chairman, who was put up for re-election on the independent ticket, won against the regular candidate, Thomas H. McGrath.

E. R. Grant, for many years Treasurer of the Exchange, was a candidate on a second independent ticket which contained only his name.

## SOME WON'T ANSWER PUJO.

### Among the Banks Doubting His Authority Is the National City.

With May 15, the time set by the Pujo "money trust" committee for the receipt in Washington of the voluminous bank data asked for only one day away, few of the leading institutions in New York have made any attempt to comply with the committee's demand.

Among the banks which have pigeonholed Mr. Pujo's long list of questions, it is understood, is the National City Bank, the largest institution in the country. As the law now stands, visitorial powers are limited to the Controller of the Currency and his examiners, but the money-trust committee of Congress hopes to have the laws amended with special reference to this inquiry. Most of the State banks and trust companies have already given the information asked for, but leading officers of the national banks believe that they are exempt from any Congressional inquiry, as the law now stands.

It was pointed out by one of these officers yesterday that Mr. Pujo's promise that the information called for would be kept inviolate by the committee was rendered worthless by the wording of the resolution ordering the inquiry, in which it is specifically stated that the data obtained by the committee is to be spread upon the public records.

"We are not carrying a chip on our shoulder," said this man. "Any and all information about transactions of this bank is always open to the Federal Government. When it comes to retailing the names and connections of our customers for the purpose of manufacturing campaign material, we are inclined to stand upon our rights. The Congressional Record's account of the debate on this proposition shows clearly what the Pujo committee's purpose is in carrying on this inquiry."

It was said that no attempt had been made by the National City Bank or the other institutions which are standing out against the money trust inquiry to influence concerted action in the matter, and that each bank was doing as it saw fit. As a matter of fact most of them have filled in their blanks and forwarded them to Washington, although they made a wry face over some of the questions.

Samuel Untermyer who, as counsel for the committee, will use the information now being collected, was not consulted about the questions to be put to the banks, the sheets having been mailed almost simultaneously with his appointment. Mr. Untermyer sees no use for much of the data being supplied, especially that contributed by the thousands of small banks which have no New York affiliations, and it is said that he does not consider that the success of the inquiry hinges in any way upon the committee's success in getting power to make all of the banks reply to questions.

## BIG BUSINESS IN ASPHALT.

### Returns from Sales, $2,000,000 Greater Than from Paving

BUY the securities your savings bank would buy and get all the income. You can do it through our odd lot service.

Send for Circular K—"Odd Lots."

**John Muir & Co.**
SPECIALISTS IN
**Odd Lots**
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

**Invest Your Business Surplus**

The business man will find that a reserve fund well invested strengthens his credit and insures his future.

Money lying idle can be made to yield around 5% without sacrifice of safety.

High-grade bonds purchased from time to time out of surplus earnings have protected many individuals and businesses from failure in periods of stringency.

*Ask for Special Circular 128 "BUSINESS SURPLUS"*

**P. W. BROOKS & CO.**
115 Broadway, New York.
Boston. Augusta, Me.
Philadelphia.

**SAFE INVESTMENTS**

MUNICIPAL BONDS
SUITABLE FOR
Trust Funds
Insurance Companies
Postal Savings Banks AND
Conservative Investors

**O'CONNOR & KAHLER**
49 Wall Street, New York — The Rookery, Chicago

**Hollister, Fish & Co.**
BANKERS
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Investment Securities
Interest Allowed on Deposits
27 & 29 Pine Street
Telephone John 3900

**WE DEAL IN**
Bankers Trust Co.
National Transit Co.
Standard Oil Co. of Indiana
Comp.-Tab.-Recording Co.
United Cigar Stores Corp.
**BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.**
25 BROAD ST. 'PHONE 5500-5501 BROAD, N. Y.

Union Carbide Rights
Niles Bement Pond Co. Com.
Dome Mines Co., Ltd.
Coronet Phosphate Co.
**LINDLEY & CO.**
Members New York Stock Exchange
Tel. 66 Rector. 100 Broadway, N. Y.

American Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Georgia Lt. Power & Rys. Com.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
**CHANDLER BROS. & CO**
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
*Private telephones connecting New York, Philadelphia and Boston*
111 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 8450 Rector

WANTED
100 American Gas & Elec. Com.
100 American Cigar Common
100 Appalachian Power Com. & Pfd.
100 Miss. River Power Com.
200 National Light, Heat & Pr. Com.
100 Royal Baking Powder Com.
**FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.**
New York, 60 Broad St. — Boston, 50 Congress St.
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

Municipal Bonds to net from
**4¼% to 5%**
Special Circulars on Request
**Douglas Fenwick & Co.**
34 Wall Street, New York

**S. S. Kresge Co. Com.**
Bought and Sold
**E. & C. RANDOLPH**
Members New York Stock Exchange,
111 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

**New Jersey Zinc Stock**
Bought and Sold.
**S. H. P. PELL & CO.**
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

**Union Typewriter Stocks**
Dealt in by
**PARKINSON & BURR**
Members New York Stock Exchange
7 Wall Street. New York

**SIMON BORG & CO**
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

American Bank Note Co. Com. & Pfd.
International Nickel Co. Com. & Pfd.
International Agricultural Corp. Pfd.
**Dominick & Dominick**
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
115 Broadway, New York


## NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, May 13, 1912.

**Total sales May 13, 1912..... 572,957**
**From Jan. 1, 1912..... 55,358,356**
**Same period last year..... 36,012,053**

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Change. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ⅞ | 1 | 200 | Allis-Chalmers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ... |
| 2 | 2¼ | 300 | Allis-C. cfs., 1st pd | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | + ⅛ |
| 83½ | 83⅝ | 20,500 | Amalgamated Copper | 84 | 84⅛ | 83⅝ | 83⅝ | − ⅜ |
| 74½ | 74⅝ | 12,300 | Am. Beet Sugar | 75 | 75½ | 74 | 74⅜ | − ⅞ |
| 99¼ | 100¼ | 300 | Am. Beet Sugar pf | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | + ⅛ |
| 136 | 137 | 100 | Am. Brake S. & F. pf | 136¾ | 136¾ | 136¾ | 136¾ | + ¾ |
| 42¼ | 42½ | 12,300 | Am. Can | 42⅛ | 43 | 42¼ | 42¼ | − ½ |
| 120⅛ | 121 | 2,050 | Am. Can pf | 120¾ | 120⅞ | 120¼ | 120½ | − ⅜ |
| 59 | 60 | 1,300 | Am. Car & Foundry | 60 | 60 | 59⅝ | 59½ | − ¼ |
| 118 | 118½ | 100 | Am. Car & F. pf | 118½ | 118½ | 118½ | 118½ | + ½ |
| 54¾ | 55¼ | 700 | Am. Cotton Oil | 55⅜ | 55⅜ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | − ⅜ |
| 26¾ | 27 | 2,100 | Am. Ice Securities | 27⅜ | 27¾ | 26¾ | 26⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 15⅜ | 1,200 | Am. Linseed | 16 | 16 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | − ½ |
| 39 | 39⅜ | 600 | Am. Linseed pf | 39⅜ | 39⅝ | 39 | 39½ | + ⅛ |
| 43¼ | 44 | 1,250 | Am. Locomotive | 43⅞ | 44 | 43½ | 43½ | − ⅛ |
| 107 | 109 | 100 | Am. Locomotive pf | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | − ½ |
| 12¾ | 13½ | 900 | Am. Malt | 12⅝ | 13 | 12¾ | 13 | ... |
| 58 | 58½ | 200 | Am. Malt pf | 58¾ | 58¾ | 58½ | 58½ | .. |
| 85¾ | 85⅞ | 7,200 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 86⅛ | 86⅛ | 85⅜ | 85⅞ | − ¾ |
| 108 | 108½ | 600 | Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf | 108½ | 108½ | 108⅛ | 108⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 38½ | 39⅛ | 500 | Am. Steel Foundries | 39 | 39¼ | 38½ | 38⅝ | −1 |
| 132 | 132¼ | 10,800 | Am. Sugar Ref | 130½ | 133½ | 130½ | 132 | +1⅝ |
| 122 | 122¾ | 100 | Am. Sugar Ref. pf | 122¼ | 122¼ | 122¼ | 122¼ | + ¼ |
| 145¾ | 146 | 800 | Am. Tel. & Tel | 145¾ | 146½ | 145⅝ | 146⅛ | + ⅞ |
| 258½ | 260 | 150 | Am. Tobacco | 259¾ | 259¾ | 259¾ | 259¾ | +3¾ |
| 103 | 104 | 500 | Am. Tobacco pf., new | 103½ | 103½ | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | ... |
| 27½ | 28⅛ | 100 | Am. Woolen | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | + ⅞ |
| 90½ | 91¼ | 100 | Am. Woolen pf | 91¼ | 91¼ | 91¼ | 91¼ | + ⅛ |
| 38¾ | 39¼ | 900 | Am. Writing Paper pf | 39⅜ | 39⅜ | 39 | 39 | − ½ |
| 43¼ | 43½ | 6,000 | Anaconda Copper Co | 43⅞ | 43⅞ | 43¼ | 43⅜ | − ¼ |
| 106¼ | 106½ | 2,150 | At., Top. & Santa Fé | 106½ | 106⅞ | 106⅝ | 106⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 103 | 103⅜ | 200 | At., Top. & S. F. pf | 103⅛ | 103⅛ | 103⅛ | 103⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 138¾ | 140¾ | 200 | Atlantic Coast Line | 140½ | 140½ | 140⅜ | 140⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 107⅝ | 108 | 300 | Baldwin Loco. pf | 107½ | 107⅝ | 107½ | 107⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 109¾ | 110 | 1,400 | Baltimore & Ohio | 110¼ | 110¼ | 109¾ | 109¾ | − ⅝ |
| 88 | 90 | 167 | Baltimore & Ohio pf | 89¼ | 89¼ | 89¼ | 89¼ | + ¼ |
| ... | ... | 12 | Bank of Commerce | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | ... |
| 38¾ | 39¼ | 500 | Bethlehem Steel | 39½ | 39½ | 39¼ | 39¼ | − ½ |
| 72 | 74 | 400 | Bethlehem Steel pf | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | ... |
| 83⅜ | 83½ | 1,100 | Brooklyn R. Transit | 83⅜ | 83⅝ | 83⅛ | 83½ | ... |
| 144⅜ | 145 | 100 | Brooklyn Union Gas | 144½ | 144½ | 144½ | 144½ | +1¼ |
| 106 | 112 | 200 | Buf., Roch. & Pitts | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | +4 |
| 35 | 37 | 300 | Butterick Co | 37 | 37 | 36¾ | 36⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 259⅜ | 259½ | 9,300 | Canadian Pacific | 257½ | 259⅝ | 257 | 259½ | + 2⅞ |
| 26⅜ | 26¾ | 5,500 | Central Leather Co | 26⅞ | 27¼ | 26½ | 26½ | − ⅞ |
| 94 | 95 | 100 | Cent. Leather Co. pf | 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 | + ½ |
| 79⅜ | 80 | 500 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 80¼ | 80½ | 79¾ | 79¾ | − ⅞ |
| 20⅝ | 23 | 800 | Chi. & Alton | 20 | 21 | 20 | 21 | + ¼ |
| 19 | 19 | 100 | Chi. Great Western | 18½ | 18½ | 18¼ | 18½ | + ⅛ |
| 35¼ | 36⅛ | 200 | Chi. Great West. pf | 36 | 36 | 35⅞ | 35⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 107¼ | 107⅜ | 2,505 | Chi., Mil. & St. Paul | 107½ | 107½ | 107⅛ | 107⅜ | ... |
| 140 | 140½ | 250 | Chi. & Northwestern | 140⅝ | 140½ | 140⅜ | 140⅜ | − ½ |
| 3⅛ | 3⅞ | 100 | Chi. Un. Tr., t. r. sta | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 20⅜ | 20⅝ | 1,500 | Chino Copper | 20¼ | 20¾ | 20¼ | 20½ | − ⅛ |
| 28¾ | 29¼ | 200 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 29 | 29½ | 29 | 29 | − ½ |
| 143⅜ | 144¼ | 700 | Consolidated Gas | 144¼ | 144¼ | 144 | 144 | ... |
| 15⅝ | 16 | 500 | Corn Products Ref | 16 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅞ | − ¼ |
| 170¾ | 172⅜ | 100 | Delaware & Hudson | 171½ | 171½ | 171½ | 171½ | +1⅝ |
| 20¼ | 20½ | 2,100 | Den. & Rio Grande | 21 | 21 | 20 | 20¼ | −¼ |
| 38½ | 39 | 1,605 | Den. & Rio G. pf | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | 37⅞ | 38½ | ... |
| 32¾ | 32⅞ | 1,025 | Distillers' Securities | 33 | 33 | 32½ | 32⅝ | ... |
| 35⅜ | 35½ | 8,200 | Erie | 36 | 36⅛ | 35⅛ | 35½ | − ⅜ |
| 53½ | 54 | 200 | Erie 1st pf | 54¼ | 54¼ | 54 | 54 | − ½ |
| 169½ | 171 | 800 | General Electric | 170¾ | 170¼ | 169 | 170 | ... |
| 71½ | 75 | 150 | General Motors pf | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | − ¼ |
| 3¾ | 4 | 4,200 | Goldfield Consol | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | ... |
| 132¾ | 132⅞ | 800 | Great Northern pf | 132¾ | 132⅞ | 132¼ | 132½ | ... |
| 40¾ | 41 | 3,050 | Gt. No. ots., ore props. | 40⅝ | 42¼ | 40⅜ | 40⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 124 | 124½ | 1,550 | Illinois Central | 124½ | 124½ | 124 | 124¼ | − ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 20¼ | 11,700 | Int.-Met. v. tr. cts | 19⅞ | 20½ | 19¼ | 20¼ | + ⅛ |
| 58⅞ | 59¼ | 9,500 | Int.-Met. pf | 57½ | 59⅞ | 57 | 59 | + ⅛ |
| 116¼ | 117 | 250 | Internat. Harvester | 116⅞ | 116⅞ | 116⅞ | 116⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 16¾ | 16⅜ | 800 | Internat. Paper | 16¼ | 16½ | 16¼ | 16⅜ | − ⅛ |
| 58⅜ | 59 | 900 | Internat. Paper pf | 59 | 59 | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 29½ | 30 | 200 | Int. Steam Pump | 30½ | 30½ | 29½ | 29½ | − ¾ |
| 80⅜ | 82 | 150 | Int. Steam Pump pf | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | − ⅞ |
| 25½ | 26 | 100 | Kan. City Southern | 25⅜ | 25⅜ | 25⅛ | 25⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 60⅜ | 61 | 207 | Kan. City South. pf | 60½ | 60⅝ | 60¼ | 60¼ | ... |
| 105½ | 106 | 50 | Laclede Gas | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | ... |
| 177 | 177¼ | 90,200 | Lehigh Valley | 175½ | 178⅝ | 175½ | 177⅛ | + ⅞ |
| 110 | 110⅛ | 400 | Liggett & Myers pf | 109⅞ | 110¼ | 109⅞ | 110½ | + ¼ |
| 158½ | 158¾ | 950 | Louisville & Nash | 159 | 159¼ | 158¾ | 159¼ | + ¾ |
| 81½ | 83 | 100 | Mackay Cos | 81¾ | 81¾ | 81¼ | 81¾ | −1 |
| 184 | 184¾ | 300 | Mercantile Marine pf | 187 | 187 | 183¾ | 184¾ | + ⅛ |
| 70¾ | 70⅞ | 11,700 | Mexican Petroleum | 70⅝ | 71⅝ | 70⅜ | 70⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 25 | 25⅛ | 800 | Miami Copper | 25 | 25⅛ | 25 | 25⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 141 | 141¾ | 1,820 | M., St. P. & S. M. | 140⅜ | 141½ | 140⅝ | 141½ | + ⅝ |
| 60¼ | 62 | 10 | Mo., Kan. & T. pf | 60½ | 60¼ | 60½ | 60½ | ... |
| 40¼ | 40½ | 8,425 | Missouri Pacific | 41⅝ | 41⅝ | 40⅞ | 40⅝ | ... |
| 129 | 130 | 22 | Nat. Biscuit Co. pf | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | ... |
| 17 | 17⅜ | 2,400 | Nat. Enam. & Stamp | 16¼ | 18 | 16¼ | 17½ | + ⅛ |
| 57½ | 58 | 100 | Nat. Lead Co | 57¼ | 57¼ | 57¼ | 57¼ | + ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 21⅞ | 2,000 | Nev. Consol. Copper | 22⅜ | 22½ | 21⅞ | 21⅞ | − ¼ |
| 119⅝ | 119¾ | 7,500 | New York Central | 119¼ | 120 | 119⅛ | 119¾ | ... |
| 57 | 61 | 100 | N. Y., Chi. & St. L | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | ... |
| 38¼ | 39 | 200 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 39 | 39 | 38¾ | 38¾ | ... |
| 90¾ | 92 | 100 | N. Y. State Railways | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | − ⅝ |
| 50⅜ | 51½ | 300 | Norfolk Southern | 50⅝ | 50⅝ | 50½ | 50½ | +1¼ |
| 113 | 113⅛ | 650 | Norfolk & Western | 113¼ | 113¼ | 113 | 113 | − ⅛ |
| 82¼ | 83 | 600 | North American | 82 | 82¾ | 82 | 82¾ | − ⅛ |
| 120⅜ | 120¾ | 1,000 | Northern Pacific | 120¼ | 120¾ | 120⅜ | 120⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 32½ | 32¾ | 300 | Pacific Mail | 33 | 33 | 32¾ | 32¾ | − ½ |
| 51¾ | 52¼ | 350 | Pacific Tel. & Tel | 52⅜ | 52⅜ | 52 | 52 | − ¼ |
| 123⅜ | 124 | 2,144 | Pennsylvania R. R | 123½ | 124⅛ | 123⅜ | 123⅝ | ... |
| 108¼ | 109 | 300 | People's Gas, Chi | 108⅞ | 108⅞ | 108⅞ | 108⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 106⅝ | 107 | 400 | Philadelphia Co | 105¾ | 105¾ | 105¼ | 105¾ | − ½ |
| 21 | 21¼ | 100 | Pittsburgh Coal | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21⅜ | 21⅝ | ... |
| 88⅞ | 89 | 110 | Pittsburgh Coal pf | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | − ¾ |
| 110 | 110½ | 200 | P. Lorillard pf | 110 | 110¼ | 110 | 110¼ | + ¼ |
| 35 | 35½ | 350 | Pressed Steel Car | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | ... |
| 7½ | 7⅝ | 200 | Quicksilver | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | + ⅛ |
| 11 | 12 | 1,550 | Quicksilver pf | 11 | 12¼ | 11 | 11¾ | + ⅛ |
| 19¼ | 19½ | 3,200 | Ray Consol. Copper | 19½ | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19⅜ | − ⅛ |
| 176⅛ | 176¼ | 103,400 | Reading | 176½ | 177¾ | 176⅛ | 176⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 23 | 24 | 800 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 24 | 24½ | 23⅝ | 24 | + ¼ |
| 79½ | 80¼ | 1,700 | Rep. Iron & Steel pf | 80 | 80½ | 79½ | 79½ | − ⅛ |
| 28¼ | 28⅝ | 4,800 | Rock Island Co | 28⅞ | 28⅞ | 28¼ | 28⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 57⅝ | 57⅞ | 6,600 | Rock Island Co. pf | 58¼ | 57⅞ | 56¼ | 57¼ | + ⅛ |
| 63 | 66 | 105 | St. L. & S. F. 1st pf | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | +2 |
| 52⅜ | 52⅝ | 1,200 | Seaboard Air Line pf | 52⅝ | 53 | 52½ | 52½ | ... |
| 51½ | 52 | 300 | Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron | 52½ | 52½ | 52 | 52 | − ⅛ |
| 112⅝ | 112⅜ | 4,700 | Southern Pacific | 112½ | 112⅝ | 112 | 112¼ | + ⅛ |
| 105 | 110 | 10 | South. P. R. Sugar pf | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | ... |
| 28½ | 28¾ | 600 | Southern R'way ext | 28¾ | 28¾ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 74 | 74¼ | 1,100 | South. R'way pf., ext | 74 | 75 | 74 | 74½ | + ⅛ |
| 25 | 26 | 35 | Standard Milling | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | ... |
| 43 | 43¼ | 600 | Tennessee Copper | 43½ | 43½ | 43 | 43 | − ⅛ |
| 98¼ | 99 | 100 | Texas Co | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | + ½ |
| 23¾ | 24 | 400 | Texas & Pacific | 23¾ | 24 | 23¾ | 24 | + ½ |
| 40½ | 40⅝ | 1,900 | Third Avenue, new | 39½ | 40½ | 39 | 40½ | + ½ |
| 14 | 14⅜ | 100 | Tol., St. L. & West | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | − ⅛ |
| 30⅞ | 33½ | 700 | Tol., St. L. & W. pf | 32½ | 33¾ | 32½ | 33⅜ | − ⅝ |
| 105 | 106 | 400 | Underw'd Typewriter | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105½ | + ½ |
| 13½ | 13⅞ | 9,600 | Union Bag & Paper | 13 | 13⅞ | 13 | 13½ | +1 |
| 63¼ | 63½ | 700 | Union B. & Paper pf | 63 | 63⅞ | 63 | 63⅜ | +1¾ |
| 171⅜ | 171¼ | 23,000 | Union Pacific | 171¾ | 173 | 171¼ | 171¾ | − ⅛ |
| 90¼ | 91 | 100 | Union Pacific pf | 90⅝ | 90⅝ | 90⅝ | 90⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 98½ | 100 | 100 | United Dry Goods | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ | + ½ |
| 32¾ | 33⅛ | 100 | United Rys. Inv. | 33¼ | 33¼ | 33¼ | 33¼ | ... |
| 61¼ | 61¾ | 300 | United Rys. Inv. pf | 61¼ | 61⅝ | 61¼ | 61⅜ | − ⅛ |
| 20 | 20½ | 2,780 | U. S. Cast Iron Pipe | 18⅞ | 20⅜ | 18⅞ | 20½ | +2⅛ |
| 56 | 56½ | 200 | U. S. Cast I. Pipe 1st | 55 | 55½ | 55 | 55½ | +1½ |
| 77 | 77¼ | 100 | U. S. Realty & Imp | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | ... |
| 58¼ | 58⅜ | 400 | U. S. Rubber | 58¾ | 58¾ | 58½ | 58½ | ... |
| 113¾ | 114¼ | 100 | U. S. Rubber 1st pf | 114 | 114 | 114 | 114 | ... |
| 80 | 80½ | 300 | U. S. Rubber 2d pf | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | + ¼ |
| 68⅞ | 69 | 99,900 | U. S. Steel | 69⅛ | 69¾ | 68¾ | 68⅞ | − ⅛ |
| 111¼ | 111⅜ | 1,200 | U. S. Steel pf | 111 | 111⅝ | 111 | 111¼ | + ½ |
| 63¼ | 63½ | 3,100 | Utah Copper | 63⅝ | 63⅞ | 63¼ | 63½ | ... |
| 52 | 52¾ | 300 | Va.-Caro. Chemical | 52⅞ | 53 | 52⅝ | 52⅞ | ... |
| 22½ | 27 | 30 | Vulcan Detinning | 23½ | 25 | 23½ | 25 | ... |
| 9 | 9¼ | 1,700 | Wabash | 9½ | 9½ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | − ⅛ |
| 21¼ | 21⅝ | 1,600 | Wabash pf | 22 | 22⅛ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 145½ | 146 | 45 | Wells Fargo Express | 146 | 146 | 146 | 146 | ... |
| 60 | 61 | 600 | Western Maryland | 61¾ | 61½ | 61 | 61 | − ½ |
| 83 | 83¾ | 850 | Western Union Tel | 83⅞ | 83⅞ | 83 | 83¼ | − ⅜ |
| 76½ | 76½ | 1,600 | Westinghouse E. & M | 76½ | 76¾ | 76½ | 76¾ | − ⅛ |
| 119 | 121 | 50 | Westinghouse 1st pf | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 | ... |
| 7⅛ | 8 | 100 | Wheel. & Lake Erie | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | ... |
| 24 | 25 | 200 | Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf | 24 | 24 | 23½ | 23½ | + ¼ |

## BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

**Total sales May 13, 1912..... $2,730,500**
**From Jan. 1, 1912..... 324,017,500**
**Same period last year..... 329,765,500**

Jap Gov 4½s, s ln 1,500 ..... 98
2,000 ..... 92⅝
2d Series 3,000 ..... 91½
4s, sterl loan 1,000 ..... 86
2,000 ..... 86¼
Sao Paulo 8s 4,000 ..... 97⅝
U S of Mexico 5s 1,000 ..... 95½
N Y City 4s, 1956, registered 8,000 ..... 99
4s, 1957 4,000 ..... 99⅝
4s, 1959 1,000 ..... 99¾
N Y City 4½s 10,000 ..... 101½
4½s, 1962, r cts 14,000 ..... 101¼
10,000 ..... 101
16,000 ..... 101⅜
4½s, 1957 11,000 ..... 107¼

Am Ice Secur 6s 1,000 ..... 79⅝
2,000 ..... 80
Am Smelt Secur 6s 2,000 ..... 104¾
Am T & T col 4s 1,000 ..... 90¾
Am Tobacco 6s 1,000 ..... 120⅝
Am Wr Paper 5s 5,000 ..... 89⅞
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 1,000 ..... 80
Armour & Co 4½s 1,000 ..... 91¾
A, T & S F gen 4s 2,000 ..... 99¼
19,000 ..... 99
2,000 ..... 99⅛
20,000 ..... 99
adjustment 4s 1,000 ..... 91
3,000 ..... 90⅝
stamped 10,000 ..... 91
1,000 ..... 90⅞
conv 4s, 1955 10,000 ..... 106¾
conv 4s, 1960 50,000 ..... 102¾
conv 4s 2,000 ..... 107⅝
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s 1,000 ..... 94
Balt & O gold 4s 1,000 ..... 98⅝
5,000 ..... 98¾
2,000 ..... 98¼
1,000 ..... 98¼
1,000 ..... 98¼
prior lien 3½s 1,000 ..... 92⅛
S W Div 3½s 1,000 ..... 91
P. L E & W V 4s 51,000 ..... 91
Beth Steel 5s 3,000 ..... 98⅜
9,000 ..... 98⅝
2,000 ..... 98⅝
B R T ref conv 4s 10,000 ..... 86⅜

Cal Gas & Elec 5s 5,000 ..... 96¼
Canada So 1st 6s 2,000 ..... 101
Cent Arch Ry 4s 2,000 ..... 92
Cent Leather 5s 1,000 ..... 96
Cent Pac gtd 4s 2,000 ..... 95¾
1,000 ..... 95½
Ches & O gen 4½s 1,000 ..... 100⅞
Chi & Alton 3½s 15,000 ..... 61
C, B & Q gen 4s 60,000 ..... 96
10,000 ..... 95⅞
joint 4s 22,000 ..... 96½
6,000 ..... 96⅝
1,000 ..... 96¾
1,000 ..... 96⅝
30,000 ..... 96½
registered 4,000 ..... 96¼
Ill Div 4s 10,000 ..... 98⅝
C & Erie 1st 5s 4,000 ..... 114
Chi Gt Westn 4s 5,000 ..... 79⅞
C, Ind & L ref 6s 1,000 ..... 127½
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A 3,000 ..... 98½
4s, 1934 1,000 ..... 90⅜
conv 4s, w i 10,000 ..... 102⅝
119,000 ..... 102½
50,000 ..... 102⅝
Chi, M & P Sd 4s 1,000 ..... 93⅝
C & N W gen 3½s 1,000 ..... 85¼
Milwauk, Sparta & N W 1st 4s 6,000 ..... 93⅜
C, R I & P gen 4s 1,000 ..... 95⅞
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 23,000 ..... 89⅝
10,000 ..... 89¼
C, R I & P R R 4s 15,000 ..... 71⅝
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s 1,000 ..... 96⅞
Col & 9th Av 1st 5s 5,000 ..... 102½
Del & Hud conv 4s 3,000 ..... 98⅛
1,000 ..... 98
1,000 ..... 101⅛
1st & ref 4s 1,000 ..... 99¼
3,000 ..... 99⅛
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 11,000 ..... 85½
Dist Secur Corp 5s 15,000 ..... 75¼
5,000 ..... 75¼
5,000 ..... 75
Du P de N Pow 4½s 1,000 ..... 89¼
E T, Va & G con 5s 1,000 ..... 111⅜

divsnl 5s 6,000 ..... 107⅞
Erie 1st gen 4s 3,000 ..... 79½
conv 4s, Ser A 6,000 ..... 87¾
Penn col tr 4s 1,000 ..... 90¼
Genl Motors 6s 1,000 ..... 99⅝
Ga Pac 1st 6s 1,000 ..... 112¾
Gt Northn ref 4½s 5,000 ..... 100¾
Ill Cent ref 4s 2,000 ..... 95
1,000 ..... 93¼
5,000 ..... 93
12,000 ..... 93½
2,000 ..... 86⅞
Ill Steel 4½s 10,000 ..... 92½
J P Morgan & Co tr rcts 5,000 ..... 92
Ind Steel 5s, J P Morgan & Co trust rcts 14,000 ..... 101½
Inter-Met 4½s 43,000 ..... 82¼
33,000 ..... 82½
88,000 ..... 82¼
4,000 ..... 82½
66,000 ..... 82⅝
Int Rapid Tran 5s 5,000 ..... 104½
32,000 ..... 104¾
Inter Paper 6s 1,000 ..... 104
Iowa Cent ref 4s 1,000 ..... 64¾
K C, Ft S & M 4s 1,000 ..... 79⅞
Kan City So 5s 2,000 ..... 98¾
Lack Steel 5s, 1915 2,000 ..... 91
4,000 ..... 94
1950 8,000 ..... 77½
L S & M So 3½s 5,000 ..... 88⅜
4s, 1928 6,000 ..... 93½
4s, 1931 44,000 ..... 93⅜
1,000s20f ..... 93¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds 9,000 ..... 120½
2,000 ..... 120⅝
5s, temp bonds 1,000 ..... 94¼
1,000 ..... 94⅝
Lou & Nash, Atl, Knox & Cin 4s 8,000 ..... 92⅝
N, F & S 1st 5s 8,000 ..... 109½
Manhattan Con 4s 2,000 ..... 97½
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 1,000 ..... 64¾
Mex Petroleum 1st ref conv 6s, Series A 10,000 ..... 99¼
Mo, K & T 2d 4s 4,000 ..... 81¾

Mo Pac conv 5s 1,000 ..... 88
1,000 ..... 87½
1,000 ..... 88
Mo Pacific 4s 3,000 ..... 74
500 ..... 75
Nassau Elec R R 4s 5,000 ..... 78⅝
N Or, Mob & C 5s 5,000 ..... 91
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s 2,000 ..... 99¼
N Y Cent deb 4s, 1934 6,000 ..... 94
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s 10,000 ..... 103⅜
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s 7,000 ..... 129
2,000 ..... 129½
registered 2,000 ..... 129
conv 3½s 2,000 ..... 90¼
3,000 ..... 90⅜
1,000 ..... 90½
N Y R Rys tem ref 4s 1,000 ..... 79¾
1,000 ..... 79½
5,000 ..... 79½
temp adj 5s 12,000 ..... 53½
N Y Telephone 4½s 2,000 ..... 100½
5,000 ..... 100
1,000 ..... 100¼
N Y, West & B 4½s 4,000 ..... 99¼
Nor & Wn con 4s 2,000 ..... 99
2,000 ..... 99¼
conv 4s, sub rcts, full pd 2,000 ..... 111
divisnl 1st 4s 8,000 ..... 92¼
Northn Pacific 4s 10,000 ..... 99⅜
1,000 ..... 99⅞
Northn Pacific 3s 1,000 ..... 69⅜
500 ..... 70
Ore R & N con 4s 10,000 ..... 95¾
Ore Short Line gtd ref 4s 4,000 ..... 93⅜
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s 4,000 ..... 91⅜
12,000 ..... 91½
Pac Coast 1st 5s 2,000 ..... 104
Pac Tel & Tel 5s 1,000 ..... 100¼
Penn conv 3½s, 1915 3,000 ..... 97⅛
1,000 ..... 97⅜
13,000 ..... 97½
4s, 1948 1,000 ..... 103¾
Penn R R 1st real estate 4s 1,000 ..... 100¼
Penn Co gtd 4s 1,000 ..... 89¾

Peop Gas & C of Chicago ref 5s 1,000 ..... 102
Phil, Balt & W 4s 1,000 ..... 102
Philippine Rwy 4s 10,000 ..... 86
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds 1,000 ..... 121½
5s, temp bonds 9,000 ..... 95
Reading gen 4s 1,000 ..... 98¼
1,000 ..... 98⅛
1,000 c ..... 98¼
4,000 ..... 98¾
6,000 ..... 98⅝
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940 2,000 ..... 93
1,000 ..... 92¾
2,000 ..... 93
5,000 ..... 92¾
15,000 ..... 93
Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s 2,000 ..... 86½
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s 2,000 ..... 105¼
St L & San Fran R R gen 6s 1,000 ..... 87½
7,000 ..... 87¾
ref 4s 20,000 ..... 79¼
10,000 ..... 79¼
1,000 ..... 78¾
1,000 ..... 79
St L S Wn con 4s 1,000 ..... 82¼
Seab Air L ref 4s 2,000 ..... 81⅝
2,000 ..... 81⅝
gold 4s, stpd 4,000 ..... 87¼
1,000s20f adjsmt 5s 1,000 ..... 79⅜
So Pac conv 4s 12,000 ..... 96¼
1,000 ..... 95½
14,000 ..... 95¼
1st ref 4s 2,000 ..... 95⅜
15,000 ..... 95
registered 1,000 ..... 95
Southn Ry gen 4s 5,000 ..... 78⅝
20,000 ..... 78¾
1,000 ..... 73
Third Av ref 4s 5,000 ..... 82⅞
2,000 ..... 82¾
Tol, St L & Wn 4s 5,000 ..... 61½
Tol, St L & Wn col 4s, 1917 3,000 ..... 73
Un R & P 5s 4,000 ..... 94⅝
stamped 5,000 ..... 94

Un Pac 1st 4s 10,000 ..... 101¾
Un Pac conv 4s 1,000 ..... 102½
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s 12,000 ..... 98¼
U S R & Imp 5s 1,000 ..... 89⅞
U S Rubber 6s 7,000 ..... 104⅝
1,000 ..... 104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s 4,000 ..... 102½
5,000 ..... 102½
1,000 ..... 102
2,000 ..... 102¼
Wabash 2d 5s 4,000 ..... 100
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s 40,000 ..... 70½
1,000 ..... 70⅝
90,000 ..... 71
8,000 ..... 71¼
15,000 ..... 71
7,000 ..... 71¼
15,000 ..... 71¼
10,000 ..... 71¼
20,000 ..... 71¼
5,000 ..... 71
5,000 ..... 71⅛
15,000 ..... 71
1,000 ..... 70⅞
19,000 ..... 71
14,000 ..... 70⅝
5,000 ..... 70¾
57,000 ..... 71
44,000 ..... 71⅛
10,000 ..... 71¼
22,000 ..... 71⅜
5,000 ..... 71¼
5,000 ..... 71⅜
20,000 ..... 71⅜
43,000 ..... 71⅜
5,000 ..... 71¼
6,000 ..... 71⅜
50,000 ..... 71
Cent Tr ctfs of dep 5,000 ..... 70⅝
Equit Tr Co cts of dep, sta 10,000 ..... 68½
5,000 ..... 68⅞
10,000 ..... 69¼
111,000 ..... 69
37,000 ..... 68¾
40,000 ..... 68⅝
40,000 ..... 68¾
52,000 ..... 69
1,000 ..... 69½
14,000 ..... 69½
5,000 ..... 69½
15,000 ..... 69⅝
5,000 ..... 69¾
38,000 ..... 69
52,000 ..... 68⅞
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st Cent Tr ctfs 16,000 ..... 37
Western Elec 5s 2,000 ..... 102⅜
W U Tel col tr 5s 2,000 ..... 102½
West Shore 4s 10,000 ..... 100¼
registered 1,000 ..... 97¼
10,000 ..... 97
Wh & L E 1st 5s 10,000 ..... 104½
Wis Cent gen 4s 2,000 ..... 92⅝

## BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---

# THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

## Operators Buy Old Church in Chelsea District — Fifty-seventh Street Sale for Occupancy—Ten-story Apartments for Washington Heights Block — Bronx and the Suburbs — The Leasing Market.

The Pennsylvania Station district furnished an important deal yesterday which will doubtless lead in a short time to an improvement of a business or apartment house nature. The old Chelsea Methodist Church property, from 327 to 335 West Thirtieth Street, on the north side of the block between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, has been sold by the trustees of the organization to Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum and Lowenfeld & Prager, who have been active operators of late in acquiring business and apartment house sites. The plot includes the parsonage, an old dwelling at 327, the entire plot having a frontage of 89 feet by 100 feet deep. William A. White & Sons were the brokers in the transaction.

Changing conditions in the locality due to the erection of the Pennsylvania Station led to the abandonment of the church some time ago, and about three years ago the congregation established itself in a new edifice at Fort Washington Avenue and 178th Street. One block north of the Thirtieth Street property is the new Post Office built over the Pennsylvania track yards in the rear of the main station. The entire Thirtieth Street block is at present confined to private houses, except two five-story flats on the south side. The church plot will probably be sold to builders for improvement.

**57th Street Sale for Occupancy.**

George R. Read & Co. have sold for Robert S. Talmage the new five-story American basement dwelling at 41 East Fifty-seventh Street to a client for occupancy. The plot is 16 by 100.5, between Madison and Park Avenues.

**Upper West Side Block Front for Apartments.**

As a result of the large Washington Heights deal reported last week, including the block front on the west side of Broadway between 160th and 161st Streets, two ten-story apartment houses will be erected within a short time on the property. The improvement will be practically the largest of its kind in the upper Washington Heights section, few apartment houses exceeding six to eight stories having been erected in the upper west side residential section.

Franklin Pettit, who has been for many years a prominent west side operator, bought the plot in the name of the Leicestershire Realty Company, 200 by 125 on each street, from the Loyal L. Smith estate, and he has resold the property to the Herbert Dongan Construction Company, which is preparing plans for the new apartments, each of which will be 100 by 125 feet. The entire operation will involve about $1,200,000. A building loan for the improvement has been obtained by Mr. Pettit. Title was taken by the new owners yesterday and mortgages aggregating $270,000 were given on the plot.

**Loft Zone Deal Pending.**

Negotiations are pending for the resale of the plot 50 by 98.9 at 7 and 9 West Thirtieth Street. The property is covered by two five-story dwellings, is 175 feet west of Fifth Avenue, and has been held at about $250,000.

On April 18 the Winona Construction Company sold the property to an unnamed buyer, and on the 27th the title was taken by William Lesser. The present transaction is the third since the first of the year. The Winona Construction Company acquired the property last January from Alfred Weil in part payment for 19 and 21 West Thirty-sixth Street. George Nieman is the broker in the transaction.

**Investors Buy Tenements.**

Isaac Hattenbach has sold for Rachel Redelsheim 67 East 108th Street, a five-story single flat, on a lot 17 by 100. The buyer is an investor.

Charles H. Darmstadt has purchased from the T. R. McMann Company 307 to 313 West Thirty-sixth Street, consisting of two four-story tenements and three two-story buildings. The property measures 77.2 by 98.9, and is located 105 feet west of Eighth Avenue. The McMann Company acquired the property a couple of years ago from the estatae of Paul Westphal.

**Bronx Borough Deals.**

The Dreicer Realty Company has sold to an investor the vacant plot at the northeast corner of Whitlock Avenue and Barretto Street, size 100 by 121, and the vacant plot at the northeast corner of Whitlock Avenue and Tiffany Street, 100 by 143.

John F. Steinmetz has sold for M. O'Connell seven lots on the southwest corner of Tiebout Avenue and Ford Street to the Ozark Realty Company for improvement.

Wolf Burland has increased his holdings on Prospect Avenue by the purchase of the old William Ebling mansion at 977 from Frederick McCarthy. The structure occupies a plot 70 by 160 between 163d and 164th Streets.

About ten days ago Mr. Burland bought the adjoining parcel, 121 by 147, from Bimberg & Welter. With this latest purchase the buyer now controls a frontage of 191 feet on Prospect Avenue, with a depth of from 147 to 160 feet.

He will begin immediately the improvement of the entire plot with taxpayers and an open-air moving picture show. Alexander Selkin negotiated both transactions.

A. Bodo has sold a plot 75 by 100 on Garrison Avenue, near Whittier Street; a plot 50 by 100 on Whittier Street, 100 feet from Garrison, and a lot 25 by 100 on Longfellow Avenue, 50 feet from Whittier Street.

**Brooklyn.**

John J. Loftus has sold to Stephen Martin 523 Forty-seventh Street, a two-story two family house. Charles E. Millen & Co. negotiated the sale.

A. J. Waldron has sold for E. Reed Burns, George H. Case, and Victor E. Carrier 206 and 208 Madison Street, a frame dwelling and a vacant lot, forming a plot 50 by 100, to Henry Kappes, who will improve the site.

**Long Island City.**

John Greer has sold a plot of nine lots on the westerly side of Third Avenue, 40 feet south of Graham Avenue; also plot 150 by 150 on Academy Street, 25 feet north of Washington Avenue, and twelve lots on Graham Avenue, near Academy Street, Long Island City, to a building syndicate for immediate improvement.

**Long Island Sales.**

The Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Company has sold the Queensboro Corporation of Long Island City a parcel at the southwest corner of Ireland Mill Road and the Jamaica Road adjoining land of Kane, Wright, Beard & Clare, running to Cedar Grove Cemetery; also a parcel at the northwest corner of Ireland Mill Road and Jamaica Road in Flushing, containing ninety acres, formerly known as the Thomas Whitson farm.

Stanley J. Bell has sold to James A. Walsh of Whitesville, N. J., a parcel of 40 feet on the west side of Twenty-fourth Street, Flushing.

Frank Geres has sold to Lorenzo Pecora of Flushing a parcel of 25 feet on the east side of Lawrence Street, Flushing.

**Recent Buyers.**

Emil L. Kieger is the buyer of 824 West Thirty-first Street reported sold last week. The building will be altered for business purposes.

Isaac J. Mayer is reported to be the purchaser of the dwelling 121 West Forty-eighth Street sold by the Century Holding Company.

Dr. John J. McGrath is the buyer of the dwelling 111 West Seventy-fourth Street, sold recently by J. W. Thompson. Dr. McGrath will occupy.

Harry S. Bandler is the purchaser of the dwelling 617 West End Avenue, sold recently by Linnie A. Calhoun.

Leslie R. Palmer is the buyer of 124 East Thirtieth Street sold by the Trotter estate.

The Inter-City Land and Securities Company is the real purchaser of the dwelling at 25 West Eighteenth Street.

**Country Dwellings Leased.**

Pease & Elliman have rented for Mrs. Emil Heuel her country place, fronting on the Sound at the extremity of Davenport's Neck, New Rochelle, N. Y., and containing about three acres, to Horace S. De Camp, for the Summer season. Also, for the Frank Cotter Company, one of their new cottages in Woodmere, L. I., to Ulick de B. Daly.

De Blois & Eldridge have leased the Rooney cottage in Rhode Island Avenue, Newport, R. I., to Mrs. A. L. Sands of Manhattan for the coming season.

**New York City Population Per Acre.**

The population on each acre in the five boroughs of New York City in 1910 was: Manhattan, 166; the Bronx, 17; Brooklyn, 33; Queens, 3; Richmond, 20.

**Watson Estate Lots at Private Sale.**

Many inquirits have been made by prospective home seekers and builders for lots in the Watson estate tract, which will be offered at private sale, and not at auction, by the American Real Estate Company, beginning May 25. The company has been improving and grading the property for many months, and a large section of the famous 300-acre tract is now ready for building. The track lies just to the north of the Hunts Point district.

**$1,395,000 in Loans Placed.**

George R. Read & Co. have recently placed the following loans: $150,000, southeast corner St. Nicholas Avenue and 180th Street; $115,000, 13-15 East Fifty-eighth Street; $100,000, 110-116 West 142d Street; $100,000, 44-62 West 130th Street; $90,000, 502 East Seventy-seventh Street; $80,000, 126-130 Lafayette Street; $65,000, northeast corner Hester and Forsyth Streets; $58,000, 150-152 Sullivan Street; $45,000, southwest corner Lenox Avenue and 130th Street; $42,000, 203 West Seventy-eighth Street; $40,000, northwest corner 145th Street and Eighth Avenue; $39,000, 319-321 East Fifty-eighth Street; $35,000, northeast corner Sixth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street; $32,000, 230-232 West 146th Street; $30,000, southeast corner West and Harrison Streets; $30,000, southeast corner Grand and Forsyth Streets; $25,000, 167 Essex Street; $25,000, 1,363 Fifth Avenue; $22,000, 317 West Eighty-eighth Street; $21,000, 157 West Seventy-eighth Street; $20,000, 72 Lewis Street; $18,500, southeast corner Pike Slip and Water Street; $18,500, 1,112 Forest Avenue; $16,000, 17 West 103d Street; $16,000, 100 West 130th Street; $16,000, 100½ West 130th Street; $14,000, 151 West 132d Street; $10,000, 547 West Forty-seventh Street.

Also the following loans on vacant plots in the Borough of Bronx: $45,000, block front north side Leggett Avenue and Southern Boulevard to Fox Street; $30,000, vacant plot, west side Boston Road, 228 feet south of 168th Street; $22,000, vacant plot southwest corner Cypress Avenue and 139th Street; $12,500, northeast corner Whitlock Avenue and Tiffany Street; $12,500, northeast corner Whitlock Avenue and Barretto Street. The above loans total $1,395,000.

**Building Operations Show Gain.**

Building operations in some fifty cities regularly reported in The American Contractor, New York, show an aggregate gain of 16 per cent. for April, 1912, as compared with April of the past year. The first four months of the year scored a gain of 4 3-5 per cent. as compared with the same months of 1911. Gains of 50 per cent. and over were made for April as follows: Birmingham, 63 per cent.; Columbus, 106; Detroit, 59; Indianapolis, 101; Los Angeles, 64; Nashville, 124; New Haven, 115; Rochester, 65; Toledo, 108. The New York figures follow:

| | April, 1912. Cost. | April, 1911. Cost. | Per Cent. Gain. | Loss. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | 15,438,826 | 14,795,197 | 4 | .. |
| Brooklyn | 5,579,886 | 3,676,305 | 51 | .. |
| Bronx | 4,125,741 | 1,767,530 | 133 | .. |
| | Jan. 1 to May 1, 1912. | Jan. 1 to May 1, 1911. | Per Cent. Gain. | Loss. |
| Manhattan | 46,506,278 | 40,536,004 | 14 | .. |
| Brooklyn | 14,218,795 | 9,600,193 | 48 | .. |
| Bronx | 12,956,580 | 5,346,885 | 142 | .. |

**Mount Vernon Auction Prices.**

The five lots sold by George W. Boyd on Saturday at West Lincoln Avenue and Oak Street, Mount Vernon, brought, respectively, $1,100, $1,085, $1,060, $1,525, and $960. The prices were very satisfactory, many bidders attending the sale.

**Commercial Leases.**

Slawson & Hobbs have rented for a term of years for Thomas Dimond, the store and basement, 2,233 Broadway.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased in conjunction with John P. Kirwan, a store in the Grand Hotel Building at the southeast corner of Thirty-first Street and Broadway. The lessee is the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, who has taken a lease for a long term of years.

Huberth & Cable have leased stores at 67 East Fifty-ninth Street to Hollander & Co. and L. Lefkowitz, and two floors to M. Malloy.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased the store at 187 Washington Street to Lewis Bechtold; the second loft at 60 Beekman Street, to Shipp & Borger; the first loft at 20 Murray Street to Isaac Diamond; the second loft at 107 John Street to Samuel Blum; the first loft at 39 Beekman Street to A. S. Garcia, and the third loft at 74 Gold Street to M. Fatt.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Flemish Realty Company, from the plans, the twelfth loft in the building now in the course of construction at 6 and 8 East Twenty-seventh Street, and 11 and 13 East Twenty-sixth Street, to David Crystal & Co., and the ninth loft at the southeast corner of Fifteenth Street and Fifth Avenue to Adolph Rosenberg.

Dr. Albert Pittis of Plainfield, N. J., has leased the entire building at 236 Fourth Avenue for a term of years to the South and Western Buyers' Association. Extensive alterations will be made. Carstein & Linnekin were the brokers in the transaction.

**Results at Auction.**

Yesterday's offerings were confined to the Bronx Salesroom. They resulted as follows:

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Trinity Av, 992 to 994, e s, 183 ft s of 165th St, 37.6x100, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Jonas Weil.....$35,400

## THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

### List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

48th St, s s, between Broadway and 7th Av., for a two-story store and billiard parlor, 93.9x129x123.9x—; Broadway and Seventh Avenue Co., 719 Broadway, owner; Shire & Kaufman, 373 4th Av, architects; cost, $100,000.

31st St, 25 to 29 West, for a twelve-story loft, 58.4x85; Napoleon Construction Co., 206 Broadway, owner; G. F. Pelham, 507 5th Av., architect; cost, $165,000.

25th St, 36 and 38 West, for a sixteen-story loft, 50x84; Irvel Realty Co., 67 Liberty St., owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $150,000.

Hoffman St, e s, 68.12 ft — of 188th St, for a four-story brick tenement, 25x60.8; Cimillo Realty Co., (Antonio Cimillo, 2,280 Beaumont Av, President,) owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 148th St and 3d Av, architects; cost, $15,000.

**Alterations.**

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Exchange Place, n s, 84 ft w of William St, to a twenty-five-story office building; Wall Street Exchange Building Association, premises, owner; T. Valleau, 55 Maiden Lane, architect; cost, $12,000.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MAY 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

**Manhattan.**

BROADWAY, s w corner of 161st St, 190.10 to n s 160th St, x 125; J. Romaine Brown and another, executors, L. L. Smith, to Leicestershire Realty Co, 2 Wall St, all liens, May 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Leicestershire Realty Co. to Herbert Dongan Construction Co, 41 Wadsworth Av, all liens, May 13; attorney, same. $100

BROADWAY, e s, 87.8 ft s of 184th St, 37.11x92.9x37.7x97.11; Ely Neumann, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co, 1 Madison Av, foreclosure May 9, May 13; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av....$25,000

BROADWAY, s e corner of 184th St, 37.8x97.11x37.4x103.1, (foreclosure May 9, 1912;) Ely Neumann, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co, 1 Madison Av, May 13; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.$35,000

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 51st St, consent to stairway at 51st station; John F. Ambrose and others to Public Service Commission, First District, April 30; attorney, George S. Coleman, 154 Nassau St.....—

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, s e corner of 130th St, 102.7x132.2x99.11x109.4; Lowell Realty Co. to Northcote Realty Co, 505 5th Av, all liens, May 9; attorney, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 27 William St.....$100

6TH AV, 257, w s, 23x75; Charles J. Schmitt to James Egan, 353 West 34th St, (mtg $75,000,) May 10; attorney, J. P. Day, 81 Nassau St.....$100

32D ST, 34 and 36 East, s s, 40x98.9; Thomas L. Shelton to Harry Wehmer, 350 Milton St, Cincinnati, Ohio, (mtg $208,000,) May 16; attorneys, Benjamin & T., 160 Broadway.....$100

54TH ST, n s, 303 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Charles G. Bourne to Joseph B. Bourne, 449 Park Av, ¼ part, all title, (mtg $20,000,) May 9; attorney, Chalmers Wood, 52 William St. $100

56TH ST, 59 West, n s, 22.9x100.5; Robert T. Oliver to William N. Cohen, 19 West 31st St, (mtg $32,500,) May 22; attorneys, Goldsmith, C., C. & W., 45 Wall St.....$100

62D ST, 100 to 112 East, s e corner of Park Av, 80.5x117.6x irregular; Park Avenue and 62d St. Co. to Northcote Realty Co, 505 5th Av, (mtg $226,500,) all liens, May 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 160 Broadway..$100

77TH ST, 111 West, n s, 20.10x204.10x irregular; Arnold C. Weil to Lena A. P. Weil, 109 West 77th St, ½ part, May 8; attorney, S. A. Piza, 151st St. and Melrose Av.....$1

88TH ST, n s, 195 ft w of West End Av, 20x100.8; Ashton C. Clarkson and others to Eva Deutsch, 344 West 88th St, May 2; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway .....$33,000

93D ST, 175 and 177 West, n s, 32.1x65.9; American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions, a corporation, to St. Paul's Institute of Tarsus, Asia Minor, 41 Union Square, B & S, C A G, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

93D ST, 175 and 177 West, n s, 32.1x65.9; St. Paul's Institute of Tarsus to Isaac Breidenbach, 346 West 71st St, (mtg $17,500,) May 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway .....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Isaac Breidenbach to George W. Schwab, 404 Riverside Drive, (mtg $17,500,) May 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway .....$1

98TH ST, 210 East, s s, 25x100.9; Tillie Cahane to Katie Seise, 234 East 88th St, Dec. 11, 1911; attorneys, De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Katie Seise to Nell P. Cullom, 526 West 122d St, May 10; same attorney.....$100

102D ST, n s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 75x100.11; Mutual Milk and Cream Co. to Central Dairy Co., 322 East 103d St, May 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

103D ST, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 75x100.11; same to same, May 11; same attorney.....$1

103D ST, 163 East, n s, 30x100.11; Ely N. Weill to Sadie Froelichstein, 333 East 55th St, May 11; attorney, S. F. Realty Co., 140 Nassau St.....$100

118TH ST, 400, s s, 18.7x75.7; Isabella McLean and others to Murdach M. Campbell, 309 West 111th St, Dec. 29, 1911; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

121ST ST, s s, 140 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Morris J. Hirsch to F. Glynn Young, 18 West 121st St, May 13; attorneys, Hirsch, S. & L., 160 Broadway .....$100

139TH ST, 504 West, s s, 50x99.11; Golde & Cohen to Elias A. Cohen, 49 West 113th St, (mtg $57,250,) May 13; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway .....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Elias A. Cohen to Charles Cohn, 51 East 104th St, (mtg $57,250,) May 13; same attorney .....$100

143D ST, s s, 175 ft e of Broadway, 17.11x99.11; Marion Hutchinson to Frank De K. Huyler, 205 West End Av, David Huyler, 225 West 86th St, and Coulter D. Huyler, Greenwich, Conn., executors of John S. Huyler, (mtg $12,750,) May 9; attorneys, Beals & M., 1 Madison Av.....$1

147TH ST, 463 West, n s, 18.9x99.11; George H. Mallory to Kate B. Mallory, 114 Park Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $10,000,) April 19, 1911; attorney, G. W. Mallory, 253 Broadway .....$100

**Bronx.**

BELMONT AV, w s, 100 ft s of 177th St, 100x50; Daniel F. Callahan to Bernhard Moral, 1,980 Madison Av, May 11; address, 1,980 Madison Av.....$100

COLLEGE AV, 426, e s, 25x100; Jonas Weil and others to Bertha Kaufmann, 1,767 3d Av, May 10; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St .....$100

CROTONA PARKWAY, s e corner of 177th St, 109.9x96.4; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corporation, 220 Broadway, Dec. 19, 1911, (mtg $125,000;) attorney, John H. Rogan, 145 Nassau St .....$100

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 384.8 ft s of 177th St, 54.11x129; Daly Av, w s, 353.8 ft s of 177th St, 50.6x129; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corporation, Dec. 19, 1911, (mtg $83,000;) same attorney.....$100

DALY AV, w s, 101 ft s of 177th St, 101x127; John A. Clayton to Merrell Realty Co, 35 Nassau St, (mtg $18,500,) May 8; attorney, E. Whitlock, 2 Rector St.....$100

GERMAN PLACE, e s, 78.1 ft n of 156th St, 75.1x100; Elmer C. Miller, referee, to Samuel Y. Hampton, 320 Sumner Av, Brooklyn, May 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$15,000

HOME ST, 881, n s, 25x60.1; Samuel Shapero to Jennie Gold, 1,479 Washington Av, May 9, (mtg $5,350;) attorney, Jacob P. Diamond, 130 Fulton St .....$100

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, 25 ft e of Morris Av, 20x77.8; Angelo Woef to Charlotte D. Meisel, 113 Montague St, Brooklyn, (mtg $10,100,) May 11; attorney, A. W. Meisel, 165 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 39 to 44, Map of 181 lots of Varian estate; Emil Hermanni to Anna A. Brennich, 1,461 Washington Av, May 11, (mtg $1,500;) attorney, H. Brennich, 235 East 92d St .....$1

LOTS 369 to 376, Map of Adee Park; Warwick Realty & Construction Co, to Paul W. Mack, 205th St and Barnes Av, May 10; address, 205d St and Barnes Av.....$100

LOTS 76 to 80, map of 176 lots of Bathgate estate; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corporation, 220 Broadway, Dec. 19, 1911, (mtg $110,000;) attorney, John H. Rogan, 145 Broadway .....$100

MAPES AV, s w corner of 179th St, 75x100; Charles Schaefer, Jr., Co. to Sarah J. Schaefer, 784 East 179th St, Jan. 31; attorney, Edw. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.$100

PARK AV, e s, 52.2 ft s of 182d St, 50x101; Sarah J. Schaefer to Charles Schaefer, Jr., Co., 401 Tremont Av, Jan. 31; attorney, Edw. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.....$100

PROSPECT AV, 1,315, w s, 40x105; Laura E. Manning to Alta Look, Bergen, N. J., May 4; address, Bergen, N. J.....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 75 ft s of Samuel St, 47x100; Osias Stup to Paulina Schwartz, 409 East 79th St, Nov. 18, 1911, (mtg $4,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$1

ROAD from Westchester Church to Village of West Farms, adjoining land of James Hyde, two plots; Frank Danahy to Cornelius Danahy, 179 Greenwich St, ¼ part, Feb. 28, 1896 .....$3,500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 225 ft s of 167th St, 100x100; Maximilian Morgenthau to Amundsen Realty Co., 115 Broadway, April 22, (mtg $32,380;) attorney, Joseph Frank, 115 Broadway .....$100

TREMONT AV, n s, Plot 156, Map of East Tremont, 50x189.11; Prospect Av, e s, 175.1 ft w of Tremont Av, 14.10x100.1; Ferdinand C. Bannmann to Louis E. Levy and another, 530 West 157th St, March 30, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

WALTON AV, 2,409, w s, 19.10x96.6; Mary E. Robinson to Theodore L. Bailey, 153 East 74th St, May 9, (mtg $6,500;) address, 62 William St .....$1

WILLARD AV, n s, 475 ft e of 3d St, 25x100; Anne G. Blewett and others to William H. Blewett, 811 Eagle Av, all title, quitclaim, 3 deeds, April 29.....$1

2D AV, e s, 85.6 ft s of 229th St, 28.6x105, Wakefield; Charles H. Baechler to James Martinelli, 787 East 211th St, May 7; attorney, Robert C. Burlando, Williamsbridge Square .....$100

3D AV, w s, 100 ft s of 176th St, 100.1x111.10; James Realty and Protective Holding Co., 4,093 3d Av, May 11; attorney, James Reilly, 4,093 3d Av.....$100

138TH ST, s s, 350 ft w of Horne Av, runs s 200x e 1.11x n 200x w 1.11; Alfred Wagstaff, executor, to Otto Sartorius, trustee, 184 Washington Park, Brooklyn, May 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$3,500

142D ST, s s, 231.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 75x100; Mutual Milk and Cream Co to Central Dairy Company, 322 East 103d St, May 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$1

**RECORDED MORTGAGES.**

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

**Manhattan.**

BROADWAY, s w corner 161st St, 99.11x125; Leicestershire Realty Company to J. Romaine Brown and another, executors, 34 Convent Av, May 13, due July 8, 1913; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway .....$100,000

SAME property; Herbert Dorigan Construction Company to Leicestershire Realty Company, 2 Wall St, May 13, prior mtg $100,000, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$35,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 160th St, 99.11x125; same to same, May 13, due as per bond; attorney, same .....$35,000

SAME property; Leicestershire Realty Company to J. R. Brown, 340 Convent Av, due July 8, 1913; attorney, same.....$100,000

CHRYSTIE ST, 110, e s, 25x100; Mary A. A. Cervante to Mary A. Curry, 305 West 55th St, May 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$5,000

HOUSTON ST, s w corner of Wooster St, 50x95; Fiuri Construction Co. to Michael J. Callahan, 324 West 50th St, prior mtg $205,000, April 30, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Fresenger & N., 60 Wall St.....$25,000

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 71st St, 19.8x100; Renee H. Canalizo to Jane R. Wilson, 166 West 58th St, May 10, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$18,000

LEXINGTON AV, 176, w s, 19.9x64; Milford Simis to Pauline Altrocchi, at Florence, Italy, May 10, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Miller, K. L. & T., 80 Broadway.....$3,000

MADISON AV, s e corner 109th St, 25.6x95; Edward C. Prescott to Cornelius G. Coatley and others, trustees, 53 West 56th St, April 29, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway .....$35,000

PARK AV, s e corner of 62d St, 80.5x —; Riverside Drive, 587, 102.7x132.2; Northcote Realty Co. to Park Avenue and 62d Street Co., 40 Wall St, May 13, prior mtg $835,000, due June 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$138,500

SUBWAYS, conduits, ducts, &c., constructed for the reception of telegraph and telephone conductors, (supplemental mtg;) Empire City Subway Co. (Ltd.) to Mercantile Trust Co., trustee, 7 Wall St, Jan. 1, due as per bond; attorney, C. F. Russel, 15 Dey St.....$230,000

SULLIVAN ST, e s, Lot 396, map of Charles Loss, 20x100; Joseph De Lucia to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 5 years, May 13; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St. .....$14,000

8TH AV, s w corner of 54th St, 75.5x100; Henrietta B. Karsch to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, May 13, 1 year; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St. $11,000

12TH ST, 9 East, 25x —; Adelaide W. Nash to Charles H. Randall, 816 West 93d St, May 13, prior mtg $23,500, due as per bond; attorney, O. W. Beals, 257 Broadway.....$5,000

26TH ST, 36 West, —x—, leasehold; Rose Rappaport, trustee, to Benjamin Schorr, 170 Orchard St, May 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Schutzberg & H., 124 Rivington.....$225

56TH ST, n s, 291.8 ft w of 6th Av, 20.10x100.5; Anna Bermingham to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, May 13, 3 years 4½ p. c.; address, 160 Broadway.. $25,000

77TH ST, 57 East, 18.9x102.2; Roseby Realty Co. to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St., 5 years, 4½ p. c., May 13; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$25,000

78TH ST, 134 West, 18x95.2; Louise A. Stevenson to Otto Kress, 438 West 116th St, 1 year, 6 per cent., May 11; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$3,000

79TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 3d Av, 20x102.2; Mary Candler to Bankers Trust Company, trustees, 7 Wall St, May 13, due as per bond; attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St.$10,000

88TH ST, n s, 195 ft w of West End Av, 20x100.8; Eva Deutsch to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 5 years, 4½ p. c., May 11; address, 160 Broadway.. $22,000

93D ST, 175-177 West, 32.1x65.8; Isaac Breidenbach to St. Paul's Institute, 41 Union Square, May 13, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $17,500

102D ST, 307 West, 20x100.11; Richard S. Treacy to James A. Farley, 26 East 48th St, May 11, 1 year, 6 per cent.; attorney, T. C. Emmery, 132 Nassau St.....$4,000

102D ST, n s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 75x201.10 to 103d St; 142d St, s s, 231.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 75x100; also property in New York State, Connecticut, and New Jersey; Central Dairy Co. to Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee, 358 5th Av, May 11, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$125,000

121ST ST, s s, 140 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Glynn Young to Morris J. Hirsch, 7 East 92d St, May 13, due Jan. 1, 1916; attorneys, Hirsch S. & L., 160 Broadway.....$15,650

139TH ST, 504 West, 50x99.11; Charles Cohn to Elias A. Cohen, 49 West 113th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., May 13,; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway, $10,000

**Bronx.**

CRUGER AV, 1,710, e s, 25x100; John Oertel to Agnes G. W. Bertieri, London, England, May 8, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, May 8, (mtg $4,500,) 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Levison, 258 East 138th St .....$600

GERMAN PL, e s, 78.1 ft n of 156th St, 75.1x100.4x75x98.9; Samuel Y. Hampton to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, May 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; address, 160 Broadway .....$6,500

HOME ST, n e at n e s of 169th St, 23.2x irregular; Intervale Construction Co. to William N. Reynolds, Jr., trustee, Wilkesbarre, Penn., (prior mtg $71,250,) May 2, due Nov. 2, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Jacobs & L., 132 Nassau St.....$7,000

LOTS 205 to 208, map of Gleason property; Jacob Cohen to Theodore J. Chabot, 1,208 Washington Av, May 9, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 148th St and Willis Av .....$3,500

LOT 97, map of Nelle estate; David F. Hanigan to Emgirant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, May 13, 3 years; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St.....$4,500

OLD BOSTON ROAD, n w s, 133.6 ft n e of Samuel St, 71.6x—; Taxpayers Realty Co. to Alois L. Ernst, 541 West 113th St, April 29, due as per bond; attorney, Jacob Freeman, 115 West 42d St .....$15,000

PARK AV, e s, 52.2 ft s of 182d St, 50x101; Charles Schaefer, Jr., Co. to Concourse Improvement Co., 1,340 Brook Av, May 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St .....$28,000

PLOT, begins 100 ft e of White Plains Rd and 595 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x95; Elias Lutz to Charles J. Anderson, 212 East 83d St, May 10, due as per bond; attorney, P. A. Johann, 1,147 Stebbins Av.....$400

PROSPECT AV, w s, 75 ft s of 180th St, 47x100; Paulina Schwartz to Louis Feitelson, 14 Rutgers Place, May 10, 3 years; attorney, Layers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$34,000

SCOFIELD AV, s w corner of William St, 50x100; Mary E. Baxter to Ralph F. Baxter, 620 East 163d St, March 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. F. Baxter, 620 East 163d St. $500

2D AV, e s, 85.6 ft s of 229th St, 28.6x105, Wakefield; James Martinelli to Otto Mollenhauer and another, executors, 3,583 White Plains Av, 3 years, 6 p. c., May 11; attorney, Robert C. Burlands, Williamsbridge Square, $4,500

5TH ST, n s, 103.11 ft e of Green Lane, 20x101.2; August G. Oliry to John G. Urstadt, Jr., 287 East 198th St, May 8, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Goss, Inc., Westchester, $2,000

147TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Brook Av, 25x100; Pauline Wolf to Frances E. Gribben, 2,081 Bathgate Av, May 10, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Hoadley, L. & J., 22 William St.. $5,000

221ST ST, west one-half of Lot 828, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Isidor Weil and another to Nelson Berman, Port Henry, N. Y., May 3, (prior mtg $3,500,) due as per bond; attorney, Joseph Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St...$1,000

221ST ST, s s, east one-half of Lot 828, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Isidor Weil and another to Nelson Berman, Port Henry, N. Y., May 3, (prior mtg $3,500,) due as per bond; attorney, Joseph Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St. $1,000

235TH ST, s s, 450 ft w of Oneida Av, 22x151.5x48x150; Joseph O. Ekstrom to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 11, installments, 10 years, 5½ p. c.; address, 176 Broadway .....$2,700

**RECORDED LEASES.**

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE B, 2 and 4, n w corner of Houston St, store and basement; Samuel Kamlet to Philip Kronfeld and another, 192 2d St, 8 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1912; address 192 2d St.. $3,300

LENOX AV, 475, all; Mariante Rosenzweig to Arthur O. Branson, 48 West 136th St, 10 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, L. C. Whitfield, 118 West 135th St.....$3,402

LENOX AV, 475, south store and rear cellar; Arthur O. Branson to Philip Slatin, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, same .....$1,320

WHITEHALL ST, 57 and 58, all; Mary Dollard, guardian, to Frederick A. L. Hillebrecht, 57 Whitehall St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, Otto Huber Brewery, Brooklyn.$8,000

1ST AV, 1,540, store and part cellar; Pauline Larchan to William Natanson, 433 East 80th St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; address, 433 East 80th St.....$1,500

6TH AV, 635, all; Mary A. Smith and another to John F. Burum, 141 Perry St, 2 10-12 years from July 1, 1911; address, 635 6th Av.$4,500

7TH AV, n e corner of 141st St, store and cellar; Crystal Realty and Construction Co. to Jacob L. Blumenstock, 2,400 7th Av, 5 years from April 1, 1912; address, 2,415 7th Av.. $1,680

16TH ST, 105 West, all; George Kelly to George Casey, 206 West 14th St, 3 years from April 15, 1912; attorney, Central B. Co., 68th St and East River.....$2,100

71ST ST, 101 West, all; Sheridan S. Norton, trustee, to John H. Meyer, 161 West 71st St, 4 years from Oct. 1, 1912; attorney, Howard C. Taylor, 111 Broadway.....$1,000

**MECHANICS' LIENS.**

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Beautifully designed, well built modern homes can be bought in Garden City for $7,500 and upwards. You may duplicate the houses, but not the location.

There is only one

**GARDEN CITY**

Apply to
**GAGE E. TARBELL,**
320 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

**BIG SACRIFICE**
$6,950 BUYS AN $8,500 HOUSE. EASY TERMS. VERY ARTISTIC.

Desirable home on large plot, in select private residence park, only 28 min. to Manhattan. Excellent trains and trolleys. Large, cozy living room, foyer hall, panelled dining room, kitchen, butler's pantry, spacious bedrooms, tiled bath, and vestibule, roomy finished attic, huge veranda, parquet floors, red heart hazel trim throughout, gas, electric light, splendid heating plant in pure white cellar, complete laundry.

THIS IS A RARE CHANCE to secure a bargain home in a refined, restricted colony, trolley to several beaches. Call, write, or phone for photo and further facts.
OWNER, ROOM 405, 334 Fifth Ave.
PHONE 8425 MAD. SQ.

**WAMPAGE SHORES**
**SANDS POINT, L. I.**
R. R. Station, Port Washington
Represents the highest type of Actual Residential Waterfront
45 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK
A number of plots of one-third acre and larger extend directly to the fine, clean, white sand beach, which slopes gently to the water. A substantial sea wall protects the garden and lawn. Unlike other waterfront properties, **Wampage Shores,** with its rich subsoil, affords luxuriant growth of lawn flowers, trees and shrubs. Every feature which makes Country Life attractive is installed. Nothing is left undone to make this property the most desirable location. Make appointment to see **Wampage Shores** as our guest.
**S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.**
Tele. 5610 Bryant. 542 Fifth Avenue.

**SEASHORE HOME**
BARELY OVER 1 HR. TO N. Y. C. IN GROVE OF SPLENDID TREES ON SHORE OF GREAT SOUTH BAY, L. I. EXPRESS STATION 9 MIN. WALK AWAY.
Attractive, mission style; suitable for year round living; large plot; splendid bathing, beach, dock and boat anchorage. Stone's throw from water's edge. Electric light, parquet floor, hardwood trim, running water. Convenient to markets. Exclusive neighborhood. Four large bedrooms, enormous living room, panelled dining room, bath, completely equipped kitchen, maids' room; 55 ft. of veranda overlooking water.
**$500 CASH, BALANCE TERMS**
buys it from the Owner. Suite 1103, 347 5th Av, N. Y. C. Tel. 1250 Mad. Sq.

**A QUICK SALE AT SACRIFICE**
Gentleman's country place, beautifully located On North Shore, Long Island, overlooking Northport Harbor and Long Island Sound, "The Eden of Long Island." Only 40 miles, or one hour, from New York City; 25 acres; high elevation; Colonial house, 15 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, concrete cellars, steam heat, electric light and telephone; large library; wide verandas; hundreds of finest shade trees; 100 best fruit trees; finest driveways; artesian water; tennis court; large barn, fine garage; storage house; icehouse; hennery; large gardens; fine pasturage; private dock and boat landing, &c. Entirely equipped and furnished ready for occupancy. Write for photos and full particulars. Brokers protected.
C. W. DUMONT, 27 Cedar St.

**NORTH SHORE**
**UNFURNISHED.**
Beautiful tile cement house, near station and water; 2 baths, 6 bedrooms; $100 per month.
L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co.,
19 East 34th St., N. Y. Tel. 7170 Mad. Sq.

**COLONIAL HOME**
Attractive place at Great Neck, located on a nice elevation and commanding a good view of the surrounding hills. House recently finished, latest modern improvements. Excellently planned. Nice rooms and two baths. Hardwood floors. Can be bought on easy terms, if desired.
SHIELDS COMPANY,
225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7950.

**Long Beach, L. I.**
A Very Desirable Plot on Broadway
CHAS. MOCK, 200 West 101st St., N. Y.

**FOR SALE**
**Long Island Private Estate**
ON SHINNECOCK BAY.
QUARTER MILE WATER FRONT.
FOURTEEN ACRES.
G. L. GILSEY & CO.
45 William Street New York City

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

**S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.**
**Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 Fifth Av.**
HIGH-CLASS
**COUNTRY HOUSES**

You can buy my beautiful home, sixteen minutes from Pennsylvania Station, Manhattan, at Kew, (Richmond Hill,) Long Island, for $5,000 less than value; $5,000 cash, balance $250 per month, which includes interest at 5½ per cent. Address my attorneys, Cushing & Cushing, 220 Broadway, or the undersigned,
B. J. Beardsley, 2,100 Marshall Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

WILL SACRIFICE A LARGE PLOT FOR BUILDING SITE, 30 MINUTES OUT, ON NORTH SHORE, NEAR THE WATER; DRIEST ROAD TO BAY; GOOD SECTION; MUST HAVE QUICK ACTION. N 63 TIMES.

A.—A.—I. you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

A home for the same as rent; 7-room house, modern improvements, large plot, low price; 85 minutes out; also beautiful water front property. T 97 Times.

Will sacrifice desirable plot 60x100, in Douglas Manor, 12 miles from Herald Square; excellent location. Owner, Box H 311 Times Downtown.

Handsome ten-room house, close to bay and yacht club; five 25-foot lots; large rooms and veranda; fine trees; bathing; price, $15,000; terms to suit. Chas. Weaver, Bayside, L.I.

Beautiful villa, shore front, Long Island; great bargain. Winterroth Pianos, 8 Union Square, Manhattan.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

**SUMMER HOME ACRES**
in the mountain, lake region of Orange County; 130 acres with 3,000 feet of lake front, for sale as a whole or in 25-acre plots, or larger, at prices ranging from $100 to $300 an acre, (the latter for shore frontage.) Unsurpassed in natural beauty and healthfulness. Near Monroe, Arden, Tuxedo.
C. B. ORCUTT, Owner, 220 Broadway.

**SUMMER COTTAGE.**
$3,500; $1,500 down, balance to suit; fully furnished, improvements; photos. Write Owner, T 96 Times.

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Four-room bungalow at Haines Falls, N. Y., for sale or rent. 20 President Place, Kingston, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

**"For more than three years I have been looking about for a real estate proposition that combines 100% investment opportunity with equal attractiveness as a home site. During this period I feel I have become quite expert on real estate values. And I feel convinced that there is not a property on the market today which more closely approaches my ideals than Red Bank Estates."**

We quote the remarks of a recent purchaser, who visited Red Bank Estates after he had seen scores of other developments.

Moreover, the judgment of the purchaser in question is shared by many others, most of whom have long been residents of the vicinity.

Real estate has never had better recommendation than this.

**RED BANK ESTATES**

A new addition to an old, well-established town is this tract of land. An ideal combination of seashore and country, it has been called.

Red Bank has every city convenience—sewers, gas, electricity, street railroads, etc.—and is an all-year-around place of residence.

Commuters' trains on the Pennsylvania and the New Jersey Central Railroads leave here every ten minutes.

And in Summer the splendid boat service between New York and Atlantic Highlands brings one within 15 minutes' ride of Red Bank Estates. (Electric railroad borders the property.)

Here large villa plots are being sold at remarkably small prices. And for people of more moderate incomes, there exist some splendidly located bungalow sites.

Either as a home or an investment, Red Bank Estates holds a universal appeal.

"From Pillar to Post" is the name of a booklet which brings further information, prices, terms, etc. *You* should write for this to-day.

**MINNESINK REALTY COMPANY,**
50 Church St., Room 1853, NEW YORK
Telephone, Cortlandt 2822.

**Weequahic Tract**
**NEWARK, N. J.**
Fronting on Weequahic Park
On the Lehigh Valley Main Line
**The Lehigh Valley Railroad is to build at once a large new station directly opposite the property at Elizabeth and Meeker Avenues. All express and local trains will stop at this station, giving excellent commuting service to New York City.**

The work of beautifying Weequahic Park is progressing rapidly, and some idea of the ultimate picturesque results may be formed from the present handsome appearance of the park.

Handsome houses and beautifully located building plots for sale. The opportunity for a profitable investment is the best ever offered in this city. Now is the time to buy. Come and see for yourself.

Streets curbed and paved, parkway strip in center, water, gas, sewer services run to curb. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust Co.

Take McAdoo Tubes to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.
Maps and further information,
**FRANK J. BOCK, Manager,**
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

**$4,250 ON EASY TERMS**
buys seven-room country home, five minutes from express station, Road of Anthracite, 55 minutes from N. Y. City. All city conveniences. Write for cuts and plans.
BARGAIN,
P. O. Box 1,431, N. Y. City.

NEW JERSEY
**FACTORY**
With railroad siding, will be sold at a sacrifice to settle up bankruptcy case.
**Robert B. Stoutenburgh,**
9 Clinton St., Tel. 4860 Market, NEWARK, N. J.
Factories Everywhere.

**ON HOOK MOUNTAIN.**
Among the pines and cedars, 100 feet from Pequannock River and Morris Canal; all water sports; magnificent scenery; ideal retreat for nature lovers; only 35 minutes on Lackawanna, also Erie; commutation 13c. Bungalows for sale, $175 to $1,500. Plots $95, $10 down, $5 monthly. 'Phone 4309 Beekman.
W. M. Lane, Room 324P, World Building.

**D. B. KEELER, JR.,**
10 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Furnished Cottages for rent; Estates for sale.
**MONMOUTH BEACH, RUMSON ROAD, SEABRIGHT.**

At Summit, N. J.—For sale or lease, fine old homestead property, ⅞ mile Summit Station. No similar property offered for sale in Summit. Price $25,000, half cash; rental $1,500 annually. Occupancy Oct. 1. Also small seven-room home, five minutes' walk from station; rental, $50 monthly. Youngs, 3 South William St. Tel. 2,846 Broad, New York.

**New Three Room Cottage $50**
Fifty dollars cash, balance monthly like rent, buys small home and ¼ acre; New Jersey Hills; 32 minutes out; 40 trains daily; express station; schools, churches, stores; free title policy. Owner, P. O. Box 1041, N. Y. City.

**BARGAIN.**
Owner must sell beautiful home, best section South Orange; oak floors, hardwood trim, beam ceilings, large living room, open fireplace, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths; little cash; easy payments, no reasonable offer refused. Hope, Room 55, 156 Broadway.

**ARTISTIC ORANGE HOME**
near Highland Av. station, Orange, N. J.; 40 minutes out, D., L. & W.; no finer location in all the Oranges; big bargain for some one. Send for particulars to OWNER, Room 10,075 Metropolitan Building, 23d St., New York City.

A GEM OF A BUNGALOW
for year-round living; five rooms, bath, electricity, gas, water, large veranda; plenty grounds; beautiful view; must sell $3,750; easy terms if taken at once; 40 minutes to New York; good express service; will send tickets. Owner, Box 79 Times Downtown.

**ACRES on the LACKAWANNA**
Several parcels fertile farm land, 2½ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; ½ mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Beautiful country home, Fanwood, N. J.—New, 9 rooms, 2 baths, open fireplace, finished in hardwood, all latest improvements; large plot; $5,700; very easy terms; write for photographs. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

A new house, 10 rooms, steam heat, open fireplaces, hardwood trim; lot 65x165; all modern improvements; convenient; price $5,500; cash, $250. Frederick C. Smith Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

**WILL SACRIFICE SUMMER COTTAGE**
at Schooleys Mts., N. J. Furnished
Write for particulars,
OWNER, P. O. Box 1431, N. Y. City.

Fanwood, N. J.—A large building plot, 100x100, covered with oak trees, for $500; $5 per month buys it; near station; beautiful location; write for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Almost given away, brand-new bungalow, with improvements; large plot, near school and station; only 25 minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad; price $1,800; easy terms. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

BELOW COST, $500; attractive bungalow, 8 rooms, every modern improvement; beautifully decorated; 20 minutes' out; near station, trolleys; little cash; balance easy payments. Owner, 1,110—1,482 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
Beautiful illustrated booklet sent free on application.
GORDON & FORMAN.

Frame dwelling eight rooms, all improvements, restricted neighborhood; $6,800. 314½ Trapbagen St., West Hoboken, N. J., after 6 P. M.

Dwellings, farms, lakes, tracts for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

**CRANFORD**
Right in town; water, sewer, gas, electricity, sidewalks and macadamized streets, fire and police protection; plots 50x150 or larger, three minutes' walk from station and centre of town; lots and small farms within ten minutes' walk at prices so low it will surprise you; plenty of fine residences on the property, occupied by their owners; Central R. R. of N. J., 34 minutes out; 60 trains a day; let us show you an easy way to own your own home. Write for illustrated booklet, maps and free R. R. ticket.
MANOR REALTY CO.,
CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

**A Beautiful House.**
Will sacrifice for immediate sale beautiful 8-room private residence, almost new, containing every modern convenience and comfort. Situated within 20 minutes of New York City, on the Palisades, where climatic conditions are ideal the year around. Satisfactory terms to responsible buyer. Full particulars on application. Matthews, Times.

**CRAFTSMAN SEMI-BUNGALOW**
Just as artistic outside as in; gray shingles with moss-green roof; roomy porch, 10 feet broad, and sleeping porch on second floor; large living room, with broad hooded fireplace; panelled dining room; model kitchen, fully equipped; four pleasant bedrooms and tiled bathroom, trimmed in craftsman style; tastefully decorated; artistic gas and electric fixtures; oak parquet floors; a charming, distinctive home at the price of the commonplace kind; $7,000; large plot; private residence park, adjacent to station; write for photo.
WILLIAM A. LAMBERT, Architect,
99 Nassau St., N. Y. West Nutley, N. J.

**BUNGALOW HOMES,**
distinctly high-class at picturesque
**MURRAY HILL PARK,**
adjoining Summit, N. J.; artistic bungalows, with all modern conveniences; 37 minutes' ride on the Lackawanna Railroad; 550 feet elevation; club features; tennis courts; swimming pool; $3,000 up; easy terms by our selling plan.
W. HOWARD MEARS, President,
110 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

**BREATHE THE AIR THAT BUILDS**
and "Get Next to Nature," the "Great Outdoors," the social club life on the water, the bungalow life in the Pines, and enjoy Motor Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Sailing, at
**OCEAN GATE, N. J.**
Choice lots, $50 and higher. Shore fronts and business sites at attractive prices, convenient terms. Free guest train next Sunday. Send for free tickets and views.
GREAT EASTERN BUILDING CORPORATION,
45 West 34th St.

**AMONG THE HILLS**
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone,
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

**VALUABLE CORNER PLOT**
on the trolley, near Highland Av. station, Orange; 40 minutes out on D., L. & W.; 100 feet by 150 feet, (equal to 6 city lots,) on corner of Orange Hights Av. and Oxford Terrace; fully improved; will sacrifice to quick purchaser on easy terms. Write owner, Room 10,075, Metropolitan Building, 23d St., N. Y.

**GREAT NOTCH.**
FOR SALE—Fine Piece of Property, about 25 acres, for development and housebuilding; high altitude, overlooking the Passaic Valley; large road frontages; splendid train service; only 7 minutes from Erie station; electricity, water, and telephone; price $20,000. Address the owners, Y 117 Times.

Leonia, N. J.—Must sell large, elegant home, 75x150; beautifully laid out grounds; sacrifice. Particulars John Weaver, Leonia, N. J.

Farms every description, everywhere, direct from owners; free illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

**GREENFIELD HILL,**
**Fairfield, Conn.**
For Rent.—Country seat on 200 acres, high elevation; beautiful views, well-kept grounds, with flower and vegetable gardens; attractive brick residence, Italian style of architecture, containing 12 master's, 10 servants' bedrooms, 6 baths, large hall, drawing room, library, morning room, dining room, tearoom, butler's pantry, kitchen, servants' hall, laundry, &c.; stable, barns, dairy, and other outhouses. For rental, photographs, and full particulars apply to Country Department,
**PEASE & ELLIMAN,**
340 Madison Av., N. Y. City.

Greenwich, Conn.; Riverside Station; New Colonial house in exclusive Thrushwood Park; two acres; shore frontage; high elevation; unsurpassed location. An ideal gentleman's home. D. W. Baily, Manager, 3 West 42d Street.

Inexpensive, accessible farms, orchards, acreages; beautiful lake front; estates, shore cottages; absolutely honest descriptions; illustrated catalogue. Dibble's Farm Agency, Ansonia, Conn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

**I WILL SUBLET FOR SUMMER**
To couple or small family adults, my handsomely furnished home. Apartment near Riverside Drive; exposure southwest corner; seven rooms, two baths; convenient to Subway, elevated, Fifth Av. Bus. References required. S. R. Bogue, care W. T. Mullally, 60 Broadway. Telephone 1597 Rector.

To sublet from June 1, four rooms and bath; beautifully and completely furnished; all light, extra large rooms, in highest class elevator apartment house; 385 Fort Washington Av., corner 177th St.; rental $45 per month. Apply on premises or
KNAP & WASSON CO., Agents,
4,207 Broadway. 'Phone, 4420—Audubon.

14 East 60th St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

**37 WEST 22D ST.**
Handsomely furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; $55 per month. Inquire of janitress.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE R. FULLER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal place of business in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of June, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to STEPHEN WILLIAMS REALTY COMPANY.
Dated New York, May 13th, 1912.
THE R. FULLER COMPANY,
By CHARLES SCHLER, President.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

**The Frances Building**
S.E. Cor. FIFTH Ave. & 53rd St.

**A New Shopping Centre for Fashion**
Convenient for high-class shoppers with its main entrance on Fifth Avenue, and so constructed as to offer best facilities for displaying merchandise and serving customers; this is an ideal building for the select retail trade.
Abundant light, rapid electric elevator service, unusually wide foyer and hallways, make every floor desirable.
Entire construction fireproof and sprinkler system throughout, give the Frances Building lowest insurance rates. Floor space or offices can be arranged to suit tenants.
*Apply for full information to*
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, *Agent*
10 East 53rd St., New York City. Tel. 8300 Mad. Sq,
or Representative in the Building

Floors and Offices
**FOR RENT**
New Aeolian Hall
42d St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
Opposite Bryant Park and New Public Library
Ready July 1st.
Apply to Agents
**PEASE & ELLIMAN**
340 Madison Ave.
Phone 6200 Bryant

LARGE LOFT TO LET:
VERY REASONABLE RENT.
About 5,000 square feet; will divide; light from all sides, and skylight; electric power; passenger and freight elevators; excellent fire equipment; night watchman and clock. Apply Superintendent, 133-135-137 East 16th St.

AA.—Brokers, commission paid.
Store, 25 Beekman St., rent $2,100.
Lofts, 57-61 Ann St., $30 to $50 per month.
Basement, 59 Ann St., $25 per month.
Potter & Bro., Owners, 185 Broadway.

Floor space, 2,400 sq. feet; brick building; driveway and light cellar; Brooklyn, near City Hall; suitable for factory, garage, or shop; $300 annually. Box N 45 Times.

$15 Up Month | Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg. | 109 Broad St.
Brooklyn.

VERY DESIRABLE FRONT OFFICES.
And large store on Montague St., near Court, the Wall St. of Brooklyn; very desirable for insurance, banking, or real estate business; janitor service, light, heat; half block from Subway and City Hall. Your broker or J. Ehlers, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN.
West Side.

**The WYOMING** 55th Street and 7th Avenue **New IDAHO**
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
9 to 14 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000
Doctors' Apartments, $2,400 to $3,000
**SERVICE UNEXCELLED.**

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

TELEPHONE AUDUBON 5675.
**The Andrew Jackson**
Northeast Corner Riverside Drive and 149th St.
BEST APARTMENTS ON THE DRIVE.
**JUST COMPLETED.**
NEW IDEA
High Class Dwelling Apartments of
7, 8 AND 10 LARGE SIZED ROOMS.
SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.
UNIQUELY ARRANGED WITH 2 AND 3 BATHS.
LIKE PRIVATE HOUSES.
All latest improvements. Observation Roof.
RENTALS, $1,000—$2,000.

**425 to 453 W. 124th St.**
Near Amsterdam Ave.
Large light rooms; spacious closets; electric lighting; telephone in apartment.
*Every modern convenience.*
**4-5-6 Rooms & Bath**
Rents $24 to $44
Office 433 W. 124th Street

**THE MIDLOTHIAN**
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

**BURLINGTON APARTMENTS**
505 to 517 West 134th Street
Modern apartments; telephone, electric light, hardwood floors, &c.; 4 rooms, $23 to $25; 5 rooms, $30 to $33. Representative on premises.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS & CO., 507 Fifth Ave.

West Side.

**Big Concessions**
**315 WEST 94th STREET**
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High class, with all improvements; elevator.
Front apt., 6 Rooms & Bath....$46 to $52.50
Front apt., 8 Rooms & Bath.... $70.00
Rear apt., 5 Rooms & Bath..... $42.50

**IVY COURTS**
230 West 107th St., off Broadway.
To sublet to October 1st, 1913,
One six-room apartment,
One seven-room apartment:
Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements. Will rent at a sacrifice.

**RICHMOND HILL**
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.
Very desirable modern light apartments of six and seven rooms and bath; steam heat, electric light; elevator service all night; rents reasonable.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

East Side.

**Manhanset**
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 5 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

**142-6 EAST 27TH ST.**
Modern Elevator Housekeeping,
2-3-4-5-6 Rooms and Baths,
$30 to $75 Monthly.
Inquire on Premises.

**THE CARLTON**
157 EAST 81ST ST.
New fireproof elevator apartments; 6 extra large rooms, foyer halls, tiled bath with showers; separate maid's convenience; only a few remain. Very reasonable rent. Supt.

**THE CLEVELAND**
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

East Side.
**BACHELOR APARTMENTS.**
237 Lexington Av., 140 East 34th St.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.
Hibson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

BROOKLYN.

**Eastern Parkway Heights.**
Elegant apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms, all improvements, including shower baths, electric lights, parquet floors throughout; handsomely decorated; all large, light rooms; double windows overlooking splendid Parkway View; highest and healthiest part of Brooklyn; rents $35 to $60. 900 Eastern Parkway, near Albany Av. M. F. GLEASON, Builder.

**St. James Place, near Fulton St.**
End apartment; all light rooms.....$40
Large apartment, 7 rooms and bath.....$45
Golden Realty Co., 238 St. James Pl.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,465.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAURICE M. EGAN, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Maurice M. Egan of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Maurice M. Egan was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
May 4th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,268.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MADRID COMPANY, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Madrid Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Madrid Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
May 10th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned intend to and are about to apply to the Surrogate of the County of Monroe, New York, for a decree, awarding to them Letters of Administration upon the goods, etc., and estate of Lucretia B. Clark, late of the City of Rochester, New York, deceased intestate, under the provisions of Section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure of said State and for a decree or order directing that the penalty of their bond as such administrators do not exceed double the amount of the claims of the creditors against the estate presented to the Surrogate pursuant to the notice provided for in said Section, and notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said intestate and to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present their claims to the Surrogate of the said County of Monroe at his office in the City of Rochester, County of Monroe, New York, on or before the 27th day of May, 1912.
Dated April 22, 1912.
DANIEL R. CLARK.
GEORGE H. CLARK.
MYRON T. BLY, Attorney for the Estate, 816-818 German Insurance Building, Rochester, N. Y.

BRIDGE, WILLIAM F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM F. BRIDGE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, Henry N. Tifft, Esq., No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-first (21st) day of May, 1912, next.
Dated New York, November 10th, 1911.
FRANCES B. BRIDGE, Executrix.
HENRY N. TIFFT, Attorney for Executrix, No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of MADRID CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, by direction of the receiver and pursuant to the order of this court, will sell the property of the bankrupt, which is described below, at public auction on Tuesday, May 14th, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Cafe Madrid, 1,551-1,553 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan.
The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the assets of the above-named bankrupt, as follows:
1. Lease of premises at the northwest corner of Broadway and 46th Street, known as No. 1,551 Broadway and Nos. 201½-201½ West 46th Street, the unexpired term of said lease being about fourteen years, at a net rental of $9,000 per annum.
Special attention is directed to that clause of the lease which provides for renewal for a further period of twenty-one years, or for the purchase of the building upon the premises by the landlord.
2. The right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the three-story building now erected upon the aforesaid premises.
3. Leasehold of premises No. 1,553 Broadway, the unexpired term being about fourteen years, at a net rental of $6,000 per annum, until May 1st, 1915, and at a net rental of $8,000 per annum for the balance of the term.
4. Unexpired term of about 8½ years of the lease of a certain part of the cellar or basement space of premises known as No. 1,555 Broadway, (known as the Globe Theatre,) at a net rental of $2,000 per annum.
The property may be inspected on any weekday between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. For further information concerning the terms of sale, &c., communicate with the undersigned receiver or his attorneys.
Dated New York, May 2d, 1912.
ROBERT C. MORRIS, Receiver,
135 Broadway, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DORIAN REMOUNTABLE RIM CO., Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, May 21st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at The Manchester Garage, 234 W. 108th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one 1912 new Haynes 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; one 1910 Carhart 5-passenger touring car, well equipped; one 1907 Lozier chain-driven 5-passenger touring car. Inspection any day before sale.
JOSEPH M. CONKLIN, Receiver.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM FRIEDMAN and NATHAN FRIEDMAN, individually and as copartners trading under the firm name of FRIEDMAN BROTHERS, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 15th, 1912, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 621 Lenox Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of groceries, canned goods, fixtures, &c.
RICHARD J. DOYLE, Receiver.
McMILLAN & HEWITT, Attorneys for Receiver, 30 Church St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS GOODMAN and ARTHUR STANLEY, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, May 14th, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 229 West 42d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of men's suits, fine fixtures, looking glasses, chandeliers, &c.
PHINEAS LEWINSON, Receiver.
WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY STERN and ADOLF ROSENBERG, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, May 14, 1912, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 34 East 10th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of raincoats, trimmings, raw material, fixtures, &c.
LEOPOLD SONDHEIM, Receiver.
ALBERT & ALBERT, Attorneys for Receiver, 149 Broadway, New York.

AUCTION SALES.

THE WM. N. JENNINGS PRINTING CO.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the duly appointed Assignee of the Wm. N. Jennings Printing Company, for the benefit of creditors, will sell at public auction, at Nos. 362-364 West Broadway, in the City of New York, on June 3 and 4, 1912, commencing at 10 A. M., all the machinery, printing presses, composing room, bindery, six lintoype machines, belting and shafting, office furniture and all other property belonging to said corporation, now in the possession of the Assignee.
Dated New York, May 13, 1912.
JOHN A. MORISON, Assignee,
41 Park Row, New York City.
CHARLES HARRIS LUSCOMB,
Attorney for Assignee,
41 Park Row, New York City.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, May 15th, 1912,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.
20 shs. Broadway & 7th Avenue R R.
200 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. common.
100 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. Pref'd.
$8,000 Lykens & Williams Valley Street R'way Co. 1st 5s, 1928.
50 shs. Idaho Irrigation Co. Ltd. Pref'd.
2,000 shs. North American Silver Mining Co.
1 sh. Free right N. Y. Society Library.
1 sh. N. Y. Law Institute.
$1,000 Western N. Y. & Penn. Ry. 5 p. c. Inc. Bond, Nov., 1896, coupon.
$500 Western N. Y. & Penn. Ry. Inc. Bond Scrip.
FOR ACCOUNT OF TRUSTEES.
200 shs. Hall Signal Co. common, Trust Co. Ctf.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$1,000 Albany & Susquehanna R. R. 1st 8½ p. c. Guar. Bd.
6 shs. Delaware & Hudson Co.
17 shs. Chicago Gt. Western R. R. Co. Pfd.
8 shs. National Reserve Bank.
1 sh. Citizens' Central Natl. Bank.
6 shs. Merchants & Planters' Natl. Bank, Sherman, Texas.
4 shs. International Agricultural Corpn. com.
1 sh. Brooklyn Academy of Music.
3 shs. R. M. Sutton Co., Baltimore.
10 shs. Manhattan Refrigerating Co. common.
$10,000 Belle Terre Estate 6 p. c. Regst. Deb. Bd., 1917, with 75 p. c. stock bonus.
1,000 shs. Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Corp. common.
$500 Moose Smelting & Refining Co. 1st 6 p. c. Convt. Gold Bds., 1931.
$30,000 Dunton Lodge Realty Co. 2d Mtge. 5 p. c. Regst. Bds., 1914, April, 1911, Coupon.
$300 Crescent Athletic Club, Bklyn, 2d 5s, 1923.
$5,500 Progress Club, N. Y., 4 p. c. Bonds.
10 shs. Broadway Trust Co.
10 shs. Flushing Nat'l Bank, Jamaica, L. I.
$500 Elko Realty & Develp. Co. 1st 7s, 1918.
$1,000 Comstock Tunnel 1st Income 4s, 1919.
75 shs. Remsen Realty Co. common.
4 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.
BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE TEFFT-WELLER CO., IN LIQUIDATION.
Sunday accounts and unsatisfied judgments, also equity in house, No. 8 Hart Street, Brooklyn, Borough of Kings, N. Y. Schedule may be seen at office of W. B. Ellison, 165 Broadway, and at Auctioneers' office.

FOR SALE.

**TYPEWRITERS RENTED**
**3 MONTHS FOR $5.00**
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Largest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6363 Cortlandt. | 345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

Up-to-the-Minute
**OFFICE FURNITURE**
Payment Plan if desired
Chas. E. Matthews,
275 CANAL ST., N. Y.
Phone Spring 9494.

**TYPEWRITERS** All makes repaired, sold, $10 to $65. Eagle T. Co., 312 Broadway.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW

# COURT CALENDARS.

## FEDERAL.

### Supreme Court Proceedings.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

220.—Actieselskabet "Jason" vs. John Arbuckle et al.—First and second questions answered in the affirmative. Third question answered in the negative. Opinion by Mr. Justice Pitney.

809.—George W. Choate et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. M. E. Trapp, Secretary, &c., et al.—Judgment reversed.

575.—Michael H. Gleason et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. J. I. Wood, County Treasurer, &c., et al.—Judgment reversed, with costs.

559.—Bessie Brown English, plaintiff in error, vs. H. T. Richardson, County Treasurer of Tulsa County. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Oklahoma.—Judgment reversed, with costs.

197.—City of Louisville, Ky., appellant, vs. Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

46.—Cross Lake Shooting and Fishing Club, plaintiff in error, vs. State of Louisiana.—Dismissed.

896.—Levi B. Gritts et al., appellants, vs. Walter L. Fisher Secretary of the Interior, et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

721.—James H. Graham, plaintiff in error, vs. State of West Virginia.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

549.—Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Theodore A. Schubert.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

208.—B. Altman & Co., appellants, vs. the United States.—Decree affirmed.

221.—Frank H. Waskey, petitioner, vs. J. J. Chambers.—Judgment reversed, with costs.

508.—Mary C. Lear, administratrix, &c., appellant, vs. the United States. Appeal from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit.—Decree reversed.

947.—The Texas & Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. W. A. Howell.—Judgment affirmed.

228.—Edward Quigley McCaughey et al., &c., plaintiffs in error, vs. Alexander Lyall et al.—Judgment affirmed.

224.—American Railroad Company of Porto Rico, plaintiff in error, vs. Ann Elizabeth Birch et al.—Judgment reversed.

344.—The Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Ozro Castle.—Judgment affirmed.

218.—Mary Nielsen, administratrix, &c., appellant, vs. Albert Steinfeld et al.—Decree reversed.

294.—The Coalgate Company, plaintiff in error, vs. J. W. Hurst, as administrator or trustee, &c.—Dismissed for the want of jurisdiction.

772.—Fred J. Bliss, petitioner, vs. the Wasatch Copper Company et al.—Motion to advance denied.

1048.—A. Leo Everett, trustee, &c., petitioner, vs. William D. Judson, executor, &c.—Motion to advance granted.

1097.—The United States of America, &c., appellant, vs. Union Stock Yard & Transit Company of Chicago, &c., and

1098.—The Chicago Junction Railway Company, appellant, vs. the United States, &c.—Motion to advance granted.

1123.—J. Wesley Glasgow, appellant, vs. William H. Meyer, Warden, &c.—Motion to advance granted.

933—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Mrs. Sallie C. Wulf.—Motion to dismiss or affirm postponed.

1077—Seaboard Air Line Railway, plaintiff in error, vs. P. R. Moore.—Ordered placed on the summary docket for the next term.

1067—Emma Harris, alias Emma R. Smith, et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The United States of America; and 1068—Della Bennett, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States of America.—Petitions for writs of certiorari granted.

1042—Frank M. Ashley, petitioner, vs. The Samuel C. Tatum Company.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.

1088—Wylie Permanent Camping Company, petitioner, vs. Gail V. Lynch.—Petition for a writ of certiorari denied.

241—John F. Hanson, plaintiff in error, vs. Emil Gustafson.—Ordered that cause be restored to docket.

1034—Four Hundred and Forty-three Cans of Frozen Egg Product, &c., appellant and plaintiff in error, vs. The United States of America.—Motion to advance submitted.

1133—The United States of America et al., appellants, vs. Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company.—Motion to advance submitted.

1134—The United States, petitioner, vs. Twenty-five Packages Panama Hats, Maximo Castillo, claimant.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

83—The Lincoln Gas and Electric Light Company, appellant, vs. The City of Lincoln et al. —Motion to retax costs submitted.

237—Samuel Loeb, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Georgia.—Motion to set aside judgment of dismissal submitted.

1135—Edward H. Hance et al., petitioners, vs. The United States.—Petition for a writ of certiorai to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals submitted.

1107—W. Schneider Wholesale Wine and Liquor Company, appellant, vs. August Diedrich.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1105—The United States of America ex rel. Ben B. Jones, petitioner, vs. Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1106—Paul A. Primeau, petitioner, vs. Olive L. Granfield, executrix, &c.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1119—The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, petitioner, vs. J. E. Helms.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1080—W. H. Staley et al., petitioners, vs. W. L. Borden.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1126—George Roukous, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals submitted.

1121—Marx & Rawolle et al., petitioners, vs. The United States.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1065—Susan J. Taylor, as administratrix, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. Sextus E. Taylor.—Motion to advance submitted.

262—Indian Protective Association, appellant, vs. Hugh H. Gordon.—Motion to affirm submitted.

1124—A. W. Lawton, petitioner, vs. N. Leslie Carpenter et al., &c.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

1127—The City and County of Denver et al., petitioners, vs. The New York Trust Company et al., and 1128—The City and County of Denver et al., petitioners, vs. The Denver Union Water Company et al.—Petition for writs of certiorari submitted.

1122—The German Bank of Carroll County, Iowa, et al., petitioners, vs. George C. Ball, receiver, &c.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

903—The Railroad Commission of Mississippi et al., appellants, vs. Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted by Mr. Alfred P. Thom.

1110—Hygienic Fleeced Underwear Company, petitioner, vs. Phoenix Knitting Works et al.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted.

547—El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Elchel & Wickel.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted by Mr. Waters Davis and Mr. Philip W. Frye.

606—The Singer Manufacturing Company, appellant, vs. Wirt Adams, State Revenue Agent of Mississippi, et al.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted.

11—Original. Ex parte: In the matter of Charley Webb, petitioner.—Argument commenced and continued.

1123—J. Wesley, Glasgow, appellant, vs. William H. Moyer, Waden, &c.—Argued.

Adjourned until May 27.

---

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 235—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry, (apportionment proceeding.) 234—Same v. same. (validity of lease.) 240—Same v. same. (Met stockholders' dividend claims.) 238—Same v. same. (N Y Railways advance for tort damages.) 239—Same v. same. (prorating fixed charges.) 241—United States v. Joline & Robinson. (corporation income tax.) 242—Same v. Whitridge, (corporation income tax.) 228—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Independent Co. 231—Rushmore v. Badger Brass Co. 201—Sundh Electric Co v. Interborough R T Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Admiralty. 211—Baker v. Tug Bridgeton. 212—N E Nav Co v. Tug N Y Central No 26. 219—N Y C R R v. Tug New Hampshire. 187—Goodwin Sand, &c, Co v. SS La Savoie. 188—Gildersleeve v. same. 202—Morrow v. Yacht Victor. 214—L V Transp Co v. Tug Bridgeton. 221—Dests v. Barge P. K. Brennier. 222—Same v. Barge Norman. 227—Gilbeth Lumber Co v. Mallory SS Co. 228—Hirsill v. same.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Equity calendar. 70—Fishel-Nessler Co. v. Fishel & Co. 80—Southern Real Estate and Ins Co v. C R E Law List Co. 60—Graves v. Gray. 88—United States v. Han Yung.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 337—Shaudalla v. Lehigh Valley Coal Co. 353—Petition v. Levin & Levin Cont Co.

## STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions: 693—Hall v. Eagle Ins Co. 630—N Y Edison Co v. Wilcox. 682—People v. Griswold. 610—Greene v. Int R T Co. 684—People v. Malfetti. 671—Troughton v. Grace. 705—Cassidy v. Cropsey. 649—Graefs v. Walfsan. 686—Bonito v. Taylor & Co. 713—Murphy v. City of N Y. 714—Johnson v. Victoria Elec &c Co. 715—People v. Adler. 716—Wesslau v. L I R R. 717—Cooper v. Hedden Const Co. 718—Kiernan v. McDonald.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Guy, J. Motions. Preferred Causes. 4703—Blum v. Blum. 5631-5632-5633—In re Adel. 5634-5635—In re Frank. 5636—Mulligan v. 149 West 44th St. 5637—Ingalls v. 213 Sullivan St. 5638—Senn v. 196 Eldridge St. 5402—Belcher v. Belcher. General Calendar. 4590—Wieser v. Wm. Guggolz Co. 4749—Hudson Marble, Slate & T Co v. Farquharsen. 1354—Furniss v. Furniss. 4493—First Cong Sons of Jacob and Isaac, People of Zobno v. Schiff. 3785—Rubsamen v. Schultz. 4803—Pierce v. Banks. 4385—Beebe v. Swain. 622—Rand v. Rio Plata Mining Co. 1361—Gavigan v. Reiser. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Case on. Part V.—Case on. Part VIII.—Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Goff, J.—4919—Brush Elec Illum Co v. State Board of Tax Commissioners. 4920—Tel & Elec Sub Co v. same. 4922—United Elec, &c, Co v. same. 4931—Edison Co v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Ford, J. 3549—Schwartz v. Gain. 6460—E. Badt v. Carroll. 6451—M Baut v. Carroll. 6044—Northern Bank v. Wood. 6390—Kohn v. Helfrich. 6369—Block v. Davis. 6541—Fordon v. Fordon. 6109—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 4768-4769—Goodwin v. Richmond. 6760—Samuels v. Seaman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J. Litigated motions. 1—Equitable Life Assurance Socy v. Chanler. 2—Kenilworth Holding Co v. N Y Edison Co. 3—Kassel v. Jedel. 4—Matter of Sheehy. 5—Matter of Prul. 6—Graham v. Cantine. 7—Maempel v. Weir. 8—Same v. same. 9—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 10—Smith v. Morison. 11—Baum v. City N Y. 12—Matter of Ceramic Imp Co. 13—McKinley Storage & Van Co v. Victor Motor Truck Co. 14—Vassnack v. Vassnack. 15—Cohen v. Cohen. 16—De Pasquale v. Leerburger. 17—Matter of Golding. 18—Low v. Buttner. 19—McCormick v. Streebrook Realty Co. 20—Winkler v. Penn Tunnel & Term Co. 21—Beck & Sons v. Tynberg. 22—People ex rel Ehrlich v. Independent Order Ahaves Israel. 23—Lehman v. Pike. 24—De Koven v. Shubert. 25—Ehrich v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 26—Same v. same. 27—Still v. Avallone. 28—Levine v. Tedder. 29—Block v. Weil. 30—Mineral Dev Co v. Heinrich. 31—Ward v. Chelsea Exchange Bank. 32—Sandler v. Dry Dock E Edway. 33—Deery v. Cunningham. 34—Hale v. Triest. 35—Hennessey v. Quaid. 36—East Side Metal Spinning Co v. Knickerbocker Brass Goods Co. 37—Matter of Randall. 38—Ewen v. Hoeffer. 39—Riley v. Preston. 40—Ver Planck Estate v. Furlong-Tompkins Co. 41—Crane v. Crane. 42—Same v. same. 43—Cahill v. Ruppert. 44—Quinn v. Milliken Bros. 45—Crane v. Wills. 46—Walsh v. Post & McCord. 47—Blaustein v. Tischler. 48—Woodruff v. Squier. 49—Watrous Varnish Co v. Van Cleave Const Co. 50—Chidoni v. Silis. 51—McCord v. Marx. 52—Brady v. Italian Sav Bank. 53—Cytryn v. Wunderlich. 54—Matter of Contractors Supply Co. 55—Clapp v. Schaus. 56—Delevan v. N Y, N H & H R R R. 57—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 58—Hinsdale v. Motor Furnace Co. 59—Nussbaum v. Stillings. 60—Siebert v. Furlong & Tompkins Co. 61—Nadel v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 62—Heft v. Sullivan. 62½—Same v. same. 63—Tomahawk Realty Co v. Davis. 64—Havers Imperial Auto Sales Co v. Botto. 65—Matter of Kopetz. 66—Equitable Trust Co v. Gottlieb. 67—Matter of Levine. 68—Van Reen v. Brogan. 69—Bross v. Brogan. 70—Tempia v. Rosenblatt. 71—Thorne v. Thorne. 72—Searles v. Bockhaus. 73—Bach v. Seklir. 74—Rivan v. N Y Edison Co. 75—Matter of Mahoney. 76—Matter of N Y Trust Co (Parker.) 77—Kaufman v. Kaufman. 78—Parker v. Mann Sec Co. 79—Russel v. American Gas & Elec Co. 80—Goldsmith v. Hamilton Terrace Co. 81—People ex rel McCahill v. Creelman. 82—Tarlofsky v. Tarlofsky. 83—U S Fidelity & Guar Co v. Ireland. 14—Natl Surety Co v. De Cicco. 85—Tower v. Frey. 86—Kruse v. Hogan. 87—Matter of Paine (Dazian.) 88—People v. Bernstein. 89—Foster v. Wylie. 90—Ehrich v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 91—Cummings v. Cummings. 92—Rosenzweig v. Rosenzweig.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J. 2107—Lefi v. Kuhne. 3919—Sea v. Paul J. Exner Bldg & Const Co. 2341—Eukone v. O'Rourke Eng & Const Co. 4016—Taylor v. Conron Brothers Co. 6899—Harrington v. Old Dominion S S Co. 4267—Barton v. Springer. 4392—Hogg v. Hornung. 7634—Smith v. McDonald. 2176—McCarlan v City of New York. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Gavegan, J. 961⅛—Thornton v. Rapid Transit Sub Cont Co & Interborough R T. 921½—Finley v. Interborough R T Co. 1026⅛—O'Connor v. Joline. 898½—Middleton v. Whitridge. 7394, 7295—Friedlander v. Lanier. 3390—Savitzky v. Johnson. 4445—Cohen v. Roger. 934⅛—McDermott v. Joline. 1059½—Larkin v. same. 1060½—Buchanan v. same. 1061⅛—Collins v. same. 981⅛—Crane v. Brooklyn Union El R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Amend, J. 4375—Ciravolla v. Bakers' & Cons Comp Yeast Co. 23½—Levine v. South Brooklyn R R. 4495—Hughes v. Conroy Bros. 1036⅛—Robb v. Brooklyn Heights R R. 4598—Del Giorno v. Howes Transp & Const Co. 4599—Gadson v. Marco Brothers. 4602—Mayer v. Turner. 4603—Leichman v. The N Y Butchers' Dressed Meat Co. 4607—Koprallk v. Brecher. 4608—Kelleher v. Green. 4616—Carr v. Scott. 1009½—Pinckhoff v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Hotchkiss, J. 4550—Stahlberg v. Lesser. 4423—Ruschowsky v. Diva Realty Co. 4332—McDonald v. City of New York. 4450—Moncrieff v. City of New York. 4076—Rush v. Koch. 4077—Darnegl v. Koch. 4546—Sweet v. Ellis. 4473—Blutinger v. Seadale. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Brady, J. 4182—Miller v. City of New York. 4153—Devereaux v. Curran. 7611⅛—Simonson v. N Y, N H & H R R. 1525½—Hessel v. Joline. 1069½—Levy v. B H R R. 641—Purcell v. City of New York. 1496—Cousin v. City of New York. 2058—Buchi v. Rouss. 3444—Rundbach v. Beardsley. 1722—Schactele v. Bristor. 3342—Kohn v. Mahoney. 4378—Carroll v. Merchants Union R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J. 499—Sigmund v. City of N Y. 4327—Benjamin v. City of N Y. 4600—Pietsch v. Pearlman Printing Co. 9481—Borman v. Interborough R T Co. 2565—S Joseph v. City of N Y. 2566—I Joseph v. City of N Y. 4570—Goldsmith v. Le Compte. 4572—Wilson v. Mirsky & Co. 4574—Spector v. Feldman. 627½—Derniers v. City of N Y. 6285—Fustewin v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Emerson, J. 1045½—Laver v. Whitridge. 1046⅛—Same v. same. 1056⅛—Cunningham v. Interbor R T Co 380—Karg v. City of N Y. 3116—Behrens v. City of N Y. 4196—Casey v. City of N Y. 4099—Pederson v. City of N Y. 4579—Mallon v. Anchov Bohemian Real Estate Asso Co. 4580—Burger v. Bendheim. 4581—Burger v. same. 4584—Stern v. Phipps. 4586—Selder v. Friedberg. 4580—Burke v. The N Y Asso for Improving the Condition of the Poor. 4593—Kamper v. Rosenfield. 996½—Epstein v. Joline. 4385—Packman v. Graham-Adams Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Newburger, J. 4440—Levy v. Gaus. 4443—Devlin v. Arbuckle. 175—Davidson v. Met Bridge & Const Co. 403—Reilly v. O'Rourke Engineering Co. 3621—Zucca v. P Ballantine & Sons. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Gerard, J. 4627—Plaine v. The N Y Mail Co. 4639—Bilthauer v. Oliner. 7159—Bennett v. Holbrook, Cabat & Rollins Corp. 858½—McLaren v. Joline. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Bijur, J. 850½—Grube v. Joline. 3976—King v. Filey. 3584—Wasserman v. Elterman Realty Co. 4642—Weiss v. Oliner. 4648—Battista v. Bronx Taxicab Co. 4649—Fleming v. Universal Taximeter Cab Co. 4653—Held v. Plaut. 4658—Rootman v. City of N Y. 4659—Same v. same. 4663—Busch v. Wells. 4079—Shapiro v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Platzek, J. 2307—Steiner v. Hackett. 259—Culgin-Pace Con Co v. City of N Y. 3975—Coleman v. Lincoln. 4195—Furness v. Shubert. 2664—Konheim v. Harris. 4283—Northern Bank of N Y v. Well. 2813—Holligan v. Glossinger. 4600—Coleman v. City of N Y. 4652—Leavitt v. Farmer. 3924—Shapiro v. Beard. 775—Shattuck v. Guardian Trust Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest. 4060—Dickerson v. Nat Switchboard Co. 5477—Nat Surety Co v. Empire State Surety Co. 3877—Conron Bros Co. v. Cummings. 3213—McClarty v. Giroux. 3915—Kalina v. Am. Label Co. 4807—Farrenkopf v. Singler. 4639—Gustar v. Abbott. 4698—Abendroth & Root Mfg Co v. W S Frazier & Co. 4715—Wyckoff v. Merchants' Exchange Building Co. 4736—Straub v. Requa. 6725—City of N Y v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 1699—Meyer v. Smith. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Delany, J. 5707—Elias v. Miller. 2919—Thompson v. Brett. 3452—Mayhew v August Belmont Hotel Co. 2128—Little v. Martin. 1467⅛—Bimberg v. Sondheim. 5940—City of New York v. Boyce. 1696—Abel v. Nat. Reserve Bank. 4533—Merrill-Ruckgaber Co. v. County of Westchester. 4614—Nat Fireproofing Co v. Phila Casualty Co. 4580—Am Soda Fountain v. Jackson. 4649—Berger v. Hopper. 200—Greenspecht v. Seligsberg. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Bischoff, J. Inquest. 4224—Mosson v. Levingson. Inquest. 4737—Greenhall v. Progressive Adv Co. 4056—Haggin v. Gaggerty. 2464—Venuto v. Lizzo. 4817—Cooper & Evans v. Bankers' Surety Co. 4481—Booss v. Deimel. 2114—Clarke & Co v. Zimmerman. 4694—Nixon v. Carnegie Trust Co. 4728—McDermott v. Fletcher. 4734—Peieris v. Gitt. 4746—Hersey v. Calhoun. 4628—Franklin v. Hoadley. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Dugro, J. Inquest. 4655—Ozarin v. Margolins. 4911—Baker v. Redfield. 5209—Carroll v. Quinn. 4663—Bly v. Kaufman. 4675—Stiles v. Con Gas Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—McCall, J. 4280—Oppenheimer v. City of N Y. 6532—Carretta v. Yore. 399—People's Surety Co v. Arden. 158—Scheffmeyer v. Penn, N Y & L I R R. 159—Lyons v. same. 160—Reipchlager v. same. 236—Swift v. same. 237—Lowenstein v. same. Clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Josephine V Hassell, Mary A Breen, Thomas Cassidy, Fansher H Underhill, Esther Turk, Onelsme Robitaille, Nellie Downey, Isaac Hey, Anna Noear, Thomas McDonald, Morris Feinstein, Kusiel Epstein, Maggie Demartini, Joseph J Walsh, Margaretta Todd, Frederick Robitscher, Edward P Hatch, George Chesterman, Sigmund Hirsch, Frank D Decker, Samuel Boyd, Albert Diosy, Amelia Carey, John G Diegan, Gaetano Dilluillo, Amedee C Fargis, Horace Brockway, Conrad Braker, Jr, Herman Schiffer, John Tewers, Henning H Rusch, Anna C Kemper, Fred Damm, John Desmond, Oliver Hitchcock, James M Halsted, Martha J Spring, James W Russell, Rachel Schwarzwaelder, Annie Yeamans, Solomon L Mayer, David Aaron, Francis M Brooke, Victor Bunzl, George G Sickles, William H Beadleston, Benjamin M Price, Charles M Van Nest, Elizabeth M Johnson, Berthold Klein, Hermann von Gehren, Mary A Adams, Joseph E Simmons, Siegmund J Bach, Siegmund J Bach, Elizabeth D G Lane, Henry Dexter, John McQuade, Robert Cowden. Wills for probate. Nellie H Grant, William Edelsten, Alexander Coles, Nellie Jacobs, Lettishey Hardy, Elizabeth P Conkling, Frank L St. John, Annie Akesson, Hiriel Rochman, Constant Mayer, George G Gunther, Arthur Johnston, Elizabeth Malone.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested wills. 2914—Max Flatauer. 2918—Jeannette E Allyn. 2922—Matthew J Keefe. 2926—August Geisler. 2936—Mary Irving. Estate Tirso M Herandez.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Schmuck, J. Part III., McAvoy, J.; Part IV., Finelitte, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I., at 9:45 A. M. 7445—Beeknap v. Whitridge. 7446—Preston v. Holloway. 7173—Asher v. McEachren. 7169—Cross & Brown Co v. Leon Rhelms Co. 7437—Gromann v. Weil. 7469—Hirsch v. Brodkin. 7485—Greenfield v. Joline. 7441—Pierce-Rupert Co v. Pookess. 8511⅛—Cassatt v. Arkin. 6095—Artuckle v. Martins. 7342—Capitola v. Allegro & Spallone Const Co. 7403—Oest v. Davis. 5546—Goldberg v. Lindenauer. 7450—Koester v. J G White, Inc. 7432—Ryan v. Cudahy Packing Co. 7488—Johnson v. Post & McCord, Inc. 7501—Hayes v. H E Boucher Mfg Co. 6207⅛—Pope v. Miller. 7263⅛—Ladd v. Loughran. 7264½—Wislop v. same. 6634—Piller v. Am Bonding Co. 7473—Griffiths v. Joline. 7474—Guman v. same. 7372—Kohn v. Moraff. 7130—Elreck v. Watson. 7401—Walker Co v. Glen Island Casino Co. 7402—Brelscher v. McAuley. 7489—Posch v. N Y Express Co. 7367—Springs v. Cosker. 4311—Jungkind v. Mutual Taximeter Cab Co. 7283—Loemi v. Sweeney. 7420—Strong v. Orchard Spring Water Co. 7411—Lum v. Crawford. 7394—Foderici v. Linch. 4314—Feiger v. same. 7210—Levy v. Ernst. 7502—Feristein v. Wechsler. 7504—Conever v. Bottsford Dickinson Co. 7505—Miller v. U S Casualty Co. 7506—Axelrod v. Wisch. 7507—Weiss v. Gutman. 7509—Salzinger v. Reidler. 7511—Vieter v. Rosenberg. 7516—Belkin v. Meyer. 7520—Stolz v. Hayek. 7521—Smith v. Whitridge. 7522—Frucktman v. Adams. 7523—Turner v. Int R T Co. 7525—Lesanti v. Joline. 7527—Wood v. Butterick Pub Co. 7528—Same v. Harper. 7529, 7530—Penberg v. McKeon. 7531—Bernstein v. Whitridge. 7532—Deckens v. Gretsch. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Dwyer C. J. 4366—Morman v. Galey. 4107—Fricke v. Drescher. 4349—Esenberg v. Antonlodes. 4314—Goldfarb v. Schulsky. 4367—Man Commercial Co v. Knoedler. 4374—Weinhandler v. Margolies. 4385—Lyton v. Pellman. 4388—Levy v. Karlander. 4398—Leibel v. Balk. 4342—Mantell v. U S Grand Lodge, &c., S. of B. 4419—Charles Siegelles v. Teal. 4424—Benker v. Trust Cont Cas Co. 4380—Blate Donnellan. 4384—Pemberton v. Broadway & 53d St Ry. Clear.

### Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Weber v. Snyder—Roger A. Pryor.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Read v. Rosenzweig—Maurice B. Blumenthal. Bronx Sav Bank v. Schlosser—Arthur C. Patterson. Haffen Brew Co. v. Pronzino—Phoenix Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—In re West Farms Road—Benjamin Jackson. Jaeger v. Jaeger, Jr.—Gilbert H. Montague.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Hoffman v. Daas—Nathan Burkan.

### Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Julius M. Cohn v. Emma Lazarus—Dunnelle Van Schaick.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Pirro Gori v. Lina G. Roscello—Walter C. Booth. Sigmund Bannit v. Charles E. Yetman—William J. Kindgen. Morris Perlmuter v. Samuel Wold—Alexander Lewis.

### Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, P. J.; Hirschberg, Burr, Woodward, Rich, JJ. Enumerated day calendar. 391—Admiral Realty Co v. The City of N Y et al. 392—Ryon v. same. 393—Hopper v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Blackmar, J. 2117—Murdock (demurrer) v. McCutchen. 2134—Paperle v. Paperle. 2136—Vincent v. Vincent. 2137—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 2139—Sullivan v. Sullivan and ano. 2143—Erde v. Erde. 1562, 1563—D, L & W R R Co v. N Y Dock Co. 2129—Coney Island Const Co v. Bianco. 1910—Levison v. Welsz. 1976—Oppenheim v. Feldman. 1091—Elliott v. Kroehle. 2032—Flage v. Flage. 2186—Pittala v. Pittala. 2178—Lutkins v. Lutkins. 2179—Trudell v. Crackrell. The balance of the causes marked "ready" on the previous call will be added to the "ready" calendar from day to day as the above cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 2198.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term. Crane, J Motions. 1—Davis v. Keller and another. 2—Hagman v. Hagman. 3—Matter of Chester St. 4—Workingmen's Socy of Sons of St Margherita Belice v. Lanzarone. 5—Matter of Union, President, Carroll, and Crown Sts. 6—Matter of Stanley Av. 7—City of N Y v. Appleton Co. 8—Matter of Newport Av-Adirondack Blvd & Neponsit Av. 9—Matter of Ave Z. 10—Kempton v. Kempton, Jr. 11—De Palma v. De Palma. 12—Simpson v. Nass Elec R R Co. 13—Matter of Apollo St-Porter Av. 14—Van Hoern v. Feinbloom and ano. 15—City of N Y v. F & J Realty Co. 16—Sakalanckas v. B H R R Co. 17—Nenchen v. B U El R R Co. 18—Rowley v. Gorham. 19—Schmitt v. Tannenbaum et al. 20—Kelgard v. Kelgard. 21—Rehfeldt v. Mueller et al. 22—Rausch v. Ebert & ano. 23—Embree v. Huntington et al. 24—Groden v. McLennan et al. 25—Lafayette Trust Co v. Linsky et al. 26—Altbach v. B H R R Co. 27—Bazile v. B H R R Co. 28—Fenlon v. B H R R Co. 29—Lawler v. B H R R Co. 30—Pfretzschner v. B H R R Co. 31—Reilly v. B H R R Co. 32—Stecklein v. B H R R Co. 33—Sullivan v. B H R R Co. 34—Percy v. B U El R R Co. 35—Kiendl v. Kiendl. 36—Goldberg v. Goldberg & ano. 37—Joseph v. Joseph. 38—Matter of Howard Pl & Fuller Pl. 39—Metzer v. Knoss. 40—Sternglanz v. Shulhof. 41—Moylan v. Lynch et al. 42—Fay & ano v. O'Brien et al.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III.—Niemann, J. 907—Ravener v. Citizen Publishing Co. 1300—Loesch v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1739—Silberman v. Drapkin. 1771—Loebl v. Crandall. 1466—Greenpoint Mouldinz Co v. Zicardy. 1820—Quarantina v. Griffin White Shoe Co. 1800—Conlon v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1772—Federman v. Abramowitz. 1810—Beer v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 941—Friedel v. B H R R Co. 1798—Hickey v. B H R R Co. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 1711—Bloch v. Goodman. 1790—Hibsch v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1342—Nicchia v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1562—Shand v. B H R R Co. 1806—Cohen v. B H R R Co. 1807—Cito v. B H R R Co. 1825—Frank v. Lees.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Aspinall, J.; Part II., Maream, J.; Part III., Van Siclen, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Scudder, J.; Part VI., Kelby, J.; Part VII., Stapleton, J. 7023—Stevens v. Amsinck. 4253—Lauckhardt v. Legsett. 7303—Kirschbaum v. Eschmann. 1404, 1465—Szerlip v. B H R R. 1597—Plante v. Bostock. 2365—Holmes v. City of N Y. 4015—McCaffrey v. Newkirk Realty Co. 1419—Barry v. Abrams et al. 5857—Blaum v. Smith & Loughlin. 3903—Sparacio v. Obermeyer & Liebman 833—Neeson v. B H R R. 3320—Forsell v. Terwilliger. 3910, 3939—Yung & Davidson v. Bklyn El R R. 2954, 2955—Conow v. Dempsey v. Morse Dry Dock Co. 1958—De Santis v. Skidmore. 4227—Sherman v. Richmond Sales Co. 3231—Lorman v. B H R R. 3762—Ellis v. N Y & L I Trac Co. 1639—London v. City of N Y. 1144—Seery v. Nassau R R. 800—Meigel v. Crandall Oil Mfg Co. 3531—Pearlman v. Nassau R R. 2713—McDonald v. Block. 3355—Finley v. Kleinman. 7312—McLaughlin v. B H R R. 7113—Ciccollalo v. City of N Y. 7189—Hoople v. Sagar. 3232—Flanagan v. Harnden. 4118—Jacobs v. Zemelman. 4237—Meigs v. Abraham et al. 4176—De Vito v. B H R R. 4322—Faigle v. Buckroth et al. 4325—McGovern v. Borough Dev Co. 4327—Sarno v. B H R R. 4328—Brenock v. Siegel et al. 4329—Ehlerding v. Long Island R R. 4370—Mahoney v. B H R R. 4331—Drugan v. Bklyn El R R. 4336—Nusbaum v. Hitteiman.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 4337—Ashley v. Erle R R. 4339—Elck v. B H R R. 4340—Hughes v. Whitridge et al. 4342—Heffran v. Simms. 4281—Sanguinito v. Coney Island & Gravesend R R. 4221, 4222—Tuorto v. B H R R. 3995—Miller v. Clegg. 3692—Schwab v. Bleisman. 3650—Nelson v. Cummings. 2941—Cucksey v. City of N Y. 1622—Nelson v. Linch, receiver, &c. 6197—Leap v. Associated Operating Co. 4344—Sponzio v. City of N Y. 4345, 4351—Columbine v. B H R R. 4346, 4349—Stemle v. B H R R. 4348—Lauberger v. Brooklyn Elev R R. 4350—McSorley v. Hilker. 4352—McIlvaine v. Brill et al. 4358—Klein v. Bregstein. 2707—Logan v. Fidelity-Phoenix Ins Co. 2909—Bloch v. Oppenheim. 5506—O'Reilly v. Dodge. 7026—Adams v. Post & McCord. 7279, 7280, 7282—Davidson v. Klausner & Brody. 2573—O'Brien v. B H R R. 4063—Du Bois v. Brewster. 4005—Scollon v. Coney Island & B R R. 1284—Nygaard v. Columbo. 1523—Foote v. Standard Arch Co. 2855—Keval v. City of N Y. 1007—Coonan v. Hamburg-Amer Packet Co. 6504—Jeffcott v. Roebling Const Co. 7085—Rossiter v. Cooper Glue Factory. 3927—Zeihking v. Schneider. 3598—Briskman v. N Y Cap Fronts Mfg Co. 3384—Kreswell v. Heidelbergor. 2677—D'Agostina v. Bonagura. Highest number reached on regular call, 4333

### Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J. 728—Schutt v. Q & Q R R Co. 729, 732—Cuoco v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 731—Crowley, an infant, v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 736, 737—Murphy v. Steurer. 738—Ritchie v. B H R R Co. 739—Dragunatt v. Transit Development Co. 1170—People ex rel Farley v. Fidelity & Deposit Co and another. 541—Vleck v. Gaffney. 383—Lennon v. B H R R Co. 25—Vall v. Majestic Sight Seeing Co. 134—Mello v. P T & T R R Co. 657—Sullivan v. L I R R Co. 518—Dealy v. Colgate & Co. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call. 153—Trainer v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 146—Phillips v. The Order of the Iroquois. 235—Conway v. The Parish-Stafford Co. 742, 743—Klippert v. Ocean Electric R R Co. 744—Greco v. L I R R Co. 745—Block, an infant, v. Farmer Motor Car Co. 

# THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Western storm has reached the lower St. Lawrence Valley and high pressure now prevails from the Allegheny Mountains across the Rocky Mountains, with the crest over Colorado.

There is a moderate depression over the extreme Southwest and this, with the high pressure, has caused considerable snow and rain in the middle and south Rockies.

There were also showers from the upper Ohio Valley eastward, and along the south Atlantic Coast.

Temperatures are below seasonal over the entire country, except in the Pacific States and along the Atlantic Coast, and there was a decided fall in the middle Atlantic States.

The strong high pressure area over the West will dominate conditions over the East for several days and generally fair weather may therefore be expected with low temperature.

In the West pressure will fall with rising temperature and generally fair weather.

Warnings of heavy frost have been issued for Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk to moderately high southwest to northwest; middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest; south Atlantic Coast, moderate north and northeast.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have brisk west and northwest winds, with clearing and colder weather to the Grand Banks.

**Forecasts for To-day and Wednesday.**

Eastern New York: Fair Tuesday, cooler in eastern portion with diminishing northwest winds; Wednesday, fair and cool.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair and cool Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate northwest winds.

New England: Cooler and generally fair Tuesday, preceded by showers in north portion; brisk to moderately high southwest and west winds; Wednesday fair and cool.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

| | 1911. | 1912. | | 1911. | 1912. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 A. M. | 69 | 57 | 4 P. M. | 74 | 63 |
| 6 A. M. | 71 | 57 | 6 P. M. | 72 | 57 |
| 9 A. M. | 73 | 60 | 9 P. M. | 64 | 48 |
| 12 M. | 77 | 63 | 12 P. M. | 60 | 48 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 58.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 51, maximum temperature 68 degrees at 2:10 P. M., minimum 48 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity 97 per cent. at 8 A. M., 56 per cent. at 8 P. M.

# FIRE RECORD.

| A. M. | | Loss. |
|---|---|---|
| 6:15–126 | W. 134th St.; J. Willoughby | $100 |
| 7:05–229 | 1st Av.; C. Landeman | $1,000 |
| 8:35–61 | 7th St.; M. Freeman | $10 |
| 8:35–170 | E. 110th St.; H. Glaser | Trifling |
| 9:45–21 | E. 104th St.; D. Glaser | Trifling |
| 10:20–580 | E. 89th St.; J. Meyer | None |
| 11:20–182 | E. 101st St.; J. Kahn | Slight |
| P. M. | | |
| 12:30–55 | E. 100th St.; S. Brodsky | Slight |
| 2:15–146 | Forsyth St.; Samuel Lippman | $5 |
| 2:30–549 | Lenox Av.; Max Popper | $300 |
| 3:30–555 | Lenox Av.; Peter Eckels | $250 |
| 3:00–Mosholu Av., near New York & Putnam R. R. tracks; Henry Boelzer | | Not given |
| 3:40–1,849 | Madison Av.; Samuel Sagcker | Trifling |
| 3:55–67 | Avenue C; Samuel Lubin | None |
| 4:00–28 | West 118th St.; — Hoffman | Trifling |
| 3:15–418 | Central Park West; not given | Trifling |
| 5:40–Houston and Greenwich Sts.; Interborough Rapid Transit Co. | | Trifling |
| 5:40–32 | East 98th St.; Daniel Mundt | Trifling |
| 6:40–90 | Lenox Av.; Jacob Schenk | Trifling |
| 6:45–Clarkson St. and the North River; Mallory Line | | $5,000 |
| 7:25–36 | Attorney St.; Lebig Bernstoin | $5 |
| 7:50–36 | East 12th St.; A. Ringler | Trifling |
| 8:20–125 | East 28th St.; Mrs. M. Cot | $25 |
| 8:30–281 | Elizabeth St.; D. Corryano | Trifling |
| 8:50–1,443 | Washington Av.; A. Copper | $75 |
| 9:20–265 | Cherry St.; American Book Binding Co. | Trifling |
| 9:45–1,020 | Morris Av.; Wm. Jeffrey | $300 |
| 9:50–816 | Lafayette St.; C. Dubois | $500 |

# WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ARTHUR JOHNSTON, (died April 27;) left $15,000 realty and $100 personalty; legacies of investment values to the following: To Maria Davis, Ann Jane Graham, daughters; Thomas J. Johnston and William T. Johnston, sons-Margaret J. Tait, niece, and Ruth Graham and Arthur Johnston, grandchildren.

ELIZABETH MALONE, (died May 4;) left more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated values to Valentine Knobloch, Philip Knobloch, and Elizabeth Koch, children.

EDUARDO MANRARA, (died May 2;) left more than $10,000 personalty, to Matilde C. Manrara, wife.

ALBERT L. SCHERZEN, (died May 6;) left $500 realty to Rozellia O. Butler, friend.

JOHN BOYNER, (died April 1;) left $10,000 realty and $2,500 personalty to Minna Boyner, wife.

CHARLES H. COLEMAN, (died Aug. 25;) left $10 realty and $10 personalty to Mary Coleman, mother.

LUDWIG FALK, (died May 6;) left $29,000 personalty; to Henry Falk, son, $2,875; Max Falk, son, $3,875; Jacob Falk, son, $3,875; Isaac Falk, son, $3,875; Celia Falk, daughter, $2,875; Saran Rothschild, daughter, $4,875; Amelia Lichtenberg, daughter, $2,875; Carrie Cohen, daughter, $3,875.

MARGARET HASSETT, (died April 23;) left $4,179.36 personalty to four children.

MARGERY SWEENEY, (died Jan. 14;) left $5,000 personalty; to Alice P. Daly, sister, $500; Annie McCullough, sister, $500; Mary Daly, niece, $200; Mrs. Mary Holmes, $100; Jessie Hazard, $100; Laura P. Hazard, $100; Catherine Hazard, $100; William A. Hazard, $100; William Tilden Hazard, $100; St. Joseph's Union of Third Street, $500; Society for Propagation of the Faith, $500; Father Chartives, $200; St. Joseph's Hospital, $500; New York Post-Graduate Hospital, $500.

# ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of MARGARET DARDES, (died Jan. 17, 1902;) net personalty, $1,589.60.

Estate of GRACE LEE WILLING, (died Nov. 21, 1911;) net personalty, $6,384.07.

Estate of FRANK W. FECHTMAN, (died March 18, 1906;) realty, 71 East 127th Street, $12,000, less mortgage of $7,500; personalty, 62 shares L. Forman Fechtman & Co., $6,844.58; net realty and personalty, $13,973.

Estate of Agnes P. Lawson, (died May 19, 1911;) net personalty, $207,523.98, including bonds of Southern Railway, $4,476.67; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, $3,966.34; Laclede Gas Light Company, $5,150; L. & N., 6 per cent. second mortgage, $6,040; New York, Susquehanna & Western Railway, $2,040.83; Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway, $4,193.33; Chicago & Eastern Illinois, $4,435; Central Railroad of Georgia, $3,247.50; Columbus & Hocking Valley, $2,851; Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis, $5,334.80; Fort Worth & Denver City Railroad, $3,444.35; Central Trust Company, $3,661.25; Reading Company, $4,870.42; 20 shares Bank of America, $12,100; 14 shares Corn Exchange Bank, $4,592; 25 shares Bank of Commerce, $5,375; 35 shares American Exchange, $8,575; 16 shares Columbus Insurance and Banking Company, $2,640; 50 shares American Car and Foundry Company, pf., $5,875; 40 shares American Can Company pf., $3,440; 20 shares Delaware & Hudson, $3,440; 50 shares American Woolen Company pf., $4,-642.50; 50 shares United States Steel Company pf., $6,000; 50 shares Southern Railway pf., $3,375; 50 shares Southern Railway, stamped as assenting to extension certificates, $3,375; 50 shares Denver & Rio Grande pf., $3,350; 70 shares New York Central & Hudson River Railway, $7,585.90; 50 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul com., $6,206; 20 shares Hutchins Security Company pf., $2,020; 100 shares Union Pacific pf., $9,500; 66 shares Chicago & Northwestern com., $9,757.50; 161 shares Quincy Mining Company, $11,350.50; 70 shares Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf., $7,062.50.

Estate of ALBERT BURNSTINE, (died Jan. 16, 1911;) net personalty, $6,218.86.

Estate of GEORGE H. SMITH, (died Aug. 10, 1911;) net personalty, $267,154.12, including 20 shares Home Insurance Company, $14,000; 55 shares Consolidated Gas Company, $7,603.75; bonds of Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, $5,150; bonds of New York & Northern Railway Company, $15,900; Ulster & Delaware Railroad Company, $6,860 and bonds of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Co., $2,310.

Estate of EDWARD GREEN, (died Jan. 4, 1910;) one-twelfth interest in estate of Thomas Fawcett, $1,164.13.

Estate of ELIZA W. WORK, (died June 26, 1903;) net personalty, $3,010.40.

Estate of ELLEN T. GREEN, (died June 7, 1911;) net personalty, $7,650.

Estate of EDWARD LYMAN, (died Aug. 4, 1910;) net personalty, $3,376.66.

Estate of MARIA M. RELL, (died June 28, 1907;) net personalty, $874.50.

# EDUCATION NOTES.

The New York Branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae has indorsed the action of the Board of Education at its last meeting in planning for better care of weak-minded pupils by means of additional supervision, better medical inspection, and more social workers.

Mrs. Mathilde C. Ford will speak on "Women in Business" at the closing exercises of the Central Evening High School for Women and Girls, Nostrand Avenue and Halsey Street, Brooklyn, to-morrow.

The Natural Science Committee of the Normal College alumnae will give its regular Spring flower show at Public School 8, 29 King Street, to-day, to-morrow, and Thursday.

The Permanent Census Board, of which George H. Chatfield is Secretary, has been asked by President Winthrop of the Board of Education for data on various items in the report of the Committee on Buildings.

The Male High School Teachers' Association has directed a special committee, appointed for that purpose at its last meeting, to bring suit if the Board of Education does not promptly abolish the high school teachers' "superior merit" test.

The last of the series of Chat Club teas by the Faculty of the New York Training School for Teachers will be given on Thursday afternoon.

At a special meeting of the New York City High School Teachers' Association in Washington Irving High School this afternoon there will be a discussion of the subject, "Efficiency in Shorthand Teaching."

The City College Club has indorsed the plan to name the new high school in the Bronx after Lavander Childs, Principal of Public School 10, Eagle Avenue and 163d Street, the Bronx, who died recently. Mr. Childs was a graduate of the City College and a member of the City College Club from its foundation. President Everett P. Wheeler has appointed a committee, composed of John Hardy, Edward Lauterbach, Alrick H. Man, Joseph S. Wood, Capt. Frederick C. Hobart, and John Liebermann to urge the Board of Education to honor Mr. Childs's memory in this way.

The Associate Alumnae of Normal College will holds its annual Spring reunion in the college building on Saturday afternoon. Dr. Thomas Hunter, ex-President of the college, will be among the speakers. A modern morality play, entitled "Everystudent," written by Miss Minna Lewinson, a pupil in the Normal College High School department, will be presented.

The graduates of Public School 11 will meet in the school building, 314 West Seventeenth Street, on Friday evening.

# POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

### Police Department.

Transfers to C. O. Squad.—Patrolman J. S. Bennett, 43d Precinct; Probationary Patrolman J. Goldpaugh, 36th Precinct.

Fines and Penalties.—Patrolmen Emil Feldhammer, 89th Precinct, and Timothy Ryan, 99th Precinct, March 28, absent from post in stable, 20 days each; Frederick J. McKenna, 74th Precinct, April 30, allowed prisoner to escape, ten days.

Suspended.—Patrolman George W. Drastal, 26th Precinct.

Death.—Patrolman James J. Sullivan, 8th Precinct, May 13.

### Fire Department.

Resignation — Cashier Matthew T. Horgan, Division of Combustibles, Bureau of Prevention, Brooklyn.

Pension—Fireman John J. Kerrigan, Engine 57, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $700 per annum.

# THE CIVIL SERVICE.

### City.

The examination for architectural designer will take place on June 10. Applications will be received up to and including May 15. The minimum age limit is 24 years. Applicants must have had at least five years' experience in architecture. The salary is $2,400 a year.

At the recent examination for Civil Service Examiner (engineering) the candidates were instructed to sign their papers only by the application number given to each. Some of the candidates added the word "examiner," and, under the general rule for such violation, their papers were marked "not to be rated." The Chief Examiner of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, however, recommended that the disqualification be removed, and this has been done by the commission.

The commission has approved the appointment by the Commissioner of Public Works, Manhattan, of John B. Spykama as expert accountant at $3,250 a year, and of the emergency appointment of Theodore Baarso and Philip D. Maravel as interpreters in the Court of Special Sessions.

The examination for title examiner, Law Department, will be held on June 14. The receipt of applications will be closed May 24. The minimum age is 21 years. There are six vacancies in the Bureau of Street Openings and there probably will be four or five more later on. The salary is $1,500 a year.

### United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that an examination will be held at the New York Custom House on June 5 and 6 to fill a vacancy in the position of junior physicist, Bureau of Mines, Pittsburgh, and vacancies in other places as may occur, at salaries ranging from $1,020 to $1,200 a year. The duties of junior physicist consist in aiding in physical investigations, relating to the inflammability of coal dust. Men only will be admitted to this examination. The subjects will be as follows, weighted as indicated: General chemistry, 10; translation from French or German technical works, 10; essay on some subject relating to physics, 15; physics, 40; education, experience, and fitness, 25. Applicants must not have reached their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination.

# THE UNITED SERVICE.

*Special to The New York Times.*

### The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Capt. H. C. Williams, Field Artillery, is removed from the list of detached officers, to take effect May 30. Capt. Williams is assigned to the Field Artillery, effective May 31.

Capt. E. D. Anderson, Paymaster, is attached to the Sixth Cavalry.

Capt. T. G. Carson, Tenth Cavalry, will proceed to Hot Springs, Ark.

Capt. A. Lippincott, Thirteenth Cavalry, report to the Chief of Staff for temporary duty.

Lieut. Col. H. D. Snyder, Medical Corps, will proceed to Erie, Penn., official business.

Capt. R. S. Pratt, First Field Artillery, is detailed for service to fill a vacancy in the Pay Department, to take effect May 31.

Lieut. Col. J. F. Morrison, Twenty-first Infantry, upon being relieved from his present duty, will report in person to the commanding General of the Central Division for duty.

Capt. J. H. Bryson, Fourth Field Artillery, upon completion of his course at the School of Fire for Field Artillery, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, to join his regiment.

Capt. H. B. Fiske, Twenty-eighth Infantry, report to the commanding General of the Central Division for temporary duty.

Leave for one month is granted First Lieut. A. Kimberly, Coast Artillery, effective June 1.

Lieut. Col. J. D. Barrette and Major Edwin Landon, Coast Artillery, are relieved from duty as umpires of Coast Artillery target practice in the Eastern Division.

Col. W. C. Rafferty, Coast Artillery, designated as umpire for Coast Artillery target practice in the Eastern Division.

Major M. F. Steele, Second Cavalry, detailed to enter the next class at the Army War College and will report to this city at the proper time.

### The Navy.

Capt. Albert Gleaves, to commandant Navy Yard, New York, and Third Naval District, June 6.

Commander W. W. Phelps, to command the Iowa.

Lieut. Commander G. C. Sweet, detached from the Ohio, to treatment at Naval Hospital, Washington.

Lieut. Commander E. H. Delaney, detached from Navy Yard, Boston, to duty fitting out and in command of the Jenkins.

Lieut. C. P. Huff, detached from the Naval Training School, San Francisco, to the Idaho, ordance officer.

Lieut. C. S. McWhorter, detached from the New Jersey, home, wait orders.

Lieut. H. F. Emerson, detached from the Georgia, home, wait orders.

Lieut. W. E. Clark, detached from the Louisiana, home, wait orders.

### Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Sterling, at Hospital Point, Norfolk; C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, D-1, D-2, D-3, and E-1, at Newport; Prairie, at Philadelphia; Prometeus, at Mare Island Light; Albany, at Shanghai.

Sailed: Sterling, from Charleston for Norfolk; Paducah, from Santa Cruz del Sur for Cienfuegos; Prairie, from Hampton Roads for Philadelphia; Washington, from New York for Portsmouth, N. H.

## Country Board

### New York City.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil on Hudson.—Summer and Winter accommodations of the best; fine grounds, tennis courts, suites with private baths, Subway and Central. Miss Mary E. Huntington.

Yonkers.—Large private house, facing Hudson River, near yacht club; can accommodate few boarders; easy commuting distance to city, N. Y. Central R. R., or Subway; references required. Y 121 Times.

### Long Island.

YOUNG MEN.—Board at the physical training farm; get the benefits of outdoor gymnasium, tennis, handball court, shower baths, swimming pool, billiards, &c.; plenty of fresh eggs and milk; special rates for May; easy communication. Mac Levy Farm, Babylon, L. I. 'Phone 185 Babylon.

### New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !

$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J. Special rates to families.

Southern exposure, billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; four minutes from station; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people!

Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre, shopping district at Broadway and 33d St.; no crowded Subway; warm cars; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

## Country Board Wanted

WANTED—Board in country; preferably on farm, for 3 months, by couple with one-year-old baby, within commuting distance of New York; give rates and full particulars. Address Board, 223 Skillman St., Brooklyn.

## Lost

LOST—In neighborhood of Times Square, midday Wednesday, May 8, small double pansy brooch pin; family heirloom, valued for associations; reward. Telephone Cashier, 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Saturday, 140th St., Lenox Av., 145th, Edgecombe Av., gold watch with diamond chips, Elgin movement; glass broken; reward. Richman, 205 West 140th St.

LOST—Thursday, May 9, 3 and 5 P. M., between 30th St., Lexington Av. and West 46th St., gold dragon pin; two small garnets; reward. 28 West 46th St.

LOST—Bracelet, set with sapphires, Saturday, May 11, between Great Northern Hotel and Broadway Theatre; reward for return to Great Northern Hotel.

LOST—Black pocketbook, on trolley going from Rockaway Beach to Far Rockaway, containing some money and valuable papers; reward. V 35 Times.

LOST—Gold sunburst, diamond setting, Broadway, between 53d and 58th; liberal reward. 238 West 73d St.

LOST—Bankbook No. 112,762. Return to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery. Payment stopped.

LOST—Bryant Park Bank stock certificate 230, Jan. 27, 1908. Ida Stroh, 4,282 Katonah Av.

LOST—String of black onyx beads; reward if returned to Ray, 35 West 84th St.

## Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Yorkshire terrier; liberal reward. Please return to Goodman, 320 Manhattan Av.

## Found

FOUND—A bunch of keys on Summit Av., Highbridge. Apply Box T 166 Times.

LOST, May 13. — POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply at 240 Centre St. Purse, containing a small amount of money; handbag, containing beads and handkerchief; auto lamp; Auto License 1,738 New York; purse, containing a small amount of money and ferry ticket; chauffeur's cap, with license attached, 17,077 New York; laprobe; wheelbarrow; pocketbook, containing a small amount of money and key. 269 State St., Brooklyn—Watch and leather fob, chatelaine bag.

FOUND, May 11 and 12—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.-HUDSON TUBES. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Book, 3 umbrellas, sign, photo, 50-trip ticket, globe, lamp, money bag, gloves, waist, 2 purses, spectacles.

FOUND, May 12—NEW YORK CENTRAL and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: 2 umbrellas, ticket, overcoat, rubbers, gloves, lady's coat.

FOUND, May 12—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Dress suit case, bag, box, 3 packages.

FOUND, May 12—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: 7 umbrellas, 4 packages, 2 pocketbooks, gloves.

FOUND, May 12—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Handbag, umbrella.

FOUND, May 12—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Knife, 3 umbrellas, gloves, package, collars, camera, sweater, cigarette case, package, box collars, overcoat, 2 umbrellas, check money, package, coffee, gloves, mats, 5 umbrellas, handbag, order book, roll, magazine, set of pians, handbag.

FOUND, May 12—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 32d St. and 7th Av.: Cigar case, rubbers, nightshirt, slippers, books, shaving brush, ring, gloves, umbrella, package.

## Business Opportunities

A RARE OPPORTUNITY IN THE PUBLISHING BUSINESS.

A thoroughly successful publisher of weeklies and magazines seeks a partner with $10,000 who will take an active interest in a periodical to be based on an established magazine. It will be along lines of proved success abroad but not yet introduced here. No agents. Only communications from principals will be considered.

It is an unusual chance to secure an ownership interest in what is destined to be a very early and pronounced success in the magazine field. The periodical will be under the direct management of a man who has built up high dividend payers in just this way before. Satisfactory proof of this will be furnished at once to principals. Address V 36 Times.

For Sale at sacrifice, a woodworking plant all ready to start up; a chance for the right man to make good money. Apply Chas. T. Sammis, Northport, L. I.

$25,000 and services for commercial enterprise standing strict investigation; give complete particulars; principals only. H 314 Times Downtown.

Furniture Store.—Established twenty years in town of over 45,000 population; $10,000 needed. Address Box 466, New Britain, Conn.

Partner wanted for established business; energetic man with $2,500, who can devote his time to the business. P. O. Box 1,508.

Motion picture and vaudeville theatre, with merit, for sale; exceptional opportunity. Mackie, 1,451 Broadway.

## Business Notices

FAC-SIMILE TYPEWRITTEN LETTERS. W. T. Lear, 141 West 36th St. Greeley 4022 or 2742 L Tremont.

## Boarders Wanted

### West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (123d St.)—Opportunity secure airy, comfortable rooms; newly decorated; hot water supply.

20TH ST., 356 WEST.—Third floor; medium-sized, sunny room; small family; references; two meals; breakfast, dinner; $8. Chelsea—4554.

39TH ST., 49 WEST (5th Av.)—Heart new retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; large, small airy rooms, high class home cooking; parlor dining; private tables; Summer rates; transients.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites, baths, telephones; superior table; moderate.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

64TH ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive, large single rooms; loan; excellent German table; homelike; reasonable; reference.

65TH ST., 5 WEST.—Large front and back parlor; private entrance; extra clean; plenty of light and air; fine bathroom; private 'phone; 3 in family, (American;) references given and required. 'Phone 1895 Columbus, or call Hanshe.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; superior table; telephone; Summer rates; references.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; all conveniences.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third-story double room, bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium and single rooms; private baths; table guests accommodated.

73D, 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exceptional meals; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, "L"; Jewish.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large room near bath; southern exposure; parlor dining.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Telephone 1336 Columbus Small, large rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Seventeenth year; Summer rates, large, small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

75TH, 139 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor room; appointments of refined home; references; limited number table boarders.

76TH, 237 WEST.—Clean, cool rooms; excellent table; bath, telephone; Summer rates; Southerners desired.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished, front rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large second floor room; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

78TH, 104 WEST.—Nicely furnished, single room; superior board; table guests; references.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable, large room; private baths; suite; singly; table excellent; references; reasonable.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady offers in her attractive home, superior accommodations and table; private atmosphere; use of parlor; references required.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent cuisine; table boarders accommodated; wine with meals; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Two large, one single room; together, separate; "L," Subway; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; superior table; refined Jewish home; table guests; reasonable.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large and single rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.

Attractive [illegible]

## Boarders Wanted

### West Side.

83D, 40-42 WEST.—Large and small rooms; open all Summer; references; table guests.

82D, 74 WEST.—One large room, overlooking Park; parlor dining room; Summer rates.

82D ST., 140 WEST.—Large rooms or room, high-class Jewish house; excellent table.

82D ST., 66 WEST.—In refined Jewish home first-class room and board; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Beautifully furnished; first flight, front; bath; near Central Park; excellent board.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate two adults in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, surface lines; references.

92D ST., 55 WEST.—Large, cheerful rooms; running water; suitable two; board optional; telephone; conveniences.

92D ST., 40 WEST.—Elegant, airy, large, medium, and hall room; homelike; German cooking.

93D ST., 25 and 31 WEST.—Large and small newly decorated rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; near Park, elevated station; table guests.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single room; table a specialty.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room in well-appointed house; all conveniences; good board; references.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST.—Large rooms; parlor dining room; superior cuisine; reasonable; table guests.

93D, 253 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, en suite or single; table guests; telephone 6177 River; reference.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Rooms, with board; table boarders; convenient "L"; Summer rates; telephone; references.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; delicious southern cooking; parlor dining; table guests; reasonable; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; suitable for two gentlemen; desirable Summer neighborhood; near Central Park; terms moderate.

90TH ST., 248 WEST.—Between Broadway, West End Av.; large, front room; exceptional accommodations.

90TH ST., 248 WEST.—Between Broadway, West End Av.; large, front room; exceptional accommodations.

103D, (879 West End Av.)—Attractive, bright room, with lavatory; excellent cuisine; moderate; Subway.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, suitable married couple or gentlemen; excellent board; telephone.

107 WEST 72D ST.

Suite, large and single rooms; southern exposure; telephone; Subway; excellent table and appointments.

113TH ST., 611 WEST. (near Drive.)—Private family; handsomely furnished room; superior board. Apt. 61. Tel. 7144 Morningside.

625 WEST 113TH ST. EXCELLENT TABLE BOARD.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

126TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; American-Jewish table; "L," Subway; telephone; convenient.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Large room; electric light; unexcelled cuisine; table guests. 'Phone Audubon—7217.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front suite, with lavatory; Summer rates; references; table guests.

142D ST., 512 WEST. (Near Riverside.)—Pleasant front room; telephone; excellent table board; moderate.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

IN BEAUTIFUL CONVENT AV., near 144th St.—A lady having finely appointed home will let handsome large room; excellent board, service; exclusive, refined, a real home; references exchanged; permanent. Telephone 7605 Audubon.

### East Side.

54TH, 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block; cuisine and service; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second floor, large room, with excellent board, $25, two persons.

### Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, 7, 9.—Overlooking river; connecting mansions; Subway; five minutes Wall St.; seaside, ferry, bridge, trolley; splendid suite; saloon parlors; private bath; small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood house; table high class; $8, $10, $25, $50 per week. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway, ferries, cars; clean, cool rooms; large, small; excellent table. Phone 1159 W. Main.

## Board Wanted

YOUNG business girl desires room and board in private family, west side, between 96th and 110th Sts.; state terms. P 97 Times.

## Furnished Rooms

### West Side.

57TH AV., 3.—Large front room, private bath; small room; electricity; steam, telephone; references.

97TH ST., 21 WEST.—Pleasant room and alcove; southern exposure; running water; also single room.

111TH ST., 21 WEST.—Bachelor suites or single rooms; bath; telephone; light, clean; refined surroundings.

111TH ST., 224 WEST.—Well furnished large and small rooms; reasonable rates; no sign.

111ST ST., 19 WEST.—Furnished 2 rooms and bath. Apartment 32.

134TH ST., 56 EAST.—Comfortably furnished, clean front room; $4; large house; all conveniences; telephone.

136TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; running water, closets, baths; $8-$5; gentlemen.

142D ST., 322 WEST.—Bright rooms; clean; men only; tiled bath; $2 upwards; telephone. Hughes.

145TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive room; sunny, quiet, adjoining bath; abundant hot water; references.

145TH ST., 217 WEST.—LARGE, AIRY ROOMS; RATES REASONABLE.

146TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small room, with or without private bath; gentleman.

147TH ST., 53 WEST.

Large and small room; private bath; exclusive.

148TH, 107 WEST.—Hall room in strictly first-class private house; gentlemen; reference required.

148TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

151ST ST., 319 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private family; reference.

152D ST., 54 WEST.—Small room, third floor front; also large room, June 1; all conveniences.

155TH ST., 320 WEST.—Modern front and hall rooms; clean, quiet house, $2.50. Telephone.

156TH ST., 44 WEST.—Large front parlor, suitable physician; also second-story suite, and large and small rooms; newly decorated; references.

156TH, 242 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests.

158TH ST., 122 WEST.—Rooms, single, or en suite; private bath; beautifully decorated and furnished; electricity.

158TH ST., 222 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; piano; also other rooms. Telephone.

160TH, 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; $25-$60 monthly; beautifully situated; meals.

169TH ST., 65 WEST.—Beautiful large furnished rooms; exclusive location; twin beds; for couple or two gentlemen; breakfast served, (optional;) Summer rates.

169TH, 104-108 WEST.—Large, small rooms; dressing room; running water; telephone; meals optional.

170TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, comfortable room and small one, both with bath adjoining; best part of city; elevated and Subway one block away; breakfast served if desired.

170TH, 103 WEST.—Front parlor, with piano; running water; large double room; private lavatory.

170TH ST., 307 WEST.—Newly furnished room; telephone; private house; gentlemen only.

170TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room with hot and cold running water; references exchanged.

170TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only.

170TH ST., 267 WEST.—Attractive, desirable room; absolutely clean; every convenience; meals optional; telephone; select.

120 WEST 71ST ST.

Parlor suite; 2 large, attractive rooms; electricity.

171ST, 351 WEST.—Cool, airy bachelor apartments; private bath; breakfast; Summer rates. Columbus 2317.

171ST ST., 66 WEST.—Second floor; bedroom and sitting room; private house.

172D ST., 131 WEST.—Large and single rooms, southern exposure; private baths; meal optional; references.

172D ST., 302 WEST.—Extremely pleasant, nicely furnished, large front room; smaller room; phone; gentlemen.

173D ST., 112 WEST.

Large and Small rooms.

173D ST., 136 WEST.—Desirable, medium-size, double room for one or two persons; references.

## Furnished Rooms

### West Side.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, airy front rooms, southern exposure; private bath; smaller room; reasonable.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room; bath; also single; moderate; reference.

79TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—A large front room; also single room; electric light; telephone; reference.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Very attractive, newly furnished single and double rooms; also part apartment for housekeeping; telephone. Dutton.

78TH ST., 175 WEST.—Large front room; also single; newly furnished; running water; southern exposure; corner apartment; one flight; conveniences; telephone. Shields.

78TH ST., 180 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; other room; scrupulously clean.

79TH, 148 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; also medium-sized room; telephone; references, gentlemen.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Second story suite for a party of young men; Summer rates; board optional; in high-class house; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; superior accommodations for those appreciating quiet, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Medium-sized room; hot and cold water; bath adjoining; private family.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Beautiful back parlor; all conveniences; suitable for doctor; other rooms.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Elegant parlor in select, modern apartment; also single room; running water; large closets; private family; Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

82D ST., 132 WEST.—Two large, comfortable rooms, with private bath; private family; references.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Select gentlemen; large front room; bath; small room; running water; $3; transient, $2 up; cool Summer location.

82D, 130 WEST.—Comfortable medium-sized and hall rooms; suitable for gentlemen; references.

83D, 121 WEST.—Nice room in small, private house; electric light; all conveniences; reasonable.

85TH ST., 170 WEST.—Front and back parlor as chamber, single or double, facing 85th St.; beautifully furnished; also smaller rooms; board optional.

85TH ST., 202 WEST.—Suite three rooms; bachelors or business couple; private entrance; piano; telephone; block Subway. Stephens.

89TH ST., 252 WEST.—In private house; handsomely furnished rooms, bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7096 Riverside.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Newly decorated back parlor; private bath; all conveniences; select house; telephone.

91ST, 40 WEST.—Large rooms, suitable two; hall room; telephone; Summer rates; transients accommodated.

92D ST., 68 WEST.—Two furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Large furnished room; hot, cold

# EDISON TELLS PUPILS OF HIS SCHOOL DAYS

### Letter from the Inventor Will Be the Subject of Essays by Children Throughout Jersey.

### MOTHER WAS HIS TEACHER

### Got Work as a Train Newsboy to Earn Money for Chemistry Studies —Once Blew Up a Car.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WEST ORANGE, N. J., May 13.—Part of the examination for the eighth grade pupils of the schools of this section early next month will be to write an essay on a letter to New Jersey school pupils written by Thomas A. Edison. The same examination is to be given to all the pupils of the grade throughout the State in compliance with a new law. The letter is a message of encouragement and good will from the inventor, and it tells briefly of an interesting part of his life. Mr. Edison writes as follows:

Dear Young Friends: I have been asked to write a letter to the boys and girls in the grammar schools in New Jersey, telling something of my own school days. Such a letter as that would be very short, for I really never had any school days as you understand them.

I was rather delicate when a small boy, and instead of sending me to school my mother, who had been a high school teacher, educated me herself at home. She had only the one pupil, which was fortunate for me, as I received thoroughly sound teaching. My mother also taught me how to read good books quickly and correctly, and as this opened up a great world in literature, I have always been very thankful for this early training.

I was fond of experimenting, so, when I was 12 years old I got work as a train newsboy in order to earn my own pocket money to buy chemicals and apparatus with which to experiment. My train ran from Port Huron to Detroit, and this gave me opportunity to go to the library in the latter city and read books that could not be found in Port Huron, where I lived.

I always kept busy and had lots of adventures in trying to add to my store of knowledge, but to tell you the whole story would make my letter too long.

School days are very different from what they were when I was a boy, fifty years ago. You now have beautiful school buildings, with modern conveniences and apparatus, and your studies include many interesting subjects relating to the arts and sciences. It seems to me that the boys and girls of the present time ought to be very happy in having these fine opportunities of preparing to do big things in the world. Sincerely Your Friend, THOMAS A. EDISON.

Friends of Edison who are well primed as to the great man's history smile at the paragraph in his letter in which he alludes to his "lots of adventures." They recall the story told about him to the effect that he kept an experimenting laboratory in the baggage car, by courtesy of a good-natured trainman. One day one of his experiments resulted, as experiments sometimes do, in an unexpected explosion, and the car and its contents were destroyed. Needless to say, Tommy was forbidden to reconstruct his laboratory in the car.

## FLUNG DOWN BY EXPLOSION.

### Woman and Children Slightly Hurt When Manhole Cover Is Blown Off.

Mrs. Christina Petersen of 1143 Tiffany Street and her two children were thrown to the street yesterday afternoon by an explosion of gas which blew a manhole cover into the air at Third Avenue and 168th Street. They had just left a Third Avenue trolley car. The iron cover was lifted five feet into the air and the woman and children were showered with dirt and bits of rock which were sent flying from the street surrounding the manhole.

Dr. Jacobsen, who was summoned from Lebanon Hospital, found that they had no serious injuries. The manhole leads to a conduit of telephone and light wires, which is believed to have been flooded with gas by a leakage from gas mains.

### French Literary Society's Dinner.

The annual dinner of the Literary Society of the French Y. M. C. A. was held last Saturday evening in the building of the association at 109 West Fifty-fourth Street. M. Goiran, the French Consul at New York; Louis H. Junod, the Swiss Vice Consul; Armand Per, President of the Society; Professor Raphael d'Amour of Fordham University and Professor D. Jordan of Columbia addressed the society. Dr. Louis Delamarre of New York University was toastmaster.

A musical and dramatic programme, in which Mme. Foussett Burgkly, Mme. Reouf Bey, L. Claenzer, and P. Ribiere, baritone of the Paris operaa, and the orchestra of the association took part, followed the dinner.

## SPENT 3 DAYS IN SWAMP.

### Woman Found Near Kearny Had Had No Food in That Time.

Mrs. Mary Burroughs, 40 years old, of 540 West Twenty-ninth Street, was found yesterday in the Kearny meadows by Policeman Boob of the Harrison, N. J., police and turned over to the Kearny authorities.

When questioned by the police, Mrs. Burroughs said that she had been in the swamp since last Friday without anything to eat or drink. They sent out for food for her. When it was brought, she said she wasn't hungry, but was persuaded to eat something.

Mrs. Burroughs was first seen on Sunday by a man who was cutting grass in the Kearny meadows below the Turnpike Road. He reported the matter to the Harrison police. Policeman Walsh and two Kearny policemen went in search of the woman, but could not find her.

When the man who first saw Mrs. Burroughs went out to cut more grass yesterday he again saw her. He lost no time in notifying Chief of Police Rogers of Harrison, and Policeman Boob was detailed to go after the woman. He found Mrs. Borroughs trying to hide among the tall meadow grass. She went with him peaceably.

Mrs. Burroughs told the Kearny police that she had a good home, good husband, and two small boys, one 8, the other 13, and that there was no reason for her leaving home. She had been seized with melancholia, she said, and had put on old clothes and wandered away.

## WIFE ARRESTS E. PLATT.

### Broker, Said to be Relative of Senator, Charged with Abandonment.

Mrs. Gertrude Platt of 136 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, stopped suddenly at the corner of Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway late yesterday afternoon, and, catching hold of a man, began to scream loudly. The man made an effort to get away, but the woman held on.

Policeman Shine of the Traffic Squad relieved Mrs. Platt of her prisoner. She told him the man was her husband and demanded his arrest on the charge of abandonment. Shine asked the man if what the woman said was true, and he admitted that it was.

Shine took his prisoner to the West Thirtieth Street Station, where he described himself as Ezekiel Platt, 48 years old, a broker, of Hillsdale, N. J. On the woman's complaint he was held on the charge and later arraigned in the Men's Night Court.

In her complaint in court Mrs. Platt said that they were married twenty-two wears ago, that he had left her ten years ago, and that she had not seen him since March, 1910. At that time, she said, he told her he had obtained a divorce from her. He promised to send her the papers in the case, but failed to do so, and it was not until she saw him on Broadway yesterday that she knew where he was.

Platt asked the court for an adjournment in order to procure counsel, and the Magistrate put the hearing over until this morning and set it down for the Domestic Relations Court. Bail was fixed at $500.

In the corridor of the court after the proceedings were over, Mrs. Platt told the reporters that her husband was a relative of the late Senator Platt, and wealthy. She added that previous to her marriage and after she had been on the stage, appearing in this city and London, but refused to say in what productions. She was handsomely dressed and wore several diamond rings.

## STILL HER FRIEND, BUT SUES.

### Mrs. Rochester Says She Spent $6,000 on Mrs. Chase in Europe.

Mrs. Amy G. Rochester, of Los Angeles, Cal., brought suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against Mrs. Helen Clark Chase of Fort Worth, Texas, to recover $6,000 which she says she spent on Mrs. Chase on a trip abroad. They have been friends since their school days and in 1900 they went to Europe together.

Mrs. Rochester asserts that she had had deposited to her credit shortly before they left $13,000, which she said she was going to spend. According to her testimony yesterday before Justice Greenbaum, she spent for the benefit of her friend about $6,000 on various articles of clothing and souvenirs.

Both women say there is still perfect friendship existing between them, but Mrs. Chase says that she will not pay "for presents which were given to her." It was brought out yesterday that Mrs. Chase had been abroad thirty times.

## VERDICT FOR MR. LORILLARD.

### Tuxedo Park Policeman Loses His Suit for $35,000 Damages.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 13.—The suit of George W. Edwards against Pierre Lorillard, Jr., for $35,000 damages has been won by Mr. Lorillard in the Orange County Supreme Court. The jury after three hours' deliberation rendered a verdict of "no cause for action."

Edwards is a Tuxedo Park policeman. With a companion policeman he was on his way from Southfields to Tuxedo on bicycles one night last August when an automobile, driven by Charles Brown, the Lorillard chauffeur, approached from behind. Mr. Lorillard was not in the automobile at the time. Both bicyclists took opposite sides of the road as the car passed. Edwards alleged that he was struck by the car, receiving painful injuries. Several witnesses were heard on both sides. Brown testified that he was trying the car out at the time, having just completed some repairs.

### Newark Rector, Accused, Resigns.

By the authority of Bishop John J. O'Connor of the Diocese of Newark, announcement was made yesterday that the Rev. Victor A. Von Kubinyi, rector of the Church of the Assumption, in Belmont Avenue, Newark, N. J., had resigned. He disappeared about two weeks ago, following several months of differences with his congregation, in which time he was charged with misappropriation of the church funds.


ADVERTISEMENT.

**Mr. Goodresser, look 'em over.**

The writer has been taking advantage of the recent unsettled weather to get a line on what's what in Straw Hats. The sun is going to hit his summer stride most any day now, and then will come one grand rush for Straws. I find that the Truly Warner Stores are ready for the crowds with the greatest line of Straw Hats that were ever shown on Broadway. Take my suggestion, Mr. Goodresser, go to one of the Truly Warner Stores now and avoid this rush.

**Look 'em Over Early.**



# The Yorke Shirt Shop

It's the correct CUT that makes the perfect FIT of

## YORKE SHIRTS

There's skill behind every move of the knife, which is guided by patterns draughted by experts, with the result that YORKE SHIRTS have become favorites everywhere.

To be sure, the name "YORKE" is doubtless new to you; but that is because leading department stores and haberdashers have insisted upon having YORKE SHIRTS made with their private brands. Henceforth, however, if you ask for YORKE SHIRTS, you'll find them answering promptly to your call, at the YORKE SHIRT Shop. YORKE SHIRTS are

Made in every style. Made of exclusive fabrics.
Made in exclusive designs. Made in every size.
Made in every sleeve length. Made with buttons that stay on.
Made to fit and to satisfy.

$1.50 to $7.50

OUR GUARANTY

YORKE SHIRTS are guaranteed absolutely unfading and in every other particular. MONEY BACK OR A NEW SHIRT. (This applies to the most delicate shades—pink, green, lavender or tan—as well as the staple blacks and blues).

*If your shirts fade, don't blame your laundry—blame your shirt-maker.*

Part of our cutting room

The Yorke Shirt Shop
1272 Broadway
Bet. 32d and 33d Sts.
Factories: Glens Falls, N. Y.
Wholesale Salesrooms, - 29 Union Square



# Gladiolus

*Our bulbs of these are all ready to bloom; they produce strong flower spikes with very little care. Grand for decorations and cut blooms and very effective in outside garden and lawn borders. Successive plantings will secure continuous flowers.*

*New Ruffled Gladiolus* **'Glory'** *marks beginning of a new class of these, its distinctive feature being its finely ruffled petals. Soft cream pink, with a fine crimson stripe.*

*Large bulbs, per dozen $1.50, 25 for $2.75*

Vaughan's Seeds 25 Barclay Street
Catalogue Free



Hollender's Pilsner

THE FIRST PILSNER IMPORTED BREWED BY ACTIEN BRAUEREI

Purveyors To The Imperial Court (Kaiser's Table Beer)

Positively the "BEST" PILSNER Imported.


# Situations Wanted by Men and Women

## Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady; competent; experienced double entry; capable assume entire charge; controlling accounts; A1 at figures; excellent references. V 40 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert; confidential brainwork; have had 7 years' experience; complete charge books and office management. Trustworthy, 65 Times Downtown.

CATHOLIC PRIEST CAN HIGHLY RECOMMEND TWO OR THREE INTELLIGENT, EDUCATED WOMEN TO ANY POSITION OF TRUST AND ABILITY. H 305 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CHAMBERMAID.—Highly recommended; can be seen at present employer's. 167 East 78th St.

CHAMBERMAID.—Highly recommended. Can be seen at present employer's, 31 East 37th St.

COMPANION.—Refined woman of 45; willing to do light household tasks, nursing or sewing; salary moderate. Address M. A., 263 West 125th.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Madame Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

DRESSMAKING.—Home, out by day, $2.50; first class. Write G., 263 West 125th St.

FIRST-CLASS colored laundress wants washing home. Hunt, 31 West 134th St.

GERMAN woman takes family wash home. Write to Mrs. Arndt, 232 East 70th St.

LADY wants to place chambermaid and waitress; can be seen Tuesday, 311 West 102d St.

LAUNDRESS, colored, wants laundry to take home or general housework by day; experienced; good reference. Amanda Stark, 132 West 133d St.

LAUNDRESS.—Norwegian, not young, experienced, wishes steady situation in private family; best references. Brown, 1,176 Park Av.

LIGHT colored woman; first class laundress; washing at home. Robinson, 36 West 133d St.

NEAT GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; private family; city references; no cards. Care Donohue, 420 West 51st St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, (clerical;) neat appearance; bright girl, (16;) beginner; correct worker; rapid; finished complete course; no agency; $6. H 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; experienced; references; wishes to observe Saturday as Sabbath. L. Bernstein, 275 East 3d st.

STENOGRAPHER, 8 years, experience; competent to turn out thoroughly satisfactory work; A-1 refernece; salary, $15. H. 309 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper.—Five years' experience; best references; willing to start $15 per week. Write B., 263 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, brokerage and commission; excellent reference; $12. H 306 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner; moderate salary. F., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Understands bookkeeping; high school education; 2 years' experience. Miss Jaffee, 76 East 100th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent, reliable; best references; $12-$15. H 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, dependent upon herself, desires position; experienced. Griffith, 211 West 106th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience; rapid, accurate; highest references; $18. H 275 Times Downtown.

TRUSTWORTHY NURSE for baby or adult; well recommended. Margaret Purcell, 531 East 86th St.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets, rugs, furniture, by hour or day; 10 years' reference. Call Brodnax, 12 W. 135th St. 'Phone 3253 Harlem.

YOUNG WOMAN graduate nurse desires to go abroad with a patient or act as companion; references exchanged. Address Box 30 Times.

## Situations Wanted, Male

A BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT and an architectural draughtsman, both experienced, high-grade men, who have worked together in the designing and construction of city and country work, are open for an engagement; best testimonials. N 50 Times.

A CAPABLE business man, single, (26,) highly connected, splendid commercial training, speaks English, German, French, and Italian fluently, traveled extensively; wide and practical experience in management, manufacturing, selling, foreign exchange, and banking; very highest credentials character, experience, ability; moderate salary. M. C., care Jonas & Naumberg, 7 Washington Place, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert auditor, systematizer; books audited; financial statements prepared; systems installed; go any place. Walter, 255 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING.—Young man with several years' experience with mechanical trade paper desires position in advertising department of publishing house or manufacturing concern in New York territory. Y 105 Times.

AN EXECUTIVE or MANAGER.—By young man, 26, present salary $1,900, with college education and executive training. Y 109 Times.

A PARTY leaving for Europe desires to find position for their first-class, experienced chauffeur. Y 104 Times.

A YOUNG, intelligent man desires employment evenings, (except Friday,) from 7 to 11 o'clock. N 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man, 21, bookkeeping experience, knowledge of accounting, good at correspondence, and fairly able to work typewriter, desires position with good house. H 308 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, with eight years' experience, also accountant, university graduate, at present employed, wishes to make change. H 304 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER.—Eight years' experience, desires work evenings; references; bond. N 97 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS' ASSISTANT.—Young man, (21,) good penman, accurate, requires position; references. H 313 Times Downtown.

## Male.

CARETAKER.—Middle-aged couple, furnished residences or vacant; excellent references. Rosenberg, 503 West 169th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, shop experience, age 30, wishes position, country preferred; own repairing; careful driver; Pope-Hartford, Buick, Haynes, Locomobile; references; wages $60 month and board. V 38 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—First-class mechanic; single; 25 years; liberated French Cavalry; 9 years' experience; best references; all cars; also expert horseman; moderate wages. Broyer, care of Lefebvre, 205 East 73d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Been coachman, understands care and running of automobiles, would like a place for the Summer; best of references. Patrick Conefry, 105 West 127th St.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, long experience, expert mechanic, employed, wishes change. N. C. F., 315 West 36th St.

COLLECTOR OR CREDIT MAN.—Have had business experience and can give highest commercial or bank references; would accept any position of trust, as messenger for banks or broker; moderate salary at start; know how to meet and talk to people. Y 119 Times.

COLLECTOR, &c.—Business man wants work as collector; thoroughly reliable; knowledge of plain bookkeeping; good appearance; can design artistic signs; willing to begin at moderate salary. B. M., Box 44 Times.

CORRESPONDANT Francais et Allemand, connaissant l'Anglais a fond, intelligent, responsable, accoutume aux termes techniques et travaux de bureaux, desire se placer; meilleures references. S'adresser Competent, H 289 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED Wall Street man; cashier, bookkeeper, order clerk, or floor telephone; highest references. H 310 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE.—Repairing, refinishing in private home; competent man; city, country. Negris, 412 West 49th St.

LET me do your accounting work; will adjust, audit, prepare statements, and improve your accounting system in general; the moderate cost makes it worth while considering; highest credentials. C. P. A., G 278 Times Downtown.

MECHANIC, CHAUFFEUR.—Italian, aged 21, desires position in private family; good references. D. Marrazso, 221 6th Av., New York.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced, with established trade in New England States, for strong line of popular-priced lingerie dresses; commission man with office in large New England city preferred. Address Box 34, 352 6th Av.

SALESMAN, 24; have had vast experience; selling and office management; successful record. Y 115 Times.

SALESMAN, (22,) hustling live wire, desires start any staple line. S., 1,418 5th Av.

SECRETARY.

Young man, 29, fourteen years' office experience, at present private secretary with busy public man, for good reasons wishes to make change; stenographer and typewriter, understands accounts and has a good general experience in handling important and confidential matters; training fits him for exacting position of trust where gray matter is required; exceptional references as to integrity and ability; all details at interview. H 282 Times Downtown.

SHIRT SALESMAN desires strong line for jobbers and department stores; have large established trade. Write S. S., 263 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; high school graduate; 1 year's experience; rapid, accurate; no agents; home in city; $10. H 317 Times Downtown.

TRUSTWORTHY, experienced college graduate, 25, well qualified for collection correspondent, secretary, or responsible post. F. R., 337 East 18th St.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets, rugs, furniture, by hour or day; 10 years' reference. Call Brodnax, 12 W. 135th St. 'Phone 3253 Harlem.

YOUNG GERMAN, with 8 years' office experience, speaks and writes English, German, Italian, and understands French, desires position. Write C. N., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, executive ability and judgment, excellent correspondent, broad selling experience, desires position in sales or executive department of reliable concern; best references. V 37 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, willing; can furnish best of references; experience in mail order house. M. Koenig, 70 East 110th St.

YOUNG MAN, 22, graduate professional college, but preferring business career, desires position. N 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as stock clerk or at anything. H 316 Times Downtown.

## Situations Wanted

### Employment Bureaus.

**Commercial.**

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

**Domestic.**

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d; first-class servants for private families.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.; guaranteed A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID.—References from the very best families; $25. Charles Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside—1538.

COOK.—First class; $30, $35; waitress, $25. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Employment Agency, 'phone 7288 Morning.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Neat German girl; $25; no washing; city preferred. Charles Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; city, country references; colored. 1,793 3d Av., Christian Agency, 'Phone 113 Lenox.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

YOUNG English girl to mind children; city preferred. Charles Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

Other Classified Advertisements on preceding page.


*A Baroda or Russian Cord*

TRADE E&W MARK

*Shirt*

Is a finished garment, perfect in every detail.

EARL & WILSON.

The best shirt made.



*Registered Trade Mark* *Established Half a Century*

# Special Sale Men's Furnishings

The following will be placed on Sale this week:

**Men's Pajamas, Special, $1.75**—Finished with military collars and surpliced necks. Made from fancy Mercerized fabrics. Regular sizes and best workmanship. Formerly $2.75.

**Steamer Bath Robes, $8.50**—Of Unshrinkable Viyella Flannel with shawl collars. Value $12.

**French Lisle Half-Hose, Special, 75c per pair. $4.25 per ½ doz.**—In stripes and neat designs, imported to sell for $1.50 and 2.00 per pair.

**Washable Four-in-Hand Scarfs, 50c.**—Made from Peau de Crepe Silk, in a choice assortment of patterns. Regularly $1.00 each.

Special attention is directed to our stock of ready-to-wear Shirts for all occasions. Priced at $1.50, 2.00, 2.50 up to 6.50 each.

Also a complete assortment of Men's Underwear, including the Dr. Deimel in Athletic styles, Union Suits and regular lengths.

James McCutcheon & Co.,
5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

# Hot—Tired—Thirsty!

When you seat yourself at the fountain, one name inevitably comes to your mind.

# Coca-Cola

The one best beverage to cool and refresh you. Remember Coca-Cola is not only pure and wholesome but

**Delicious—Refreshing Thirst-Quenching**

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
ATLANTA, GA

**Free** Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga for the asking.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.



HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
LAST 5 MATINEES NIGHTS
Broadway THEATRE. B'way and 41st St. Mat. To-day, 3:30, 25c. to $1.
Evgs. 8:30, 25c. to $1.50. ABORN English Grand Opera Co. in "Hansel & Gretel."

WINTER GARDEN
B'way & 50th St. Tele. 411 Columbus.
MAT. TO-DAY 50c., 75c. & Best Seats $1.00
New Spring Edition of WHIRL OF SOCIETY

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

Manhattan Opera House. Mats. Daily. Stock Co., 10c, 20c, 30c
PAID IN FULL

ASTOR FOURTH BIG MONTH. B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50.
THE GREYHOUND

LAST 7 TIMES THE GARDEN OF ALLAH at the CENTURY THEATRE.
62d St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:10.

WALLACK'S LAST 7 TIMES B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
ARLISS in DISRAELI

MUSICIANS CLUB OF NEW YORK.
David Bispham, President, announces an
Afternoon of Music and Drama
New Amsterdam Thea., Fri., May 17, at 2.
Mme. Pasquali, Leontine de Ahne, Florence Austin, Flonzaley Quartet, David Bispham, Musical Art Quartet, Frank Ormsby, Albert von Doenhoff, Hans Kronold, Clarence Eddy, Wm. C. Carl, Lyric Club of Newark, Arthur D. Woodruff, Conductor, and a one-act play "ADELAIDE" Episode in Beethoven's Life. Mr. Bispham as Beethoven, assisted by Miss Minna Gale, Mrs. Whiffen, and others.
Tickets, 50c. to $2.00; Boxes, $15.00, at Club Rooms, 62 W. 45th St., and at New Amsterdam Thea.

AERO SHOW
NEW GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Now Open-10 A.M. to 11 P.M.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE. Broadway, 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
"Smartest Musical Play in Town."
Blanche Ring in THE WALL STREET GIRL

GRAND 23 St. & 8 Av. BLACK PATTI Musical Comedy Co.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Valeska Suratt & Co. in "Cabaret a la Carte," "H. M. S. Pinafore," oths.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. EVA TANGUAY and 9 other Big Acts.

NEW—Daily Matinee, 25c. Belle Baker, "Everybody," Laddie Cliff, Macar & Bradford, Matthews & Alahayne, Redford & Winchester, others.
Brighton Brighton Beach

OLYMPIC Mat. To-day. SEATS, 25c. East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. AMATEUR NIGHT THURSDAY. Special—THE BIG GAIETY CO. GIRL IN BLUE.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Burlesque Ed Lee Wrothe & The GINGER GIRLS. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

DALY'S LAST 2 WEEKS B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
THE EXPLORER
by W. Somerset Maugham. In cast:
LEWIS WALLER CONSTANCE COLLIER
CHARLES CHERRY GRACE LANE

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thes. 39th, bet. B'way and 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow $1.50.
THE Marriage-Not Oza Waldrop, Robert Drouet, Fritz Williams.

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Ph. 2028 Bryant. Evenings 8:10. Matinees To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:10.
Bought and Paid For

CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
JAS. T. POWERS in a New Musical Play, "TWO LITTLE BRIDES."

39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
Last 3 Weeks Star Revival of PATIENCE

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinees To-morrow & Sat. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER in an Arabian Night KISMET

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:20.
WHITESIDE in THE TYPHOON

LYCEUM 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 25c to $1. To-day, Thurs., Sat. 2:30. $1.00.
MARVELOUS MOTION PICTURES
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

PARK 59th St., B'way, Col. Circle. Evs. 8:10. To-m'w Mat. 2:10. Best Seats $1.50.
LAST 5 NIGHTS AND 2 MATINEES.
THE QUAKER GIRL with CLIFTON CRAWFORD

New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:10.
THE DE KOVEN OPERA COMPANY in THE NATION'S LIGHT OPERA
Robin Hood
GREAT CAST OF GRAND OPERA STARS.

LIBERTY 42d St., near Broadway. Evs. 8:15. To-morrow Mat. Best Seats $1.50.
HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW by A. E. THOMAS.

ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE
FORMERLY NY THEATRE—SMOKING.
MAT. TO-MOR'W. 400 Seats $1.00
A WINSOME WIDOW

GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris success, "The Jolliest Farce Ever."
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger

GLOBE Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. To-morrow Mat. Popular Prices.
The Rose Maid "Biggest Success since The Pink Lady."

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St Daily Mat. 25-50c. MABEL HITE & Her 25 Clowns in "The Cafe Cabaret" and 3 big acts.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Sam Mann & Co., The Antique Girl, Ed Hayes & Co., Eddie Leonard, 12 others & ARRUDI, Spanish Giant.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily.
HELD BY THE ENEMY.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking, Evs. 8:15. Ben Welch's Burlesquers, with Low Kelly.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mats. Daily, 25c. "Hazel Weston," or "More Sinned Against Than Usual," Florence Nash, Jos. Jefferson, Jr., in "1999," & big acts.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

BEEFSTEAK PARTIES IN OUR QUAINT BANQUET ROOMS

GRILL ROOM
Hofbräu-Haus
THE FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Quaintest Place in America
Broadway & 30th St. Tel. Madison Sq.—3207
CHARMING MUSIC.

Special today: A tender Guinea chicken dipped in the finest of Olive Oil—hot and juicy—from the charcoal broiler to the table. Delightful! Our rosy hued steaks, chops, rice fed squabs and milk fed broilers are unsurpassed.

WHERE THE DISCRIMINATING DINE
CAFE DES BEAUX-ARTS
80 WEST 40TH ST.
Now under the exclusive management of its founder,
LOUIS BUSTANOBY.
DINNER, 6 to 9 P. M. $1.50 | Specialties a la carte.
LUNCHEONS Afternoon Teas
SUPPER AFTER THE PLAY.

HOTEL CHELSEA WEST 23D ST.
RESTAURANT AND BANQUET ROOMS.
A la Carte and Table d'Hote.
DINNER $1.00, 6:30 to 8:30 P. M. Music.

MARBURY HALL
164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.
Select residential hotel, delightfully located between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Newly decorated and renovated. Every modern convenience conducive to comfort. Handsome suites of one or more rooms, with bath. One very attractive three-room suite, with two baths. Inspection invited.
C. E. SEFTON, Proprietor.

LUCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brau
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910